

THE WORLD OVER.

LATEST NEWS FROM EVERY LAND.

KENTUCKY FIGHT ON

CIVIL AND MILITARY AUTHORITIES CLASH AGAIN.

Letter Refused Admittance of Former to the Capitol Building for Purpose of Arresting Two Men—Other Items.

Frankfort, Ky.: The situation here reached a point of excitement on the 10th inst. almost approaching that of stirring times immediately following the assassination of Goebel. The reinstatement of the military power in complete control of the state executive building and the refusal of the military authorities to allow the local police and civil officers to enter the building for the purpose of arresting Secretary of State Caleb Powers and Capt. John W. Davis, charged with being accessories to the Goebel assassination, and the probability of a conflict between the civil and military authorities made the situation look serious during most of the day. During the forenoon City Marshal Richardson applied to the executive building and demanded to be admitted for the purpose of arresting Powers and Davis, but was turned back, and the warrants turned over to Sheriff Suter.

The latter also presented himself at the executive building and demanded admittance. He was referred by the officer in charge to Col. Morrow, and the latter being found, said: "I am sorry, Mr. Sheriff, but it is against Gov. Taylor's orders to let any one into the building today."

During the evening the two men slipped aboard a train unobserved and proceeded to Lexington. Sunday all was quiet at the capital, but trouble was looked for at any moment.

FRENCHMEN'S PROPOSAL.

They Intend to Go to the Klondike by Automobile.

New York: The French liner Aquitaine, which came into port March 12 from Havre, brought three Frenchmen, who say they intend to make the attempt to go to Klondike by automobile. They are Jeanne de Lamare, who has been at the Klondike, and was for a time editor of the Klondike Review; Raphael Merville, who is a brother-in-law of de Lamare, and who holds a fast automobile record, and E. Crom, private secretary to M. de Lamare. The three travelers sent ahead of them to this country an automobile of five-horse power and a motorcycle of three-horse power. The vehicles have been forwarded to Vancouver, whence they will be sent to Skagway and on to Lake Bennett by way of the Yukon and the White Pass Railroad. M. de Lamare said that he intended to start on Wednesday for Montreal, and on April 19 to start by automobile from Lake Bennett for Atlin.

ANTI-PRIZE FIGHT BILL.

Representative Hepburn of Iowa Introduces the Bill.

Washington: Representative Hepburn of Iowa has introduced a bill providing that no picture or description of any prize fight or pugilistic encounter, or any proposal of betting on a fight, shall be transmitted in the mails or by any common carrier engaged in interstate commerce, whether in a newspaper or periodical or in any other form. Any person sending or knowingly receiving such matter for transmission is made liable to imprisonment not exceeding one year or fine not exceeding \$1,000, with a provision that the acts shall not apply to any person not engaged in the preparation, publication or sale of such prohibited newspapers, periodicals or pictures.

FATAL FIRE IN BOSTON.

One Fireman Killed and Another Probably Will Die.

Boston: Early Monday morning fire in the office of the Massachusetts Macaroni Company on North Street, caused the death of one fireman, the probable fatal injury of another, and the serious injury of three others, besides entailing a property loss estimated at from \$75,000 to \$100,000.

Hoseman P. I. McCarthy was instantly killed. He was standing on a ladder when the roof fell in and he was hurled to the ground. Christopher Curran, while on the roof, was swept to the ground by one of the many streams, and was probably fatally injured. Lieut. Walter MacLean was hit by falling debris. He will recover. Hoseman Galloway and Hoseman Cavanagh sustained severe injuries.

DEMENTED WOMAN'S DEED.

Cuts Her Husband's Throat While He Lies Asleep.

Joliet, Ill.: Mrs. John Gallagher, aged 50 years, while in a fit of temporary insanity Monday night, arose from her bed, procured a razor, and returning to the bedroom, cut her husband's throat from ear to ear. He died before the police arrived on the scene. The demented woman is now in jail. Two small children were sleeping in an adjoining room, but were not molested. The Gallagher's were sturdy Scotch people, and the murdered man was well known among steel mill men.

Iron Pipe Falls and Kills Two.

New York: A bundle of iron pipe which fell from the window of the sixth floor of H. C. Koch & Co.'s department store on West 124th street, struck two men who were unloading a truck at the carriage below. They received injuries from which they died within a short time.

Sixteen Miners Killed.

Nimes, France: Sixteen miners were killed by an explosion in a coal pit at Bessages. The galleries of the mine collapsed, burying the bodies of the victims.

GREAT OIL DEAL.

Standard Company Swallows the Cudahy Interests in Ohio.

Toledo, Ohio: Through an English syndicate the Standard Oil Company is credited with having secured control of the Cudahy oil interests in Ohio and Indiana and the properties of the Manhattan Oil Company. The deal was made several days ago, but quietly. The price was not made public, but conservative oil men estimate it at \$7,500,000. William C. Whitney is credited with having engineered the deal. The Cudahy holdings consist of about 500 producing oil wells with a daily output of 2,000 barrels, the Indiana Pipe Line and Refining Company, the Ohio and Indiana Oil Company, the Cumberland Oil Company, the Cudahy Oil Company and the Indiana Tank Line. All of the clerks and office force of the Cudahy interests were quietly moved from Chicago to Lima several days ago with the books, records and papers of the office. The Manhattan Oil Company's holdings embrace a large oil refinery at Walker, Ohio, about thirty miles south of here; pipe lines in the Ohio and Indiana fields; a system of tank cars; about 400 producing wells and several thousand acres of oil property, mostly in the Ohio territory.

KRUGER SUES FOR PEACE.

Appeals to Salisbury for Cessation of Hostilities.

London: Late on the 9th inst. it was learned the peace rumors were founded on the fact that Kruger had appealed to Lord Salisbury for a cessation of hostilities, offering at length, by cable, the terms which he is willing to accept. These, however, are not taken seriously, as they include practically nothing more than what the Transvaal government offered prior to the issuing of the British ultimatum.

Official circles here regard the propositions as merely a ruse of the Boers to gain time, and do not consider the sweeping demands which Great Britain will make as a reimbursement for the loss of life and great expenditure.

It is understood Kruger's advance met with the emphatic rejection at the hands of Salisbury, who is believed to have said such an attempt to retain the independence of the Transvaal can be considered for a moment by the British government.

FIRE IN MINNESOTA HOSPITAL.

Fifteen Thousand Dollars Damage Done at St. Peter.

St. Peter, Minn.: Fire which started in the laundry building of the state hospital gutted the entire building, together with nearly all the machinery. The origin of the fire is not known, but it started in the drying room of the laundry. The loss is estimated at \$15,000.

The upper part of the building was used as a dormitory for the women employed in the kitchen, the sewing room and the laundry. All of them got out safely, but some with only their night clothes. All their personal property was destroyed.

The St. Peter fire department responded promptly, and with the aid of the department of the hospital prevented a holocaust such as visited the institution in 1879. One of the large mangle machines exploded with terrific force and parts of the machine were found many blocks away.

DEBS FOR PRESIDENT.

Consents to Be the Standard Bearer of the Socialists.

Indianapolis, Ind.: Eugene Debs, after declining the nomination for president by the amalgamated socialists, has consented to accept it.

At Friday's session of the social Democratic party convention the nominations of Eugene V. Debs of Indiana, for president, and Joseph Harriman of California for vice president, were confirmed. The social Democrats are happy. They say the candidacy of Debs will attract hundreds of thousands of voters to the party.

Moonshiners Kill a Detective.

Lexington, Ky.: George W. Drake, the famous mountain detective and former deputy United States marshal, together with a man named Ford, were shot to death near Torrent, Ky., by William St. John. Drake had run down more moonshiners and criminals in the mountains of eastern Kentucky than any other officer in the service of the government.

City Officials Not in Contempt.

Madison, Wis.: The supreme court on Feb. 28 handed down a decision quashing the contempt proceedings against the mayor, city clerk and twenty-five aldermen of the city of Milwaukee for passing and approving the street railway ordinance after they had been enjoined from doing so by the superior court.

Prisoner Kills Himself.

Helena, Mont.: Fuller E. Brown, 36 years of age, committed suicide in the city jail by dashing his brains out upon the cement floor. He was to have been arraigned for forgery, but when summoned by an officer jumped headfirst from the upper tier of cells. He came to Montana from Kansas.

American Sent to Prison.

Kumlerly: Benjamin Silpent, born in Russia and alleged to be an American citizen, has been sentenced to three years imprisonment at hard labor for signaling to the enemy during the siege.

Postoffice Fraud Order.

Washington: A fraud order has been issued by the postoffice department against L. D. Bass, the Union Teachers' Agency of America and the Bureau of Civil Service Instruction.

Children Fall Through Ice.

Champaign, Ill.: Three sons of Jacob Ziegler, a farmer living north of here, fell through the ice in a creek and were drowned while looking for stove wood. The bodies of the children, all of whom are less than 9 years old have not been recovered.

Opposed to Paper Currency.

Santiago, Chili: Owing to the personnel of the present Chilean congress no fear is felt by the country of a new emission of paper currency.

BIG QUAKER CITY FIRE.

\$700,000 Blaze in the Dry Goods District of Philadelphia.

Philadelphia: A fire entailing a loss of over \$700,000 occurred early on the 7th inst. in the retail dry goods district. The conflagration originated in the engine room of Sherman Bros. dry goods and millinery store at Eighth and Arch Streets. A general alarm was sounded, but all efforts to save the buildings were fruitless. The loss is \$500,000.

Maris Bros. dry goods store adjoining was partly damaged by smoke and water, and their storehouse was completely gutted, entailing a loss of \$200,000. The flames spread to the six-story building on Cherry Street, occupied by Myerhoff Bros., manufacturers of women's and children's clothing, and the Philadelphia Electrical Equipment Company. Nothing was left of this place but the walls. The loss is \$200,000. Several smaller buildings were more or less seriously damaged.

About 100 persons were thrown out of employment by the fire.

EXPENSES IN THE PHILIPPINES.

Statement Made Showing Expenditures of \$48,928,060.

Washington: Acting Secretary McElfish sent to the house of representatives a statement of expenditures by the war department covering the military operations in the Philippines, including outstanding liabilities from May 1, 1898, to Nov. 1, 1899. The total is given at \$48,928,060, the principal items being:

Quartermaster's department, \$25,715,901, of which \$17,136,804 is for army transportation; subsistence department, \$8,970,000; medical department, \$10,835,134; ordnance, \$1,860,229.

FEARS FOR BIG LINER.

Increasing Anxiety Regarding Fate of Overdue French Steamer.

Havre: The anxiety in regard to the overdue French liner steamer Pauline, which sailed from New York Feb. 5 for this port, is increasing. The officials of the company express the hope that the Pauline, having her machinery deranged, has drifted out of the track of Transatlantic liners, and is trying to reach port under sail.

Bank Wrecker Found Guilty.

Caledonia, Minn.: The jury brought in a verdict of guilty of grand larceny in the first degree, as charged in the indictment, in the trial of Clements, the La Crosse man on trial for complicity in wrecking the Fillmore County Bank. Clements claimed to have severed his connection with the bank some time before the failure, but his partner, Todd, testified that the books had been altered to make out such a case in order to keep \$40,000 worth of property from their creditors.

City Employs Guilty of Fraud.

Cleveland: The jury in the case against Albert E. Davis and Samuel G. Brooker, charged with defrauding the city in connection with the so-called city hall steals, brought in a verdict, finding both of the accused men guilty. They were charged with making out and receiving money on false bills to the extent of many thousands of dollars.

Exchange Ratifications of Treaty.

Washington: The ratifications of the Samoan arbitration treaty were exchanged at the state department March 8 by Secretary Hay for the United States, Lord Pauncefoot for Great Britain and Dr. von Holleben for Germany. The treaty submits the claims for arbitration to King Oscar of Sweden.

Queen's Visit to Ireland.

Dublin: The announcement here of the queen's intended visit caused much good feeling. Her majesty's visit will be of a private character, such as she is in the habit of making periodically to the south of France. It will probably extend for more than a fortnight.

Hartville Postoffice Robbed.

Hartville, Wyo.: An unknown person broke into the postoffice here and got away with about \$15. The robbery was committed in broad day light and while the postmaster was in an adjoining room making up the mail.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

St. Louis—Cattle, common to prime, \$3.00 to \$4.50; hogs, \$4.65 to \$4.75; sheep, \$4.00 to \$4.25; wheat, 72c to 74c; corn, 22c to 23c; oats, 18c to 20c; butter, dairy 20c to 22c, creamery, 25c to 28c.

Chicago—Cattle, common to prime, \$3.00 to \$6.25; hogs, shipping grades, \$3.00 to \$5.00; sheep, fair to choice, \$3.00 to \$5.75; wheat, No. 2 red, 64c to 65c; No. 2, 35c to 36c; oats, No. 2, 23c to 24c; rye, No. 2, 55c to 56c; butter, choice creamery, 24c to 25c; eggs, fresh, 15c to 17c; potatoes, choice, 35c to 50c per bushel.

Indianapolis—Cattle, shipping, \$3.00 to \$6.00; hogs, choice light, \$3.00 to \$5.00; sheep, common to prime, \$3.00 to \$5.25; wheat, No. 2, 68c to 70c; corn, No. 2 white, 34c to 36c; oats, No. 2 white, 26c to 28c.

St. Louis—Cattle, \$3.25 to \$6.00; hogs, \$3.00 to \$5.25; sheep, \$3.00 to \$5.15; wheat, No. 2, 72c to 74c; corn, No. 2 yellow, 33c to 35c; oats, No. 2, 24c to 25c; rye, No. 2, 55c to 57c.

Cincinnati—Cattle, \$2.50 to \$6.00; hogs, \$3.00 to \$5.25; sheep, \$2.50 to \$6.25; wheat, No. 2, 73c to 74c; corn, No. 2 mixed, 30c to 38c; oats, No. 2 mixed, 25c to 27c; rye, No. 2, 56c to 61c.

Detroit—Cattle, \$2.50 to \$6.00; hogs, \$3.00 to \$5.25; sheep, \$3.00 to \$5.15; wheat, No. 2, 70c to 72c; corn, No. 2 yellow, 33c to 37c; oats, No. 2 white, 27c to 28c; rye, 58c to 60c.

Toledo—Wheat, No. 2 mixed, 70c to 72c; corn, No. 2 mixed, 35c to 37c; oats, No. 2 mixed, 24c to 25c; rye, No. 2, 57c to 58c; clover seed, old, \$4.90 to \$5.00.

Milwaukee—Wheat, No. 2 northern, 61c to 64c; corn, No. 3, 33c to 34c; oats, No. 2 white, 25c to 26c; rye, No. 1, 58c to 59c; barley, No. 2, 42c to 44c; pork mess, \$10.25 to \$10.75.

Buffalo—Cattle, good shipping steers, \$3.00 to \$6.25; hogs, common to choice, \$3.25 to \$5.25; sheep, fair to choice, \$3.00 to \$4.75; lambs, common to extra, \$4.50 to \$8.00.

New York—Cattle, \$2.25 to \$6.25; hogs, \$3.00 to \$5.50; sheep, \$3.00 to \$5.25; wheat, No. 2 red, 77c to 78c; corn, No. 2, 41c to 42c; oats, No. 2 white, 31c to 32c; butter, creamery, 20c to 27c; eggs, western, 15c to 16c.

STATE OF NEBRASKA

NEWS OF THE WEEK IN A CONDENSED FORM.

Omaha Man Tried on Charge of Murdering Two Men—Acquitted in One Case and Convicted in the Other—Evidence Was Identical.

Unless John Shanahan secures a new trial or obtains relief from the supreme court, penitentiary stripes await him in expiation of the double killing which occurred in his South Omaha saloon July 13, last year. At the close of a week's trial on the charge of taking the life of Ed Callahan, a jury in Judge Baker's court has found Shanahan guilty of manslaughter. The penalty is from one to ten years in the penitentiary.

A peculiar phase of the case is the fact that when Shanahan was tried a few weeks ago for killing Ed Joyce, who was Callahan's pal, the jury found him not guilty. Both men were killed at the same time and place and under exactly the same circumstances. The evidence in each separate trial was identical. In short, the trial on the Callahan charge was in every respect a duplicate of the trial for the death of Joyce.

Shanahan set up the plea that he shot Joyce and Callahan in self defense, that he believed them to be highwaymen, and that after they had made an attack upon him his suspicions were confirmed and he began his shoot.

Damage Case Lengthy.

The case of Beebe against Dodge County at Fremont, in which the plaintiff seeks to recover the sum of \$5,000 for damages alleged to have been sustained by his firm by the construction of the new drainage ditch west of Ames, has taken up the time of Judge Hollenbeck and a jury in the district court for two weeks and will take a week or two longer. The plaintiff introduced twenty-three witnesses, who swore the ditch is being dug and will probably be finished long before the last of the twelve damage cases against the county is heard.

Thad Clark Bailed Out.

Thad Clark, the pal of Viret Hawkins, whom Sheriff Secord shot and killed some time ago, was released from the Clay Center jail on bond furnished by W. L. Gaddis of Harvard. Clark was arrested about the time that Hawkins was shot, and had a preliminary examination before Judge H. C. Palmer, who committed him to jail upon \$800 bond. The citizens of Harvard and vicinity are wild with indignation at the action of Gaddis in going his bail.

Nebraska Board Upheld.

The supreme court for a second time, in indifferent cases, has affirmed the constitutionality of the law giving the state board of transportation power to regulate telegraph and telephone rates. The Nebraska Telephone Company sought an injunction preventing the board from acting on a complaint, and the district court of Lancaster County refused to grant it. On appeal the supreme court sustained the lower court.

Burglars Still Enjoy Liberty.

The bloodhounds brought to York from Aurora failed to trace the burglars who robbed Harry Hopkins' store. The burglars broke the window in the rear of the store and stole \$25 in money and an English sovereign over 100 years old and a gold watch. The hounds traced the burglars to the mill pond, near the ice house, and there lost the trail.

Losses of Sheepmen.

The report has reached Chadron of the loss of 300 sheep in the flock of I. Griffith, a recent investor in a flock of sheep. They packed up in a sled and smothered, nearly 200 in one night. During a storm the next day they drifted apart and a number of the flock was lost. When found a few days later 100 had been killed by coyotes.

George Coll Convicted.

The jury in the Col murder case at Chadron brought in a verdict of guilty of murder in the second degree. Coll was charged with the murder of a ranchman named Ryan. He admitted the killing, but claimed he acted in self defense. The trial has attracted a great deal of interest, as both parties were well known.

Burglars in Red Cloud.

Burglars entered the house of A. Galusha at Red Cloud the other night and took his watch and chain. They also entered the home of G. W. Lindsay, just outside of the city, and took his vest, containing his watch and chain and about \$20 in money. It is thought they entered with skeleton keys.

Bid on Medical Work.

The jury in the Col murder case at Chadron brought in a verdict of guilty of murder in the second degree. Coll was charged with the murder of a ranchman named Ryan. He admitted the killing, but claimed he acted in self defense. The trial has attracted a great deal of interest, as both parties were well known.

Farmer Takes Strychnine.

James Kontak, a Bohemian farmer living a few miles south of Lincoln, committed suicide by drinking the contents of a bottle of whiskey with which he had previously mixed a quantity of strychnine.

Bones Broken While Skating.

The 12-year-old boy of N. T. Maceo, while skating with his schoolmaster at Fairmont, fell on the ice and another boy that was skating with him fell on him, breaking both bones of the leg below the knee.

Payments of Insurance Shortage.

Several more payments on the insurance shortage were made a day or two ago by insurance companies, bringing the total received up to date to \$3,200.

Brakeman's Arm Mashed.

Ed Luederger of Alliance, a brakeman, had his right forearm badly mashed at Broken Bow while attempting to adjust a coupling pin.

Viola Harlocker's Case.

The next term of the district court convenes at Hastings March 19, with Judge Edward L. Adams of Minden, presiding. There are several criminal cases to be tried at the term, among them the Harlocker case, which has been attracting the attention of the public for some time past.

Ray Gets Ten Years.

After all the evidence was in the case of the state against Ray at Auburn the prisoner changed his plea and pleaded guilty to manslaughter. He was sentenced to ten years in the penitentiary.

CARNIVAL OF BLOOD.

Jealous Husband Attempts to Kill His Wife and Then Suicides.

As a result of jealousy Frank Steele of Omaha shot his wife and killed himself at the home of Rev. A. F. Nelson on the 7th inst. Steele fired six shots, five of which took effect, three in the body of his wife and two in his own body. Mrs. Steele was taken to the Clarkson Hospital and the body of Steele was removed to the corner's office, where it was found that he had shot himself in the center of the forehead and just below the heart. Steele was formerly employed by the Swift Packing Company at South Omaha, but for some time has been out of employment. The story of the crime as told by Mr. Nelson is as follows:

"On March 2 Mrs. Steele, who had been ill for some time, went to the office of a physician in this neighborhood for consultation. Our family had been acquainted with her for some time and while she was up in this neighborhood she came to call on my wife. While she was here she became so ill that she could not return home and remained there all the time. Wednesday evening about six o'clock Steele came to the house and entered the dining room, where my wife, Mrs. Steele and myself were sitting. He seemed in excellent spirits, but his wife appeared to be afraid of him and she has since said that he had threatened to kill her. While talking to the women he drew a revolver from his pocket and told his wife that it was loaded. He sat holding the revolver and talking when his wife left the room. My wife followed her to the kitchen and then Steele went into that room; he passed the women and stood between them and the outer door. I heard my wife scream and ran toward the kitchen when Steele fired, the bullet grazing my fingers and burying itself in the wall. Mrs. Steele and my wife, carrying her baby, ran past me through the dining room and out of the front door. Steele following them, firing as he ran. He fired five shots in the house. The women ran around the house and into the basement through a rear door, where Mrs. Steele fell. Steele, after he left the house, fired two shots into his own body and fell dead."

When the reporter visited the house Mrs. Steele was reclining on a sofa in the basement of the house. She was conscious and took a lively interest in the arrangements being made for her removal to the hospital, but was growing rapidly weaker through internal hemorrhage. She said: "Frank was jealous of me. He accused me of having improper relations with various men, and his sister, who lives in town, supported him in his accusations. He was crazy through jealousy, and for a long time has been acting queerly. Last week he ran away from home and went to Chicago. He stayed there a day or two and came back home. Since then he has been quarreling with me. Have they made any arrangements for his funeral? But I suppose his sister will do that. Do you think if I am strong enough they will let me see him before he is buried? I would like to see him again, or earth."

Republicans Win in Omaha.

Carry the Entire Ticket by Majority of from 500 to 1,200.

The Republicans carried the city election in Omaha by the full party vote, which shows a majority of between 500 and 700. The entire Republican ticket, including nine councilmen, is elected after the bitterest contest in the history of the city. It was accomplished by all factions working in harmony. They were brought together by reason of the fear of losing the machinery of the city government for the fall elections involving the selection of a legislative delegation which must vote for two United States senators.

Fire in Indianola.

A disastrous fire gutted the State Bank building at Indianola. The fire originated in the Reporter printing office upstairs, from which nothing was rescued. By heroic efforts the Masonic temple was saved. The State Bank loss is \$40,000, partially insured. The Reporter office suffered a loss of \$500, covered by insurance. S. R. Smith, editor of the Reporter, lost on stock, material, blanks and fixtures \$300, insured. Dr. McKenzie's loss was \$400, with \$200 insurance.

In Memory of Veterans.

Great preparations are in progress at Columbus for the dedication of the fine monument recently erected at Frankfort Park in memory of the veterans of the war. The railroads have made a rate of one and one-third fare for the round trip from any place in the state and a large attendance, especially of soldiers, is expected.

Defeat Court House Proposition.

The proposition to levy a tax for building a court house at Grand Island was defeated at the polls by a decisive majority.

Nebraska Short Notes.

Dwelling houses are in demand at Bloomington.

The Table Rock Clay Company has its sheds completed and its new machinery has arrived and been placed in position. It is ready for business.

Humboldt Republican papers mention Judge E. A. Tucker as a candidate for one of the judicial districts from the First congressional district at the national Republican convention.

The Broken Day creamery has started in business with a good patronage.

The big snow recently has made the ground better for spring work than for some years. Farmers are preparing for spring work.

The final muster roll blanks for the organization of a company of Nebraska National Guard in O'Neill have been received. Forty members have been secured. The organization has not yet been effected, but it is expected a meeting will be held next week to organize and elect officers. The muster in will follow as soon as the men are organized.

The lower house of congress passed the bill introduced by Representative Burkett of Nebraska, providing for a resurvey of Frontier County, in this state.

Work has been commenced on the new Catholic church at Petersburg.

Albert Colson, the student accused of pilfering from the college students and stealing a bicycle lamp, pleaded guilty at York and was given a fine of \$5 and costs.

During the last year in which the Kansas City stock buyers have been operating in Webster County over 1,200 head of horses and mules have been shipped from Red Cloud, representing a cash expenditure among the farmers of about \$5,000. The buyers assert that more animals have been shipped from that place than any other town in Nebraska. They are being bought for war use.

GRAIN TRADE'S GAIN.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT ISSUES HISTORY OF VAST TRAFFIC.

New Routes for Shipments—Wheat and Flour Diverted from Lake Michigan to Lake Superior Ports and from Eastern to Southern Seaboard.

"The Grain Trade of the United States" is the title of a monograph just published by the treasury bureau of statistics as the first of a series of studies upon the production and transportation of the great staples and upon the internal commerce of the country. The article points out the immense increase in the agricultural production of the country, the rapid and continuous westward shifting of the area of population and the changes in the routes by which western grain reaches the eastern consumers and the European markets. The development of the grain production and trade is traced from colonial times to the opening up of the Mississippi route by the purchase of Louisiana, when the shallow barge and later the steamboats descended the Mississippi and New Orleans shipped grain to New York and Boston.