

Metzger Bros.
 Pullman Neb
 Cherry Co.
 Brand on left side
 and thigh
 Ear mark, square
 crop right ear
 Southern branded
 cattle have but one
 "half diamond E" on
 left side
 Native cattle have
 throat wattle
 Range on Gordon and Snake Creeks
 Horses have same brand on left thigh
A Reward of \$250 will be paid to any person for information leading to the arrest and final conviction of any person or persons stealing cattle with above brand

EDWARD BAD HAIR.
 Postoffice address
 Allen S D
 On left shoulder and
 bar on side; horses
 same on thigh
 Range-Bear Creek

T J ASHBURN
 Postoffice address
 Valentine, Neb
 Branded on right
 side; horses same
 Range-10 miles east
 of Valentine on
 the Niobrara

Joseph W. Bownet
 P. O. address
 Merriman, Neb.
 Right ear cropped
 Hole in center of left
 ear
 Range Lake creek
 S. D.

Joe Vlondray
 Cody, Nebraska
 Left side. Left ear
 cropped.
 V on left shoulder of
 horses.

Charles Benard
 Rosebud S. D.
 Range, Big White
 and Bad Rivers

Charles C. Tackett
 Rosebud, S. D.
 Range head of Antelope
 near St. Marys mission
 Horses branded
 on left thigh

Peter Vlondray
 Rosebud, S. D.
 Left side. Left ear
 cropped.
 Horses branded
 VB.
 Range Little White
 River, at mouth of
 Cedar Creek.

Louis J. Richards
 Merriman, Neb

Gorsuch Bros.
 Newton, Nebraska
 Cattle branded
 as on cut
 Some
 F on side or hip
 Range on Gordon
 Creek

Louis F. Richards
 Merriman Neb

Henry Pratt
 Rosebud S. D.
 Left side
 Horses same on
 left shoulder
 Deerhorn clip on
 some cattle

John DeCory
 Rosebud, S. D.
 Some branded ID
 47 on left side
 Horses JD on left
 hip
 Range in meyer Co
 on Antelope Creek

Thomas Farren
 Rosebud, S. D.
 ID 1183 either left
 side or hip
 Horses F on left
 shoulder
 Range head of
 Antelope

Marquardt & Bowlus
 OTTO STRUBE, Manager.
 Merriman, Neb
 Cattle brand OM on
 left shoulder. Some
 of cattle have various
 other brands. OS on
 left hip. Horse brand
 A on left shoulder.
 Range—Formerly
 Geo W Monier
 branch 5 miles east
 of Merriman, from F. E.
 & M. V. R. B. south to Leander Creek. Mar-
 quardt & Bowlus, scribes, Nebraska.

W. W. ANDERSON. J. C. ROUNDS
Anderson & Rounds.
 Simeon, Nebraska
 Cattle branded on
 left side as on cut;
 also 16 on left side
 with — on left hip of
 some cattle; also 8/16
 on right side. Horse
 brand, rake and 16
 on left shoulder or
 hip
 Home ranch on
 Dewey Lake. Range on Niobrara River, east of
 Fort Niobrara; also between Snake River and
 Simeon, known as the Felch range, all in Cherry
 County, Nebraska.

Marshall & Wolfenden
 Kennedy, Neb.
 Some on the left
 hip
 Horses on left
 shoulder
 Brand is small
 Ear mark: Quarter
 clip behind, half cir-
 cle forward on left ear
 Range Lone Tree
 Lake

I. T. Richardson.
 Kennedy, Nebra.
 Some on left
 hip
 Horses on
 left shoulder

William M. Dunbar
 Lessee from Heine & Kroeger
 Cody, Neb
 DU1 Either side
 Also low
 on right
 Left ear of cattle
 Split
 Range Lead of Hay
 Creek

Amelia Young.
 Cody, Nebraska
 On right side.
 Right ear split
 Range, Little
 White river

Peder Thorsen.
 Gordon, Nebraska
 On right side; F on
 right hip, horse
 brand and T on
 right shoulder
 Also cattle branded
 L S on left side
 Range, 10 miles
 south of Irwin

Henry Young.
 Cody, Nebraska
 Horse brand HY
 on left shoulder
 Cattle, right ear
 split
 Range, Little
 White river, S. D.

Stotts & Stetter.
 Cody, Nebraska
 Branded on left side
 Range, Tin Can Lake
 and Morgan Flats

D. C. Nelson.
 Cody, Nebraska.
 On right hip.
 Range, Medicine
 take to the
 Snake river

Hutt Brothers.
 Gordon, Nebraska
 Range, 14 miles north
 of Gordon.

F. C. Duerfeldt, Manager.
 Gordon, Nebraska
 Cattle also branded
 90 on right hip
 Horses and mules
 branded same as cut
 on left shoulder

J. C. Jordan
 Gordon, Nebraska
 One bunch branded
 as on cut on left side
 One bunch branded
 C L on left hip
 Horses J on left
 shoulder
 Range, 10 miles
 southwest of Gallop,
 between Niobrara
 and Snake rivers

George F. Damon
 Albany, Neb
 Cattle branded
 FD on left ribs or
 right shoulder; SD
 on right hip and left
 ribs; 6 on left hip
 Horses F D or SD on
 right shoulder
 Range 7 mi north
 east of Albany Neb
 Agent for Pasteur
 Black Leg Vaccine

Joseph Fickel
 Gordon Neb
 Also on left
 hip
 Horse brand F on
 left shoulder
 Range 10 miles
 northeast of Gordon

Wheeler Bros.
 Cody Neb
 Also — B — on right
 side
 Range Chamberlain
 Flats and Snake
 River

WHO DR. SEYMOUR IS. WHY WENLED TWO EYES
 Sketch of His Career and Professional Work in Omaha.
 OBJECT OF HIS VISIT TO THIS CITY.
 Dr. Seymour's Skill Obtained by Years of Experience in An Unlimited Field of Practice.

Having been located in Omaha for nearly a decade, it is quite natural that Dr. Seymour's skill as an eye specialist should be a subject of interest to those who properly value the most precious of their senses, as there is probably no one who is free from the possibility of necessity, of sooner or later, applying the services of an optician. The following facts may be of interest to those who contemplate calling on him during his visit to this city.

While still a young man, Dr. Seymour has been actively interested in this work for the past fifteen years, having begun as an assistant in the office of Chicago's noted specialist, Dr. M. N. Martin, P. C. M. D. He graduated at the Northwestern university and afterwards completed his work by taking a post graduate course at the Chicago Ophthalmic college. Unlike many eye specialists, Dr. Seymour has confined his work to the science of refraction, or, in other words, to the treatment of all defects of sight by the scientific use of lenses. Omaha has other specialists equally if not better known to the older people in his state, but there is little doubt that the leading physicians of Omaha universally acknowledge the superior methods employed by Dr. Seymour in his work, as will be noticed by the number of personal letters which have been given him for publication by physicians who are known throughout the state as being Omaha's foremost.

The question may naturally arise in your mind as to how Dr. Seymour can afford to spend time from his Omaha business to visit other cities, and finds its answer in the plain statement that a man who confines his work to a single specialty soon has a reputation based on the merits of his skill and he is not limited to a small territory. Dr. Seymour is personally known to a number of our best people and is known by reputation to hundreds who have had reason to become interested in eye specialists. Many of these people do not realize their condition and therefore do not feel it necessary to take expensive steps to ascertain the nature of their defect. They may have called on many specialists and have been pronounced beyond help, and it is this class of people that Dr. Seymour is particularly anxious to meet on this trip, as he has proven many times that people who have given up all hope, by continually meeting with disappointment, have afterwards had their sight restored, after many years of practical blindness.

Every good thing has its imitators and because you have made a mistake by calling on some incompetent person in the past, you should not be discouraged, as Dr. Seymour does not ask you for one cent until he has demonstrated his ability to assist you. This offer is a most liberal one and could not be made by any one who was not competent to substantiate all claims made for his skill.

DR. SEYMOUR'S OPINION OF GLASSES.
 Four People in Ten Have Defective Eyesight and Do Not Know It.
 "About 40 per cent of the people need to wear glasses nowadays," said Dr. Seymour in speaking of eyes. "But, of course, not all these people wear them. Four people in ten have some trouble with their eyes. It may be nearsightedness, it may be simple weakness, it may be an inequality between the eyes. But whatever it is there is a way to help it with glasses. A great many people have trouble with their eyes and do not know what it is. They attribute it to overwork of the eye sometimes, and sometimes lay it to headache or neuralgia, while it is merely the protest of a defective eye that has been forced by will power to do work beyond its strength or to keep up with the other eye."
 "The troubles commonest with children and young people are myopia, or near sight, and hyperopia, or farsightedness, and the latter predominates. But many are farsighted who are not conscious of it, and hence the trouble is seemingly less common than nearsightedness, which is made apparent by the person so afflicted endeavoring to overcome the defect by holding the object close to the eye."
 "The question is often asked, what is the cause of so many young people wearing glasses? Many unjustly claim it is for style without stopping to think of the increased strain upon the eyes of young people of today compared with forty or fifty years ago. We are living a progressive age and what was considered a fair education then would not meet the requirements of the times today. Our schools have a wider range of studies, many of the students taking up a special course in stenography, telegraphy, typewriting, etc., causing much study at night by artificial light."
 To Those With Poor Eyes.
 Dr. W. I. Seymour, the Omaha optician, will pay a short visit to this city and will be pleased to see all those who have trouble with their eyes. Dr. Seymour is a graduate of one of the best ophthalmic colleges in the country and comes highly recommended by all the physicians in Omaha, as well as by our home physicians. Glasses ground to fit each difficult case. Many cases of strabismus or cross-eyes straightened by the use of glasses. Those afflicted with defective eyesight should not neglect this opportunity to procure proper glasses, as Dr. Seymour will be here by special request, and can be found at the hotel for dates given only.

THE OPHTHALMOMETER
 Marvelous Instrument for Fitting Eyes of Children.
 DOES AWAY WITH INJURIOUS DRUGS
 Dr. Seymour Explains How This Instrument May Be Used for Measuring Astigmatism.
 The ophthalmometer is the most wonderful invention of the age for fitting astigmatic sight in children, being absolutely the only instrument made for measuring the cornea of the eye, and is among the collection of instruments in the possession of Dr. Seymour, the eminent optician. That Dr. Seymour has the most complete arrangement of scientific instruments for a thorough and skillful examination of the eyes is admitted by all who are in a position to know the facts, and this is particularly true in regard to the special instruments designed and made for his special use. This instrument is absolutely necessary to the success of any specialist in determining the proper axis of cylindrical lenses, fitted to the eyes of children. It does away with the necessity of using atropine in children's eyes, which sometimes proves an injury to the sight and always affects it temporarily, as it completely paralyzes the muscles which contract and regulate the sight, and has been considered necessary to fit children properly, but this fact has long been disproved and the methods now used are in no way unpleasant or detrimental to the sight and the results obtained are far more accurate.
 Why are people so thoughtless of this great blessing of sight? Those who possess it do not seem to appreciate how indispensable is this treasure. Look, for instance, at the objects of pity who are continually seen in public thoroughfares, some of them being led by dogs or sitting in corners with hand organs; what does life hold for them, and what would they not give for a single ray of light to bring them in touch with this great world from which they are now ostracised? It is only those who have suffered from loss of sight and been relieved by the hand of science who fully appreciate the value of a skilled specialist. Such a man is Dr. W. I. Seymour, who stands at the head of his profession and has given his undivided attention to this work all his life.

Dr. W. I. Seymour.
 This eminent optician is again to visit this city. Dr. Seymour needs no introduction here. His great skill as one of the foremost opticians has made him many friends in this community. He will be here in the near future with the best instruments known to science for examining the eyes, also a large assortment of optical goods.

WHY WENLED TWO EYES
 If This Question Were Put to You What Would You Reply?
 THERE IS A SCIENTIFIC ANSWER.
 As Given by Dr. W. I. Seymour, Omaha's Noted Eye Specialist.

If this question were put to you: "Why do we need two eyes?" you would very likely answer the query by saying: "Why do we need two arms or two ears?" But this is not the proper answer to the question. Two eyes are absolutely necessary to obtain perfect sight. Perhaps you have heard it said that people having one eye could see better than those with two. Possibly that would seem so to people who have observed the quickness with which a one-eyed person perceived the movement of objects, and the fact that they do not seem to miss anything that their neighbors see. But, notwithstanding, the one-eyed person has much to regret, although he may be the only one conscious of his loss.

For example, a one-eyed man cannot readily hook his cane through a ring over his head, for his one eye does not tell him how far the ring is, and he has to feel around for it until he finds it. A man with two eyes does not have the slightest difficulty. For it is a well established, philosophical fact that for objects to seem solid we must have two eyes.

Another illustration as to the importance of having two perfect eyes for correctly measuring distances will be found interesting, as well as amusing, as follows: Place your hand tightly over one eye; take a pencil in your other hand, holding it in a vertical position, point down. Drop your hand to your side, then reach out, arm's length, and try to place the point of the pencil quickly on a small object, bringing your hand straight down from above. This will be the more interesting by having a friend designate what object you shall touch with the pencil, each time selecting a different point of distance. You will find it almost impossible to accomplish this, providing you do not hesitate or feel your way in trying to reach the object.

When we look at the world with only one eye open, the whole scene appears to be flat. We know, of course, that it isn't flat, but to the eye all things appear to be about on the same surface. The views that reach the two eyes are slightly different, as any one can prove to himself by opening and closing the eyes alternately. This is what makes us see the real world as solid. Now, if we want any picture to appear as solid, we must see it from slightly different points of view, each eye forming a separate and distinct image, which gives the round and full effect necessary to make objects stand out in bold relief.

The loss of an eye cannot be compared in any way to the loss of an ear or a limb, for in this case certain things can be accomplished as well with one as with two. But in the event of a loss of an eye, a person is for all time crippled. And the anxiety usually felt by a person blind in one eye to preserve and care for the good eye is something pathetic. And still we cannot wonder, for it seems to be the general sentiment that people would rather give up their lives than their sight. And it certainly stands people in hand who are even conscious of the slightest difference in the sight of the two eyes to give this matter serious consideration. For slight defects neglected often become serious before a person is really conscious of it. I wish to add here a few words in behalf of the children, for errors in their sight are so much easier corrected in early life than when they are neglected until maturity is reached.

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.
 Everything fresh and clean, and prices that are right. Special attention given to pumps, tanks, and ranch supplies.
J. N. STEADMAN & CO.
 Kennedy, Nebraska.

THE GREATER AMERICA EXPOSITION
 SPECIAL FEATURES
 Colonial People
 Birds, Animals...
 Products, Homes
 Pain's Fireworks
 Art Exhibit, Mechanical Exhibits, The Midway, Godfrey's British Military Band...
 OPENS AT OMAHA, NEBRASKA, JULY 1st,
 CLOSES OCTOBER 31st, 1899.
 Will Eclipse Last Year.

J. A. Adamson.
 Valentine, Neb
 On left side or hip
 4 left side or hip

Parker & Son
 P O Address
 L. W. Parker
 Belge, Neb
 Brand same as cut,
 Also ZP
 Range on Niobrara
 south of Crookston

Newman Bros. & Nations.
 Cody, Nebraska
 On point left shoulder.
 Also on point left shoulder
 Also on left shoulder
 Same on left hip

CHAMBERLAIN & CO
 Postoffice address
 Brownlee, Neb
 Branded on either
 side same as on cut
 also — both jaws

J. C. Trowbridge
 Merriman, Neb
 Range between Irwin
 and Merriman,
 south of railroad

Hugh Bovill, Manager
 Merriman Neb
 Also
 All on left side or
 hip
 Range north of El

Charlotte E. Bovill
 Merriman Neb
 Left side or hip
 Range north of El

B. B. Teeters Bros.
 Newton, Neb.
 Horses same on
 left side as
 Range between the
 Gordon and the
 Snake

PROGRAM.
 First Day--Wednesday, June 14
 No. 1—Purse \$20. Quarter mile dash. Money divided. First \$15.00; second \$3.00; third \$2.00. For ponies under 14 hands and 1 in No. 2—Purse \$60.00. Half mile and repeat. Money divided. First \$44.00; second \$10.00; third \$6.00.
 No. 3—Purse \$40.00. Six hundred yard dash. Money divided. First \$25.00; second \$10.00; third \$5.00.

Second Day--Thursday, June 15
 No. 4—Purse \$40.00. Six hundred yard dash. Money divided. First \$25.00; second \$10.00; third \$5.00. For ponies under fourteen hands and one inch, and two-year old colts.
 No. 5—Purse \$40.00. Half mile dash. Money divided. First \$25.00; second \$10.00; third \$5.00. For county horses only.
 No. 6—Purse \$35.00. Quarter mile dash. Money divided. First \$25.00; second \$10.00.

Third Day--Friday, June 16
 No. 7—Purse \$40.00. Three quarter mile dash. Money divided. First \$25.00; second \$10.00; third \$5.00.
 No. 8—Purse \$50.00. Half mile and repeat. Money divided. First \$35.00; second \$10.00; third \$5.00. The winner of race No. 5 to carry fifteen pounds extra in this race.
 Consolation Race.—No. 9—Purse \$35.00. Half mile dash. Money divided. First \$20.00; second \$10.00; third \$5.00. Free for all horses that have started at this meeting, and have won no money.

Conditions.
 Western Turf Congress Rules and Weights to govern. Ponies will carry same weight as 2-year olds. Five to enter and three to start. Entrance fee, 10 per cent of purse in all races but No. 9, "Consolation Race," entrance free. Entries will close at 8 o'clock, night before each race, except No. 9. Races free for all except No. 2. W. E. Haley, Clerk of the course; Geo. Elliott, Treasurer; C. H. Thompson, W. Francke, Clarence Walcott, race and managing committee.

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