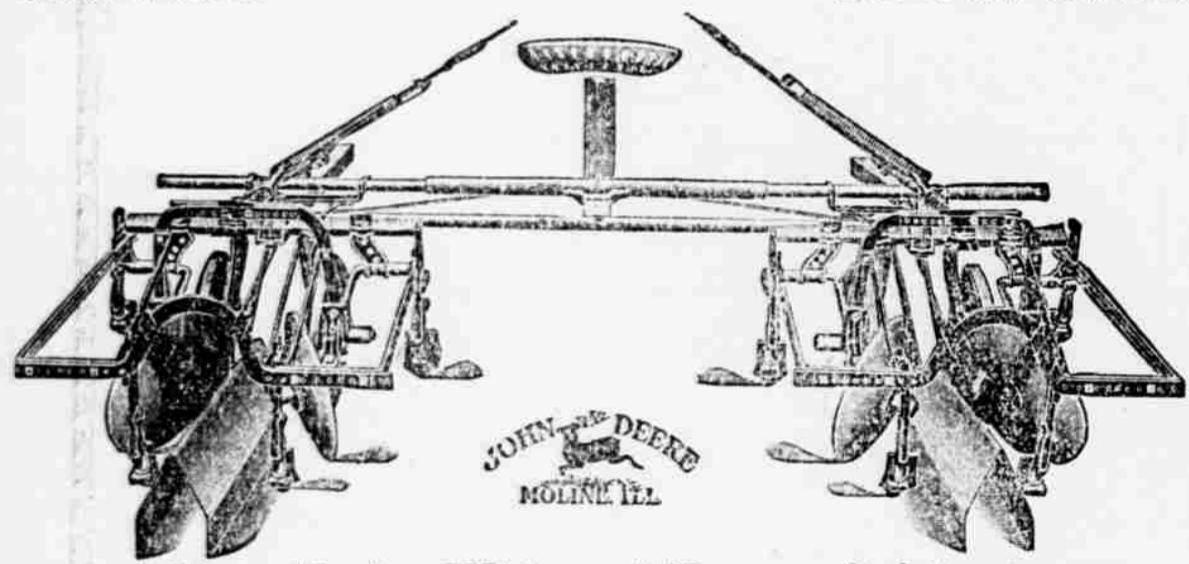


DEERE TWO-ROW LISTED CORN CULTIVATOR

GOOD POINTS:

1. Cultivates all the ground from center to center of ridges.
2. The only Listed Corn Cultivator with ridge shovels.
3. All steel construction.
4. Dust proof boxes with hard oil caps on wheels and disks.
5. Perfect alignment over track of Lister by tongue arrangement insuring machine following the rows.
6. Rear arch adjustable to give required spacing.
7. Pressed steel shields attached direct to tongue, suspended at either side of rear arch by two strong chains.
8. Levers within easy reach of seat, with lifting springs, enabling small boy to handle cultivator.
9. Seat in such position as to place driver well out of the dust.

Steel Frame For Four Horses



Adjustable for Wide and Narrow Cultivation.

Sold and positively guaranteed by
LUDWIG LUMBER CO.
PHONE 8 VALENTINE, NEBRASKA

Penbrook Quills.

Miss Elsie Grooms has a fine new organ.

Replanting corn is the work of many farmers this week.

Miss Cynthia Short of Gordon is a guest of Mrs. Theo. Tillson.

Mr. C. P. Hamar of Valentine is visiting his son C. W. Hamar.

Misses Alma and Theodora Tillson are taking music lessons from Mrs. James Hudson. Each Tuesday they take a twenty-two mile ride, eleven miles and return for their lesson.

Mr. E. L. Hutchison with his son Lee and son-in-law M. J. Strain have gone west to buy a bunch of horses. Mr. Hutchison took his fishing tackle and they are planning to combine pleasure with business while on this outing.

Friends of Max Gartner will be glad to hear that he is living in Pasadena Calif., and is healthy happy and prosperous. He is foreman in a fuel and lumber yard and has a salary of \$84 per mo.

Will Grooms has returned from Omaha. He went with his brother John and stayed with him until he was out of danger from an operation for appendicitis. Will brought the vermiform appendix back with him. One feels sure of his appendix if he can examine it safely bottled in alcohol.

I thank you xxx for your kind words and for championing the idea that Cherry Co. people should read Cherry Co. news from Cherry Co. papers. "Newspaper notoriety" seems very offensive to some folks. We enjoy the news that's printed but what's suppressed! wouldn't it make mighty interesting reading?

A large number of hogs were marketed from this section last Friday & Saturday. Many feel sure over the price declining, as but 5.15 was received against 5.50 the week before. A. Kusky, John Hittle and C. W. Hamar went from this neighborhood. Will Graddy hauled his hogs to Johnston.

Mrs. Ella Hutchison accompanied by her little son Henry carries the mail from Penbrook to Norden when the weather is good. With the R. F. D. and marketing the butter and eggs for the neighbors Mrs. Hutchison has a busy

DAIRY CLEANLINESS.

Small Top Pails Greatly Reduce Chance For Contamination.

The avoidance of unnecessary milk contamination is getting to be an old subject. I do not propose to repeat already threadbare statements. But I want to call attention to the fact that most of our dairy products, representing in value hundreds of millions of dollars, are made on our dairy farms and are of inferior quality. More than this, most of the inferiority of quality in both farm and factory products is due to milk contamination. The importance of cleanliness of cows, stables and utensils has been emphasized so often that it ought to be known to every one who has eyes or ears.

But one of the newer ideas of reducing contamination of milk is not generally known. It is the use of the small top milking pail. Based on sound common sense that prevention is better than cure, this is the coming idea in sanitary milk production. Remember that half the ordinary dirt getting into milk is soluble and that more than half of the teeming millions of bacteria readily pass through strainers.

To Avoid Stable Dirt.

During the milking dust and larger dirt particles are constantly settling into the pail even though care is taken to clean the cow and to avoid dust in the stable air. It is most reasonable to reduce the size of the opening through which the dirt falls into the milk. It should be reduced just as much as the interest and patience of the milker will permit. Chance for contamination is reduced more than one-third when the diameter of the opening in the milk pail is changed from twelve to nine inches, and it is reduced three-fourths when the opening is changed from twelve to six inches. Experience shows that great improvement can be made without any inconvenience to the milkers. Every inch of reduction helps.

We have become so accustomed to ordinary milk for butter and cheese making that we fail to realize what really good milk means for these products. Experiments made by Mr. Hall in New York show that a larger yield and better quality of cheese can be made from sanitary milk than from the product of the ordinary dairy. To his own surprise there appeared to be absolutely no fat lost at the press when cheese had been made from 5.5 per cent "certified" milk.—Professor R. A. Pearson in Kimball's Dairy Farmer.

Planting Abandoned Lanes.

Passing through the country we often notice long lanes leading from the milk yard back into the pastures. Many of such appear to have been in use for many years, until from the excess of plant food present there is scarcely any grass visible. This practice could be improved by making one permanent center fence, very preferable, and put up a movable one to one side, causing a lane of liberal width which should correspond with size of dairy. After three years move this fence over to the other side of the center one. Plant the abandoned lane two years in succession to corn fodder. Follow the next year with grain and stock to clover; keep on making these three year rotations, and with but a very small expense what now is a constant waste will be turned to cash.—S. Gordon, Clinton County, N. Y.

BUTTER AND MILK.

Milk separated on the farm can often be kept sweet longer than that which comes home from the creamery. It is not brought in contact with other and more carelessly cared for milk and is consequently worth more for feed.

Branding of Butter.

A speaker at a recent buttermakers' convention said: I have sold butter under my own brand for the past twelve years and know that it has meant much to me in the way of obtaining not only prices, but weights. The branding of butter means as much as the branding of flour. The man that goes out to buy Big Joe will not go home with the Gold Medal. If he can not get his brand at one store, he will go to some other to find it. If you have your own brand on the butter the grocer cannot palm off some other brand on his customers that are used to your make. The result is they will go to some other store in search of their favorite make.

Temperature to Separate.

The warmer the milk the more fluid it is. It is a rule adopted by all creamerymen in operating power machines that the milk must be separated at a temperature above 85 degrees. Cold milk is more viscous or less fluid than warm, and the cream will not separate so readily. If this is true of power machines, where everything runs more uniformly than is possible with a hand machine, it is certainly true of the hand machine.—Professor E. H. Webster.

How Price Butter Was Made.

George H. Bristol, who won the first prize on dairy butter at the Illinois State Dairyman's association, says of his dairy methods: I keep only Jersey cows and endeavor to have my stables and all dairy utensils as clean as possible. I feed and milk regularly, giving ground feed (corn, oats and bran mixed) for the grain ration and for roughage shredded corn fodder and alfalfa hay. I use the Du Laval separator, keeping the cream at about 50 degrees F. I warm it up to 63 degrees twelve hours before churning, and then churn to granules about the size of wheat. I then draw off the butter-milk, wash twice in clear well water, salt about one and a quarter ounces to the pound, work a little in the worker and then pack.

Weather Data.

The following data, covering a period of 13 years, have been compiled from the Weather Bureau records at Valentine, Nebr. They are issued to show the conditions that have prevailed, during the month in question, for the above period of years, but must not be construed as a forecast of the weather conditions for the coming month.

June.

TEMPERATURE.

Mean or normal 67°
The warmest month was that of 1900 with an average of 71°
The coldest month was that of 1895 with an average of 63°
The highest was 102° on 30, 1900
The lowest was 32° on 21, 1902

PRECIPITATION.

Average for month 3.52 inches.
Average number of days with .01 of an inch or more 12
The greatest monthly precipitation was 8.18 inches in 1905
The least monthly precipitation was 1.24 inches in 1900.

The greatest amount of precipitation recorded in any 24 consecutive hours was 2.96 inches on 26-27, 1891
The greatest amount of snowfall recorded in any 24 consecutive hours (record extending to winter of 1884-85 only) was 0 inches on 0.

CLOUDS AND WEATHER

Average number of clear days, 11 partly cloudy, 12; cloudy, 7.

WIND.

The prevailing winds have been from the S
The average hourly velocity of the wind is 11 miles.

The highest velocity of the wind was 66 miles from the SW on 27, 1906
J. J. McLEAN,
Observer-Weather Bureau.

LEGAL NOTICES.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of an order of sale issued by the clerk of the district court of Cherry County, Nebraska, April 24th, 1907, under a decree of foreclosure for which E. L. Barnes et al. is plaintiff, and Scott A. Bolinger et al. are defendants, I will sell at the front door of the court house in Valentine, Cherry County, Nebraska, that being the building wherein the last term of said court was held, on the 15th day of June 1907, at 10 o'clock a. m., to satisfy judgment of \$1450.00 and interest at 10 per cent from date of judgment, March 25th, 1907, and costs taxed at \$20.65 and accruing costs, at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash the following described property to-wit: Lot No. one (1) in Block one (1) in Cole's Second addition to the village of Coxy, Cherry County, Nebraska.
Dated this 9th day of May, 1907.
P. F. SIMONS,
Sheriff.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of an order of sale issued by the clerk of the district court of Cherry County, Nebraska, April 24th, 1907, under a decree of judgment on order of attachment, wherein E. L. Tolerton & Stetson Company, incorporated, is plaintiff and Harry Godfrey is defendant, I will sell at the front door of the court house in Valentine, Cherry County, Nebraska, that being the building wherein the last term of said court was held, on the 15th day of June, 1907, at 10 o'clock a. m., to satisfy judgment of \$165.00 and interest at 7 per cent from date of judgment, November 11th, 1906, and costs taxed at \$23.65 and accruing costs, at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, the following described property to-wit: Township 34, range 37, in Cherry County, Nebraska.
Dated this 16th day of May, 1907.
P. F. SIMONS,
Sheriff.

In the District Court of Cherry County, Nebraska.

A. H. KISTLER

LESTER REEBOUT, minor heir of Alpheus E. Reebout, vs. deceased, and the minor heirs of Alpheus E. Reebout, et al.

The above named defendants are hereby notified that on the 16th day of May, 1907, the plaintiff herein filed his petition in the district court of Cherry County, Nebraska, against you and each of you and all persons claiming through or under you, and the object and prayer of which are to foreclose a certain tax lien founded upon a certificate of tax sale issued by the County Treasurer of Cherry County, Nebraska, on the 14th day of August, 1907, for the payment of delinquent taxes upon the NE 1/4 of Section 35, Township 25, Range 35, Cherry County, Nebraska, for the years 1904, 1905, 1906, 1907, 1908 and 1909, inclusive, and for delinquent interest upon said real estate for the year 1900 for the taxes assessed and levied thereon for either state, county or school district purposes and there is now due plaintiff up on said tax lien the sum of \$39.50 together with interest thereon from the 14th day of May, 1907, at the rate of ten per cent per annum and costs of this suit and ten per cent attorney fees as provided by statute for which said tax lien was judgment and a decree of foreclosure and to have said premises sold for the payment and satisfaction of the amount due for such taxes, interest, penalties and costs and costs of sale; to have said premises and exclude said defendants and each of them from having or claiming any lien, title, interest or equity of redemption in or to the same or any part thereof, and for general relief.
You and each of you are required to answer said petition on or before the 31st day of June 1907.
A. H. KISTLER,
By Walcott & Morrissey, his attorneys.

Contest Notice.

U. S. Land Office, Valentine, Nebraska.
May 22, 1907.
A sufficient contest affidavit having been filed in this office by Roy E. Wellet, contestant, against homestead entry Nos. 1000 and 1052 made July 24, 1891, and August 12, 1891, for NW 1/4 SW 1/4 of section 29, NE 1/4 NE 1/4 SW 1/4 section 30 SW 1/4 SW 1/4 SW 1/4 SW 1/4 section 28, E 1/2 NW 1/4 SW 1/4 SW 1/4 section 31, section 30, NE 1/4 NW 1/4 NW 1/4 section 31, township 27, range 34, by David Lippings, contestant, to which it is alleged that said claimant has validly abandoned said land and changed his residence therefrom for more than six months last past, that said land is not so held upon nor cultivated in good faith as the law requires, and claimant has never established her residence upon the land as the law requires, and she has failed to cure her laches up to this date and her said absence from the said land was not due to her employment in the army, navy or marine corps of the United States as a private soldier, other, seaman or mariner during the war with Spain or during any other war in which the United States was engaged.
Said parties are hereby notified to appear, respond and offer evidence touching said allegations at 10 o'clock a. m. on July 2, 1907, before the register and receiver at the United States Land Office in Valentine, Nebraska.
The contestant having in a proper affidavit filed May 22, 1907 set forth facts which show that after due diligence personal service of this notice cannot be made it is hereby ordered that direct notice such notice be given by due and proper publication.
E. OLSON, Receiver.

R. M. Faddis & Co.
Postoffice address—Valentine or Kennedy.
 Some branded on left thigh.
 Horses branded on left shoulder or thigh.

N. S. Rowley
Kennedy, Nebraska.
 Same as cut on left side and hip, and on left shoulder of horses. Also on left side of hip.
 Same as cut on left side and hip.
 Same as cut on left side and hip.
 Same as cut on left side and hip.
 Same as cut on left side and hip.

C. W. Bennett
 Stock branded with 7 on left hip also same as cut Range between Gordon and Snake creeks and on the Niobrara river
 Same as cut on left side and hip.
 Same as cut on left side and hip.
 Same as cut on left side and hip.

George Heyne
Cody, Neb.
 Brand registered No 1027
 Horses branded on left shoulder Range north and south of Cutcomb Lake in Cherry Co

P. H. Young.
Simeon, Nebr.
 Cattle branded as cut on left side
 Some on left side.
 V on left jaw of horses.
Range on Gordon Creek north of Simeon.

A. T. DAVIS
Postoffice address Hyannis, Neb.
 On right side
 Horses on left shoulder
 also cattle on right side
Range to miles north of Hyannis

C. H. Little.
Merriman, Nebr.
 On either side
 Horses same on hip. Also B W
Range—Lake Creek S D

Pat Peiper
Simeon, Nebr.
 U Q

Roan Brothers
Woodlake Neb
 John Roan's private mark, slit in left ear
 RB

C. P. Jordan.
Rosebud, S D
 Horses and cattle same as cut; also C J B E J J on right hip.
 Range on Oak and Butte creeks.
 A liberal reward for information leading to detection of rustlers of stock bearing any of these brands.

Albert Whipple & Sons
Rosebud, S. D.
 Cattle branded SOS on left side
 SOS on right side
 Some cattle also have a + on neck
 Some with A on left shoulder and some branded with two bars across hind quarters. Some Texas
 cattle branded SOS on left side and some on right side.
 Horses branded SOS on left hip. Some cattle branded AW bar connected on both sides and left hip of horses.

R-I-P-A-N-S Tablets
Doctors find
A good prescription
For mawkish
The 5-cent package is enough for usual occasions. The family bottle (50 cents) contains a supply for a year. All druggists sell them.

MILL PRICES FOR FEED.

	May 15, 1907.	Per Cwt.	Per Ton.
Bran, sacked	95		\$17 00
Shorts, sacked	1 05		19 00
Screenings, sacked	70		13 00
Chop Feed, sacked	1 30		24 00
Corn, sacked	1 05		19 00
Chop Corn, sacked	1 10		20 00
Oats, sacked	1 65		31 00

G. W. BEAMER.
Gordon, Neb.
 Cattle branded on left side cut, 3-inch horn and 24-inch circle Brand registered 578.
 Horses branded on left shoulder.
box. Registered 876. Range—6 miles south Irwin on Niobrara river.

Parmelee Cattle Co.
Bo abud, S. D.
 Cattle branded as cut on left side with stripe under tail.
 Horses branded on left thigh.
Range on Soldier creek.

Metzger Bros.,
Cody
 Cattle branded anywhere on left side.
 Earmark, square crop right ear.
 Horses have same brand on left thigh.
Range on Gordon and Snake Creeks.
A Reward of \$250 will be paid to any person for information leading to the arrest and final conviction of any person or persons stealing cattle with above brand.

Jos. Bristol
 Valentine, Nebr.
Range on Niobrara river four miles east of Ft. Niobrara.
 Horses and cattle branded for any information leading to the recovery of cattle strayed from my range.

H. A. BUCK
Postoffice address Hyannis, Neb
 Branded on left side
Range eighteen miles north of Hyannis

J. A. YARYAN
Pullman, Nebr
 Cattle branded JY on right side
 Horses branded JY on right shoulder
Reasonable reward for any information leading to the recovery of cattle strayed from my range.

Sandy Williams.
Merriman, Nebr.
 Mostly on left side. Some on right side.
 Horses same on left shoulder.
Range—Lake Creek, S. D.

D. M. Sears.
Kennedy, Nebr.
 Cattle branded as cut left side
 Some on left hip.
 Horses same on left shoulder.
Range—Square Lake.

WILLIAM BEAMER
Gordon, Nebr.
 Cattle branded same as cut on left side.
 Horses branded on left shoulder.
Range—6 miles south of Irwin.

J. B. Lord
Simeon, Neb
 Stock branded same as cut back right shoulder and on right hip.
 Range on the Niobrara

ALONZO HEATH
Postoffice address Cody, Nebraska
 On left side. Horses left shoulder.
 Range north of Cutcomb Lake

Garner Brothers.
Cody, Nebr.
 Anywhere on cattle.
 Horses on left shoulder.
Range—North all.

Sawyer Bros.
Postoffice address, Osgus, Nebr
 G. K. Sawyer has charge of these cattle
 Horses D S on left shoulder. Some stock on left side. Horses on left side same as cut on left hip.
Range on Snake river

Nebraska Land and Feeding Co.
Bartlett Richards—Pres Will G. Constock, V. P.
Chas G. Jamison Secy
 Cattle branded on any part of animal; also the following brands
 Horses branded the same
Range between Gordon and the F. & M. V. R. R. and Nebraska Land and Feeding Co. in Northwestern sworth, Nebraska.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE
PATENTS
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