

NEBRASKA NEWS NOTES

The first snow of the season has arrived at Winslow.

The west wing of Norfolk asylum will be rebuilt at a cost of about \$25,000.

Hon. S. M. Barker of Silver Creek died last week and was buried at Columbus.

Ed Johns of Lincoln was sent to the penitentiary for a year for stealing six bales of hay.

The new Custer National bank was opened up last week with a capital of \$25,000.

Senators Fairbanks of Indiana and Dietrich of Nebraska spoke at Geneva on Wednesday of last week.

Ex-State Auditor Cornell has moved from Verdon to Lincoln, at which latter place he will engage in business.

The courthouse at Sidney was packed with the farmers and stockmen in attendance at the farmers' institute.

The First National bank of Lincoln has been approved as a reserve agent for the First National bank of Fairbury.

Governor Savage and several state officials will go to Hyannis this week to attend the cowboy carnival at that place.

The state grand lodge of the Rebekah assembly and the grand lodge of the Odd Fellows were held at Kearney last week.

Roy Eaton principal of the Wymore high school, was arrested on a complaint of Gus Marquart for unmercifully whipping his son.

Sarah White has sued the city of Lincoln for \$15,000 for injuries alleged to have been sustained by reason of a defective sidewalk.

The forestry party which left Kearney early in July and has been making a circuit to the west and northwest, has returned and broken up for the winter.

Henry P. Hughes was found guilty on two charges of selling liquors without a license at Stockville. Hughes has been before the court before on the same charge.

Considerable excitement prevails at Verdon over the wholesale horse stealing that has been going on. Two valuable teams have been stolen from that immediate vicinity.

The section of the Nebraska valued policy act which allows attorney fees against an insurance company has been declared invalid by the United States supreme court.

C. C. Campbell, who has been in business at York for the last ten years, has accepted a position as cashier of the First National bank of Idaho Falls, Idaho.

Joseph Burns of Lincoln will dig a well at the penitentiary to furnish a supply of 300 barrels of water per hour. The work and equipment will cost the state \$3,500.

The Hastings city council has decided to force every person in Hastings who has not been vaccinated for three years to be vaccinated. Dr. Arts was appointed city physician.

As revised by the adjutant general the payroll of the Nebraska National guard for service during the ten days' encampment at Omaha will be \$16,952.25, while the amount available is \$17,000.

Members of the Lancaster County Bar association want a new federal court district created comprising the territory south of the Platte river, and Congressman Burkett will probably prepare and introduce a bill to this effect.

Work on the immense pipe of the Culbertson Irrigation and Water canal company has been completed and its service has begun under satisfactory conditions. It will take the place of a flume that was continually out of repair.

The Missouri Pacific has nearly completed an embankment south of Verdon which will cost \$5,000. By the building of this grade several thousand dollars' damage will be averted each spring by preventing the heavy rains washing the track away and destroying crops.

Frank Koltenbach was killed while repairing a cave on the Graff farm, three miles west of Beatrice. He accidentally knocked down one of the heavy timbers which supported the roof and the four feet of soil fell in and smothered him.

Waves carefully measured during a heavy storm on the New Brunswick coast recently proved to be forty-five feet high from bottom of trough to crest. They were five hundred to seven hundred feet long, and came at intervals of thirteen to seventeen seconds.

M. L. Chatelier, a French scientist, has succeeded in making the finest white marble by heating limestone by electricity. The experiment is interesting only in the scientific sense, as the cost of the artificial marble would be prohibitive.

When Vesuvius is at her best as a spouter, she performs wonders. Her longest and greatest eruption lasted from July, 1895, to September, 1899.

UNCLE SAM TO INQUIRE.

United States Government To Take a Hand in Kidnaping Affair.

Necessary To Place Responsibility Upon Foreign Government For Kidnaping of Miss Stone.

Sofia, Bulgaria, Oct. 22.—Acting upon instructions from St. Petersburg, the minister of the Russian government to Bulgaria, whose embassy is in this city, has joined the American consul general at Constantinople, C. M. Dickinson, in pressing the Bulgarian government to take such radical steps as will secure the release of Miss Ellen M. Stone from the brigands.

Mr. Dickinson has been here more than a week, under directions from Washington, and is doing splendid work in laying bare the facts relative to the capture of Miss Stone and her assistant secretary, Mme. Tsilka, the Bulgarian woman.

Mr. Dickinson and the Russian representative have already made joint representations to the Bulgarian court, to which the government has replied that all it can do in the matter is to guard the Turkish-Bulgarian frontier and prevent the brigands from crossing into Bulgaria from Turkey.

The Bulgarian authorities continue to insist strenuously that the brigands are Turks and are still on Turkish territory. The sultan's government declares that the brigands are Bulgarians and that they have carried their prisoners into the mountains of that country.

It is believed here at the Bulgarian capital and elsewhere that if the Bulgarian government really wished to do so it could secure Miss Stone's surrender within twenty-four hours. It is a fact also that if Russian pressure is firmly applied the Bulgarian authorities will continue obstructing the fruit of negotiations.

Apparently the only independent chance for the rescue of the missionaries is through Rev. Dr. Haskell, agent of the American Board of Foreign Missions of Boston, who is understood to be constantly in secret communication with the brigands.

One of Mr. Haskell's chief difficulties is to satisfy himself that the messengers purporting to come from the brigands are genuine. He has already detected several attempts to swindle him. When a man presents himself Mr. Haskell insists that he shall show a letter from Miss Stone and that every measure will be indorsed by her. These necessary demands obviously require a great deal of time, for Miss Stone is in captivity at some distant point in the mountains and is reached only by mule transit, over almost impassable rocky paths.

The Macedonian committee continues to insist that it had nothing to do with the kidnaping of Miss Stone and her companion, but it is believed that further arrests and drastic measures may result in a complete exposure of the scheme by which the committee will be involved beyond doubt and be forced to surrender the missionaries.

THE CUT BEGINS IN NOVEMBER.

Chicago, Ill., Oct. 22.—Effective Sunday, November 3, the great improvement in California passenger service will be made by the Chicago & Northwestern, Union Pacific and Southern Pacific lines. The Overland Limited will leave Chicago at 8 p. m., instead of 6:30 p. m., as at present, and will reach San Francisco at 5:36 instead of 6:55 p. m., as now, thereby reducing in the time between Chicago and San Francisco by more than three hours.

The Pacific Express will leave Chicago at 10 a. m. and will reach San Francisco at 4:15 p. m. The California Express will leave Chicago at 11:30 p. m. daily and reach San Francisco at 8:15 a. m., instead of 12:25 p. m., as now.

The new arrangement will not only shorten the time across the continent, but will also give through trains and sleeping car service between Chicago and San Francisco three times every day. Corresponding improvements will be made in the east-bound service between San Francisco and Chicago.

NEBRASKA EDUCATORS ELECT.

Lincoln, Neb., Oct. 22.—The Nebraska Association of Superintendents and Principals has concluded its annual meeting. During the session several papers were read by prominent educators, resolutions on the death of the president were adopted and officers were elected. The attendance throughout the meeting has been larger than in previous years, nearly every county being represented. The officers elected are: President, C. G. Fulmer, Pawnee City; vice president, N. M. Graham, South Omaha; secretary, A. L. Caviness; member educational council, J. D. French, Hastings.

Dean L. A. Sherman of the University of Nebraska discussed "The Emotional Elements in Reading" before the association.

For Arbitration of Boer War.

Vienna, Oct. 22.—Dr. Kaiser was elected first vice president of the Unterhaus. In returning thanks, he seized the occasion to interpellate the government on its attitude in regard to the South African war. He insisted that Austria ought to intercede to secure through arbitration an end of the "robber war now waged by Great Britain." That country, he added, should be obliged to conform to the exigencies of humanity and international law.

WHAT THE NEW DEAL SIGNIFIES.

Omaha, Neb., Oct. 22.—The new Burlington Railway company is not a scheme to consolidate all the Hill roads or place them in control of one company. It is the same kind of financial engineering indulged in by E. H. Harriman when he secured control of the Chicago & Alton. He first doubled the stock of the old company, which represented about the amount he paid for the road. He then organized the Chicago & Alton railway company, which issued another \$40,000,000 of stock—all of it pure water—and this company leased the Chicago & Alton railroad, guaranteeing 6 per cent dividends on the latter stock before any dividends can be paid on the stock of the railway company. All the stock of the railroad company is held by the Harriman Syndicate, while the stock of the railway company is on the market.

The Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railway company intends to lease all the roads in the Burlington system and guarantee the 8 per cent interest on the stock bought by J. J. Hill at \$200 per share before any dividend can be paid on the \$100,000,000 of the stock the new company proposes to issue.

Of course if the Burlington railway fails to earn the amount guaranteed by Hill to the old Burlington stockholders the Great Northern and Northern Pacific will have to make good the deficiency.

BIG WAR FUND HAS DISAPPEARED.

Willemstad, Island of Curacao, Oct. 22.—A fishing schooner which arrived here today from Oruba island, north-west of Curacao, brings the story that Arenda, a Venezuelan schooner bound from La Guayra for Maracaibo, carrying a sum of money from the government destined to pay the troops on the frontier, the amount being variously estimated at \$25,000 to \$100,000, encountered heavy weather last Sunday night off Oruba island and foundered in deep water, the entire sum being lost. The crew, according to the story, reached the land in a boat.

The money is supposed to have been part of the sum raised in Caracas a fortnight ago, from the Bank of Venezuela, by President Castro. The sinking of the schooner was attended with certain suspicious circumstances. The weather Sunday night was calm and the captain lives on Oruba island. There are other indications pointing to the securing of the money by outsiders.

LIEBERS STILL WANTS TO MARRY.

Chicago, Ill., Oct. 22.—Herman Liebers appeared in the Harrison street police court against Gertrude Klaus, whom he charges with having defrauded him out of \$700, which he had brought here from his 300-acre farm near Minden, Neb.

Liebers told of coming to Chicago at Miss Klaus' request to marry her. He said he discovered too late that she loved his money instead of him. The case was continued until some one can be found who can translate the love letter Miss Klaus wrote in German.

The Nebraska man is dissatisfied with the haphazard way of selecting wives and has applied for admission to the Chicago Matrimonial club. This institution possesses a long list of women who want to marry. Liebers will try to find an affinity before his ticket to Minden expires.

Joseph Black and George Hummel took out warrants against the Klaus woman. Black says she swindled him out of \$450. Hummel lost \$325. Both believed the woman when she told them she meant to marry them.

Flogs Children On Bear Skin.

Berlin, Oct. 22.—Prince Henry XXII of Reus, ruler of a small principality in the middle of Germany having an area of scarcely one-third that of the city of New York, and with no larger population than Staten Island, has taken it into his head lately to pardon all the boys and girls convicted of breaking the laws, provided their parents consent to flog them in his presence or permit him to flog them in their parents' presence. Several children, girls included, have been treated this way, being flogged on their bare skin.

An army officer and a civilian fought a duel at Leghorn, Italy. The duel lasted for an hour and forty minutes, but both escaped with slight cuts.

Whatever may be the cause of the aurora borealis its height does not appear to be limited by the atmosphere. The rays sometimes touch the earth in Scandinavia, coming between the observer and elevated places, but Flogel, thirty years ago, obtained data showing that a large aurora seen in northern Germany must have had a height of sixty miles, and that the rays often rise to 450 miles, their points glowing with red light.

With only one exception, the glaciers of Switzerland are diminishing steadily. Since 1876 the Rhone glacier has decreased in length at the rate of over thirty-one yards a year.

Washington Star: "I see that your wife takes great interest in manual training." "Yes," answered Mr. Meekton, gently, "and I'm the man."

Brooklyn Life: "So he finally proposed to you in the surf?" "Yes. You see, a heavy wave came in and I lost my feet, and then he—" "Well?" "Well he lost his head."

Brooklyn Eagle: Mrs. Plaid—"So you believe your husband dreams about golf?" Mrs. Bunker—"Well, he woke me up last night, swearing in his sleep."

Many a girl with missionary tendencies marries a man who is a perfect heathen.

THE WAR IN AFRICA.

The Boer Raiders Invade Cape Colony's Richest Districts.

British Seem Powerless To Defeat Them And the Case is Growing More Hopeless.

London, Oct. 22.—The persistently bad news from South Africa continues to excite the keenest fears in Great Britain. Both the Boer commander, who has again outwitted several British columns, and is in an entrenched position where they dare not attack him. The successful Boer raid into the richest districts of Cape Colony, within sixty miles of Capetown painfully illustrates the helplessness of the British army.

The reports published in even the jingo papers declare that the soldiers are utterly worn out by the incessant Boer movements and attacks and that universal discontent prevails. Desertions into Rhodesia are becoming numerous. Recently two squadrons of a lancer regiment disappeared in this way.

The attempt of the war office to re-enlist the discharged imperial yeomen resulted in about 200 returning. Seventy-five per cent of them did so to avoid starvation through non-receipt of pay for their former services in South Africa. Fifty of these yeomen deserted when paraded to embark for Capetown. War Secretary Broderick has impetioned King Edward to issue a special appeal to the nation to provide 30,000 mounted volunteers, to enable Lord Kitchener to end the war.

According to a well authenticated report in the military clubs, the king declined to take this responsibility, though the war minister informed him that his military advisers were convinced that it is the sole chance of raising the men except by some form of compulsion. The king said furthermore that he was much angered at this attempt to push him into an unconstitutional position.

The truth is, the ministers having used "Bobs" to protect themselves in the early stages of the war, want to take cover behind the king in the present desperate emergency.

THEY WONDER IF DEWET IS DEAD.

Durban, Natal, Oct. 22.—General Dewet's recent inactivity has produced the impression among military men that he is either dead or incapacitated through illness or wounds. According to a letter from Pretoria a prominent Boer recently wrote to a friend there relating the terrible hardships suffered by the Boers in the field, especially from a lack of surgeons.

"Dewet, for example," wrote this Boer, "suffered the most terrible agony before he died. He was wounded in the shoulder by a splinter from a shell and the wound gangrened in consequence of its being dressed with dirty rags."

Five Boers captured at different places recently said that Dewet was dead, but gave a different version of his death. Against these reports is a statement of Piet de Villiers, the field cornet recently taken prisoner in the northeastern part of Orange River colony, who said that on the morning of his capture he took breakfast with General Dewet.

FORMER GOVERNOR PILLSBURY IS DEAD.

Minneapolis, Minn., Oct. 22.—John Sargent Pillsbury, seventh governor of Minnesota and noted philanthropist and flour manufacturer, is dead.

For several weeks he had been reduced to an alarming condition by the rapid advance of Bright's disease, with which he had long been a sufferer. His end was peaceful, and both he and his family were fully prepared for the dissolution which the physicians had long seen was inevitable.

The passing of Mr. Pillsbury is a matter of widespread concern for the people of this city and state. His name was familiar to everybody in town and country. His extraordinary benefactions to the state university made him singularly respected there. Without a college education himself, he was broad enough to see the real need of a state institution devoted to higher learning.

HASTINGS WOMEN ON THE BOARD.

St. Louis, Mo., Oct. 22.—The national fair commission at its session today selected the following members of the board of women managers: Mrs. W. E. Andrews of Hastings, Neb., and Mrs. Helen Boise Hunsicker of Philadelphia, both nominated by Senator Thurston of Nebraska, and Mrs. James L. Blair of St. Louis, who was chosen as a member at large. The commission also adopted the plan and scope of the Louisiana Purchase company and devoted a good deal of time to the consideration of the rules and regulations for the government of exhibitors, which were formulated and submitted to the commission.

Goes Wrong.

Los Angeles, Cal., Oct. 22.—Harry Conger, a nephew of Minister Conger, and a son of a prominent money broker, was secretly arrested here nineteen days ago and placed in the city prison at the instigation of his parents. The young man forged a check and intended marrying a disreputable woman on the proceeds. The woman refused to marry him and then Conger threatened suicide. It is the father's intention to send the boy to Australia in the custody of a detective.

ARE REINTERED AT LUNDY'S LANE.

Niagara Falls, Ont., Oct. 22.—The bodies of nine American soldiers, who were killed in the battle of Lundy's Lane have been reinterred near the spot where they fell in the bloody strife nearly 100 years ago. The bodies were discovered several months ago and were identified by means of buttons and accoutrements as members of the Ninth United States Infantry.

In reporting the discovery to the state department Mr. Bush, United States consul here, suggested that the bodies be buried at Fort Porter or Fort Niagara, but later, at the request of Canadian officers and members of the Lundy's Lane Historical society, it was recommended that the reinterment take place at Lundy's Lane battlefield, where the bodies were discovered. This was approved by the state department and war department and details were arranged under their direction.

At 3 p. m. a company of red-coated Canadian soldiers met a detachment of American soldiers at the center of the upper steel arch bridge and escorted them to Lundy's Lane. The ceremonies took place in the presence of a company of distinguished representatives of the Canadian and American governments, veterans and historical organizations and prominent citizens of the Niagara frontier.

ERROR ON PART OF IOWA REPUBLICANS

Des Moines, Ia., Oct. 22.—The republicans of Johnson county have got themselves in the same fix as the democrats of Hamilton county and will not have their county ticket on the official ballots. The republican county committee failed to file the papers in time to get in under the law. The omission was not known until the county auditor went to prepare the official ballots, when he discovered that the republican county committee had utterly neglected the matter of giving official notice of the nominations.

Johnson county is a close county and there is a warm campaign on there, with the chances somewhat favoring the republican ticket this year, but it is believed there is now no way the names of the county republican nominees can be got on the ticket. The republican nominee for representative from Johnson county, Dr. E. F. Clapp, has filed withdrawal notice. This leaves a clear field to the democratic nominee, Geo. W. Koontze, as it is understood the republicans will not fill the vacancy. It is thought in Des Moines that the withdrawal of Dr. Clapp is the result of the republicans' neglect to file the nomination papers for the county ticket and the probable falling off of the republican vote in the county in consequence of the mistake made by the county convention officers in not certifying the nominations to the county auditor.

THE NEEDS OF UNCLE SAM'S ARMY.

Washington, D. C., Oct. 22.—The annual report of Major General Henry C. Corbin, adjutant general of the army, comprehensively reviews the work, condition and needs of the military establishment. General Corbin submits a table to show that the army in the Philippines is to be reduced by expired enlistments at the rate of 2,000 a month from now until June, 1902.

The question whether the regiments thus depleted in strength are to remain so, or be recruited to their full register, he says, is one requiring the earliest consideration, for if the latter is contemplated it is already time to begin special recruiting. The losses from all causes in the regular army and the volunteers from July 1, 1900, to June 30 last, totaled 16,924 officers and men in the former and 8,191 in the latter. The casualties to the troops in the Philippines since the date of the first arrival, June 30, 1898, to June 30 last, were 115 officers and 3,378 men killed and 182 officers and 2,646 men wounded.

General Corbin dwells at some length on the subject of the volunteer army in the Philippines and calls attention to the promptness and dispatch with which these regiments were brought home and mustered out.

General Corbin invites special attention to the remarks of Colonel Mills, superintendent of the West Point Military academy, on the improved discipline and condition of the cadet corps. It is safe to predict, says General Corbin, that hazing of a brutal nature is a thing of the past. General Corbin recommends that the cadets of each graduating class be sent to Fort Monroe for practice and instruction in sea-coast gunnery.

HANNA AND THE NEW ADMINISTRATION.

Cleveland, O., Oct. 2.—Concerning published reports that the president had asked him to be to him just what he was to President McKinley, Senator Hanna in an interview tonight said he had not seen the reported conversation, but he made the statement that whatever conversations he had had with President Roosevelt were entirely satisfactory. He said further that he would support President Roosevelt as cordially and as frankly as he had supported President McKinley.

Concerning the reports that Senator Hanna would resign as chairman of the republican national committee an intimate friend said there was little probability of his doing so.

St. N s Campaign is Opened.

Macon, Mo., Oct. 22.—Ex-Governor William J. Stone's senatorial campaign was opened here Saturday, with W. J. Bryan as the principal speaker. Hundreds of people from the surrounding country had come to town and a great demonstration resulted. Mr. Bryan was to have spoken in the morning, but there was a general desire to shake his hand and the speech-making was postponed until afternoon while a reception took place.

MORE WAR IN SAMAR.

Philippine Bolomen Again Attack a Detachment of the Ninth Infantry.

Comrades Rescue the Company From a Fearful Slaughter Only After Ten Are Killed.

Manila, Oct. 22.—Five hundred bolomen attacked a detachment of forty-six men of the Ninth Infantry at Bangajon, on the Gandara river, island of Samar, killing ten and wounding six. The remainder of the company arrived on the scene in time to prevent further slaughter and routed the enemy, killing over 100 of them. It is believed that the enemy only retired for reinforcements. As soon as the news was received at Catbogon the gunboats were dispatched. General Smith going in person to the scene.

The war department officials were somewhat dismayed at the press report of the new setback on the island of Samar.

Washington, D. C.—The following brief telegram from General Chaffee reporting the fighting of the Ninth Infantry in Samar Wednesday was received at the war department: "Forty-six men, company E. Ninth regiment, Ninth United States Infantry, under Lieutenant George W. Wallace, in field, lower Candara, Samar, was attacked by 400 bolomen October 16. Our loss, ten killed, six wounded names not received. Eighty-one of the enemy left dead on the field. Enemy beaten off."

The Ninth Infantry, which suffered there, was the same organization that engaged in the latest fight at Bangajon though in this case the company attacked is not known.

An inspection of the disposition made of the troops on the island of Samar shows that before the Balangiga fight there were no less than thirty-eight separate posts. These were so disposed that supplies could be conveyed to the troops by water. General Hughes has left Samar and gone to the island of Cebu to recuperate which accounts for the assumption of the command on Samar by General Smith. General Hughes was worn out and suffered from the effects of a severe fall received while chasing insurgents in the mountains of Samar. HOW IT LOOKED TO HUGHES.

As of interest in connection with the report from Samar, Adjutant General Corbin has made public a report dated August, on the situation in the island. General Hughes says: "The progress in Samar is satisfactory in some ways and not in others. The subduing of the fighting propensities of the war faction is reduced to a nullity. The growth of our strength in the estimation of the people is also quite satisfactory. Their love for the Americans and the president of the United States is growing burdensome as the securing of the hemp with which to pay for rice is becoming a heavy business. In nearly all our posts where the commander has exercised good judgment, colonies of natives have come in and settled and concluded the would set up their lares and penates under our wing. These colonies differ in strength, but in this vicinity, or between the Hibitan and the Gandara rivers, about 15,000 have come in.

"The unsatisfactory features are the slowness of the process of conversion the failure to get the rifles and the slowness and the difficulty in making roads and trails. Every foot present its peculiar obstacle, but the troops are doing all they can, and while efforts have been made to push things faster, I am entirely satisfied with the results thus far secured. The commands are small, but I hope have not made a mistake in underestimating the fighting ability of the forces now in the field against us. I would feel quite easy if all officers of the organizations were present, but it is fully appreciated that some of the detachments are commanded by officers who have really never been shot over."

PERRY S. HEATH BUYS A NEWSPAPER. Salt Lake City, Utah, Oct. 22.—At the head of the editorial page of tomorrow's issue of the Salt Lake Tribune will appear as publisher and general manager the name of Perry S. Heath, former first assistant postmaster general and at present secretary of the republican national committee. It was announced today that Mr. Heath, who has been in Salt Lake City for several days, is the real purchaser of the Tribune. Patrick H. Lannan, who for the last nineteen years has been publisher of the Tribune, retires from active business life, Judge C. C. Goodwin, who has been associated with Mr. Lannan for many years as editor of the Tribune, also retires and will devote his time to literary work. It is announced as the intention of the new management to shortly establish an evening issue of the Tribune. The paper will remain republican in politics.

Owensboro, Ky., Oct. 22.—John W. Oldham, a well known Henderson county horseman, was shot and fatally wounded in Justice Anderson's courtroom at Reed Station. His assailants were Enoch Clary and his son James Clary, both of whom used rifles. Oldham and Enoch Clary were on trial for engaging in a street fight. While the jury was deliberating the Clarys arose, took aim at Oldham and fired. They then fled from the courtroom and have not been captured.