Habitual Constinution

May be permanently overcome by proper personal efforts with the assistance of the one truly beneficial laxative remedy, Syrup of higs and Llisir of Semes, which enables one to form regular habits daily so that assistance to nature may be gradually dispensed with when no longer needed as the best of remedies, when required, are to assist nature and not to supplant the natur. al functions, which must depend ultimately upon proper nourishment, proper efforts, and right living generally. Toget its beneficial effects, always buy the genuine

Syrup Figsond Elixir & Senna FIG SYRUP CO. ONLY SOLD BY ALL LEADING DRUGGISTS

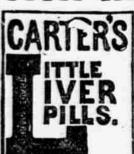
one size only, regular price 50¢ per Bottle



As well as for the preservation and purification of the skin no other skin soap so pure, so sweet, so speedily effective as Cuticura. For eczemas, rashes, inflammations, chafings, sunburn, wind irritations, bites and stings of insects, lameness and soreness incidental to outdoor sports, for the care of the hair and scalp, for sanative, antiseptic cleansing, as well as for all the purposes of the toilet, bath and nursery, Cuticura Soap and Cuticura are unrivaled.

Guaranteed absolutely pure, and may be used from the hour of birth.





these Little Pills. They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

SMALL PILL. SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE



Reserved for a Purpose.

A certain Kentucky justice of the peace was called upon to marry a runaway couple who drove up to his house. When the final words were said the bridegroom fumbled in his pockets, and finally fished out a silver dollar.

"Jedge," said he, "this here's all the cash I've got in the world. If you wants it, you kin have it; but I don't mind tellin' you that I set it aside for the honeymoon expenses."-Woman's Home Commission

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teerning, softens the gums, reduces innammation, allays pain, cures wind colle. 25c a bottle.

"Did you invite Mr. Bliggins to our house party?" asked Mr. Cumrox.

"Yes." answered Mrs. Cumrox. "I'm r raid he considers house parties stupid. He sent his regrets."

"He shows sense, I have a mind to cond him my congratulations."-Washfugton Star.

FITS St. Vitus' Dance and Nervous Diseases per-manently cured by Dr. Kline's Great Nervo Lestover. Send for FREE \$2.00 trial buttle and treatise. Dr. R. H. KLINE, Lt., Sel Arch Street, Palladelphia, Pa

Wi sac Period.

"Mrs. Jymes, you will do well to cut down your personal expenses."

"Why so, Mr. Jymes?"

"Because, madam, some day you will expect to live on your alimony, and it will be a good deal less. I can assure you, than your present allowance,"-Chicago Tribune.



CHICAGO.

The Weekly Review of Chicago Trada published by R. G. Dun & Co., says:

An extending use of money in invest ments and buoyant security markets reflects the better tone which now characterizes improving business conditions. Crop reports continue to be uniformly encouraging, and sustained profitable returns impart a more cheering outlook for the industries.

Further recovery is made clear by wider demands for finished products, ad- | ditions to active capacity and hands employed. There is also a further sign of strength in the volume of payments through the banks, the daily average being now 9 per cent above that during

It is notable at this time that new demands in the leading productive lines come forward more freely, and there is a disposition to increase furnace and steel outputs, while there is also favorable consideration given to plans for heavy construction.

A large number of factories run closer to their capacity, especially in rails, wire, farm implements, furniture and footwear. Much building work is now hurried, and there are more mercantile structures and extensions contemplated, thus strengthening the demand for future consumption of drink. lumber, quarry products, plumbing materials and structural iron.

The markets for the principal raw materials maintain the recently noted recuperation, and the improved absorption feeding time. of supplies imparts a healthier tone to commitments.

Weather conditions proved exceptionally helpful in leading retail lines, and at no time hitherto have stocks of summer merchandise been so satisfactorily reduc-

Bank clearings, \$218,318,636, are 5.1 per cent under those of the corresponding week in 1907.

Failures reported in the Chicago district number 35, against 30 last week and 29 a year ago. Those with liabilities over \$5,000 number 8, against 16 Soil should be mellow for three feet last week and 3 in 1907.

NEW YORK.

trade outlook are reflected in reports of moderate enlargement of future buying at a few large centers, notably in the West and Southwest. Industrial lines, too. have been benefited by evidences of revival in demand and the number of idle operatives has been reduced as a whole. Still the progress making is of a very conservative kind, curtailment of industry is still a marked feature and small orders for immediate shipment largely make up the volume of business doing by jobbers. Retail trade is fair as a whole, being stimulated by price reduction sales, though complaint of stocks not moving rapidly come from some cities, and collections show little if any improvement. Best reports come from the central West, lent outlook for the cotton crop makes sold his crop for \$12,000. for a better tone of advices from the

week of 1907, 171 in 1906, 197 in 1905, ply fairly well, even during hot weath- nature's functions are the French, and 174 in 1904. Canadian failures for the same period number 24, against 27 last week and 24 in this week last year .-Bradstreet's Report.



Chicago-Cattle, common to prime, \$4.00 to \$8.15; hogs, prime heavy, \$4.00 to \$6.85; sheep, fair to choice, \$3.00 to \$4.65; wheat, No. 2, 92c to 93c; corn, No. 2, 77c to 78c; oats, standard, 58c to 59c; rye, No. 2, 77c to 78c; hay, timothy, \$8.00 to \$13.00; prairie, \$8.00 to \$12.00; butter, choice creamery, 19c to 21c; eggs, fresh, 17c to 19c; potatoes, new, per bushel, 75c to \$1.05.

Indianapolis-Cattle, shipping, \$3.00 to \$7.50; hogs, good to choice heavy, \$3.50 to \$7.05; sheep, common to prime, \$2.50 to \$3.50; wheat, No. 2, 87c to 88c; corn, No. 2 white, 79c to 80c; oats, them when they are enabled to get Operated by the foot, a treadle is con-No. 2 white, 59c to 60c.

St. Louis-Cattle, \$4.50 to \$7.40; hogs, \$4.00 to \$6.87; sheep, \$3.00 to \$4.25; wheat, No. 2, 91c to 93c; corn, No. 2, 77c to 79c: oats, No. 2, 55c to 56c; rye, No. 2, 75c to 77c.

Cincinnati—Cattle, \$4.00 to \$6.25; hogs, \$4.00 to \$6.95; sheep, \$3.00 to \$3.75; wheat, No. 2, 91c to 92c; corn. No. 2 mixed, 80c to 81c; oats, No. 2 trees, make a frame of boards and mixed, 59c to 60c; rye, No. 2, 78c to 80c. cover with muslin or canvas.

Detroit-Cattle, \$4.00 to \$5.40; hogs, \$4.00 to \$6.70; sheep, \$2.50 to \$4.00; ing to losing their feathers. They are wheat, No. 2, 91c to 92c; corn, No. 3 beginning to molt and need extra care yellow, 79c to Soc; oats, No. 3 white, 64c to 65c; rye, No. 2, 74c to 75c.

\$1.13 to \$1.15; corn, No. 3, 75e to 77e; oats, standard, 62c to 63c; rye, No. 1 79c to 80c; barley, No. 2, 70c to 72c; pork, mess, \$16.00.

Buffalo-Cattle, choice shipping steers, \$4.00 to \$7.00; hogs, fair to choice, \$4.00 to \$7.00; sheep, common to good mixed, \$4.00 to \$5.30; lambs, fair to choice, \$5.00 to \$7.50.

New York-Cattle, \$4.00 to \$7.35 hogs, \$3.50 to \$7.00; sheep, \$3.00 to \$4.50; wheat, No. 2 red, 99c to \$1.01; corn, No. 2, 83c to 84c; oats, natural white, 63c to 65c; butter, creamery, 20c to 23c; eggs, western, 18c to 21c.

Toledo-Wheat, No. 2 mixed, 90c to day can be made. 91c; corn, No. 2 mixed, 77c to 79c; oats, No. 2 mixed, 57c to 58c; rye, No. cents per gallon in the East and Mid-2, 73c to 74c; clover seed, \$7.90.

Nome Clean-Up, \$3,500,000. The first report of the annual spring output of the Nome gold workings places cost of treating a post will therefore sardines. Last year, 2,000,000 cans the total at \$3,500,000.



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because it ought to be.

It is downright cruelty to keep fowls in yards that are not well shaded.

The place for the brood mare is in

The hen that lays three eggs a week will pay double the profit of one that produces but two eggs.

Avoid feeding hay or dusty roughage just previous to milking. There is too much dust to drop into the milk pail.

The American Shorthorn Breeders'

Association has recently shipped a carload of Shorthorn bulls to Old Mexico. A horse in good condition can exist

If the late hatched chicks are allowed to run wth the early birds the little does not produce 200 pounds of butter

A handy pruning tool is a sharp chisel in the end of a stiff pole. Set

against a limb and struck with a mal-

let a clean cut is made.

by machinery, people are learning that more since the financial flurry of last stuffs brings large returns.

It is a mistake to fill the holes half full of manure when planting trees. all around, but not too wet.

el trouble during the summer months. Good crop reports, the advance of the This is generally caused by wet feed, season and growth in confidence as to the which sours quickly during the hot

> or two they are not likely to be troubled with scaly legs, which are caused by parasites. Turkeys, the night before killing, should be given no food but plenty of

> water. This leaves an empty craw,

clean intestines and makes the dark meat comparatively light. \$5,000 worth of apples from a fortyacre sod orchard one season broke it the whole nation comprehends to-day

We are apt to neglect the hens as Rusiness failures in the United States soon as they begin to fall off in egg for the week ending July 23 number 263, production. Careful and regular feedagainst 258 last week, 155 in the like ing, however, will keep up the egg sup-

> There is no present-or futuredanger of over production in the dairy the enjoyment of it, too. field. We are hardly able to keep pace with the demand. This indicates a need of more concentrated effort-more shores, several hundred persons are efficient methods.

The Jersey cow is a highly developed milk-making machine. She has been bred so long for this purpose that her characteristics have become fixed, and the descendants of a well-bred dairy cow can be depended upon. The amount of milk that she will make depends largely on the amount of food that you an get her to use.

Charred Cobs for Pigs.

plle of charred cobs or dry wood ashea prevent worms in hogs and cattle.

Shade for Chicks.

We pity the fowl or chick that is unprovided with shade during hot. sweltering days. If you have no natural shade in the way of shrubs or

The hens begin to look ragged owand attention during this period, so as to get them over the molting period Milwaukee-Wheat, No. 2 northern, as quickly as possible. Plenty of nourishing food should be given them and their quarters kept clean and free from

Adds Life to Fence Posts.

Impregnation with creosote has been greatly cheapened by the introduction of the "open tank," which can be in-

forty or fifty six-inch posts a day, or for the nozzle. double this number when two runs per

The price of creosite is about 10 dle West, 16 cents per gallon on the Pacific coast, and 27 cents per gallon in the Rocky mountain states. The vary from 4 to 15 cents. Properly were sold by them.

treated it should give service for at least twenty years.

Experiments of the forest service show that with preservative treatment the durability of lodgepole pine in Idaho is increased sixteen years.

The cost of creosote is there rela-The lowheaded tree is here to stay tively high, yet by treating posts there is a saving, with interest at 6 per cent, of 2 cents per post yearly.

A detailed description of experiments in preserving fence posts, together with practical suggestions for treating them on a commercial scale is conthe harness every day until foaling tained in circular 117 of the forest service. Write to the forester at Wash

What the Cow Must Do.

A study of the records of individual cows at the New Jersey station showed that but little profit can be derived from a cow that does not produce 5,000 pounds of milk per year, particularly if the product is sold at the low price of one cent per pound no stronger argument is needed in favor of the necessity of testing the animals, and thus learning their exact about twenty-five days without food, value, than is afforded by these recso long as he has plenty of water to ords. Furthermore, the facts brought out by the records indicate that there is but little profit from a cow that fellows will get the worst of it at per year, and point to the necessity of a careful selection of cows for the butter dairy.-Weekly Witness.

Land a Safe Investment.

Whenever people begin to talk of hard times and capital becomes timid improved farm lands come into good Where a farm cannot be cultivated demand. This has been illustrated once wise intensive cultivation of garden fall, as more people are now looking for real estate investments than at this time last year.

There will be no depreciation, therefore, in farm values this season, and probably some advance will be noted. People know that well located real es-Thousands of chickens die from bow- tate is as safe as the government itself.

The question whether farming pays much or little is not considered when men and women are looking for absolutely sound investments. The land is If the hens are allowed to run always there. It can neither be stothrough the dew-laden grass every day len nor burned. With a rapidly developing population the time is not far off when every acre of unoccupied land in the United States will be wanted at more than is asked for it to-day.

A truth which can easily be demonstrated is that farm land is too cheap. It almost invariably goes at the minimum value. Government homesteads and other low-priced land in the West N. F. Murray says a man who sold account for the low prices in the East. This is a passing condition. In fact, Northwest and Southwest and the excel- up and cultivated it the next year and that the area of unreasonably cheap farms is near the end.

Feeding Poultry by Machinery.

Feeding and fattening poultry by machinery! Well, what next? Responsible for this latest usurpation of those people who are past masters in every thing having to do with the preparation and serving of food-and

Although the idea of feeding poultry by machinery hasn't been long on these engaged in the business, and nearly a million dollars is invested. Machinefattened poultry is to be found in every important market of the land. While the idea, as stated before, came from France, Americans, with their usual cleverness in adopting the products of other brains, have improved upon the mehanical agencies.

A sheet metal tank or bucket, holding about four gallons of food and standing upon three legs, forms the The pigs should have access to a upper part of the American machine. A rubber tube about a foot long runs as it is beneficial in correcting the acids from the receptacle; it is about the and aids in the bone development of size of one's thumb when it is attachthe animal. The elements which go to ed to the machine and tapers to the bone-building animals are imparted to size of a little finger at the other end. charcoal and it is quite as important nected with a little sliding door in the as salt. Charcoal will also tend to bottom of the bucket. When this door is opened by a movement of the treadle a quantity of food is forced through

> the tube and down the fowl's throat. When one wishes to feed a fowl he seizes it by the legs, opens its bill and pushes the rubber tube down its throat until the nozzle nearly reaches the crop. Then he works the treadle, forcing food down the fowl's throat until the crop is filled. Some operators are so expert that they can feed 400 chickens an hour with the machine.

> It is claimed on behalf of the machine that poultry will fatten in half the time if fed this way, and that the meat will have a better flavor. The fowl kept stuffed all the time, regardless of its natural appetite, is bound to get fat.

Most of the fatteners feed a mixture of corn meal, oat meal and milk. It must be soft enough to pass readily stalled at a cost of from \$30 to \$45, through the rubber tube of the feeder. or much less if an old boiler is used. It is asserted that feeding by machin-A tank with a bottom twelve feet ery is not cruel and that a chicken square in area will suffice for treating soon learns to open its bill voluntarily

Interesting Bits.

The unit of horsepower varies greaty in different countries.

Blankets were first made in England

in 1705 by Thomas Blanket. The Japanese have taken to canning Information.

"Why is it," asked the intelligent foreigner, "that your statesmen generally consider the vine prescharge an office to be shunned instead of some at

"Most of 'em would like it well enough if they could get it without seeming to want it," explained the matter: "but to make a try for vice president and get left, why, that hards a man if he wants to run for Congress, or the Legislature, or something of that sort afterward, you

Excursion to Milwaukee.

Reduced rates of fare and one-half for the round trip are offered to merchants in the West and Northwest by the Mitwankee Association of Jobbers and Manufacturers. The dates of sale at all stations distant 100 miles or more from Milwaukee are August 15-23 inclusive. tickets good returning until September 2 and August 29-September 6 inclusive, tickets good returning until September To obtain these rates merchants must get from their local agent receipt for one full paid fare to Milwaukee which, when countersigned by any Mi wankee jobber or manufacturer and by the secretary of the Milwaukee Association of Jobbers and Manufacturers will entitle holder to return ticket for one-

Milwaukee jobbers and manufacturers want the patronage of up-to-date busi ness men. They offer best goods at right prices and believe in and offer fair treat ment. The absolute superiority of their manufactures is known throughout the world. Combine business with pleasure Milwankee is one of the most attractive summer resorts in the country. Visit the Wisconsin State Fair, Sept. 7-11. Brin: your family with you. Office of the Mil wankee Association of Jobbers and Mar ufacturers, 45-49 University Building corner Mason and Broadway.

How the Dirt Flies at Panama. Lieutenant-Colonel George Geothals, chairman and chief engineer of the Isthmian canal commission, told President Roosevelt late in January that before January 1, 1915, the ditch which is to bisect the vertebrae of the American continent will be completed and that all will be in readiness for the first trip to make the little pleasure journey from the Atlantic to the Pacific, so writes Roy Crandall in the Technical World Magazine. Inasmuch as the colonel is noted for conservatism | She has guided thousands to and caution, it is believed that he feels deep down in his own heart that at least a year will be cut from that esti-

## SAVED AT THE CRISIS.

Delay Meant Death from Kidney Troubles.

Mrs. Herman Smith, 901 Broad street, Athens, Ga., says: "Kidney disease started with · slight irregularity and weakness and developed into dangerous dropsy, I became 10 TO weak and languid and could do no house-

work. My back ached terribly. I had bearing down pains and my limbs bloated to twice their normal size. Doctors did not help and I was fast drifting into the hopeless stages.

Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

I used Doan's Kidney Pills at the criti-

cal moment and they really saved my

Asserts Himself. Wifey (looking at the purchase)-That isn't the kind of toweling I told you to get. I wanted something plain and simple. That's too bad.

Hubby-Loud? Well, it ought to be loud. It's erash

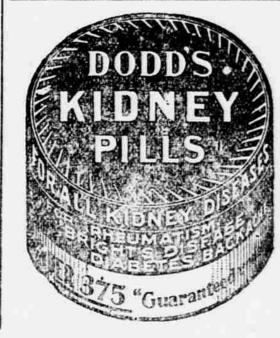
from Hospitals as Hopeless-Cuti-

IT SEEMED INCURABLE. Body Raw with Eczema-Discharged

curn Remedies Cared Him. "From the age of three months until fifteen years old, my son Owen's life was made intolerable by eczema in its worst form. In spite of treatments the disease gradually spread until nearly every part of his body was quite raw. He used to tear himself dreadfully in his sleep and the agony he went through is quite beyond words. The regimental doctor pronounced the case hopeless. We had him in hospitals four times and he was pronounced one of the worst cases ever admitted. From each he was discharged as incurable. We kept trying remedy after remedy, but had gotten almost past hoping for a cure. Six months ago we purchased a set of Cuticura Remedies. The result was truly marvelous, and to-day he is perfectly cured. Mrs. Lily Hedge, Camblewell Green, England, Jan. 12, 1907."

A Tooth Point,

Dentists' children rarely have filled teeth for the reason that they are taught to use the toothbrush with a circular motion. The brush, as in the ordinary motion, goes back and forth, but it also goes round and round. Thus it finds out all the crannies. Dentists say that the circular motion, applied both to the front and back of the teeth. will keep them absolutely clean—and absolutely clean teeth cannot decay. The teeth should be brushed after each meal and especially at bedtime. Th morning brush before breakfast, which is the only one commonly applied, descarcely any good at all, since the teeth, immediately after, become clogged with





This woman says she was saved from an operation by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Lena V. Henry, of Norristown, Ga., writes to Mrs. Pinkham:

"I suffered untold misery from female troubles. My doctor said an operation was the only chance I had, and I dreaded it almost as much as death. "One day I read how other women had been cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and I decided to try it. Before I had taken the first

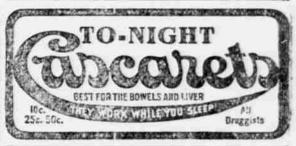
tirely cured. "Every woman suffering with any female trouble should take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound,"

bottle I was better, and now I am en-

FACTS FOR SICK WOMEN.

For thirty years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from roots and herbs, has been the standard remedy for female ills, and has positively cured thousands of women who have been troubled with displacements, inflammation, ulceration, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, that bearing-down feeling, flatulency, indigestion, dizziness or nervous prostration. Why don't you try it?

Mrs. Pinkham invites all sick women to write her for advice. health. Address, Lynn, Mass.



Products

Libby's Sweet Mixed Pickles That firm, crisp quality and delicious flavor is what you get

when you insist on Libby's Mixed Pickles at your dealers. They are always the finest and never disappoint. It's the same with Libby's Sweet Gherkins and Sweet Midgets. Ask for them.

Libby's Olives

The cultivation of centuries marks the olive groves of Spain as the world's best.

Libby's Olives are imported from the oldest and most famous of these groves. The result is a rare product, delightfully appetizing. Try one bottle and you'll buy more and never be without

Libby's Preserves

Pure, ripe fruit and pure sugar in equal parts, cooked just right and timed to the second, in Libby's Great White Kitchen, is the secret of the extreme superiority of Libby's Preserves. There's none as good at any price. Grocers and delicatessen stores

carry all of Libby's Food Pro-

ranted the best to both you and the dealer Write for free booklet - How to Make Good Things Insist on Libby's at your dealer's. Libby, McNeill & Libby.

Chicago.

ducts. They are war-

Keeps the breath, teeth, mouth and body antiseptically clean and free from unhealthy germ-life and disagreeable odors which water, soap and tooth preparations alone cannot do. A germicidai, disin-

feeting and deodorizing toilet requisite of exceptional excellence and economy. Invaluable for inflamed eyes, throat and nasal and uterine catarrh. At drug and toilet stores, 50 cents, or by mail postpaid.

Large Trial Sample WITH "HEALTH AND BEAUTY" BOOK SENT FREE THE PAXTON TOILET CO., Boston, Mass.

WIDOWS'under NEW LAW obtained PENSIONS by JOHN W. MORRIS.

S. C. N. U. - No. 32-1908,