

AROUND THE EARTH

OCCURRENCES THEREIN FOR A WEEK.

CAUGHT IN CANADA

HEAD OF "FRANKLIN SYNDICATE" RUN DOWN.

Brought Back to New York by a Detective, and Being Unable to Furnish \$12,500 Bail Bond, Is Languishing in Jail.

New York: William F. Miller, the head of the notorious "Franklin syndicate" in Brooklyn, which proscribed, and did pay to many persons, 50 per cent. on investments and fled when the news reached him of his indictment for grand larceny and conspiracy by the Kings County grand jury, has been brought back to this city. He had eluded capture since November. He was in the custody of Capt. Reynolds, formerly of the Brooklyn detective bureau, who lost his place through his failure to prevent Miller from leaving the city.

Miller was arrested in Canada on clues picked up a few days ago. Miller was in good humor. He did not seem at all put out of disturbed by being in the hands of the police, or in the slightest fear as to the future. Chief Devery was very anxious to find out something of Miller's doings since he left the city, but Miller positively declined to say a word in that direction.

According to a statement made by Chief of Police Devery, Captain Reynolds found Miller in Montreal. Reynolds refused to go into details of his search and discovery of Miller. He said that several days ago he was furnished with clues of Miller's whereabouts and was instructed by the chief of police to get him if he could. In following up the clues Captain Reynolds said he ran across a man who knew Miller. The movements of this man he followed until the latter and Miller met. Miller took the matter very calmly. He looks very seedy, his clothing is soiled and he lacks the air of a man who has made a fortune.

Miller was taken from police headquarters to Brooklyn and arraigned before Judge Hurd in the county court. He was held in \$12,500 bail, which he was unable to furnish and was then transferred to the Raymond Street jail.

LAWTON IS AT REST.

Nation Pays Its Last Tribute to the Brave Soldier.

Washington: The mortal part of Gen. Lawton was buried Feb. 9 in the National Cemetery at Arlington. The services at the grave were preceded by those at the Church of the Covenant, where President H. M. Striker of Hamilton College, New York, delivered a funeral oration seldom equaled in beauty of expression, and in most perfect accord with the spirit of the solemn occasion that called it forth. Never in the history of the capital has there been a more representative gathering of the nation's official life to pay a last tribute to the nation's honored dead.

Nearly all the available regular troops in the country were called out, and 3,000 men, infantry, cavalry and artillery, followed the flag draped caisson to the grave. Every department of the government paid official tribute—the president and cabinet, representatives of the supreme court, congress, army and navy all combined. The darkened church was filled to the utmost. But these official representatives of the people were lost in the great crowds that surrounded the church and lined the streets along which the procession passed. Soft lights burned above the chancel, where flowers were piled railing high, while the casket was buried beneath roses, lilies and white carnations that overflowed their narrow resting place and fell in a perfumed avalanche to the floor.

A guard of cavalrymen from Lawton's own command stood at each end of the catafalque, silent and motionless as uniformed statues, and the hush of the silent church was broken only by the soft tread of those who entered with bowed heads to pay a last silent tribute to the brave soldier.

The Presbyterian burial service was read by Rev. Terris Hamlin, pastor of the church.

The funeral service at the grave was read by Chaplain Pierce of Lawton's old command.

RIOT AT MARTINIQUE.

Troops Fire on Strikers, Killing Nine and Wounding Fourteen.

Fort de France, Martinique: A mob of 1,300 miners prevented the harvesting of sugar cane for several days. The movement extending, troops have been sent in all directions. An infantry post of twenty-five men, being attacked, fired on the assailants, killing nine and wounding fourteen.

MUTINY CAUSES ALARM.

Revolt of British Soudanese Troops at Khartoum Is Serious.

London: A Cairo special says: "The mutiny of Soudanese troops at Khartoum has assumed serious proportions and is causing great anxiety."

Thirteen Lucky, Twelve Unlucky Fargo, N. D.: At the hearing of the Chinese exclusion case in the United States court Feb. 9 twenty-five cases were heard, and of these thirteen were admitted and twelve ordered deported. All were from Chicago.

Mrs. Lay Found Not Guilty. Chicago: Mrs. Leona J. Lay has been found not guilty of assault on Mrs. Rose C. Wiseman. The defendant is the divorced wife of Gustave Wiseman, and was charged with having shot him and Mrs. Wiseman on Nov. 7.

A Naval Deficiency. Washington: The secretary of the navy has sent congress a deficiency estimate of \$388,500 to meet its increased expenditures incident to the establishment of naval stations outside of the United States.

A WINTER TORNADO.

Winter Storm Does Much Damage in Illinois, East of St. Louis.

St. Louis, Mo.: The town of Collinsville, twelve miles from St. Louis, on the Vandalla railroad, had a narrow escape from destruction by a tornado Feb. 8. Nine persons were injured in the immediate vicinity, some fatally, and there was much damage to property. Miners who live on the outskirts of town lost much by the wind. A group of three fine residences was blown to splinters. The injured are:

Paul Quarandhi, aged 35, perhaps fatally. Otto Odderhole, aged 18, serious. Sophie Fix, aged 12, thought fatally. Newton Alderson, not serious. Theodore Lawrence, internally. Frank Kobart, seriously. Son and daughter of Frank Kobart, severely.

About 2:30 a. m. the storm struck a mile south of Collinsville. The first house demolished was that of Frank Kobart. He, his son and daughter were buried in the debris some time before they were rescued. From this place the wind passed a quarter of a mile west of Collinsville and the last trace of it was observed at Hightsville, a manufacturing suburb, a mile away. After the Kobart house a group of three dwellings was felled. They were occupied by John and Paul Marquette and Philip Crossan and families. The occupants escaped injury except John Marquette.

Beyond the Vandalla track stood a group of large frame houses occupied by the Lawrence, Odderhole and Fix families. The storm leveled them, nothing being left save a mass of tangled wreckage. It was here that Odderhole and Lawrence and the members of the Fix family received their injuries.

Considerable damage was done in various parts of St. Louis and vicinity between 2 and 4 a. m. by a windstorm, reported to have had a velocity of sixty miles an hour, of the nature of a tornado. Previous to the windstorm a terrific thunderstorm raged for several hours, rain falling in torrents.

WANTS RESTRAINING ORDER

Taylor's Attorneys Before Federal Court of Appeals.

Cincinnati: Former Gov. Bradley and Attorney Mackey of Kentucky, attorneys for Gov. Taylor, appeared before Judge Taft of the federal court of appeals, in chambers, with a petition for a restraining order against Democratic Gov. Beckham, the exact terms of which were not made known. The judge directed them to furnish copies of their petition to the defendants and appear before him Feb. 12.

Frankfort, Ky.: Goebel was buried on the 8th inst. Thousands of people attended the funeral. A parade was formed at 11, composed of city officials, civic societies, citizens on foot, in carriages and on horseback, and moved to the cemetery. Services had already been held in the parlor of the hotel for the family. When the public services commenced at the cemetery July 7,000 people gathered about the grave. The ceremonies consisted of prayer, singing, addresses by several preachers and the eulogy by Senator Blackburn, addresses by Gov. Beckham, ex-Gov. McCreary, Congressman Wheeler, Judge W. S. Pryor and others.

MURDER AT A THEATRE.

Occurs in Minnesota Barroom During Progress of Play.

Bemidji, Minn.: A cold-blooded murder to all appearances took place at the Olympia theater in this city during the opening performance of the new show house. The house was crowded from gallery to pit and the barroom was full of patrons, when John J. Whipple, commonly known as Rus Whipple, a saloonkeeper of Solway, shot and killed Bennie Moore, a lumberjack. Both men were under the influence of liquor and Whipple was quarrelsome to a degree, and angered the little fellow until he struck Whipple in the face, knocking out one of his teeth. Whipple at once pulled a revolver out of his overcoat side pocket and shot Moore in the side, underneath his right arm, causing death.

President Gompers in Cuba.

Havana: Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, who arrived here recently from New York, was given a reception by Havana workmen at their headquarters. Mr. Gompers, it is said, intends to explain to the Cuban workmen the methods employed by the workmen of the United States, and to aid in obtaining laws looking to the protection of the lives of employes, the sanitary inspection of workshops and factories and the prohibition of child labor.

An Entire Family Murdered.

Victoria, B. C.: Word is received of trouble among the Indians of the upper Liard. Seven members of a Scotch-Indian family named McTavish were murdered. There was an epidemic of soury last fall, and the story was started among the Indians that McTavish caused it by witchcraft. A council was held and McTavish was condemned. Setting fire to the McTavish home, the savages shot the victims as they attempted to escape.

Roberts Pleads Not Guilty.

Chicago: A special from Salt Lake, Utah, says: Brigham H. Roberts, who was arrested on his return from Washington on a charge of unlawful relations with Dr. Maggie Ship, has, through his attorney, entered a plea of not guilty at his preliminary hearing before Justice Kroeger. His bond, placed at \$300, was furnished promptly.

Hundreds Stricken by Heat.

Buenos Ayres: The terrible heat continues. There were 267 sunstrokes on Feb. 5 and 187 on the 6th. The fatal cases show a diminution, but numerous bodies are decomposing at the cemetery, owing to the strike of the grave diggers for higher wages.

Declare a Dividend.

New York: The directors of the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey have declared a dividend of \$20 per share, payable March 15.

Big Boston Failure.

Boston: The clothing firm of Miner, Beal & Co. has assigned. Its liabilities are placed at \$450,000.

STAND BY GOVERNMENT.

Riotous Demonstration in a "Peace" Meeting at Northampton.

Northampton, Eng.: The announcement Henry Labouchere, editor of Truth and member of parliament for Northampton, would address a peace meeting in the Northampton town hall Wednesday drew a noisy crowd of opponents, who swarmed upon the platform and smashed the chairs. Mr. Labouchere's was the signal for renewed attacks. The promoters of the meeting were forced off the platform and chairs were hurled into the body of the house amid cries of "God save the Queen!"

Mr. Labouchere was struck in the head, but was not seriously injured. He managed to make his exit, escorted by the police.

A number of other persons were hurt, although not seriously.

Ultimately the opponents of the peace meeting gained the platform and declared that Northampton had joined York City in repudiating the enemies of the government.

OUR AVAILABLE MILITIA.

Secretary's Estimate Shows 10,343,152 Men Ready for Duty.

Washington: The annual estimate of the secretary of war of the available militia strength of the various states shows that 10,343,152 men are ready for military duty, and that of this number 750,000 reside in Illinois. The present national guard of Illinois consists of 438 officers and 6,765 privates. The total militia force of the United States is given at 106,339. Michigan now has 2,808 members of the national guard and could furnish 275,000 men in time of need; Iowa has 1,873 and could furnish 502,274; Wisconsin has 2,836 and could furnish 372,182, while Indiana has 873 and could furnish 500,000.

LEAVE EMPEROR ON THRONE

Dowager Empress of China Afraid to Remove Him.

Pekin: It is generally believed that the dowager empress will not attempt a formal deposition of the emperor at the present moment, though that this was her first intention there is little room to doubt. It is reported from a Chinese source that the dowager intended to carry out her plan during the first day of the new year. Everything has been prepared for a coup, but at the last moment representations were made to her that such a course probably would create serious opposition in the south, and this induced her to temporarily abandon her decision.

KILL SIX AMERICANS.

Insurgents Ambush and Capture a Supply Train.

Manila: The insurgents on Feb. 5 captured a supply train of nine built carts between Orani and Dinalupjan, killing a corporal and five privates of Company G, Thirty-second Infantry. The escort consisted of a sergeant and eleven mounted men. The insurgents weakened the supports of a bridge over a creek, and the first cart went into the stream. While the escort was bunched, trying to haul the cart out of the water, the insurgents fired a volley from the bushes, killing the six Americans and also two native drivers.

FITZ CHANGES HIS MIND.

Ex-Champion Announces that He Will Again Enter Ring.

New York: Bob Fitzsimmons will again enter the ring. He announces that he will post this week \$5,000. He prefers meeting the winner of the Jeffries-Corbett fight, but if this is impossible he will try to get on a match with Sharkey or McCoy.

Cuban Colonists Duped.

New York: A score of discouraged colonists who had gone to Cuba to seek their fortunes returned Wednesday night on the Munson line steamer Lauroburg. They were a unit in expression of gratitude for their safe arrival in what they called "God's county." In the group were W. E. Anderson, of Prairie City, Iowa; R. C. Blake, also of Iowa. They said the vicinity of La Goria has been made by heavy tropical rains into a sea of mud. Each has a ten acre tract in the colony.

Gilbert Is the High Man.

Indianapolis: Fred Gilbert was the high man in the target shooting match at the Limited Gun Club. McMurey and Powers were tied for second money honors. The entire program was at clay birds. One of the features of the shoot was a team match race between Neal and Tripp of Indiana, and Seemee and Cadwallader of Illinois, which was won by the Indiana pair by a score of 46 to 45.

Sugar Refineries Closed.

Philadelphia: Under orders from the officials of the American Sugar Refining Company, the Spreckels refinery here has closed, throwing out of employment 1,000 men. It was also announced at McHahn's refinery, which is a rival of the American Sugar Refining Company, that the plant will be temporarily closed within a few days. Nearly 2,000 men are employed at this place.

Bard Is Elected Senator.

Sacramento, Cal.: The senate and assembly, setting separate Feb. 6, formally elected Thomas R. Bard of Ventura United States senator, to succeed Stephen M. White. There was not a dissenting Republican ballot against Bard, fifty-nine voting for him in the assembly and twenty-six in the senate. Senate and assembly in joint session on the 7th ratified the election.

Fire at Rush City.

Rush City, Minn.: Fire here has destroyed property valued at about \$300,000 with less than \$10,000 insurance as an offset. The two-story brick structure owned by S. C. Johnson, and well filled with tenants from top to bottom, was consumed. The fire started in the center of the first floor, but just how no one has been able to discover.

Thousands Ill with Grip.

Berlin: The influenza which has spread throughout Germany, now numbers 60,000 victims in Munich. In Berlin every bed in every hospital is occupied and the hospital physicians, hundreds of whom have been stricken with the malady, are scarcely able to care for the patients.

STATE OF NEBRASKA

NEWS OF THE WEEK IN A CONDENSED FORM.

Murderer Savory, After Receiving a Life Sentence at Falls City for His Crime, Attempts Suicide in His Cell.

Dick Savory, sentenced for life for the murder of a section hand named Thompson at Humboldt, came within a few seconds of hanging himself in his cell in the Falls City jail after hearing his doom. The verdict of murder in the first degree was a surprise to every one, not even the county attorney looking for more than a verdict of murder in the second degree. Savory seemed to take his sentence bravely and was returned to his cell. A short time before 3 p. m. the occupants of the second story of the jail heard some heavy body fall below and gave the alarm. When the sheriff unlocked the jail Savory was found on the floor of his cell in an unconscious condition, with blood coming from his mouth and nose.

The sheriff at once called in Drs. Burdard and Wiser, who found that Savory had attempted to take his own life by hanging. He was soon resuscitated and is now out of danger. Savory had tied a large red handkerchief around his neck and then to the upper part of the iron cage, but in his struggling the end tied around his neck became untied, thus defeating his purpose. If it had held for a minute more life could have been extinct. About two years ago Joseph Holbeck hanged himself in this same place. Holbeck was more successful, however, not being found until he had been dead over two hours.

SHOOTS FATHER-IN-LAW.

Aims the Revolver at Son and Hits His Father.

T. W. Barton shot Hezekiah Hively at Waterloo. The ball entered the left side of the face, close to the nose, glanced upward, where it struck a bone, and then glanced downward and lodged in the base of the brain. Barton came home late at night drunk and began abusing his wife, but toward morning they quieted down and the neighbors thought it was merely a drunken quarrel and that it had been settled.

About 10 o'clock in the morning Dave Hively, an 18-year-old brother of Mr. Barton, who lives in the south end of town with his parents, came up after his sister's things and was going to take them to her father's place when Barton got after him with a razor. Young Hively was carrying a piece of a buggy shaft about two feet long and struck his arm with it. The razor struck Barton's face, cutting an ugly gash. After this Hively went home and apparently thought nothing more about it.

About noon Barton went to the hardware store and purchased a revolver and went down to his father-in-law's house, as he now says, to apologize, but in place of doing this he shot at Dave, but the bullet missed its mark and struck the father. Barton was arrested.

Carrying a head that has much the appearance of having been used for a football, Thomas H. Barton, who fatally shot his father-in-law, Hezekiah Hively, at Waterloo, was brought to Omaha and lodged in jail. While Barton admits having done the shooting, he contends that he got the worst of the scrimmage, and his general appearance bears out his statement. He has half a dozen cuts on his head, which is swathed in bandages. Both of his eyes are closed and his face is as raw as a piece of beef. These injuries, Barton says, were inflicted by his father-in-law and a brother-in-law, Dave Hively. He also denies that he was drunk, and says that the shooting was done in self-defense.

MURDER AND SUICIDE.

J. W. Robinson Kills His Wife and Fatally Wounds Himself.

James Robinson, in charge of a bunch of cattle owned by M. Humphrey of Rapid City, shot his wife three times and then turned the weapon upon himself at Whitman. Mrs. Robinson died from the effects of her wounds and the physician reports that the husband will surely die. Mr. and Mrs. Robinson were married some three months ago. If reports are true, the wife had given her husband cause for the jealousy which has culminated in this double tragedy. Robinson, who had been drinking heavily for two or three days previously, learned that his wife had taken steps to secure a divorce. He drank nearly two beer glasses of whisky, borrowed a revolver and proceeded to the Carpenter Hotel where his wife was stopping and first sought a reconciliation, which was refused.

Maddened by the action of his wife, and crazed by the liquor he had drunk, he drew his revolver and commenced firing. He followed the woman through the house to the front porch, where the third and fourth shots felled them side by side.

AT LINCOLN ON MAY 2.

Republicans Will Meet to Name a State Ticket.

The Republican state central committee has decided on Wednesday, May 2, at Lincoln, as the time and place for holding the state convention for the selection of national delegates and nomination of a state ticket.

Statistics of Mortgages.

Labor Commissioner Kent has completed a report showing the number and amount of mortgages filed and canceled during the last half of the year 1899. On July 1, 1899, the mortgage indebtedness of Nebraska was \$154,047,325.53. This amount decreased \$1,168,871.57 during the six months, leaving \$152,878,455.96 as the total mortgage indebtedness on Dec. 31.

Empties Revolver in Street.

An unknown man, a workman from Ames, became well filled with liquor at North Bend and began target practice in Buchta's saloon. After firing two shots he went out into the streets and emptied his revolver. The marshal landed him in the lock-up.

Solicitors Arrested.

Rodger Byrnes and George W. DeHoven, two men representing the Northern Life Insurance Company of Marshalltown, Iowa, were arrested in Alma under instructions from the sheriff of Furnas County for getting money under false pretenses.

Attorney Cole Probably Innocent. It is generally believed in Culbertson now that Attorney J. W. Cole had nothing to do with the absence of the ballots that were taken from the office of the clerk of the county. Other arrests are expected.

CONDUCTOR TOOK KODAK.

Passenger Refused to Pay Twenty-Five Cents Extra.

A. W. Klug of Pierce purchased a first-class ticket at Grand Island and boarded Union Pacific train No. 2, which runs nothing but Pullmans. The conductor demanded 25 cents extra when the ticket was presented and Klug refused to pay it, saying that he bought the ticket for that train supposing it was sufficient and was allowed to take the train without being told otherwise. He was permitted to remain in the car, but as he was about to get off the train the Pullman conductor, he claims, picked up a kodak, valued a \$8, belonging to Klug and kept it in lieu of 25 cents which he failed to collect. Klug complained to the county attorney at Columbus, who has written for the return of the kodak, and if his letter isn't sufficient a warrant will be issued for the arrest of the railroad man.

TO ARGUE FOR TRUST.

Mr. Thurston Engaged as Counsel for Standard Oil Concern.

The supreme court convened Feb. 6 for the only sitting that will be held during February. Attorney Frank W. McCoy appeared before the court on behalf of the Standard Oil trust, with the request that argument on the suit for ouster begun against it by Attorney General Smyth, under the state anti-trust law, be deferred for a couple of days in order to enable John M. Thurston, attorney for the trust and United States senator from Nebraska, to be there and argue in behalf of the demurrer which he has filed to the attorney general's petition. The request was granted, and there will be presented the novel spectacle of a United States senator contending in the supreme court of his own state in the interest of a combination made illegal under both state and federal statutes.

FOR MORE LIBERAL PENSION

Representative Burkett's Efforts in Behalf of Stotsenberg's Widow.

Representative Burkett of this state has filed an elaborate brief with the house committee on pensions in support of the proposition to increase the pension of Mrs. J. M. Stotsenberg to \$100 a month. The senate has already passed a bill providing for a pension of \$50 a month, which the friends of the late colonel of the First Nebraska are trying earnestly to increase to the figure given. Mr. Burkett in his brief gives extracts out of the reports of Gen. Otis and Hale in reference to Col. Stotsenberg's heroic death, and presents a strong argument in behalf of a liberal pension for the widow.

Child Fatally Burned.

James Davey, the 9-months-old twin son of Mr. and Mrs. Peter Davey of Tecumseh, died, the result of being accidentally burned. The mother stepped out of the house a moment, leaving the babies on the floor in charge of an older child. The latter presumably stepped on a match and ignited the clothing of little James. Before the mother could be warned and return to the house and smother the flames the child's back and head were frightfully burned, and so great a surface of his skin destroyed that it was impossible to save his life.

Poynter on Kentucky Situation.

In response to a query from a New York paper, Gov. Poynter has wired his opinion of the Kentucky situation. He says the use of armed soldiers to prevent "the lawful assembly of the legally elected representatives of the people in a legislative capacity certainly is utterly at variance with all the principles upon which a republic is founded." He says the conditions in that state "give us a bad reputation as a nation."

Tells How He Escaped.

Dick Savory, who broke jail at Falls City last November and was later captured in Omaha and afterwards found guilty of murder in the first degree, confesses that he hid the keys he used in his escape in a crack in the cell floor. He implicates a jailmate named William Cox in the jail-breaking. Cox was up for highway robbery and was acquitted.

Board Rescinds Order.

The state board of transportation rescinded its order compelling the maintenance of earload rates on live stock, and in lieu of the acceptance of the 100-pound rate adopted an order reducing the rate on hogs 5 per cent. and on cattle 10 per cent.

Slot Machines Abolished.

The mayor of Madison has issued an order, to take effect at once, removing all slot machines from places of business in the city.

Nebraska Short Notes.

The new Union Pacific depot at David City has been completed. It is located on Fifth Street near the business part of the city and is the most commodious depot in the city.

The case of the state against Roy Campbell, charged with breaking into the store of C. Y. Musser at Steele City was concluded by the jury returning a verdict of acquittal.

Rev. F. Schnitzgen, who has been assistant pastor of the Catholic Church at West Point, has been appointed by Bishop Semwell the vacant pastorate at Constance, Cedar County.

William Nichol, living south of Pawnee City, has sued John T. Crampton, a farmer of the same locality, for \$8,000 damages, alleging that Crampton publicly and maliciously accused him of an "unnatural crime."

William Battles was tried at Nebraska City on the charge of criminal assault and found guilty by a jury. Battles is a young negro. He was tried once before during this term of court for the same offense, but the jury disagreed.

As Hugh Platt was escorting two young women to their homes in Grand Island some one threw a heavy club at the party, hitting one of the women, causing her to faint. Platt fired a revolver at a fleeing figure, but missed the mark.

The real estate mortgage record for Otoe County for the month of January shows a reduction of \$7,631.99 in this class of indebtedness.

An order has been issued discontinuing the postoffice at Lapeer, Cheyenne County. Mail will be sent from Camp Clark.

At the annual meeting of the Blue River Park Association a committee was appointed with power to negotiate a sale of the park and summer resort at McCool to the village board. The citizens of the town are in favor of buying the park.

The state board of transportation has given orders to the different railroad lines for a reduction of 30 per cent. in corn carrying rates. The order holds good, of course, for Nebraska alone, and will not, it is asserted, be antagonized by the railroad.

PEACE PACT IS MADE

KENTUCKY POLITICAL LEADERS REACH AN AGREEMENT.

Acting Governor Taylor Aids in Favor of Beckham on Condition that a New Election Statute Be Enacted—Republicans Make Concession.

The peace conference held at the Galt House in Louisville Monday night between seven representatives of the Republican party and seven representatives of the Democratic party resulted in the unanimous signing of an agreement embodying seven specific propositions for the settlement of the party differences which have brought about two State elections in Kentucky. This agreement is in substance as follows:

1. That if the General Assembly in joint session shall adopt a resolution ratifying their recent action adopting the contest reports seating Goebel and Beckham the contestees, W. S. Taylor and John Marshall shall submit without further protest.
2. That all parties shall unite in an effort to bring about such a modification of the election law as will provide for non-partisan election boards and insure free and fair elections.
3. That the conditions shall remain in status quo until Monday, the General Assembly meeting and adjourning from day to day until that time.
4. That nothing shall be done to hinder or prevent a joint session of the General Assembly for taking action on the ratification resolution.
5. That the State Contest Board shall meet and adjourn from day to day until Tuesday without taking any action on the contest.



GOV. J. C. W. BECKHAM, Who Succeeded Goebel as Executive of the Blue Grass State.

for minor State offices. This postponement is suggested in order that the action of the General Assembly on the ratification resolution may be taken first.

6. That the State troops shall be removed from the State capital at once, though with all necessary precaution for the public safety. This matter is to be under the direction of Gen. Dan Lindsay, of Frankfort.

7. That the Republican officials and officers of the State guard shall have immunity from charges of treason, usurpation, court martial or any other such offenses.

The agreement was signed by the following: Republicans—John Marshall, Judge John W. Barr, Gen. Dan Lindsay, T. E. Edelen, Dr. T. H. Bunter, David W. Fairleigh and T. C. Ballard.

Democrats—J. C. S. Blackburn, J. C. W. Beckham, Sam J. Shackelford, Urey Woodson, James B. McCreary, Phil Thompson and Robert J. Breckenridge.

The news of the agreement was received with great relief in Frankfort. The strain of the previous ten days had been great and any lessening of tension was most welcome.

SETTLE BIG CANAL QUESTION.

Agreement Between Great Britain and America Reached.

Another step in the construction of the Nicaragua canal was taken Monday, when Lord Pauncefote and Secretary Hay signed a treaty revoking that portion of the Clayton-Bulwer convention which prohibits the Government of the United States from constructing a waterway across the isthmus. The agreement provides in substance as follows: The United States is granted the right to build and control exclusively the waterway joining the Atlantic and Pacific, and the provision of the Clayton-Bulwer treaty providing for joint control is annulled. Neutrality of the canal is pledged by both of the signatory parties, both in times of peace and war. The great maritime nations will be asked to pledge themselves to the preservation of the canal's neutrality.

The present agreement was reached practically a year ago, when it seemed certain that the private corporation that had concessions for the canal would be compelled to relinquish the enterprise and leave the work to be done by the Government. It was not, however, formulated until a few days ago, since the pending bills were reported from the Senate and House committees. Great Britain yields its claims under the Clayton-Bulwer treaty, provided the United States will guarantee the neutrality and the protection of traffic upon the canal.

Here are a few interesting facts about the Nicaragua canal concerning which the British-American treaty was signed at the State Department. The figures are gathered from various official reports and from private sources of information: Total cost of canal (estimated)... \$125,000,000 Money already spent by Maritime Canal Company... \$5,126,423