

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

Dr. C. H. Poucher committed suicide at Swanton, Neb., by taking prussic acid.

Emperor William has conferred upon Lord Roberts the Order of the Black Eagle, the highest German decoration.

Charles E. Emerson, president of the Emerson Lumber company, of Dixon, Ill., died, aged 73 years. He leaves a large estate.

In the state of Guerrero, Mex., a sharp shock of earthquake caused much alarm. A light shock was felt in Mexico City.

Countess Castellane has sold to her brother, Edwin Gould, her interest in the New York realty left by her father, for \$43,500.

The officials of the British home office say there is no foundation whatever for the report that Mrs. Florence Maybrick has been pardoned.

A bill was introduced in the Illinois house providing that all persons hereafter sentenced to death shall be executed by means of electricity.

Mrs. John Beatty, a wealthy widow, twelve miles north of Beardstown, Ill., committed suicide by drowning in a well, where the body was found by her son.

The Bulletin of the summer-session at the University of Nebraska has been issued and is now ready for distribution, and will be sent free to all who desire it.

Mrs. John Beatty, a wealthy widow residing in the country in Schuyler county, Ill., twelve miles north of Beardstown, committed suicide at her home by drowning herself in a well.

Former Lieutenant Governor Henry C. Bates of St. Johnsbury, Vt., was offered the position of judge in the Philippines and he will accept the appointment. The salary will be \$5,000 per year.

C. B. Murphy, aged 29, who was attending Braden's preparatory school at Highland Falls, N. Y., for admission to West Point, dropped dead while he was engaged in snowballing with other students.

The first coal mine to be developed in Nebraska has been opened near Jackson, Neb., and starts with a force of fifty men. It is the property of Riley & McBride. The coal is bituminous and of good quality.

Cattle rustlers were given an unusually severe sentence at Helena, Mont. A. J. Kelly and George Hand-schut were convicted of stealing three calves and were sentenced to fourteen years each in the penitentiary.

The state senate of Colorado passed on third reading the bill for submission of a constitutional amendment to the people for their approval.

At Santa Barbara, Cal., Mrs. Frederick Hansch shot and killed herself while temporarily insane. Mrs. Hansch, who was very wealthy, was the daughter of Baron Myer, a wealthy banker of Dresden, Germany, and her mother was an English lady of noble birth.

The following message of congratulation was sent to Queen Wilhelmina by the president on the occasion of her marriage: "Her Majesty, Wilhelmina, Queen of the Netherlands, Sgraven-hage: I pray your majesty to accept the sincere congratulations I offer for myself and my countrymen upon the auspicious occasion of your majesty's marriage."

William Root, bette, known among old-time westerners as plain "Bill," a man who has spent his life in the mountains, plains and jungles of nearly every country under the sun, and who was at one time a partner of Bill Nye and Pete Liddell, who had a hand in the Indian congress at the Trans-Mississippi exposition, will collect forty Indians to be taken to Glen island in the Hudson river as a show for New Yorkers.

Fire destroyed the Flatbush car stable of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit company in Brooklyn, N. Y., causing a loss of \$200,000.

The statement of the British board of trade for the month of January shows increases of £1,413,600 in imports, and £1,169,800 in exports.

Miss Edith M. Smith of Sanborn, N. Y., has been appointed assistant matron at the Rosebud Indian school, S. D.

Miss Lillian Malaby of Brookings, S. D., has been reinstated assistant matron of the Grand River Indian school at Standing Rock, S. D.

Capt. Joseph T. Johnson, a well known Ohio river captain, is dead at Pittsburg, Pa., aged 81 years.

The president today sent to the senate the nominations of James H. Wilson of Delaware, and Fitzhugh Lee, of Virginia, now brigadier generals of volunteers, to be brigadier generals in the regular army.

Fire in the wholesale candy plant of Valentine Schroeder, at Detroit, Mich., caused an estimated loss of \$100,000.

Upon the application of the state insurance department the Manufacturers' & Merchants Mutual Insurance company, of Rockford, Ill., passed into the hands of a receiver. The total liabilities are \$70,000, assets \$35,000.

John S. Hart, a prominent Racine, Wis., manufacturer and philanthropist, died suddenly in Los Angeles, Cal.

John W. Power, ex-state senator, brother of ex-United States Senator T. C. Power, died at Fort Fenton, Mont. He was a leading business man of Montana for thirty-three years.

During the coming year 200,000,000 white fish from the state hatcheries of Michigan will be planted in Lake Michigan and the other great lakes, and in addition 7,000,000 brook trout, 3,000,000 lake trout, 7,000,000 black bass and 100,000,000 wall-eyed pike will be distributed in the larger streams of Michigan.

DOINGS IN CONGRESS

Senate and House Will Lock Horns on Revenue Reduction.

NEITHER-DISPOSED TO CONSESSION

Fervent Debates and Certain Strife is the Outlook—Measures Crowding as the Time for Adjournment Approaches.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 18.—The last week but one of the present session of congress will be an exceedingly busy one in the house. Much business remains to be disposed of and the invariable crowding which characterizes the closing hours of a congress has begun already.

The appropriation bills, so far as the house is concerned, are in fairly good shape. The last of them, the general deficiency bill, will follow on the heels of the sundry civil bill, which is about half completed. These bills and conference reports will be given the right of way over everything else.

All other matters, some of them of great importance relatively, but not of imperative necessity to be passed, will have to take their chances in the final rush.

Speaker Henderson is almost constantly besieged by members importuning him in the interest of various measures. He is keeping everything clear for the great bills and letting the driftwood of legislation into the current only when it will not impede progress of things which must pass congress before March 4.

There are many knotty problems to be solved in connection with the appropriation bills over differences between the houses and many good-sized rows are promised. The ultimate fate of the river and harbor bill will probably depend upon how heavily it is loaded when it comes back from the senate.

The biggest fight between the two houses from present appearances is likely to occur over the war revenue reduction act. The senate conferees seem determined at present to force the senate substitute or allow the bill to fail. But the house conferees are standing firm, and as many members of the house have their backs up the impression prevails that the house will support its conferees, and if it does the senate in the end may be compelled to yield.

Tomorrow is suspension day and the bill appropriating \$5,000,000 for the St. Louis exposition will be put on its passage. A motion to suspend the rules will cut off opportunity for amendment and no doubt is entertained that this bill will command the two-thirds necessary to secure its passage upon a motion to suspend the rules.

The program with reference to this and other measures, however, may be materially modified if it becomes certain before March 4 that an extra session is to be called.

Retaliation Not Intended. Belgium Taking No Steps Regarding Duty on Its Sugar.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 18.—Count Lichtenvelde, the minister to the United States from Belgium, says his government has not taken any steps looking to retaliation against the United States because of the continued impression of a countervailing duty on Belgian sugar imported into the United States.

The countervailing duty on Belgian sugar has been imposed for several years past.

Kitchner Takes Charge. Will Conduct Pursuit of Dewet in Person.

LONDON, Feb. 18.—A dispatch to the Daily Telegraph from De Aar, dated February 16, confirms the report of the arrival there of Lord Kitchener and his staff to superintend the chase of General Dewet. The correspondent says: "Dewet's force is now denuded of almost all transport vehicles and his horses are exhausted."

Asphalt Trouble Not Ended. WILLEMSSTAD, Island of Curacao, Feb. 18.—(Via Haytien Cable.)—The asphalt controversy has been temporarily adjusted by the diplomacy of the United States minister to Venezuela, Mr. Francis B. Loomis, and the matter will doubtless go to the courts, as it is reported that the United States government desires a formal adjudication as to the rival interests involved.

Nathaniel Swift is Dead. CHICAGO, Feb. 18.—Nathaniel Swift, a brother of Gustavus F. Swift, the millionaire packer, died here today after an illness of four days, the immediate cause of his demise being congestion of the brain.

Mr. Swift was born in Sagamore, Mass., 63 years ago. He was ordained a minister of the Methodist denomination and took his first pastorate at Eastham, Mass., when he was only 22 years old.

Germans to Have Fast Guns. BERLIN, Feb. 16.—During today's discussion in the budget committee of the Reichstag, one of the military commissioners said the tests with the machine guns firing 300 shots per minute were satisfactory and that the whole army would be fitted out with them during the present year, forming a special corps.

With Victoria as a Model. PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 18.—The National institute, an association formed for promoting the higher education of women, has determined to raise a fund for the establishment of university scholarships that shall bear the name Victoria Foundation and which shall serve to keep before young women of the future the high ideal of womanliness and domestic virtues, coupled with the studious and progressive spirit as exemplified in the life and character of the late Queen Victoria.

SHE LEADS THREE RAIDS.

Mrs. Nation Resumes Hostilities in Topeka and Continues Them All Day.

TOPEKA, Kan., Feb. 17.—Mrs. Carrie Nation put in a busy Sunday in Topeka today and as a result the capital city has experienced more genuine excitement than can be remembered by the oldest inhabitant. Mrs. Nation literally crammed the day full of exciting episodes. She succeeded in having the contents of a notorious joint smashed, broke into a cold storage plant where a number of fine bars had been stored away for safety and demolished them, addressed a large mass meeting of men and women, and was arrested four times. The last time that the law laid its hands upon her was when Mrs. Nation emerged from the church where the mass meeting had been held.

Tonight Mrs. Nation announces that she will begin tomorrow morning where she left off today and will not rest until all the joints in Topeka have been closed. This morning at 6 o'clock she sallied forth from the state house grounds at the head of 500 men and women, all armed with hatchets and axes, and moved on the joints of the city. Nobody but Mrs. Nation knew what plans she had laid. In the crowd were a large number of life students of Washburn college, some of the ministers of the city and a number of professional and business men. The crowd marched in perfect military order. There was no excitement. The men and women were following their recognized leader, whom they trusted implicitly.

APPROPRIATION BILL.

Senate Will Devote Nearly All Its Time to These Measures.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 18.—The senate will devote practically all its time during the present week to appropriation bills. The postoffice appropriation bill will probably be taken up tomorrow on convening, though it may give place to the diplomatic and consular appropriation bill. The amount of time to be consumed in discussing these measures will depend largely upon the determination which may be reached with reference to the ship subsidy bill. So long as the democrats feel that the subsidy bill is to be pressed in case of a lull they will insist upon debating all measures presented. The bill making appropriations for fortifications will also receive attention during the week, and it is expected that the conference report upon the Indian bill will be considered. The army bill probably will be reported late in the week, but not in time to be debated before the beginning of next week.

There is some talk of the renewal of night sessions, but it is not probable that they will be again undertaken until the closing days of the session.

DANISH DEAL IS OFF.

United States May Not Get the Islands.

LONDON, Feb. 18.—"The Danish government," says the Copenhagen correspondent of the Daily Mail, "has suddenly broken off all dealing with the United States regarding the sale of the Danish West Indies. This is due to a satisfactory offer made by the Danish East Asian Steamship company to assist and in the future administer the islands."

Cigarette Dealers Win. DES MOINES, Ia., Jan. 18.—The board of supervisors of Polk county have remitted the taxes assessed against cigarette dealers in Des Moines for sales made prior to the date of the Tennessee decision against the cigarette trust. Practically all the dealers here stopped selling as soon as the decision was announced. But the assessor assessed all who had been selling, whether they had quit or not. "The board had an agreement with the attorneys for the cigarette trust that they would abide by the Tennessee decision, hence the taxes have been remitted."

Arrest Wife and Daughter. TOPEKA, Kan., Feb. 18.—Sheriff Cook today arrested Mrs. Maggie Cummins and her 14-year-old daughter, Edna, on a warrant issued in Jefferson county, charging them with the murder of John Cummins, a quarryman, the divorced husband of Mrs. Cummins. The daughter is charged with putting poison in the coffee drunk by the father, which resulted in his immediate death. Mrs. Cummins is charged with instigating the crime.

Menace to British Interests. LONDON, Feb. 18.—The Standard, in the course of a special article on American steel combinations, admits that it "is a serious menace to British steel manufacturers," but says: "American users of American steel goods will be squeezed to the last cent of damage to the trade."

It remains to be seen," says the Standard, "whether the American people will much longer permit the continuance of a policy which permits such combinations."

Oil Wells in the Gulf. AUSTIN, Tex., Feb. 18.—A special from Beaumont, Tex., says: Colonel W. H. Pope of this city and Judge O. M. Carter of Fort Worth have received permission from the secretary of war to sink oil wells in the Gulf of Mexico in the vicinity of what is known as the "oil pool," near Sabine Pass. Judge Carter says work will be commenced as soon as preliminary arrangements can be made.

GOVERNING BILLS OF HEALTH. MacArthur Regulates Sanitary Precautions of Vessels.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 18.—General MacArthur has issued regulations to govern the issue of bills of health in the Philippines after January 1 last. Such bills of health are required in the case of vessels bound from any port in the Philippines to the United States or its dependencies or to foreign ports. These bills are not required in the case of vessels engaged in coasting trade in the Philippine islands.

CLAIMS FOR IDEMUNITY

One Hundred Thousand Dollars for Lives of Nebraskans.

CHINA MUST FOOT THE BILL

Boxers Murder Rev. Price, His Wife and Daughter—Position of State Weighmaster Knocked Out By the Court—Miscellaneous Nebraska Matters.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 18.—Representative Stark of Nebraska has received an important claim from the heirs of Rev. Charles W. Price, who reside in Hamilton county, Nebraska, for \$100,000 indemnity against the Chinese government. Rev. Mr. Price, who formerly resided in Hamilton county with his family, was one of the victims of the Chinese outrages last summer, and, together with his wife and daughter, was assassinated by the Boxers. The papers in the case show that Mr. Price was conducting a missionary school at a point some 200 miles from the coast, by special permission of the viceroy, and was acting under a guarantee of his protection when the school was assaulted by Boxers and he and his wife and daughter were murdered. Rev. Mr. Price was a soldier in the civil war and was drawing a pension from the government for his services. The evidence shows that it was a cold-blooded murder. The heirs and relatives of the deceased are all residents of Nebraska, with the exception of a sister, who lives in Indiana. Mr. Stark will present the claim of the state department for transmission to the Chinese government through Minister Conger.

THIS INTERESTS THE FARMER

A Letter With Reference to the Game Law Being Sent Out.

The following letter with reference to the game bill is being sent out: "To the Agriculturists and Horticulturists of Nebraska: I desire to call your attention to the fact that the cold storage men and market hunters are doing all they can possibly do to defeat the passage of senate file 101, and the duplicate bill, house roll 138, which the State Board of Agriculture and the State Horticultural society endorsed at their late annual meeting."

"These bills provide for a revision of the laws for the protection of the fish, game, song and other insectivorous birds which are among the best friends that we have. Stringent provisions are made by the bills to prevent the destruction of bird life in the state, and protecting the shipment out of the state. Estimates based on reliable information indicate that birds not less than \$150,000 worth of game birds were shipped out of Nebraska by dealers during the months of September and October of last year. A large proportion of these birds were killed by market hunters living in other states which forbid the exportation from their states of game or song birds."

The fish and game and all bird life have been declared by the supreme courts of other states to be the property of the state and it is a great injustice to the people of Nebraska that a few men should be permitted to annihilate the bird life, the property of the state, for speculative purposes.

"I trust that every farmer, fruit grower, gardener and other person interested in the matter of the protection of our birds will petition the members of the legislature to support the bills above mentioned."

"PETER YOUNGERS."

State Weighmaster. LINCOLN, Feb. 18.—Attorney General Frost gave an opinion in which he held that the office of state weighmaster and his assistants have no legal existence. This opinion is based upon the decision of the supreme court, which declared the Board of Transportation act unconstitutional. He holds that according to the statutes the weighmaster can be appointed only by the transportation board, and as there is no board there cannot, therefore, be any weighmaster. The weighmaster in turn appoints his assistants and the same construction is placed upon their offices. William March of Omaha was recently named by Governor Dietrich for the position of weighmaster, but since the opinion was rendered the appointment has been withdrawn.

Lester Strong Given Five Years. KEARNEY, Neb., Feb. 18.—Lester Strong has been sentenced by Judge Grimes to serve five years in the penitentiary for attempted assault upon Caroline Hansen. In computing the time served by Strong at the penitentiary before his retrial the judge figured he served two years instead of one, making his sentence one year less. District court adjourned at noon today.

Judge Maxwell's Funeral. FREMONT, Neb., Feb. 18.—Funeral services were held over the remains of Judge Samuel Maxwell at his home north of this city. Hundreds of citizens attended. Rev. W. H. Buss, pastor of the First Congregational church, delivered a eulogy on the deceased. He reviewed his public career from the time he moved to Nebraska in 1856. The remains went to Plattsmouth for interment.

The propagandist side at a meeting reconsidered the appointment of the Rev. M. C. O'Brien as bishop of Portland, Me. The decision arrived at has not yet been divulged.

Nebraska Man's Luck. TABLE ROCK, Neb., Feb. 18.—Noah S. Wood, brother of C. S. Wood and John C. Wood of this place, who went form here several years since to engage in the mining business in Montana, has recently struck a "lead" near Dillon, in that state, which it is said is very rich, and is calculated to make him immensely wealthy. The discovery created great excitement in that vicinity, according to the Dillon papers. His friends here hope that he will not be disappointed.

THE LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Latest Quotations from South Omaha and Kansas City.

SOUTH OMAHA.—There was a fairly good run of cattle here for this time of the week, and as unfavorable reports were received from other points the tendency of prices was downward. Trading was rather slow, and as a result it was late before the yards were cleared. There were about 20 cars of steers on sale, and while the choicest heavy cattle did not sell much different from the day before bids on the less desirable kinds were all of a dime lower. Sellers found it a difficult matter to dispose of some of the common and half fat stuff, and in some cases they were calling bids 10¢ to 15¢ lower, or 15¢ to 20¢ lower for the week. About 25 cars would cover the receipts of cows, and buyers took hold in fairly good shape and bought the cattle at a far from yesterday's prices. The good cattle found ready sale at good steady prices, but the market on the medium kinds seemed to be a little unsettled. Some were calling it steady, and others a little lower. Canners did not show much change. Bulls were slow sale and lower in sympathy with the decline on steers. Veal calves brought steady prices. The trade on stock cattle was very slow, as yard traders did not want anything but the very best. Choice heavy weight cattle brought practically steady prices.

There was another liberal run of hogs, but the demand being in good shape, the market ruled very active and higher. The first bids were 2¢ to 3¢ higher and a number of loads sold at \$3.27 and \$3.30. After the first round, though, packers raised their hands and began paying \$3.30 and \$3.32, or a big nickel higher than yesterday's general market. As high as \$3.35 was paid for the better grades of medium and heavyweights. The hogs changed hands about as usual, the buyers could get to them and all but a few loads were sold by 9 o'clock in the morning.

There were only a few sheep on sale and the quality of the receipts as a whole was rather common. Lambs were sold at a generally a dime lower than yesterday. Top lambs sold at \$4.90. There were no good wethers on sale and those that were offered sold at not far from steady prices, considering quality. The best ones brought \$4.20. Ewes and wethers could be quoted dull and weak and a dime lower. There was no change noticeable in the feeder situation, receipts still being light.

KANSAS CITY. Cattle—Stockers and feeders, steady; beef steers and cows, 10¢ to 15¢ lower; native beef steers, \$4.50 to \$5.00; stockers and feeders, \$3.50 to \$4.00; western-fed steers, \$4.50 to \$5.00; Texans and Indian steers, \$3.75 to \$4.50; cows, \$3.00 to \$4.25; heifers, \$3.50 to \$4.50; calves, \$3.50 to \$4.25; bulls, \$3.00 to \$4.25; calves, \$3.00 to \$4.25.

Hogs—Market strong; top, \$5.42 1/2; bulk of sales, \$5.32 to \$5.40; heavy, \$5.35 to \$5.42 1/2; medium packers, \$5.30 to \$5.40; light, \$5.20 to \$5.35; pigs, \$4.60 to \$5.00.

Sheep and Lambs—Market 10¢ higher; western lambs, \$4.90 to \$5.20; western wethers, \$4.50 to \$4.80; western yearlings, \$4.50 to \$4.90; ewes, \$3.50 to \$4.00; culls, \$2.50 to \$3.25.

SIXTY MEN ENTOMBED

Explosion Blocks All Channels of Exit and Fire Encompasses Them.

SEATTLE, Wash., Feb. 16.—A special to the Post Intelligencer from Victoria says: News of what it is feared will be one of the most horrible mine accidents in the history of not only the province, but of the dominion, took place this forenoon at the union mines, owned by the Wellington Colliery company, of which James Dunsmuir, the premier of the province, is the principal shareholder. The telegraphic advices received so far give no complete story of the accident, but newspaper correspondents are now hurrying by steamers and tug-boats to the scene and the facts will shortly be obtainable.

As near as can be gathered, the explosion took place about 11 o'clock in No. 6 shaft. This particular shaft is situated in the village of Cumberland. There were sixty men in it when the explosion took place and not one of them escaped. The explosion wrecked the mine, destroying the shaft from midway down and filling with a solid mass of rocks, timbers and earth.

The first explosion was followed by several more, while the dense volume of smoke issuing from the ventholes indicated only too truly that the fire as well as gas was doing its destructive work below. As soon as practical after the accident the men of the morning shift in No. 5 shaft organized a rescue party. No. 5 is situated about a mile from No. 6, but the two workings are connected by a tunnel and through this channel an attempt was made to help the unfortunate fellows in the wrecked shaft.

NEBRASKA DISTRICT INTACT. Commissioner Yerkes Says Iowa's Attack is Utterly Futile.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 16.—Senator Thurston had an interview with John W. Yerkes, commissioner of internal revenue, today, relative to the matter that efforts were being made to divide the Nebraska collection district. Commissioner Yerkes said he understood such a scheme was being pushed, but thought it had little chance of succeeding. Later Congressman Mercer also called upon the same errand as the senior senator from Nebraska, and was given to understand that the Nebraskans need not fear about any division for some time at least.

TARIFF WAR IS IMPROBABLE. Russian Ambassador Indicates No Serious Result.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 16.—The State department has officially advised Count Cassini, the Russian ambassador, of the decision reached by the Treasury department to impose a countervailing duty on Russian sugar imported into the United States.

Count Cassini was unwilling to express an opinion as to what action his government will take, probably preferring to await developments from St. Petersburg, whither he referred the official communication. However, he scoffed at the idea that a serious tariff war is probable.

WILCOX SCORES TRIUMPH. Delegate from Hawaii Has Right to a Seat in the House.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 16.—Delegate Wilcox of Hawaii today scored a distinct triumph in securing a unanimous vote of house committee on elections No. 1, confirming his right to a seat in the house of representatives and holding that the charges filed against him were not sufficient to warrant his removal. Chairman Taylor was authorized to make the report to that effect, which will be submitted in about a week.

Only a Few Wanted.

Professor Kaufmann, of Breslau, in conferring the degree of Doctor of Philosophy on Franklin Immerwahr, the first woman who has ever passed the examination at that university, said that he earnestly hoped study among women would "continue to be the exception with the few capable individuals," inasmuch as it was desirable that they should hold to their primary and noblest calling of wife and mother, "which," said the professor, "a man will never be able to exercise."

"DEALING WITH CRIMES IN CANADA." (From the Chicago Times-Herald, on Jan. 12th, 1901.)

The citizens of the Dominion of Canada have just cause to be proud of their record as law-abiding people. The annual report of the criminal statistics of the Dominion, which has a population of over 6,000,000, shows that there were only twenty-five indictments for murder in 1899, of which only two were left without final action. Eleven of those indicted were hanged, nine acquitted and three confined as insane.

Canada is a country of vast proportions. Its people are scattered over a wide stretch of territory, making police surveillance particularly difficult and in many districts impossible. Yet a city like New York or Chicago alone furnishes a far greater criminal list every year than the whole vast stretch of territory from Quebec to Vancouver.

The Canadians ascribe their immunity from crime to the promptness with which punishment is meted out to offenders. When a man is caught red-handed in the act of robbing another he is not released on straw ball by some justice of the peace from the slums, to go out and repeat the offense.

Sharp and sure justice is meted out to criminals of all kinds, the result being that when the guardians of the public peace succeed in bringing a thug to the bar they are seldom called upon to hunt him a second time.

Furthermore, there are few court delays in Canada when a criminal is brought to book. They have no Dreyfus cases over there. There are no methods whereby Canadian criminals can have the proceedings stayed from month to month and from year to year or after being convicted, appeal from one court to another until witnesses die of old age or opportunities for corruption can be found.

Nor does this swift method of treating with wrong-doers in Canada leave the innocent unable to properly defend themselves. They have all the opportunities and privileges that our own laws extend to them. The extent to shield the guilty is lacking—that is all.

The above, taken from the editorial column of the Times-Herald, gives some idea of the immunity from crime that exists in Canada, and this is one of the many inducements held out for Americans to settle in the district known as Western Canada. The season of 1901 will see a few new sections of the country opened up for settlement. They are attractive in every respect. It is understood that one of the best Indian Reserves in the famous Valley of the Saskatchewan will be opened up this year, and an invitation is extended to those desiring homes to make inquiries. The price of the land is said to be nominal. Besides these lands, the several railway companies have lands to sell; also the government. For particulars write to the agent of the government, whose advertisement appears elsewhere.

Banished as Punishment. Banishment was the unusual sentence imposed upon a Syrian by a New Jersey judge the other day. The Syrian had been arrested for assault. The judge offered to release him if he would leave the country. The Syrian agreed, and in charge of an officer he was brought to Hoboken and placed aboard an outbound steamship.

Care of the Baby. To keep the skin clean is to keep it healthy, every mother should therefore see that her baby is given a daily bath in warm water with Ivory Soap. The nursery should also be well aired and cleaned, and all clothing washed with Ivory Soap, well rinsed and dried in the sun.

ELIZA R. PARKER.

Among the most curious election bets on record is one made by John P. Courtney, Democrat, and Harry Wallace, Republican, two plumbers doing business in Minneapolis. The agreement was that the loser must for his life cast his vote as the winner shall dictate. Courtney, who was a candidate for alderman in the recent campaign, was the loser and is now engaged in earnest but so far unavailing efforts to substitute some other penalty. Wallace is obdurate and swears that Courtney must in future vote the Republican ticket.

A Carnegie Labor Lyceum. Andrew Carnegie offers to duplicate whatever sum is raised by the people of Paterson, N. J., for the building of a labor lyceum in that place, originally the plan of the local Knights of Labor.

The Great Herb Cure. The uses of Garfield Tea are manifold; it regulates the digestive organs; cures constipation; purifies the blood; brings good health.

The front parlor is the most popular of all court rooms.

We call our readers' attention to the advertisement of the Northwestern Hide & Fur Co., Minneapolis, Minn. This is an old reliable firm with a national reputation for originating and compiling information valuable to trappers and farmers on wild animals and their skins; they publish the best trapper's book ever printed. You can buy of them or ship them furs, hides, etc., in perfect confidence. Mention our paper when writing them.