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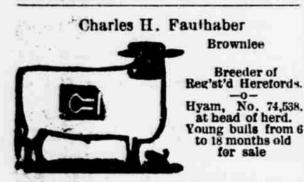
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HENRY AUGUSTON Blacksmith

Brownlee, Nebr. Does general blacksmithing at hard times prices for cash.

PAT HETT

Valentine, Nebr.

Good, Hard Rock for sale in any quantity.

H. M. CRAMER,

City Deliveryman,

Trunks, valises and packages hauled to and from the depot and all parts of the City. Telephone 12.

W. A. K!MBELL Barber

First-class Shop in Every Respect Eau de Quinme Hair Tonic, Golden Star hair Tonic, Herpicide and Coke's Dandruff Cure. Try Pompeian Face Massage Cream

LEROY LEACH

County Surveyor Valentine or Woodlake

GENERAL WORK PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

JOHN PORATH

Riege. Nebr.

Tubular wells and Eclipse wind-

A. M. MORRISSEY

Attorney at Law Valentine, Nebr.

A. N. COMPTON

Physician and Surgeon Office at Quigley & Chapman's -Drug Store. Nights-The Donoher residence, Cherry Street.

Edward S. Furay

Physician and Surgeon

liott's Drug Store.

F. M. WALCOTT ATTORNEY AND ABSTRACTER

Valentine, Nebr.

Practices in District Court and U. S. Land Office. Real Estate and Banch Property bought and sold. Bonded Abstracter.

The Democrat

Job Work.



WEST BOUND 2.33 P. M No. 27 Frt, Daily No. 25 " except Sunday 9:40 A. M No. 3 Passenger Daily 12:49 A. M. EAST BOUND

No. 28 Frt. Daily 6:50 A. M No. 26 " except Sunday 5:00 P. M. No. 4 Passenger Daily 4:47 A. M.

SOCIETIES.

K. of P. ChERRY LODGE NO. 169 meets let and 3rd Friday of each month at 8:30. M. V. NICHOLSON, MARTIN CHRISTENSEN, K, of R. &. S. a

VALENTINE LODGE NO. 205 1. O. O. F Meets Thursday night each week, AMOS KANDALL, J, T. KEELEY, N. G.

MINNECHADUZA LODGE A. F. & A. M. NO 192,- Meets 2st Tu sday each month W, W, THOMPSON, T. C. HORNEY, W. M.

A. O. U. W. NO. 70. Meets 1st and 3rd Mon day or each month. W. A. PETTYCKEW. U. G. DUNN,

M. W. DEGREE OF HONOR NO. 110. Meets 2nd and 4th Monday each month, JENNIE PETTIJOHN, W. A. PETTYCKEW,

C, of H. M. W. A .- Meets 1st and 3rd Wednesdays each mouth. M. V. NICHOLSON, W. E. Haley,

V.C. FRAIERNAL UNION NO. 568-Meets every Saturday n igh J. A. HORNBACK, E. D. CLARK,

F. M. ROYAL NEIGHBORS .- Meets 2nd and 4th Wednesdays each month. MARY QUIGLEY, MINNIE DANIELS,

Oracle. Sons and Daughters of Protection Lodge No. 6.- Meets 2nd and 4th Fridays each month. A. E. PETTYCREW. W, A. PETTYCHEW,

Pres. Royal Highlanders, Devon Castle No 291.-Meets 2nd Friday eaca month. ED CLARK, . E. HALEY. I. P.

MILL PRICES FOR FEED.

	Bran, bulk 75 per	cwt	\$14.00 t	or
	shorts bulk85 per	cwt	\$16.00 t	01
d	ocreenings70c	"	\$13.00	**
	Chop Feed1.05	**	•20 00	
	Corn95		\$18.00	"
	hop corn 1.00	**	\$19.00	
	Corn	**	\$23 00	"

ETTA BROWN SUPT, PUBLIC INSTRUCTION

Examination Third Saturday of each month and Friday preceding.

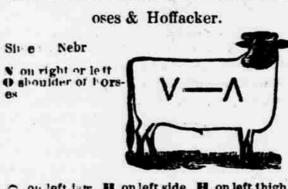
ALENTINE NEBRASKA

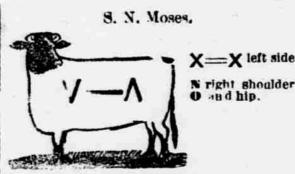
Paint, Wall Paper, Calcimine

Brushes, Pure Linseed Oil Varnishes

-AT-

Christensen's.





SEQUAH (3267)

Dark brown, Foaled Nov. 24th, Office Fraternal Hall or El- 1889. Sire "Nimrod" (1066), by 19un2 (867). Sequah's dam 289 Lady-"Comet" (151), by "Eclipse" (191) by "St. Giles" (687) by "Wildfire" bird F. S. Vol. 7 by Restless T. B. Sequah's G. dam by Larrywheat

He will stand for season of 1902 at Sherman's barn.

J. W. STETTER.

Owner. looks like it.

F. E. & M. V. B. B. A TARIFF COMMISSION

It Is a Scheme to Delude Voters Until After 1904.

COULDN'T ACCOMPLISH ANYTHING

A Deadlocked Commission Woul Just Suit the Republican Machine Mr. Babcock Is a Fair Sample of the Republican Tariff Reformer. Do You Like Him!

The protectionists themselves do not seem to be able to agree on the person nel of the tariff commission they are so anxious to see congress authorize One school thinks a nonpartisan com mission would be most available and another school will only approve of a bipartisan commission. It is difficulto see how any commission can be se lected that would report a satisfactory bill or amendment to the present Ding ley law unless it agrees politicall; with the majority of congress that ha. to finally approve the changes. If a commission was composed of one hal prot ctionists and the other half tark references it could never agree or the changes that should be made. In fact the protectionists desire no chang unless it will increase the presen rates. History shows that the Repu licans have always reformed the tar! upward. A nonpartisan commission hardly possible if those appointed ar skilled in the intricacies af the tariff for any one who has investigated its complications must have a decided bent either toward protection or tarif for revenue or free trade.

If such a commission consisted of five men, two protectionists and two tarifi reformers, and the fifth member was selected as a nonpartisan-that is, neither a protectionist nor a tariff reformerwhat would result? The nonpartisan member must agree on a report which either the one side or the other considered desirable or no majority report would be forthcoming, or if he could not agree with either side a deadlock would result.

Is not a deadlock what the Repub

licans desire? Can you find a Republican who does not declare that the principle of protection must be preserved in any modi fication of the present tariff law Those Republican congressmen who have been elected in the western states by constituencies which strongly fa vored abolishing the protection to trus: productions have declared, while prom ising relief from the exactions of the trusts, they still adhere to protection a the most fundamental doctrine of their party. Is not the commission plan pro posed to prevent action until the excite ment subsides, or to trust that other is sues will in the meantime arise and th thoughts of the voters in the tariff re form constituencies can be concentrat ed upon them to the exclusion of tarif

reform? The fight for supremacy in the nex congress will be settled by the election of a speaker, and the only candidat so far mentioned who has shown an sign of tariff reform sentiment Chairman Babcock, and his reputatie for it rests on the bilis he introducto amend the steel and iron schedu-As Mr. Babcock did not demand the these bills should be considered by the ways and means committee, his reput: tion as a tariff reformer rests on very slim foundation, and it was the common talk of political circles in Washington that he only introduced the bills to be on the record in the right direction, without any idea of taking any decided stand in behalf of such reform and in fact did not favor it.

His election by the ultra protection majority of his party to the important position of chairman of the congressional committee to manage the campaign and the fact that all the documents issued by the committee made a bold stand for extreme protection make it clear that tariff reform will fare badly in his hands.

All the other candidates mentioned for speaker are strong protectionists. It is impossible therefore to overcome the facts that point to the tariff commission as a means to gain time and postpone consideration of tariff reforms until after the presidential



Before and After. What is the matter with Republican management of the United States treas ary? A Republican victory and a big slump in Wall street follows. If the Democrats had won, it could not have been worse. Before election Secretary Shaw poured the money into Wall street; when the election was over he changed his plans and closed up the treasury doors with a snap. Is Secretary Shaw short of the market and helping the bear campaign and thus feathering his own nest? It certainly

WATCH THE REPUBLICANS! STEEL BILLET CASES

The Fun Will Begin When They Attempt to Revise the Tariff. formed "by its friends"-not right away. but as soon as it really needs it. Some of the duties which protect the "bad"

trusts must come off. A beginning may be made with the duty on anthracite coal, which Secretary Moody says was "smuggled into the Dingley tariff bill in a sneaking and cowardly manner."

Undoubtedly the president in his message to congress will recommend that this smuggled duty be taken off, and, as the duty on soft coal protects the coal trust or trusts far more than the duty on anthracite, he must, to be consistent, recommend that all coal be put on the free list.

Then the fun will begin, as it always has begun when the Republicans have attempted to revise the tariff downward, and indeed by revising it up-

The trusts will send agents to Washington. These will appear before the ways and means committee or perhaps before a tariff commission which the president will recommend. They will loudly proclaim the direful results that will follow even the slightest lowering of the robber duties. Each trust agent will gravely inform the commission or their commission (for heretofore the protected manufacturers have had their own way in all things) that his particular industry will be ruined, simply wiped off the earth, if the tariff is touched even by friendly hands. He will produce carefully prepared tables showing that in his industry day wages are twice as high in this country as in Germany or France and 60 per cent higher than in England. He will put up a pitiful plea for "protection to labor" and "American wages for American workingmen." He will not explain how a tariff on goods-what the trusts have to sell--will protect labor--what the workingman has to sell; neither will he explain why wages are higher in free trade England than in protected Germany or France, or why our trust products, made by high priced labor. are sold in foreign countries in competition with goods made by cheap labor. These details will not prevent him from making most positive assertions that the tariff protects the workingman

and free trade would ruin him. After a year spent in taking testimony from the protected manufacturersthe only ones who usually appear before such a committee-the commission will, unless the agitation for revision becomes very acute, calmly decide that the tariff protects labor more than the manufacturer and that it is not at all the mother of trusts, either good or bad.

In this way one or two years' time will be gained by the protected manufacturers, and perhaps by that time another war will be launched and will divert the people from the tariff ques-

It is hard to beat the protected trusts.



Presidential Nominees. The Republican newspapers are quite busy bringing forward candidates for the Democratic nomination for president and finding fault with those that are considered active candidates. This is a good indication that the Democratic candidate will have a good chance for election or the Republicans would not bother their heads about who he will be. Whoever the candidate is will be acceptable to at least two-thirds of the party, as it requires that majority in the national Democratic convention to nominate. To nominate the Republican candidate only requires a majority. Will Mr. Roosevelt be acceptable to the majority of his party, or, if a majority favors him, as now seems likely, will the minority accept him and vote for him?

A "Bad" One. Barbed wire, being the production of the steel trust and selling in Europe for two-thirds less than the trust sells it to the American farmer, would seem to fix the status of the steel trust as a bad trust. If the Republicans are sincere in their expressed determination to remove protection from bad trusts, the steel trust productions would be a good place to begin by lopping off the 40 per cent protection the tariff law now gives

Civil Service Up to Date. Mr. Addicks, the gas man, has been invested by the administration with the boss-ship of Delaware, and the federal offices will be parceled out to his political strikers. President Roosevelt certainly is making some queer deals for a civil service reformer. If he does not those who would naturally be for him.

At last the tariff is going to be re- Duties Assessed Not on Actual Prices Paid.

> CUSTOMS OFFICIALS' DECISION.

> Steel and Other Trusts Greatly Benefited Thereby - Revelations In Our Customs House as to Home and Export Prices In Germany Lead to Investigating Committee There.

Our tariff laws are made in fulfillment of two Scriptural texts, "The Lord helps those who help themselves," and "To him that hath it shall be given and from him that hath not it shall be taken away, even that which he hath."

These laws take from the poor and give to the rich. They tax millions of poor consumers and turn the proceeds over to thousands of cormorant trusts. These trusts go to Washington and make tariff laws. If they do not own enough congressmen or senators. open market at Washington. Prices are not unreasonably high.

That the trusts have made the tariff laws about right-for themselves-is States general appraisers on Nov. 7 affirming the action of General Appraiser Jewell in the steel billet protest case of A. Milne & Co., Naylor & Co. and George B. Douglas, The merchandise was entered at about 76 marks (18) per 1,000 kilos (2,204 pounds), advanced to 97 marks by the customs authorities at Philadelphia and appraised at 86 marks by Colonel

Jewell. The Iron Age says that "the board was unanimously of the opinion that the steel billets in question were bonestly invoiced at the prices actually Mr. Owns is fattening a carload of catpaid therefor, but inasmuch as the German makers fixed the value for export less than for home consumption it was compelled to appraise it at the day. higher price paid by the purchasers in Germany."

Thus the Republican officials have found that the protected manufacturers of Germany are selling goods for ex- fattening. port far below the prices charged at home, but they are still denying that our own protected manufacturers are community. engaged in the same mean and underhanded business. Our manufacturers who own the Republican party, are interested in keeping our foreign billets, and hence in having imported billets assessed at the home prices so that the duty on them would be increased by the penalty for undervaluation (1 per cent for each 1 per cent increase in appraised over invoiced value) if not because of increased rates. Such being the facts the Republican

officials easily discovered that there were two prices for German billets. They cannot make the same discovery about our protected manufacturers because they are interested in keeping the facts dark. It makes all the difference in the world whose ox is being gored. Some interesting results will follow in the wake of our investigations of German export and home prices. A two column article from Berlin appears in the New York Journal of Commerce and Commercial Bulletin of Nov. 14, entitled "German Steel Exports and American Tariff." The writer tells us that the revelations made by our customs officials have profoundly interested the Germans, and that an investigation of the German kartels or trusts and their methods has been ordered, and that it began on Nov. 14. Minister Posadowsky has summoned the managers of the powerful iron and steel, coal and coke, sugar, cement and other kartels and sale syndicates to appear before him and to explain the discrimi-

nations practiced by the kartels against German buyers. The writer tells us that "within the last six months there have been material reductions in prices authorized by the syndicates for home markets, although the difference is still very large." As an example of this difference he says that "export steel is sold for 65 marks (\$16) per ton, while the domestic price is 95 marks (\$23)."

All of this reads very much like om own home news, or rather it reads like the statements in the Democratic campaign book, which were stoutly denied by the Republicans during the last campaign. The Berlin correspondent also

"The export price lists for steel and iron products are not published. The methods of the Westphalian Pig Iron syndicate, the Siegen, Lorraine, Luxembourg and Silesian steel and iron syndicates, the Halbzeug verband, the drawn wire kartel and auxiliary bodies are kept secret so far as export trade is concerned."

This also sounds familiar to us. remember that the Democrats found it so difficult to obtain export prices on our goods that they offered a reward of \$100 for an export discount sheet of a single firm. Putting all of these facts together

any fair minded man must conclude that the results of high protection are very much the same in one country as in another. One of the results is certainly a multiplicity of trusts, and another is lower prices for export than for domestic trade.

The Germans are investigating these tariff trust evils. Why cannot our con gress investigate these same evils, which are greater in this than in any other country, because we have the highest and worst tariff law ever put on statute books? There is no reason. except that the trusts, which own the party in power, don't want these things investigated, unless by a parlook out, he will, while making friends | tisan industrial commission warranted of the gas trust, lose the support of not to find anything to harm the party BYRON W. HOLT. in power.

Business Notices.

Notices under this heading 5 cents per line each insertion. Among reading matter, 10 cents per line each insertion.

All kinds of heavy hardware and wagon wood stock at E. Breuklanders.

50 head of horses for sale or exhange. Searby Bros. Crookston, Nebr. 37 tf

Ranch for Sale or Lease!!

16 quarter sections, good range, hay water and timber. Will run 300 head of stock. For information address, box no. 154, Gordon Nebr. or I. M. RICE, Valentine, Nebr. 42-tf

Cut this out and send.

We need money. Those who call and pay up all back subscription and a year through contributions to campaign in advance to the VALENTINE DEMOfunds, they buy a few more in the CRAT during the pext two months we will make a straight rate of one dollar per year. Clip this cut and send it with a years subscription in advance clear from the action of the United | together with what you now owell Only good to Dec. 16, '02.

> Two fresh cows for sale. 44 tf M. P. Brosius, Valentine Nebr.

Penbrook Ups.

All's up side down with care.

Corn huskers 4 cenns a bushel. F. Grooms went to town Friday.

J. S. Grooms went to town Saturday.

Gean Hutchison went to town Fri-

BORN-To J. S. Grooms and wife

Again the bums have struck the

Mr. Brown has 30 head of fine shoats

Miss Randall visited Sunday with Miss Hutchison.

Mr. Haley and family spent Sunday at Dave Hamars. Miss Jennie Conger came down from

town Saturday. Charlie Billings is husking corn for John Grooms Sr.

Good sound corn in this community 30 cents a bushel.

Roy Kuskie enjoys a north-east. breeze now days.

Mr. Brown went to Valentine Sat-

irday on business. Mr. Hittle lost 7 head of stock fro m

As this is our first we hope this wifl not find the waste basket.

the corn stock disease.

Mr. Rosa and Miss Maggie Conger were in Sparks Saturday.

Mr. McCrea of Valentine came down to Mr. Brown's Saturday.

Uncle Sam's uniform seems to have struck the east end of the country. Mr. Rubberneck and Mr. Gnmcrack-

er were in these parts looking for cat-Mr. Ryder from down on the river

Mrs. Whetstone who has been on he sick list for some time we are glad

was npon the table Sunday enjoying a

to learn is improving. Highland Literary Society will reorganize Friday night Dec. 5. Come one and all and enjoy a good time.

WANTED- In the neighborhood of Penbrook, a dentist, to work on the teeth of the wind and the jaws of

WHISKERS.

Report of school district No. 47 for the month ending Nov. 21. Number of days taught, 19; number of pupils enrolled, 36; daily attendance, 25; cases of tardiness 12: time lost by same, 4 hours and 26 minutes. Roll of Honor-Albert Stasch, Katie and Joe Boltz, Geo, and Julia Nollette, Marie, Clara, Audie and Valentine Stasch, Frances Satterlee, Rosa Korlawski, Gertrude Schafer, Ava Howe, Dora Morgan and John Krejawski.

CYNTHIA RUTHER, Teacher.

