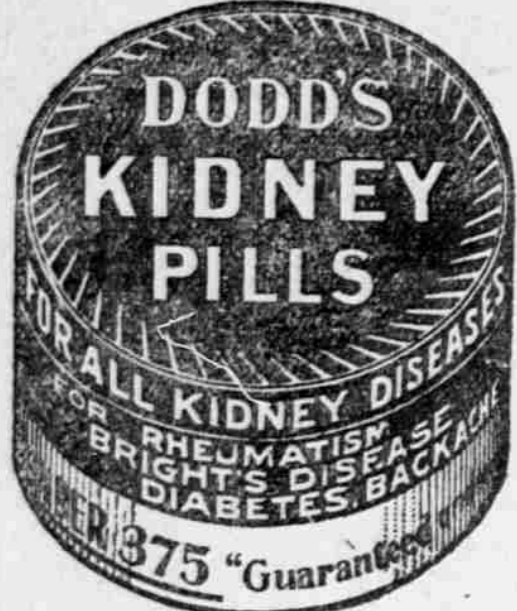


**Manager's Error.**  
The manager of an office had advertised for an office boy. In consequence he was annoyed for an hour by a straggling line of boys of all sizes, claiming various accomplishments.  
"Well," he said to a late applicant, "I suppose you can read anything and write anything and figure a little, and use the typewriter a little, and—"  
"Now!" interrupted the boy. "If I could do all them things, I'd strike yer fer yer own job, I ain't nothin' but an office boy."  
He got the position.—Bohemian.



**CASE OF ECZEMA IN SOUTH.**

**Suffered Three Years—Hands and Eye Most Affected—Now Well and Is Grateful to Cuticura.**  
"My wife was taken badly with eczema for three years, and she employed a doctor with no effect at all until she employed Cuticura Soap and Ointment. One of her hands and her left eye were badly affected, and when she would stop using Cuticura Soap and Ointment the eczema came back, but very slightly, but it did her a sight of good. Then we used the entire set of Cuticura Remedies and my wife is entirely recovered. She thanks Cuticura very much and will recommend it highly in our locality and in every nook and corner of our parish. I. M. Robert, Hyattsville, La., Jan. 5 and Sept. 1, 1906."

The shark holds the record for long distance swimming. One of these creatures has been known to cover 800 miles in three days.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething; softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, soothes a bottle.

**Making Cloth from Paper.**  
"To the ingenuity of Herr Emil Claez, a well-known Saxon inventor and manufacturer, is due the production of a paper yarn termed "Zyloin," that has been successfully used in a wide range of textile fabrics." So writes Frank N. Bauskett in the Technical World Magazine.

"The utilization of paper wood fibre in this practical way and the extreme cheapness of the new material compared with other yarns now in use is really a most remarkable achievement. This is not a haphazard discovery, but rather the logical result of years of painstaking study and experimentation. After the final development of the theory at first in mind into tangible material for all manner of uses in textile industries, the paper thread and yarn, soose or tightly spun, of all thicknesses, have since been woven into almost every conceivable fabric and tested and retested until the invention has become an important commercial success. The paper yarn has extraordinary wearing properties, and as the full scope of its usefulness has probably not been determined, it will, in all likelihood, lend itself to other purposes yet to be discovered."

**Got Mixed.**

Alice—She's angry. Kate—Why? Alice—He asked her for a lock of her hair. Kate—Well? Alice—Then, afterward, she asked him to send it back to her. Kate—Well? Alice—And he sent her a lock that wasn't the right color.—Somerville Journal.

**FAMILY FOOD.**

**Crisp, Toothsome and Requires No Cooking.**  
A little boy down in N. C. asked his mother to write an account of how Grape-Nut food had helped their family.

She says Grape-Nuts was first brought to her attention on a visit to Charlotte, where she visited the Mayor of that city who was using the food of the advice of his physician. She says: "They derive so much good from it that they never pass a day without using it. While I was there I used the Food regularly. I gained about 15 pounds and felt so well that when I returned home I began using Grape-Nuts in our family regularly. "My little 18 months old baby shortly after being weaned was very ill with dyspepsia and teething. She was sick nine weeks and we tried everything. She became so emaciated that it was painful to handle her and we thought we were going to lose her. One day a happy thought urged me to try Grape-Nuts soaked in a little warm milk. "Well, it worked like a charm and she began taking it regularly and improving set in at once. She is now getting well and round and fat as fast as possible on Grape-Nuts. "Some time ago several of the family were stricken with La Grippe at the same time, and during the worst stages we could not relish anything in the shape of food but Grape-Nuts and oranges, everything else nauseated us. "We all appreciate what your famous food has done for our family. "There's a Reason." Read "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

**THE WEEKLY HISTORIAN**



**A nail in time saves nine.**

The best method of paying for the farm is to make it productive.

Keep the weeds from securing a start by constant, thorough cultivation.

Labor is never spent in vain when it leads to the accomplishment of good results.

To make sheep pay, keep the best sheep obtainable and give them the best keep possible.

Limbs that are diseased on trees are best removed as soon as discovered, regardless of the season or age of the trees.

The feeding of grain to sheep will make their wool grow faster and more dense, and consequently a heavier fleece will be the result.

Stable manure is the most practical fertilizer known, for an application of it seems the adding of both the elements of fertility and humus.

The farm products must be put in the form in which they will command the most money and yet leave the farm in the most productive condition.

Do not sell the youngest yearling stock while there are older animals that can be disposed of with equal advantage and which will not grow into more money.

The best system of farming is that which gives the largest returns for the labor and capital invested and still leaves the soil in condition to produce maximum crops.

When the food supply is only sufficient for maintenance in an animal there is no gain in weight simply for the reason that nothing to make growth or weight has been furnished.

Make a study of the herd of cows, select the best ones, sell the poor ones, buy or raise more good ones, grow more cowpea and alfalfa hay for winter feeding, and make the cows keep you instead of you keeping the cows.

All kinds of coarse food can be rendered serviceable by judicious combination of the ration. Even cut straw will be eaten if bran and oil meal are added to it. Fodder can be made acceptable to stock by preparation, and hay may be fed with other foods in a manner to make the whole ration very palatable.

A cattle breeder, who has experimented in various modes of feeding, states that he estimated the cost of the food according to the value of the land and the crop, and with a bunch of steers on a pasture, from May to September, he cleared \$6.80 an acre. No labor was required, the steers securing the food from the pasture, the gain was an addition to that which the pastures give ordinarily, while the manure is also an item of profit.

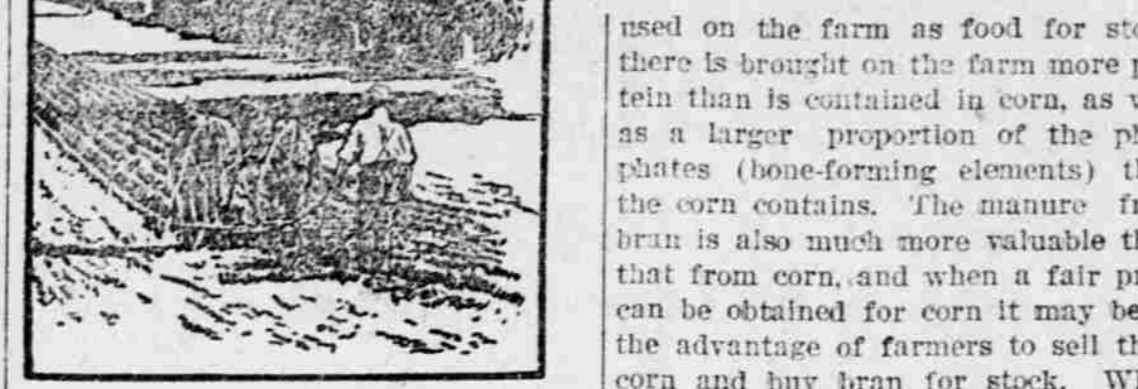
It is very easy among a lot of fowls to decide which will be the best layers. It is always the hen that has red combs and that gets up the earliest, even in cold weather. When a hen is moping and dumpy she will not lay many eggs, and those she does lay, while they may be all right while fresh for eating, are worth little or nothing for setting. If the eggs for setting were always chosen from fowls that were themselves active and vigorous, the greatest possible improvement in the prolificacy of fowls would be at no expense whatever.

The Largest Orchard.  
Where are the largest orchards in the world? The general impression is, no doubt, that they are to be found in the United States, but, according to a fruit trade paper which ought to know they are at Werder, near Berlin. They extend without a break for "between 12,000 and 13,000 acres."

By canal and river alone the Fruit Growers' company sends away 48,000,000 pounds of apples and pears in a year. From Werder railway station an additional 12,000,000 pounds of fruit goes forth to the world. Then there is jam-making, for which a thousand tons of sugar is used in a twelvemonth. The produce of the orchards of Werder has lately been advertised by a fruit-growing exhibition at that place. One of the features was 2,000 yards of model orchard, containing examples of the choicest sorts of fruit. It is well to be reminded that commercial fruit growing on the most up-to-date lines has made progress over sea outside Canada, the States and the antipodes.

Value of Corn Stalks.  
The true value of foods to the farmer is in the proportions of protein and ash (mineral matters) contained. If corn is exchanged for bran and bran is

**FARM GARDEN**



used on the farm as food for stock, there is brought on the farm more protein than is contained in corn, as well as a larger proportion of the phosphates (bone-forming elements) than the corn contains. The manure from bran is also much more valuable than that from corn, and when a fair price can be obtained for corn it may be to the advantage of farmers to sell their corn and buy bran for stock. When the corn crop is planted the fodder should be considered as one-half the crop expected. The crop of fodder from a field of corn should be equal in value to the grain taken therefrom, and yet the fodder is wasted and the grain saved. In fact, if the fodder is given no better treatment than it receives on some farms it would be cheaper to drive into the fields, pull the cars from the stalls, throw them into a wagon and haul direct from the field to the crib, leaving the stalks standing, than to expend labor in cutting it into shocks, with the additional work of husking the grain after the corn is shocked, as it will save labor by so doing, if the fodder is to be wasted, especially as it is a very disagreeable task to husk the corn in the field in cold weather.

**Growing Protein Feed.**

Protein foods, so essential in feeding live stock, can be grown far more cheaply than they cost in the market. On this subject Wallace's Farmer says:

The experience of the last thirty years has shown that a balanced ration can be grown on the farm without the purchase of any feeds containing protein, as, for example, bran, oil meal or cotton seed meal. It has shown that forty pounds of silage and eighteen pounds of good clover hay will make a fairly well balanced ration for an ordinary cow; in other words, that a ton of silage will furnish half the ration of an average cow for fifty days; and that an acre of good corn that will yield fifty bushels to the acre will furnish from eight to twelve tons of silage.

The farmer who has corn of this character and clover or alfalfa and timothy, or alfalfa meadow that will yield from two to three tons of hay per annum can easily figure on the number of cows he can keep on a definite number of acres during the winter season. The number of acres of pasture that will be required will depend upon the character of the pasture and the season; but usually on the care he takes of his pasture.

Every dairyman who is keeping from ten to twenty cows should, therefore, begin to study the silo question very thoroughly. This is one of the topics that should be discussed not merely at institutes, but at the residences in every dairy community.

The great obstacle in the way of the individual farmer using the silo is not the cost of building it, which, considering its capacity, is not as great as the cost of a barn would be. It is rather in the cost of machinery necessary to convert the corn into silage, and of the help needed at that particular time. Here is where co-operation comes in.

**Life and Diseases of Grapes.**

The author of a Texas bulletin presents data covering a period of nineteen years, secured for the most part from his records of an eight-acre grape vineyard planted in 1887 near Denison, Tex. The soil in this vineyard is a light sandy soil from 6 inches to 3 feet deep, with a red and yellow clay subsoil. The land has had but one application of fertilizer, consisting of a heavy coat of cotton-seed meal some twelve years ago. Data have also been collected from vineyards grown on different soils, including "black waxy" and lime soils.

In table 1 the relative longevity, health and vigor of twenty-five species of grapes grown in the vineyard at Denison are noted. The species usually found native to lime soils are distinguished from those native to sandy soils. Table 2 gives the names of each variety cultivated, the specific blood, the number of vines of each planted in 1887, and the number and percentage alive in 1905, together with notes on the color, economic value and use of the fruits, and condition of the vines in 1905. The varieties are noted which have been found suitable for "black waxy" soils with clay subsoils, and for "black waxy" and "adobe" soils underlain with white rock as near as two feet from the surface.

The author presents data on extensive personal observations and reports secured from different experimenters in Texas on the adaptability of different varieties of grapes for the limy rolls in Texas. It is stated that all species and varieties grow well in sandy soils where carbonate of lime does not exceed 25 per cent of the soil. Some species will flourish in soils which contain as high as 40 to 60 per cent of lime.

Varieties much subject to rot and mildew are not recommended for planting in the humid forest region of East Texas unless spraying with sulphate or carbonate of copper solution is thoroughly attended to. Grapes are not considered to succeed well in boggy or seepy soils on account of late frosts and fungus diseases.

**IDENTIFYING "U. S." ANIMALS.**

System of Branding Authorized by the Army Regulations.

Whenever you see the letters "U. S." branded on the left fore shoulder of an animal make up your mind at once that that beast is or was at one time the property of our rich old "Uncle Sam," says the Washington Post.

Then, again, if you knew the key to the system of branding utilized by the quartermaster's department, U. S. A., you would in a moment be able to tell the organization of the army to which that animal was assigned immediately after purchase by the government.

Last October, when the army of Cuban pacification was being embarked from Newport News, Va., many of the army horses and mules awaiting shipment became mixed with those of other organizations, but it only needed the knowledge of Sergeant Casey to decipher the hoof brands and dispatch the animals to their proper organizations. In other words, these brands serve as "identification tags."

Branding public animals is not a matter of choice, but is provided for by the army regulations, which direct that "public animals shall, upon the day received, be branded with the letters 'U. S.' on the left fore-shoulder. Horses assigned to organizations will also be branded on the hoof of one forefoot, one and one-half inches below the coronet, and the designation of the company. Branding irons of uniform size and design will be supplied by the quartermaster's department. Letters 'U. S.' to be two inches in height. Letters and numbers of hoof brands on the same line to be three-fourths of an inch high, the letter to precede the number, and blocked so as to penetrate the hoof one-sixteenth of an inch. For example, the hoof brands on horses assigned to band, 9th cavalry, would be CB9; to Troop A, 5th cavalry, would be A5; to Company A, Battalion of Engineers, would be BEA."

**Bad on Hubby.**

"I told her her bulldog was the most hideous little animal I had ever seen." "What did she say?" "She said I wouldn't say that if her husband was present."—Houston Post.

**WORN TO A SKELETON.**

**A Wonderful Restoration Caused a Sensation in a Pennsylvania Town.**

Mrs. Charles N. Preston, of Elkland, Pa., says: "Three years ago I found that my household was becoming a burden. I tired easily, had no ambition and was falling fast. My complexion got yellow, and I lost over 50 pounds. My thirst was terrible, and there was sugar in the kidney secretions. My doctor kept me on a strict diet, but as his medicine was not helping me, I began using Doan's Kidney Pills. They helped me at once, and soon all traces of sugar disappeared. I have regained my former weight and am perfectly well."

Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

**When the Victory is Won.**

There was one other thing which I wished to ask the man of the remote future about. "Tell me," quoth I, "do women vote in your day?" "No," he replied, "they don't." "Do they still seek the right of suffrage?" "O, bless you, they've had that these hundred years."—Puck.

**How's This?**

We offer One Hundred Dollars' Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by him. WARDING, EYANN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

**Poor Poet.**

Ethel—How long can a human being live without food?  
Jack—I don't know about human beings, but I know poets who have been writing for years.—Judge.

Guns, Traps, Decoys, etc. Lowest prices. Write for free catalog No. 1. N. W. Hyde & Fur Co., Minneapolis, Minn.

A dog which has traveled round the world was sent back across the channel from Dover until the owner could get a license.

**CASTORIA**

For Infants and Children.  
The Kind You Have Always Bought  
Bears the Signature of *W. L. Douglas*

**W. L. DOUGLAS**

**\$3.00 & \$3.50 SHOES** BEST IN THE WORLD  
SHOES FOR EVERY MEMBER OF THE FAMILY, AT ALL PRICES.  
**\$25,000** (To any one who can prove W. L. Douglas shoes are not made in a better way than any other manufacturer.)  
Reward (The Man's \$3 & \$3.50 shoes) (No other manufacturer.)  
THE REASON W. L. Douglas shoes are worn by more people in all walks of life than any other make, is because of their excellent style, easy-fitting, and superior wearing qualities. The selection of the leathers and other materials for each part of the shoe, and every detail of the making is looked after by the most complete organization of superintendents, foremen and skilled shoemakers, who receive the highest wages paid in the shoe industry, and whose workmanship cannot be excelled. If I could take you into my large factories at Brockton, Mass., and show you how carefully W. L. Douglas shoes are made, you would then understand why they lay to their shape, fit better, wear longer and are of greater value than any other make. My \$3 and \$3.50 Gold Bond Shoes cannot be equaled at any price. CAUTION! The genuine have W. L. Douglas name and price stamped on bottom. Take No Substitute. Ask your dealer for W. L. Douglas shoes. If he cannot supply you, send direct to factory. Shoes sent everywhere by mail. Catalog free. W. L. Douglas, Brockton, Mass.

**ALL HAIL PE-RU-NA.**

A Case of STOMACH CATARRH.



Miss Mary O'Brien, 306 Myrtle Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y., writes: "Peruna cured me in five weeks of catarrh of the stomach, after suffering for four years and doctoring without effect. In common with other grateful ones who have been benefited by your discovery, I say All hail to Peruna."

Mr. H. J. Henneman, Oakland, Neb., writes: "I waited before writing to you about my sickness, catarrh of the stomach, which I had over a year ago. "There were people who told me it would not stay cured, but I am sure that I am cured, for I do not feel any more ill effects, have a good appetite and am getting fat. So I am, and will say to all, I am cured for good. "I thank you for your kindness. "Peruna will be our house medicine hereafter."

Catarrh of the stomach is also known in common parlance as dyspepsia, gastritis and indigestion. No medicine will be of any permanent benefit except it removes the catarrhal condition.

**Gained Strength and Flesh.**

Miss Julia Butler, R. R. 4, Appleton Wis., writes she had catarrh of the stomach, causing loss of sleep and appetite, with frequent severe pains after eating. She took Peruna, her appetite returned, she gained strength, flesh and perfect health.

**DYSPEPSIA**

"Having taken your wonderful 'Cascarets' for three months and being entirely cured of stomach catarrh and dyspepsia, I think a word of praise is due 'Cascarets' for their wonderful composition. I have taken numerous other cathartics, but without avail and I feel that Cascarets relieve more in a day than all the others save the one would in a year." James McInnis, 125 Mercer St., Jersey City, N. J.



Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good, Do Good, Never Sicken, Weaken or Gripes, 10c, 25c, 50c, Never Sold in Bulk. The genuine tablet stamped C. C. Guaranteed to cure or your money back. Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or N. Y. 50c ANNUAL SALE, TEN MILLION BOXES.

Made Discovery whereby can grow full head hair on any bald head. Stop falling hair, cure itching scalp, any dandruff or scalp trouble. Reproduce the color in the follicle of grey or red hair. Will send you 2 months' treatment of this \$10 remedy if you send me a \$2 in any order. I simply do this to advertise and show you. Want partner with \$1,000 cash to open office in Minneapolis. The only man, 'The Prince of Hair Growers, G. W. Schoenheit, Sioux City, Iowa.

If afflicted with Thompson's Eye Water pure Eyes, use S. C. N. U. - - No. 37-1907.

A Question of Authority. "What we want to do," said one reformer, "is to eliminate the political boss." "No," answered the other, "there's always got to be a boss. What we want is to get the right kind."—Washington Star.

Merchants Visit Milwaukee. Come to the city of beautiful parks, clean streets, fine buildings, huge factories, immense jobbing houses and hospitable people. Spend your time during the Annual Fall Buying Season where you can bring your families and combine business with pleasure. The recent laws in Wisconsin, Iowa, Illinois, Minnesota, Nebraska, Missouri, and neighboring states, by which passenger fares are reduced to two cents a mile, are of great advantage to merchants in this territory who wish to come to Milwaukee. After August 15, 1907, merchants may buy a regular ticket to Milwaukee at a rate of two cents a mile (the lowest rate now given for any occasion) and will not be required to secure certificates or be restricted to certain dates. This offers decided advantages to Milwaukee patrons. Write in Milwaukee call for information at the Milwaukee Association of Jobbers and Manufacturers, 45-49 University Bldg.

Clever Scheme. "My new play is sure to make a hit," said the popular actress. "It gives me an opportunity to display twenty new gowns." "My!" exclaimed her friend. "How many acts?" "Only four, but in one of them the scene is at the dressmaker's."—The Catholic Standard and Times.