

# Doctor Brigham Says

## MANY PHYSICIANS PRESCRIBE

### Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

The wonderful power of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound over the diseases of womanhood is not because it is a stimulant, not because it is a palliative, but simply because it is the most wonderful tonic and reconstructive ever discovered to act directly upon the generative organs, positively curing disease and restoring health and vigor.

Marvelous cures are reported from all parts of the country by women who have been cured, trained nurses who have witnessed cures and physicians who have recognized the virtue of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and are fair enough to give credit where it is due.

If physicians dared to be frank and open, hundreds of them would acknowledge that they constantly prescribe Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound in severe cases of female ills, as they know by experience it can be relied upon to effect a cure. The following letter proves it.

Dr. S. C. Brigham, of 4 Brigham Park, Fitchburg, Mass., writes:

"It gives me great pleasure to say that I have found Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound very efficacious, and can prescribe it in my practice for female difficulties. My oldest daughter found it very beneficial for female trouble some time ago, and my youngest daughter is now taking it for a female weakness, and is surely gaining in health and strength."

"I freely advocate it as a most reliable specific in all diseases to which women are subject, and give it honest endorsement."

Women who are troubled with painful or irregular periods, bloating (or flatulency), weakness of organs, displacements, inflammation or ulceration, can be restored to perfect health and strength by taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. If advice is needed write to Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass. She is daughter-in-law of Lydia E. Pinkham and for twenty-five years has been advising sick women free of charge. No other living person has had the benefit of a wider experience in treating female ills. She has guided thousands to health. Every suffering woman should ask for and follow her advice if she wants to be strong and well.

### HOLD UP!

and consider



**THE POMMEL FISH BRAND SLICKER**

LIKE ALL TOWERS' WATERPROOF CLOTHING. Is made of the best materials in the world, fully guaranteed and sold by reliable dealers everywhere. 417 STICK TO THE SIGN OF THE FISH

## SICK HEADACHE

### CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

Positively cured by these Little Pills. They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A Perfect Remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Costed Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

SMALL PILL. SMALL DOSE. SMALL PRICE.

### CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

Genuine Must Bear Fac-Simile Signature

REFUSE SUBSTITUTES.

## MIXED FARMING

### FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE RAISING RANCHING

Three great pursuits have again shown wonderful results on the

## FREE HOMESTEAD LANDS OF WESTERN CANADA

Magnificent climate. Farmers plowing in their shirt sleeves in the middle of November.

"All are bound to be more than pleased with the final results of the past season's harvest."—Extract.

Coal, wood, water, hay in abundance; schools, churches, markets convenient. THIS IS THE ERA OF \$100 WHEAT. Apply for information to Superintendent of Immigration, O. L. Wainwright, or to E. T. Holmes, 315 Jackson St., St. Paul, Minn., and J. M. McLaughlin, Box 115, Watertown, S. D. Dakota. Authorized Government Agents. Please say where you saw this advertisement.

## A Positive CATARRH CURE

### Ely's Cream Balm

Is quickly absorbed. Gives Relief at Once. It cleanses, soothes, heals and protects the diseased membrane. It cures Catarrh and drives away a Cold in the Head quickly. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. Full size 50 cts., at Drug-Gists or by mail: Trial Size 10 cts. by mail. Ely Brothers, 66 Warren Street, New York.

## HAY FEVER

It costs a motorcyclist \$12.50 a year for licenses to drive in St. Louis and immediate vicinity in St. Louis county.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething; softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25 cents a bottle.

Many of the large ocean greyhounds carry cats as mascots, these pets being well known to globe trotters.

## BIG BUILDING BOOM

### NOW EXISTS THROUGHOUT THE UNITED STATES.

### Real Estate Craze Is on and Middle West Farm Values Soar—Evidences of Wide-spread Increases in Value Never Before Equalled.

The United States is now in the midst of one of the greatest real estate and building booms in its history. So general is the tendency to invest in farms, building lots, homes, skyscrapers and business blocks that the banks in the great money centers are incommodeed by lack of money. Every man with a few hundred or a few thousand dollars is investing it in realty.

In all the boroughs of Greater New York there is enormous and constant buying of real estate and it is impossible to get men and supplies for all the building projected.

In Buffalo the industrial growth is unprecedented. During the past year 27,000 skilled mechanics have been added to the city's population, brought there through the location of new plants and the expansion of those already established. The housing of the increased population has required every vacant house in the city and the best efforts of the builders have been unable to keep up with the demand for flats, apartment houses and business blocks.

In Philadelphia, especially in West Philadelphia, the increase in real estate values has been from 25 to 30 per cent, largely due to the construction of the elevated railway. During the first three months of this year permits have been issued for the erection of 28,000 two, three and four story dwellings, at an estimated cost of \$7,000,000.

In Pittsburg everybody is speculating in real estate. Every man with \$1,000 or more is dabbling in it. Prices are soaring in a way to give the blush to a western land boom. On 519 Wood street, bought in 1901 for \$76,000, sold last month for \$200,000. On 518 Wood street, bought in 1902 for \$75,000, sold last February for \$180,000. A corner on Penn avenue was purchased last winter for \$200,000 and was sold last week for \$240,000. A corner at Fourth avenue and Decatur street, bought in 1902 for \$42,000, sold last month for \$100,000. No. 210 Fourth avenue, bought three years ago for \$90,000, sold last month for \$150,000. Hundreds of such examples might be quoted.

In Baltimore the area destroyed by the great fire has been rebuilt and \$100,000,000 worth of improvements are projected or are under way.

Not in a quarter of a century has there been such a boom in real estate values in Omaha and Nebraska. Nebraska farms are to-day worth \$100,000,000 more than they were worth five years ago. Lands which five years ago were worth \$35 an acre are now valued at \$60 to \$100. Western Nebraska range land which was worth 50 cents an acre five years ago is now quoted at from \$8 to \$15. In the cities the increase in values has kept pace with that of the farm lands. For example: A church purchased two years ago for \$18,000 was sold last week for \$48,000.

St. Louis is erecting an average of two sky-scrapers a month and other building is in proportion.

The prosperity among Illinois farmers is unparalleled. Farm land has increased from 35 to 100 per cent in five years. Chicago real estate men say the prospect is the brightest in twenty years.

In the corn belt of Iowa land is worth \$100 an acre, while in sections reached by the interurban railways land readily brings \$600 an acre which five years ago could be bought for \$80.

For five years real estate in the Birmingham (Alabama) district has grown rapidly in value. In the city building permits granted for buildings now in course of construction represent a value of \$3,000,000.

From Montana, Washington, Virginia, West Virginia, Minnesota and nearly every State the reports indicate a prosperity never before equalled.

A \$59,000 Organ Ordered. With the funds contributed by Mr. and Mrs. Levi P. Morton the authorities of the new cathedral of St. John the Divine of New York are expecting to possess the finest organ in this country, if not in the world. The instrument is to be built jointly by Robert Hope-Jones, who constructed the organ in Norwich cathedral, England, now known as the most powerful in the world, and Ernest M. Skinner, who built the organs in Grace church, New York, and Plymouth church, Brooklyn. The proposed organ will be constructed in a new factory at Boston. The Hope-Jones method of tone producing will be employed. He depends upon the vibration of a metal tongue against an opening in the pipe and discards the reed pipes. He operates the organ by electricity, utilizing an electric blower and a piston, which alternately admits and excludes the air. He uses cubes, oblong spheres and other shapes for his resonators.

Harmless Bullets for Practice. A bullet that hits the mark, but does not kill, has just been invented by Dr. Deliriers of Paris. The details of its construction are not mentioned, but it is said to be hollow and can be used several times. In a test for duel practice pistols were used with steel gages resembling a sword hilt, because, although the bullet does not penetrate the clothing, it will wound naked flesh. Both men wore goggles. Out of 272 shots, 202 struck some part of the bodies of the duellists.

Old papers for sale at this office.

## GERMANY'S CHURCH CRISIS.

### Only 25 Per Cent of Her Pastors Believe in Christ's Divinity.

Emperor William of Germany and his official advisers are deeply concerned over the imminent church crisis in Prussia, the gravest since the reformation. The question of the divinity of Christ now threatens to rend German Protestantism into two great parties, the one liberal, the other orthodox. The revolt in liberal church circles against orthodoxy has been fanned into a flame by the refusal of the consistory and the Supreme Court to sanction the selection of Rev. Mr. Rowen as pastor of the church at Remscheid, in Westphalia.

His offense was that he preached sermons in which he repudiated the divine parentage of Christ, characterizing it as a myth inspired by Greco-Pagan influences.

More than 1,300 mass meetings have been held to discuss the religious situation. Taken together, they form an astonishing revelation of the enormous extent of the growth of the so-called liberal church doctrines.

The ferment is increasing daily, hourly. The liberal pastors and their congregations threaten secession unless the bounds of the creed are widened by the elimination of what they call the supernatural articles.

A leading theologian, who occupies a university chair, says that out of 8,900 German Protestant pastors in active service at the present time not more than one-quarter are believers in the literal text of the apostles' creed, and only one-tenth hold to the divine inspiration of the Bible.

Should the Kaiser call a general council to recast the creed, the cataclysm may be prevented. Otherwise it is predicted on all sides the Reformed church of Germany will soon be split into warring factions.

## MODERN STEEL STRUCTURES.

### Trip Through Fire-Swept Frisco Shows Their Superiority.

A trip through the burned districts of San Francisco after the fire revealed a scene of unspeakable desolation. From many points on Market street, as far as the eye could reach in any direction, there was nothing but skeleton walls and smoking ruins. It was fire that wrought the great devastation and wiped out the entire business section and half the residence section of the city. The great modern steel structures were practically uninjured by the earthquake except for cracked walls and displaced plaster. All these great structures, of course, subsequently were utterly ruined by the flames so far as the interior construction is concerned, but the walls are in most cases intact. The most notable cases of practical immunity from the shock were the St. Francis hotel, the Fairmont hotel, the Flood building, the Mills building, the Spreckels building, the Chronicle building, and scores of other modern steel structures.

The branch of the United States mint on Fifth street and the new postoffice at Seventh and Mission streets are striking examples of the superiority of the workmanship put into federal buildings. The United States mint building, surrounded by a wide space of pavement, was absolutely unharmed. The new postoffice building was also virtually undamaged by fire. The earthquake did some damage to the different entrances to the building, but the walls were uninjured. Every window pane, of course, was broken. The Fairmont hotel, while damaged in the interior, is left intact as to the walls.

## WHEAT CONDITIONS GOOD.

### Winter Has Lifted Its Embargo and the Outlook Is Promising.

Winter has lifted its embargo from the fields and the winter wheat crop stands forth a strong, likely youngster, ready to try for records of the past, even if he should not reach or surpass them. Present conditions foretell a big yield, and, unless there are disasters between this and the gardening time, the crop of 1906 will be a fit mate for that of last year.

Indorsement of this prediction comes in dispatches to Chicago from all the big wheat-producing States. Some of these States are already boasting that this year's yield will exceed that of any previous seasons.

Kansas, Indiana, Illinois, Ohio, Tennessee, Kentucky, Nebraska, Oklahoma, Indian Territory, and Pennsylvania are enthusiastic over the outlook. Of these, Ohio, Kansas, Oklahoma and Nebraska in particular send information that there has been a marked improvement in general conditions since the last government report in December.

## SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES

The school teachers of Pittston, Pa., recently dismissed their pupils and told them not to return until the school board should pay back salaries due the teachers.

Judge Mack of Chicago has invited a conference with the school board with a view to stopping the practice of suspending disorderly or unruly pupils, on the ground that it contributes to the juvenile delinquency cases in court.

Following are some Ohio statistics: Children of school age, 1,250,000; children in school attendance, 800,000; children out of school, 450,000; children within scope of labor law, 900,000; children illegally employed, 100,000.

The school authorities of Waynesboro, Pa., having declined to enforce the State vaccination law, the matter is to go into the courts. The Attorney General has given the opinion that parents whose children have been debarred because of failure to be vaccinated cannot be fined under the compulsory education law.

The most notable feature of the latest census bulletin relating to illiteracy among our population is the statement that there are fewer illiterates among the children of foreign-born parents than among those of the natives. This is variously accounted for, but the chief reason for it appears to be based on the fact that the greatest portion of the foreign-born children live in cities, where the educational opportunities are better than in the country. In the country the illiteracy among children is 89 per 1,000; in cities of over 25,000 inhabitants it is only 10 per 1,000.

## TRUST MUST SHOW BOOKS.

### Federal Inquiry Into Coal Mine Ownership by Railroads.

Unless the plans of the government go wrong entirely there will be before long a sensational investigation of the coal roads, which will attract as much attention throughout the country in its way as the inquiry into the insurance companies did. Thus writes a Washington correspondent.

It will be run by the same man, and if he has luck the coal roads will be compelled to come into court and produce all their books and secret records to prove the existence of a combination to control the price of coal in defiance of law.

Charles E. Hughes is to be given a free hand in the prosecution of the coal carrying railroads. Immunity or no immunity, he will be instructed to get at the facts, and it is the belief of government officials that under the recent decisions of the Supreme Court he will be enabled to go into the whole business of the coal road combination.

Mr. Hughes' capacity as an investigator was demonstrated by the spectacular success of his inquiry into the insurance business. He began that investigation with only the power behind him of a committee of the New York Legislature, whereas he will go into the study of the coal combination backed up by the power of the United States government in a federal court, and with the moral and material support of the President and the Attorney General.

Under the anti-trust law, as well as under the interstate commerce law and the Elkins law, a railroad corporation can be directly punished by fine. Its officers can be summoned and made to testify. They may claim immunity for themselves, but not for their corporation.

Mr. Hughes' subpoena will unlock every record of every railroad, it will compel the officers of the roads to testify as to the acts of the corporations, and if Mr. Hughes is as successful as the government officials believe he will be, the result will be to rip open the coal combination, because after one railroad is convicted of conspiracy to maintain prices the same evidence will operate on another, and so on until the whole combination is broken up.

The coming prosecution in the federal court may have a bearing on the settlement of the coal strike, but whether it does or not the prosecution will be one of the most sensational ever known in this country. Enough evidence already has been developed by the interstate commerce commission to justify the prosecution, not only of the railroads but of some of the officials as well.

John C. Breckenridge has been appointed consulting engineer for the New York Central and will be engaged in the installation of electricity on the New York end of the line.

The Northern Pacific is said to have an option on the Pacific and Idaho Northern, which it will exercise with a view to building a line from Cottonwood to Lewiston, Idaho.

President Johnson and other Norfolk and Western officials are inspecting the "Short Line" from Columbus to Sandusky with a view, it is said, to purchasing it from the Pennsylvania.

After a trial of two years with a limited number of omnibuses in the streets of London, England, the London power omnibus company has ordered seventy-five double-decked buses and has begun the construction of the largest garage in Europe, with a floor area of 200,000 sq. ft. The fuel is stored in two 1,000-gallon tanks, from which six cars may be charged at one time.

Nearly all of the great trunk lines have reported increased gross earnings during the first three months of the year, and notably the New York Central, the Wabash and the Chicago Great Western. Bank clearings have broken all records for any three months in the history of the country, according to Bradstreet's, and the number of failures were 2,791, or a decrease of 5 per cent as compared with the first quarter of last year.

The sixteen railroads constituting the Chicago Car Service Association have served notice on the International Harvester Company or harvester trust that owing to the freight car shortage it will be impossible to permit cars to go off the tracks of the company owning them. Because the trust owns the Illinois Northern railroad, it claims the right to the 25 cents a day charge for car demurrage. But the railroads insist upon \$1 per day, as charged to all other manufacturers or shippers.

Railroads in Ohio may hereafter charge not more than two cents a mile for carrying passengers. The new law went into effect in March. On the same day that the new rule became operative the president of a New England railroad company, whose main line connects Boston and New York, announced that a uniform two-cent rate would be adopted by his company at once. The agitation for such a rate is now in progress in New York, Pennsylvania, Virginia, Iowa, Illinois, Indiana and Nebraska. In Michigan there is a graduated rate based on the earning power of the road. It starts at two cents and runs up to four cents. Wherever the rate has been reduced the receipts from passenger traffic have increased, as increased facilities for travel always induce people to go about.

The general office of the Lake Shore at Cleveland announces that the Twentieth Century Limited made 108 miles in one hour and thirty-nine minutes between Cleveland and Toledo. This is thought to establish a new speed record for regular train service.

The report of the Missouri Pacific railway for 1905 shows a deficit of \$18,205, as compared with a surplus of over \$2,000,000 the preceding year. In explanation of this President Gould refers to the disastrous blizzards and floods of the first half of the year and to the yellow fever quarantine.

## The French Bricklayer.

### Samuel Gompers, the re-elected chief of the American Federation of Labor, was pointing out the good that unions had done for workmen.

"In France," he said, "there are few unions, and a French bricklayer told me the other day that wages were, in consequence, unreasonably low there."

"The bricklayer said with a laugh that a friend of his in Nice, out of work, bought on the Avenue de la Gare a newspaper. He took the paper home to his attic in the squalid Rue Felix, and his wife, after turning to the advertisements, said eagerly:

"The very thing! You must look into this, Marcel. It says a man is wanted at the Palais de la Jetee, and he won't be worked to death, and will be paid enough to live on."

"The man started."

"Won't be worked to death?" he muttered.

"Yes," said his wife; "and paid enough to live on."

"He frowned."

"Ha," he said. 'Some catch about that.'"

## Bridge Built on Wool.

At the little town of Wadebridge, Cornwall, England, there is a bridge of a unique character. Owing to the strength of the current, ordinary stone foundations would not hold, and numerous devices were tried without success. Eventually bags of wool were sunk in the stream and the piles driven in, and this strange foundation has proved wonderfully firm and satisfactory.

## WAS WEAK AND DIZZY

### Dr. Williams' Pink Pills Restored the Patient to Perfect Health and Strength.

Mrs. Mary Gagner, of No. 576 South Summer street, Holyoke, Mass., has passed through an experience which proves that some of the greatest blessings of life may be within easy reach and yet be found only by mere chance. A few years ago while she was employed in the mills she was suddenly seized with dizziness and great weakness. "I was so weak at times," she says, "that I could hardly stand, and my head became so dizzy that it seemed as if the floor was moving around."

"My condition at last became so bad that I was obliged to give up work in the mill, and later still I became so feebly that I could not even attend to my household duties. After the slightest exertion I had to lie down and rest until I regained strength."

"A friend who had used Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People urged me to try them. I bought a box and began to take them. The benefit was so positive and so quickly evident that I continued to use the pills until I had taken altogether six boxes. By that time I was entirely cured, and for two years I have had no return of my trouble. I am now in the best of health and able to attend to all my duties. I am glad to acknowledge the benefit I received and I hope that my statement may be the means of inducing others who may suffer in this way to try this wonderful medicine."

The secret of the power of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills in cases of debility, such as Mrs. Gagner's lies in the fact that they make new blood, and every organ and every tiny nerve in the body feels the stir of a new tide of strength.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by all druggists or will be sent, postpaid, on receipt of price, 50 cents per box, six boxes for \$2.50, by the Dr. Williams Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y.

Don't be angry with the coal man. He is doing you the best he can.

## CURES CONSTIPATION

It is just about impossible to be sick when the bowels are right and not possible to be well when they are wrong. Through its action on the bowels,

## Lane's Family Medicine

cleans the body inside and leaves no lodging place for disease. If for once you wish to know how it feels to be thoroughly well, give this famous laxative tea a trial.

Sold by all dealers at 25c. and 50c.

## An Established Reputation.

A deputy sheriff and chief of police of a Rhode Island city, known in his lifetime as a man whose word could always be taken, once gave a whimsical demonstration of his straightforwardness. One day, according to a writer in the Boston Herald, a grocer went to him for information about a certain Joe White, who had applied for credit at his store.

"Good-morning, Sheriff!"

"Morning!"

"Do you know Joe White?"

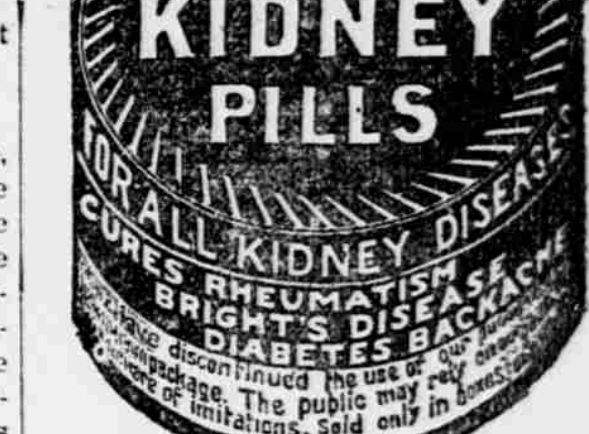
"Yes."

"What kind of a feller is he?"

"Putty fair."

"Is he honest?"

"Honest? I should say so. I been arrested twice for stealing, and acquitted both times."



### DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS

CURES ALL KIDNEY DISEASES  
URIC ACID  
GRAVEL  
RHEUMATISM  
BRIGHT'S DISEASE  
DIABETES  
MIGRAINE  
HEADACHE  
BLINDNESS  
DEAFNESS  
SOLD ONLY IN BOTTLES

## W. L. DOUGLAS \$3.50 & \$3.00 SHOES

W. L. Douglas \$4.00 Gilt Edge Line cannot be equalled at any price.



W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES ALL PRICES  
JUST IN THE WORLD  
SOLE AGENTS FOR W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES  
ESTABLISHED JULY 6, 1876  
CAPITAL \$2,500,000

W. L. DOUGLAS MAKES & SELLS MORE MEN'S \$3.50 SHOES THAN ANY OTHER MANUFACTURER IN THE WORLD.

\$10,000 REWARD to anyone who can improve this statement.

I could take you into my three large factories at Brockton, Mass., and show you the infinite care with which every pair of shoes is made. You would realize why W. L. Douglas \$3.50 shoes cost more to make, why they hold their shape, fit better, wear longer, and are of greater intrinsic value than any other \$3.50 shoe.

W. L. Douglas Strong Made Shoes for Men, \$2.50, \$3.00, Boys' School & Dress Shoes, \$2.50, \$2.75, \$3.00, \$3.50. CAUTION—Insist upon having W. L. Douglas shoes. Take no substitute. Some genuine without his name and price stamped on bottom. Foot Color Eucalypti used; they will not wear brass.

## That Delightful Aid to Health

### Paxtine

### Toilet Antiseptic

Whitens the teeth—purifies mouth and breath—cures nasal catarrh, sore throat, sore eyes, and by direct application cures all inflamed, ulcerated and catarrhal conditions caused by feminine ills.

Paxtine possesses extraordinary cleansing, healing and germicidal qualities unlike anything else. At all druggists, 50 cents.

LARGE TRIAL PACKAGE FREE. The R. Paxton Co., Boston, Mass.

## MOTHER GRAY'S SWEET POWDERS FOR CHILDREN.

A Certain Cure for Feverishness, Constipation, Headache, Stomach Troubles, Teething Disorders, and Diarrhoea.

Write to us before buying elsewhere. If you want an organ and want the Best at Lowest Price you can easily secure it from us.

ILLUSTRATED BOOKLET FREE. It will pay you to write for it to-day. Ask all the questions you desire—we will cheerfully answer them.

LAKESIDE ORGAN COMPANY, 246-250 W. Lake St., CHICAGO



### BUY FOR YOUR HOME A HANDSOME Lakeside Organ

and add to its comforts the pleasure of sweet, rich, delightful music. We will sell you one direct from our factory at a price very close to actual cost of manufacturing, and let you pay for it, if you prefer, in Payments to Suit You.

For over 25 years the Lakeside Organs have been recognized as the best for tone, durability and appearance. What more can be desired?

Nearly \$1,000 now in use. A great variety of styles of cases to select from. The Actions embrace every combination possible to put in a reed organ.

SOLD ALWAYS WITH A 10-YEAR GUARANTEE.

Write to us before buying elsewhere. If you want an organ and want the Best at Lowest Price you can easily secure it from us.

ILLUSTRATED BOOKLET FREE. It will pay you to write for it to-day. Ask all the questions you desire—we will cheerfully answer them.

LAKESIDE ORGAN COMPANY, 246-250 W. Lake St., CHICAGO

### Sale Ten Million Boxes a Year.

## Caracarets

THE FAMILY'S FAVORITE MEDICINE  
CANDY CATHARTIC  
THEY WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP  
BEST FOR THE BOWELS