
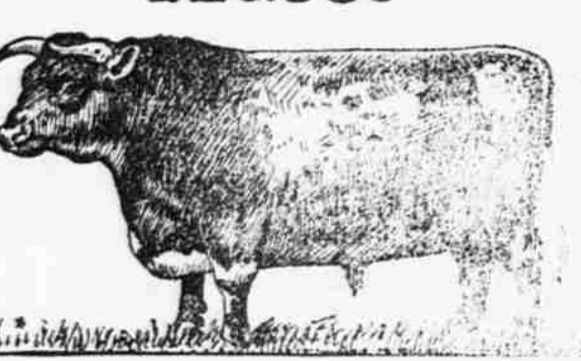


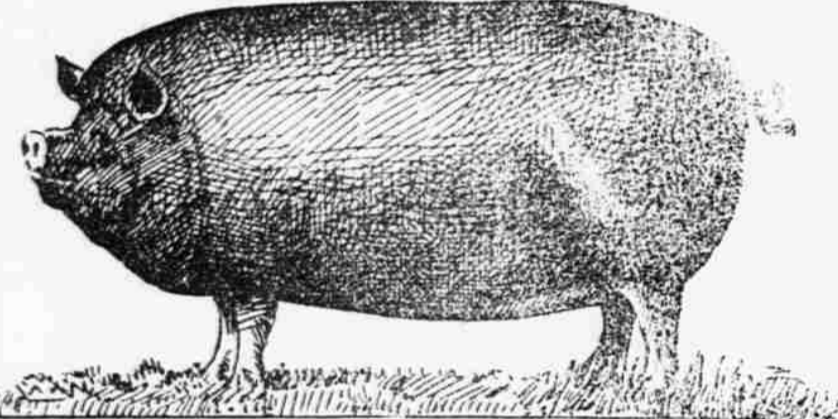
LIVE STOCK RECEIPTS - OMAHA
1897.



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AVERAGE DAILY RECEIPTS 5300 HOGS - 2750 CATTLE 2600 SWINE
DAILY SLAUGHTERING CAPACITY 17500 " 10000 " 8000
DAILY CAPACITY U.S. YARDS 25000 " 15000 " 20000

WOOD BROTHERS
LIVE STOCK AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS
SOUTH OMAHA AND CHICAGO.
WALTER E. WOOD, Cattle Salesman. HENRY C. LEFLER, Hog Salesman
WE FURNISH MARKET REPORTS FREE OF EXPENSE.
Write to us. Write to us.

MALLORY, SON & ZIMMERMAN CO.
INCORPORATED. ESTABLISHED 1862.
CHICAGO, ILL. SIOUX CITY, IA. ST. JOSEPH, MO. SD. ST. PAUL, MINN.
LIVE STOCK COMMISSION MERCHANTS
ROOMS 130-132 AND 134 NEW EXCHANGE BUILDING SOUTH OMAHA, NEBRASKA
JOHN L. CARSON, Financial Manager. D. B. OLNEY, Cattle Salesman.
J. M. COOK, Hog Salesman. J. A. MCINTYRE, Hog Salesman.
C. A. CALDWELL, Cashier.

COX, JONES & COX
LIVE STOCK COMMISSION MERCHANTS
SOUTH OMAHA, NEBRASKA
Room 108 Exchange Bldg.
References: UNION STOCK YARDS NATIONAL BANK PACKERS' NATIONAL BANK Telephone 141
We have a large clientele among Nebraska feeders and can always meet Omaha prices to Ranch customers IF NOTIFIED BEFORE SHIPMENT.

FLATO COMMISSION COMPANY
LIVE STOCK SALESMEN AND BROKERS
Capital \$100,000.00
Directors: E. W. FLATO, JR., President. PAUL FLATO, Vice President. J. C. DAHLMAN, Secretary. JOHN D. SEITZ. ED. H. RIED.
Salesmen: ED. H. RIED, Cattle Salesman. JIM S. HORN, Hog Salesman. E. W. CARLOW, Hog Salesman. HUGH HITCOCK, Sheep. JOHN P. CLARY, Cashier
SOUTH OMAHA, NEBRASKA
Correspondents: U. S. FLATO COMMISSION COMPANY Capital \$500,000.00
CHICAGO. KANSAS CITY. ST. LOUIS

A Few Facts For Cattle Dealers.
It has been repeatedly demonstrated in the past that
SIOUX CITY IA.
Stands at top as a market for Range Feeders
You can satisfy yourself as to the truth of that statement by comparing the sales at Sioux City, last year, with those at any other competitive market. You can also ask your neighbors who have sold cattle at Sioux City. This year Sioux City is in the field for fat cattle as well as for range. The great beef slaughtering plant of the God of Packing is ready for business.
The capacity of the Stock Yards has been greatly increased and you will find excellent facilities for handling your business.
No charge if your cattle are not sold on our market.
The Sioux City Stock Yards Co.
JOHN H. KEENE, General Manager.

It being definitely settled that a republican will be chosen to succeed Wm. V. Allen as United States Senator, we have the pleasure of suggesting our fellow townsman, Hon. E. K. Valentine, for this succession. Judge Valentine has been a resident of Nebraska since its territorial days and has at all times been closely identified with the growth and prosperity of the state. He served three terms in congress, one term as district judge, and has held many other important trusts always filling them with ability and satisfaction to the people.—West Point Republican.

Under a new law in Michigan the county officers are required to make a report to the state capitol of all divorces granted during the year. The record for 1897, the first year of the new law, is now fairly complete. It shows that 1,656 divorces were granted, about one-third being for desertion, the same for cruelty, and 6.3 per cent of the whole for drunkenness. The number of children concerned was 1,833, not a large number in view of the fact that the average duration of these unhappy marriages was 10.7 years. The plan of making these statistics easily accessible by states will direct public attention more strongly than ever toward this great and apparently growing defect in our social organization.—State Journal.

The people of South Dakota voted favorably on the constitutional amendment making provision for the use of the initiative and referendum at the election of November 8. This is a step forward in the line of progress, and we hope to see the time when it will be recognized by all the states. It is a principle which has long been recognized by many states in connection with constitutional enactment, and in every instance its use in that connection has been productive of most satisfactory results. The plan, which has been made a part of the constitution of South Dakota, provides that when a particular piece of legislation is demanded by five per cent of the qualified voters of the state, that proposition must be submitted by the legislature to the people at the next ensuing general election. If the majority of the voters approve of the measure it becomes a law. Also, if the legislature passes an act to which there is popular objection, that act must be submitted to the people at the next regular election if petitioned for by five per cent of the qualified voters. If approved by popular vote it stands; otherwise it fails to become a law.

The remark is attributed to the illustrious American Statesman, Daniel Webster, that "banks were the most ingenious device ever invented by the wisdom of man to fertilize the rich man's field with the sweat of the poor man's brow." Whether he was the author of the remark or not it is full of meaning and pregnant with truth. He meant, of course, banks of issue, as it is generally admitted that banks of deposit, discount and exchange, properly regulated, are beneficent institutions. It is claimed by the banking fraternity and their friends that banks cannot live without being allowed the privilege of supplying the currency. In reply to this plea Dana, of the New York Sun, tersely and truthfully says: "Legitimate banking consists in receiving deposits of idle money, discounting commercial paper and dealing in exchange, and if they cannot live on their legitimate business they ought to die." Dana was firm believer in the Democratic doctrine, pronounced by Jefferson that the basis of currency was incidentally in the power of coin gold and silver, and not of paper money, to the exclusion of the other. This is the real contention today between the Democratic and Republican parties. The Democrat claims that if there must be an emergency money to supply a deficiency in the volume of silver and gold it is the duty of Congress to issue, regulate and control it.

The Republican party claims that one of the metals, which has from the beginning of our Government been the companion of gold in performing the world's exchanges, shall be disfranchised, and that associations composed of rich men shall be subsidized to supply an instrument of exchange. The history of banks, from the inauguration of our Civil War to the present hour, shows that they are dangerous institutions. Money is power—capital is selfish, cruel, grasping greedy, avaricious and tyrannical Mr. Garfield truthfully said: "Tell me who furnishes and controls the currency of a country, and I will tell you who governs that country."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

M. L. Hayward will be the next U. S. Senator from Nebraska.

Live Stock Notes.

Some idea of the rise in the value of horses may be gauged by a report sent out from East Buffalo which is to the effect that the light legged kinds, 15.2 to 15.8 hands, 1,025 lbs. to 1,100 lbs., fairly good lookers and with some style and a good road gait, which now sell for around \$300 a pair, could have been bought three years ago for from \$100 to \$150 a pair. Indeed the horses that could be bought in the dullest of the dull times for from \$100 to \$150 a pair were on the average slightly superior to those for which \$300 per pair is readily paid. And even of these, the better trotting sorts supply is short.

There is one point, that is a serious drawback, as yet, to the growing of horses on the range, and that is the colts do not receive the care, attention and feed that they ought to get during their first winter. The trouble is that horses are raised cheaply on the ranges, and they try to raise them too cheap. If, after breeding for the colts with care, and taking pains to see that they are well born, they were allowed to run with the dams until fall and were then taken up and fed and cared for during the winter, it is almost certain that the range horse would be a very different kind of horse from what he is, and would bring a price enough greater to more than compensate for the difference in the two methods of growing him.—Homestead.

Some of our British exchanges are congratulating the cattle breeders of that country upon the fact that the exportation of American cattle to Great Britain during the past twelve months has been conducted at a loss, or at least at a profit so small as to be scarcely worth the trouble and risk which the business involves. While these exports have increased considerably, the prices realized have fallen and are still falling. The London Cable estimates that in round figures the cost of placing on the English market a steer brought from Chicago is 5 pounds sterling, and that if the American exporter is to make a reasonable profit there must be a difference of 3d. to 3 1/2d. per pound between the prices in the two markets, whereas, the difference during the past year has not averaged 2 1/2d. This estimate is confirmatory of the occasional hints dropped by the papers published at the leading stock yards to the effect that the export cattle trade had not been paying during the past year, and that many were shipping largely because they had contracted for vessel space a considerable time in advance, and were obliged to use it.—Homestead.

The Chicago business letter of the National Stockman says:
A Utah cattle company has secured nearly one thousand Nevada cattle to be fattened at the company's yards at the sugar factory on pulp from the sugar beets mixed with a small amount of alfalfa. This beef is sometimes call sugar beef, and it sells at retail a cent a pound higher than the grass or corn fattened steers. Sugar beef pulp imparts an easily discerned flavor to the beef and one that no other feed can give.

A great deal of money is being loaned throughout the west to stockmen, and cattle paper was never before so popular with money lenders as at the present time. No such loans are made, so far as is known, at less than 6 percent, and no loans, it is safe to say, have been made for less than the legal rate of interest in the state where the money was loaned. Not long ago one of the largest ranchmen in the country, who had been a successful ranchman for 20 years, and had been in the business of buying and selling cattle since he was 17 years old, was driven from his property by a settler who had secured a loan of \$10,000 from a money lender, and had used the same to purchase the ranchman's stock, and had driven him from his property by a settler who had secured a loan of \$10,000 from a money lender, and had used the same to purchase the ranchman's stock, and had driven him from his property.

Only 25,487 head of cattle were exported from this country during October, against 28,607 in the same month last year. For the first ten months of 1898 the exports amounted to 3,082,275 cattle, against 3,009,034 for the same portion of 1897. The cattle export business has been in an unsatisfactory condition for some months past, and exporters have lost money. The drought forced great numbers of immature cattle in England and France on the markets of those countries, and the glut of cattle caused unusually low prices.

CITIZENS - MEAT - MARKET
GEO. G. SCHWALB, PROP.

This market always keeps a supply of
FRESH - FRUIT - AND - GAME
In addition to a first-class line of Steaks, Roasts, Dry Salt Meats, Smoked Hams, Breakfast Bacon and Vegetables
At Stetter's Old Stand on Main Street. VALENTINE, NEBRASKA

THE PALACE SALOON
HEADQUARTERS FOR
WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS
Of the Choicest Brands
VALENTINE NEBRASKA

MRS. HARRIS BOARDING HOUSE AND BAKERY.
Fruits and Confectionery
Meals at all hours.
Price, 25 cent. First door South of Valentine Bank.

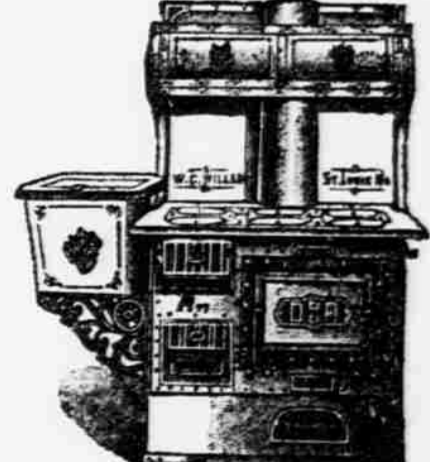
The DONOHER
Is continually adding improvements and it is now the best equipped, and most comfortable
FIRST-CLASS MODERN HOTEL
IN NORTHWEST NEBRASKA
Hot and Cold Water Excellent Bath Room Two Sample Rooms

CHERRY COUNTY BANK
Valentine, Nebraska
Every facility extended customers consistent with conservative banking
Exchange bought and sold. Loans upon good security solicited at reasonable rates. County depository.
E. SPARKS, President CHARLES SPARKS Cashier

C. H. CORNELL, President. M. V. NICHOLSON, Cashier
BANK OF VALENTINE.
Valentine, Nebraska.
A General Banking Business Transacted
Buys and Sells Domestic and Foreign Exchange
Correspondents: Chemical National Bank, New York. First National Bank, Omaha Neb.

Hides Wanted
Highest market price paid and prompt returns. Reference—Omaha National Bank.
F. S. BUSH & COMPANY.
513 South 13th St., OMAHA, NEB
We charge no commission.

J. C. DWYER. E. H. DWYER.
DWYER BROS.
PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS
For the Treatment of Diseases—
All Kinds of Surgical Operations Successfully Performed.
VALENTINE, NEBRASKA



Why pay \$45 to \$60 for a steep range when you can get one for \$25?
Drop a postal to.....
I. H. EMERY, Valentine, Neb

D. C. NELSON
CODY, NEBR.
Has recently started in business and offers bargains to all cash buyers of
Groceries
Corns
Oats
Chopped Feed
Flour
Salt
Glidden Wire, Soft and Hard
Pine, Paints, Oils and all kinds of Ranchers' Supplies
Estray Notice.
Taken up by the undersigned on November 25, 1898, about one mile north of Crookston, one black and white heifer, and one roan heifer, both branded S P on right side back of the hip. The owner is requested to pay charges and take the same home.
W. W. DUNE

Appointment of Administrator.
In the County Court of Cherry County, Nebraska. In the Matter of the Estate of William E. Stansbie, deceased.
Thomas Stansbie having filed in my office a petition praying for the appointment of Charles Lane as administrator of said estate. All persons interested in said estate will take notice that I have fixed Saturday, December 3, 1898, at 10 o'clock a.m. as the time and my office in Valentine, Cherry county, Nebraska, as the place for the hearing of said petition at which time all persons interested in said estate may appear and show cause, if any there be, why such administrator should not be appointed. Witness my hand and seal of the county court this 17th day of November, 1898.
W. K. TOWNSE, County Judge
SEAL F. M. Walcott, Atty. for Petitioner.

Estray Notice.
Taken up October 8, 1898, ten miles south of Cody, Nebraska, out white cow branded 13 on left side and one red calf with no brand.
Taken up by
GEORGE BARNES

Ladies' and gent's summer shoes at
W. W. DUNE.