

ELECTRIC FLASHES

NEWS FROM ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD.

DUE TO INTENSE HEAT

MANY DEATHS THROUGHOUT THE COUNTRY.

Wave of Torrid Weather Extends from Pittsburg to Kansas City, and from Chicago South—Mercury Has Registered Close to 100 Degrees.

Many Heat Fatalities.
The wave of torrid weather which the central states sweated last week showed no abatement Sunday. From Pittsburg to Kansas City, and from Chicago south cloudless skies and a blazing sun left a record of prostrations and deaths which has seldom been equaled for the early days of July. Throughout the entire district the mercury registered close to 100 degrees in the shade during the day, and the number of prostrations ran into the hundreds. Cincinnati, with a maximum temperature of 98 degrees, showed the highest death rate, fourteen deaths resulting out of a total of fifty prostrations, but there were many fatal cases at other points. In Chicago the mercury registered close to 90 for the greater part of the day, and there were over a score of prostrations. Two men were killed by the heat and several other cases are critical. At Cleveland five deaths have been reported.

GOMEZ IS ALL RIGHT.

Head of the Cuban Army Is Neither Dead Nor Wounded.

Private advices direct from Maximo Gomez's general headquarters in western Camaguey, reaching Havana via Placetas and Sancti Spiritus, flatly contradict recent Spanish official reports alleging that the Cuban general in chief was either wounded or killed. It was Jose Maria Gomez, the Cuban who commands the Sancti Spiritus division, not Maximo, whose horse was killed in an engagement near Placetas a fortnight ago. Laeret, commanding patriot reinforcements from the east, crossed Weyler's central trench on the night of June 28, and has since joined Maximo Gomez north of Arroyo Blanco. Gen. Carrillo recently attacked Mayajigua, a Spanish outpost, near Remedios, and blew up the forts, looted government stores and burned the town.

Spaniards are enraged because the American authorities released the Danubius at Florida. Official newspapers in Havana demand that Madrid make a prompt protest, and take energetic steps to force the American government to punish violators of anti-filibustering laws, make an apology, pay reasonable indemnity, and accept full responsibility for future Cuban expeditions allowed to leave American waters.

CHICAGO ROAD RACE.

Nearly Five Hundred Riders Contest for the Prizes.

The second annual road race of the South Side Cycling Club (Chicago) was held Monday over the Pullman course, the start being made from the corner of Jackson Street and Michigan Avenue, out through Washington Park, down the historic Midway Plaisance, through Washington Park, thence south to the village of Pullman. The field was the largest that ever started in a western race, nearly all of the 47 entries starting. Carl A. Anderson, seven-minute man, won; time, 49:30; R. W. Merrill, six minutes, second; Chas. Terryberg, six minutes, third. The time prize lists followed Fred Nelson, scratch, and W. J. Bolstad, two minutes. Time, 40:30.

CYCLONE AND CLOUDBURST

Two People Hurt and Much Damage Done at Barnum, Minn.

Dispatches state that a cyclone, followed by a cloudburst, passed south of Barnum, Minn., Saturday. The Moose River rose rapidly, and inside of five hours the water was three feet deep in every house on level ground and Main Street was a raging torrent. Every bridge in town was washed away and streets ruined. Three houses were blown away. Mrs. J. Murphy was seriously and her husband fatally injured. The village has asked the government for aid. The St. Paul and Duluth lost a number of bridges and several miles of track. Great quantities of logs were washed away.

Play a Neat Trick on the Mob.

Ras Brown, the negro who was announced was lynched near Villa Ridge, Mo., Saturday night, is alive. After capturing him, the men took him into the woods, supposedly to lynch him. Instead they turned the negro over to the deputy sheriffs, and returning to town, gave out the lynching story. This allayed the excitement and prevented the formation of a mob. In the meantime the negro was kept hidden. At midnight he was taken quietly to Union, the county seat, and placed in jail to await trial.

Wealthy Man Suicides.

Hardin Parish, 60 years old, who arrived in Saratoga, N. Y., from New York city last Thursday, was found dead in his bedroom Monday morning. He had committed suicide with a revolver. Mr. Parish has for many years lived in Indianapolis, and is said to have been one of the wealthiest men of that city.

Stabbed for a Bunch of Bananas.

In a quarrel over a bunch of bananas John Shank, a prominent resident of South Bend, Ind., was twice stabbed by Charles Lennox, a well known citizen. It is believed the wounds will not prove fatal. Lennox is in jail to await the result of the wounds.

Explosion in Chicago.

Fireworks and gasoline were combined in an explosion which blew out the front of the building at 5613 Jefferson Avenue, Chicago, Sunday night. Four persons were badly injured.

PARDON FOR THE YOUNGERS

Efforts to Secure Freedom for the Famous Outlaws.

The effort to secure the pardon of the Younger boys for the part they took in the famous Northfield raid of a score of years ago made by the James gang has taken such shape that it is to be formally brought before the Minnesota state board of pardons at its meeting on July 12. Cole and Jim Younger have served twenty-one years in the penitentiary at Stillwater—a period as long as the average life sentence, and powerful influence in their behalf is to be exerted. Cole is 53 and Jim is 49. In anticipation of the effort for a pardon, Cole has decided to break his silence and reserve on the subject of the raid steadily maintained ever since his capture, and will make a statement before the board. He will disclose the part he and Jim played in the raid and attempt to show that the blood of Cashier Heywood is not on his hands.

Their friends seem to be legion and very influential. The petition is signed by nearly all the members of congress from Missouri, senators and ex-senators, the legislature of that state almost to a man, judges of the supreme court, governor and ex-governors, and a host of prominent citizens throughout the state having no affiliation with politics. More than that, leading residents of Missouri have declared their willingness to sign a bond to the amount of a million dollars, if necessary, guaranteeing that the Youngers will conduct themselves as honest men and good citizens during the balance of their lives.

SHERMAN TO SALISBURY.

Sharp Note Said to Have Been Sent on the Seal Question.

The Washington correspondent of a Chicago daily asserts that official correspondence is about to be submitted to congress which includes a dispatch sent by Secretary Sherman to Ambassador Hay dated May 19, for submission to Lord Salisbury, intimating that England has been guilty of bad faith in carrying on the terms of the Paris seal award. The correspondent says:

"There is no doubt that the publication of this dispatch will cause resentment in England. It was really the work of Mr. Foster and Mr. Hamlin jointly. I learn that the administration is very proud of the dispatch, and believe that it will be received in the United States with the same popular approval as greeted Mr. Olney's Venezuela dispatch. Lord Salisbury has not yet replied."

RENOUNCES THE WORLD.

Beautiful California Heiress to Become a Sister of Mercy.

Miss Katherine Mosher of San Francisco, has entered her novitiate as a member of the Order of Sisters of Mercy of the Roman Catholic Church. The young lady who thus renounces the world is but 26 years of age, and is handsome, accomplished, traveled and an heiress. Her father is Leo Mosher, owner of large property interests in St. Louis and worth \$1,000,000. Katherine is the only child. Her father was strongly opposed to the action of his daughter. She was formerly a society belle of St. Louis and a graduate of Loretto Academy. She has devoted large sums to charity in the past. Bishop Montgomery of Los Angeles, performed the ceremony.

JUMPS TO DEATH.

A Young Englishman Leaps from Brooklyn Bridge.

Capt. K. C. Keeble, aged 32, an Englishman by birth and formerly a sergeant in Coxey's army, eluded the vigilance of the police and jumped from the Brooklyn (N. Y.) bridge Sunday. He leaped feet foremost, his body making two complete revolutions before it reached the water, 140 feet below. He struck with a splash, disappearing, and was not seen afterward. Keeble took the fatal leap in a sweater with the arms cut off, drawers reaching only to the knees and a pair of high laced shoes. He was the twenty-third man to make the foolhardy experiment of jumping from the bridge.

BREAKS PACKING RECORD.

Kansas City Has Killed Over 1,500,000 Hogs Since January 1.

Kansas City packers have broken all records in the first half of 1897. This is the record for six months ending June 30: Hogs killed, 1,585,000; cattle killed, 412,000; sheep killed, 470,000. These figures indicate an increased slaughter of 357,000 hogs, 43,000 cattle and 106,000 sheep over the first half of 1896. This enlargement of the packing business is said by packers and live stock men to be the result of the increased supply of live stock in Kansas City territory. The extensions of trade receipts in stock at the Kansas City yards for the month of June were record breakers all around.

Monument to Brigham Young.

The corner stone of the proposed monument in honor of Brigham Young and the pioneers, to be erected at the intersection of Main and South Temple streets, Salt Lake City, Utah, was laid with appropriate ceremonies. The oration was by A. D. Richards with remarks by Gov. Wells and Mayor Glendenning. President Woodruff deposited the leaden box with a copy of the oration and other souvenirs, and the stone was laid by the Hon. Brigham Young.

Suicide Is Kept Secret for a Time.

Alvin Dillaway, son of President C. O. Dillaway of the Mechanics' National Bank of Boston, committed suicide Friday by poison. The family kept the fact a secret all day. In competitive examination young Dillaway secured an appointment to West Point, but was expelled for a breach of rules before his course was completed.

Fatal Boiler Explosion.

Three boilers at the salt works of Beck & Co., at Allegheny, Pa., exploded Monday morning. Two were killed and one badly injured. The dead are Andy Pienger and George Krouse. The plant was wrecked and set on fire.

Nothing will upbraid you like unused faculties.

MINERS' STRIKE IS ON

ITS SUCCESS DEPENDS ON THE PITTSBURG DISTRICT.

News of the Annexation Treaty Received with Great Joy in Hawaii—Prominent A. P. A. Weds a Roman Catholic in Ohio.

Miners on a Strike.

A dispatch from Pittsburg, Pa., July 5 says: The success of the struggle for higher wages in five states depends on the miners in the Pittsburg district. If they fail to refrain from working the movement will be a failure. Fully 100 mines were represented at the miners' convention on Saturday by seventy-five delegates. This is a larger attendance than at any convention since the great strike of 1894. The resolution adopted was strong enough for emergency. A resolution was also adopted requesting Gov. Hastings to sign the weighing and coal commission bills which passed the legislature and are now before him.

One of the significant points about the convention Saturday was the fact that no representatives were present from the mines where ironclad contracts and signed agreements exist.

A strong effort is being made to get the co-operation of the river miners in the coming fight. The operators are making no efforts to conciliate the miners. Not an operator can be found who will not say that the miners are entitled to what they demand, 69 cents a ton. No effort will be made to operate the mines unless it should be the river mines, hence no trouble is anticipated.

The officials of the United Mine Workers of the Pittsburg district held a meeting Sunday and heard reports from various parts of the district. Each of these indicated that the men would quit work. The question of securing sustenance for the vast army of idle men is the most serious question confronting the officials. The organization has no money in its treasury. The miners have been unable to save anything and only those who have little garden patches will be able to live independently during the cessation of work.

A. P. A. WEDS A CATHOLIC.

Member of the Ohio "Inner Circle" Astonishes His Brethren.

Monday evening a wedding took place at Toledo, Ohio, that caused a genuine sensation in A. P. A. circles. The contracting parties were Joseph D. Batch, charter member of Council No. 2, A. P. A., and of the order of Zondiacs, commonly called the "Inner Circle," present state secretary of the A. P. A. order, and Miss Tessa Cracknell, a pronounced and devout Roman Catholic. Rev. Father Barry of the Church of the Good Shepherd performed the ceremony. The groom says he will resign his position as state secretary of the A. P. A. and will withdraw from the local council.

REJOICING IN HAWAII.

News of the Annexation Treaty Received with Joy.

At the time the steamer Warrimoo left Honolulu, the Hawaiian capital had only received news that the United States annexation treaty had been sent to the senate. The Honolulu Bulletin, in commenting editorially on the matter, says that the republican senators have forced the annexation issue as the only means to defeat the rapacious schemes of the sugar trust. The very idea of annexation, however caused a great celebration among the people, a good many of whom summed up the situation as being one for America or Japan to grasp.

Girl Says She Was Hypnotized.

Miss Katie Burridge, whose sensational and clandestine marriage to Thomas R. Milliken, while both the young people were visiting at Crawfordville, Ind., last Tuesday, caused a great stir in Hamilton, Ohio, has made a most sensational and startling statement. She says that young Milliken possesses strong hypnotic power over her, and that she has no recollection of the marriage ceremony beyond a dim impression of ascending the court house steps at Crawfordville and affixing her signature to some document. She says she will never live with him and that she didn't want to marry him.

Has 242 Living Descendants.

Mary Baker, the oldest person in Cass County, Illinois, has celebrated her 97th birthday. Her health is good and she enjoys the use of her faculties to a remarkable extent. Her descendants number six children, fifty-nine grandchildren, 160 great grandchildren and twenty-seven great-great-grandchildren, or a total of 242 living children. She hopes to reach the hundredth milestone.

Mullan to Be Dismissed.

Dismissal from the naval service is the penalty imposed by the court which recently tried Commander Dennis W. Mullan. He was charged with neglect of duty while in command of the Pensacola navy yard. He is best known in connection with the Samoan disaster, at which time he was in command of the third-rate United States steamship Nipsic.

Hard on Montanans.

The law prohibiting gambling in Montana, which went into effect July 1 is being universally observed. The law even prohibits the shaking of dice for drinks, and, according to the attorney general's construction, match playing cards for prizes in social gatherings is unlawful.

Snow in Colorado.

The Fourth of July season was appropriately inaugurated in Leadville, Colo., Sunday morning by a severe snowstorm. At 2:15 a. m., heavy snow began falling and the ground was covered to the depth of an inch. Snow also fell at Gunnison, Telluride and Creede.

Weekly Bank Statement.

The New York weekly bank statement shows a reserve decrease of \$7,854,000. The banks now hold \$41,353,000 in excess of the legal requirements.

NEW EVIDENCE IN GOULD CASE

Woman Will Testify that Jay Did Not Marry Sarah Ann Angell.

A new phase in the suit for dower against the Jay Gould estate entered by Sarah Ann Angell, who claimed to be the millionaire's widow, was brought to light the other day in New York. The suit hinges on proof of the marriage to Jay Gould, which it is alleged, took place in April, 1853. Miss Angell says there was a son born of this union. Joseph Wilcox, a lawyer, who has been retained by the Gould estate, has discovered a woman who knows something of Jay Gould's early life. She is expected to testify at the hearing, set down for September, that the alleged marriage to Miss Angell never took place. This witness for the defense is Elizabeth Choate, 78 years old, now staying with James Peck, a son by her former husband, 633 Newark Avenue, Jersey City. She is said to be the only witness so far secured who can testify in rebuttal. She is the only former resident of Roxbury, Delaware County, who knows anything of Jay Gould's former life.

While in Roxbury Mrs. Choate was a school teacher, then unmarried. Her name was Redwick. Young Jay at that time lived with an uncle in Roxbury and attended Mrs. Choate's school. She says she knew him well, and saw him almost every day from his 5th to his 17th year.

Mrs. Choate is confident that up to his 25th year Jay Gould was unmarried. The marriage, she says, would hardly have been kept secret, because of Jay Gould's well-known trait of truthfulness.

GUNS MADE OF SOLID STEEL

Test Soon to Be Made at Government Expense.

A unique weapon of modern warfare is to be turned out in Cleveland, Ohio. It is the first solid steel breechloading gun ever made for the United States government and will be manufactured by the Otis Steel Company. The gun will be of 8-inch bore, 23 feet long, and weighs 25 tons. Guns have heretofore been made in sections.

This new process of manufacture in a single casting is the invention of the famous Dr. Gatling. He secured a government appropriation of \$40,000 for the manufacture of a test gun and awarded the contract to the Otis people.

The government is going to buy 1,200 new mortars at a cost of \$5,500,000, and they may be built in Cleveland if the test is a success.

To Kidnap a Cattle King.

S. W. Widdle of Bakersfield, Cal., general superintendent for "Cattle King" Henry Miller, is authority for the statement that three ranch hands conspired to kidnap Miller on one of his periodical visits to the ranch, and after compelling him to sign a check for \$25,000, hold him while one of the trio cashed it. They intended to escape into Mexico with their plunder. This plot was to have been carried into effect last week, when Miller visited the ranch, but as Widdle accompanied him unexpectedly the kidnapers decided to wait for a more favorable opportunity.

Linton Defeats Stocks.

Twenty thousand spectators witnessed the splendid race between Tom Linton and J. W. Stocks, the bicyclists, at the Velodrome de la Dore, Paris, Sunday. The distance was fifty kilometres (about thirty-one miles). Linton won by half a lap in 61:23:5.

New Orleans Bankers Sent Up.

Ex-President Henry Gardes and ex-Cashier Walter W. Girault were each sentenced at New Orleans Saturday to eight years in the federal penitentiary. They were recently convicted of wrecking the American National Bank.

Charles R. Fleiselman Pardoned.

President McKinley has pardoned Chas. R. Fleiselman, sentenced in Milwaukee five years imprisonment in the Illinois House of Correction on Dec. 8 last, for embezzling the funds of the National Bank of Illinois at Chicago.

Ex-Gov. John Evans Dead.

John Evans, one of the foremost citizens of Denver, Colo., since 1862, when he was appointed governor of the territory of Colorado by President Lincoln, died at 4:30 Saturday afternoon. He was 83 years old last March.

MARKET QUOTATIONS

Chicago—Cattle, common to prime, \$3.50 to \$5.25; hogs, shipping grades, \$3.00 to \$3.75; sheep, fair to choice, \$2.00 to \$4.00; wheat, No. 2 red, 68c to 70c; corn, No. 2, 24c to 25c; oats, No. 2, 17c to 18c; rye, No. 2, 33c to 35c; butter, creamery, 14c to 15c; eggs, fresh, 8c to 9c; new potatoes, 80c to 90c per bushel; broom corn, common growth to choice green hurl, \$2.50 to \$7.00 per ton.

Indianapolis—Cattle, shipping, \$3.00 to \$5.00; hogs, choice light, \$3.00 to \$3.75; sheep, common to choice, \$3.00 to \$3.75; wheat, No. 2, 74c to 76c; corn, No. 2 white, 26c to 28c; oats, No. 2 white, 20c to 22c.

St. Louis—Cattle, \$3.00 to \$5.00; hogs, \$3.00 to \$3.75; sheep, \$3.00 to \$4.00; wheat, No. 2, 75c to 76c; corn, No. 2 yellow, 22c to 23c; oats, No. 2 white, 17c to 18c; rye, No. 2, 31c to 33c.

Cincinnati—Cattle, \$2.50 to \$5.00; hogs, \$3.00 to \$3.75; sheep, \$2.50 to \$3.75; wheat, No. 2, 78c to 80c; corn, No. 2 mixed, 26c to 27c; oats, No. 2 mixed, 21c to 22c; rye, No. 2, 35c to 36c.

Detroit—Cattle, \$2.50 to \$5.25; hogs, \$3.00 to \$3.75; sheep, \$2.50 to \$4.00; wheat, No. 2, 76c to 78c; corn, No. 2 yellow, 26c to 28c; oats, No. 2 white, 22c to 23c; rye, 35c to 36c.

Buffalo—Cattle, \$2.50 to \$5.25; hogs, \$3.00 to \$3.75; sheep, \$3.00 to \$4.50; wheat, No. 2 red, 82c to 84c; corn, No. 2 yellow, 28c to 30c; oats, No. 2 white, 24c to 26c.

New York—Cattle, \$3.00 to \$5.50; hogs, \$3.50 to \$4.50; sheep, \$3.00 to \$4.75; wheat, No. 2 red, 75c to 77c; corn, No. 2 28c to 30c; oats, No. 2 white, 21c to 23c; butter, creamery, 11c to 16c; eggs, West ern, 13c to 14c.

WORK OF CONGRESS

THE WEEK'S DOINGS IN SENATE AND HOUSE.

A Comprehensive Digest of the Proceedings in the Legislative Chambers at Washington—Matters that Concern the People.

Lawmakers at Labor.

The Senate Friday completed the wool schedule, the silk schedule and the tobacco schedule of the tariff bill, and with this accomplished the tariff leaders had the satisfaction of knowing that all the schedules of the bill and the free list had been gone over once. There now remains only to go through the bill a second time, passing on the items passed over. These are very numerous and important, including hides, gloves, coal, tea and beer. After that the internal revenue features of the bill will be all that remains. Progress was rapid, although every paragraph relating to carpets was stubbornly contested.

An abrupt and startling halt in the tariff debate occurred in the Senate at 2:30 o'clock Saturday, when, in the midst of a passionate speech, Senator Pettigrew, silver Republican of South Dakota, was stricken with paralysis of the vocal cords, which brought his vehement speech to a close with a sentence half uttered. The Senator was not physically incapacitated, except in the sudden loss of the power of speech. On motion of Mr. Platt of Connecticut of the Finance Committee fuller's earth, wrought or manufactured, was added to paragraph 38 at \$3 a ton. This precipitated a lively controversy between Mr. Platt and Mr. Pettigrew (silver Republican) of South Dakota, which came to an impressive climax when Mr. Pettigrew was overcome in the midst of a vehement speech. The debate proceeded, but no further progress on the tariff bill was made, and the awe-like feeling occasioned by this incident led to an adjournment at 3 o'clock.

The Senate made good progress on the tariff bill Monday, disposing of the paragraphs relating to hides, which have been the source of much controversy. As finally agreed on hides is placed at 20 per cent. ad valorem in place of 14 cents per pound, as originally reported by the Finance Committee. The discussion drifted into a general debate on trusts and from that back to the sugar trust.

Mr. Smith of New Jersey spoke against the duty on hides, while Mr. Allen of Nebraska supported the duty. The new paragraph was agreed to, 39-20, one Democrat, Rawlins of Utah, and several Populists and silver Republicans voting with the Republicans in the affirmative.

Among other paragraphs disposed of were all those relating to gloves, a substitute for the paragraph on live animals, iron ore and stained glass windows. The resolution authorizing the President to invite foreign governments to participate in the trans-Mississippi exposition at Omaha was agreed to soon after the Senate opened.

Several hundred pension bills were reported to the Senate Tuesday as the result of the first meeting of the Pension Committee since the present Congress assembled. Three general pension bills were included, two of them amending the law of 1830, and another referring to proof in pension cases. The tariff bill was then taken up, and the paragraph 189 relating to watch movements, clocks, etc., perfected by striking out the clauses on watches and on jewels for making watches and confining the paragraph to porcelain. Expenses were changed to 7 cents per cubic foot in barrels and packages and 87 per thousand in bulk. The committee rates on lead ore (14 cents a pound) were agreed to, 30 to 23. Messrs. Heitfeld, Mantle and Teller voted with the Republicans in the affirmative and Mr. Allen with the Democrats in the negative.

As a result of the rapid work on the tariff bill Wednesday the close of the long debate in the Senate and the final vote on the bill is felt to be very near at hand. Two of the most important provisions—those relating to the Hawaiian treaty of reciprocity and the duty on coal—were perfected, while another source of much conflict, the reciprocity section, was matured by the Finance Committee and presented to the Senate. Aside from these larger items a great many minor ones which have caused more or less conflict were disposed of. The Hawaiian provision of the House bill was restored after brief debate and without the formality of a vote. This has the effect of leaving the Hawaiian treaty of reciprocity in full force and effect. During the day Mr. Turpie of Indiana spoke in support of the amendment for a 2 per cent. tax on inheritances. His speech was notable for the picturesque metaphors and the violence of his denunciation of the pending bill.

The principal obstacle to the successful production of jute in the Southern States is the expense of decortication but if the machine recently patented by a French resident of Cuba shall accomplish what is claimed for it the problem is solved, and this country may profit by the introduction of another great industry. The fiber to be decorticated is, of course, carried by an endless apron to the rolls, which act as crushers, and which may be adjusted at any desired distance apart by guide plates, which also support the fiber while it is being decorticated by a series of rotary brushes, which are cleaned when necessary by combs connected with the machine.

Decortivating Machine.

Lamps.

A lamp, said to be the largest in the world, has been invented by a Belgian. It is six feet in height, and three feet ten inches in diameter. Lard oil is burnt in it, and so strong is its light that it is possible to read at a distance of 600 feet away from it. This "Great Eastern" of lamps is composed of 3,000 pieces.

Strange Worship.

In London is a sect which keeps up the worship of the Greek divinities, keeping alive all the rituals with which the numerous Olympian hierarchy was of old wont to be invoked and propitiated. At the same time there is a small select order in Paris which worships the devil, erecting shrines to the arch enemy and atters lit with his own fire. The balance sheets of both societies show that they are in a prosperous condition.

LEAGUE OF REPUBLICAN CLUBS

Annual Convention Held at Omaha June 29.

The State League of Republican Clubs held its annual convention at Boyd's Theater, Omaha, June 29. The following officers were elected for the ensuing year: President, Charles E. Winter of Omaha; vice president, Brad Slaughter of Lincoln; secretary, Ed. J. Mock of Alma; treasurer, P. J. Hall of Saunders County.

Phil E. Winter read the report of the committee on resolutions. It declared the determination to keep up the fight for sound money and a protective tariff until Nebraska was brought back into the Republican column; endorsed the administration of President McKinley; complimented Senator Thurston and Congressman Mercer and Strode; declared for equal punishment of great and small offenders and stringent accountability for every public trust. It denounced the action of the fusion legislature in amending the members from Douglas County and for endeavoring to seat two judges by fraud; it closed with an instruction binding the delegates to the national convention to use their best efforts to bring the 1898 convention to Omaha. The report was adopted.

The following persons were elected delegates at large to represent the state at the national convention in Detroit: First district, E. P. Brown of Lincoln; Second district, Chas. J. Greene of Omaha; Third district, J. M. Shively of Fremont; Fourth district, W. H. Edgar of Beatrice; Fifth district, M. A. Hartigan of Hastings; Sixth district, L. A. Dorrington of Chadron.

The list of district delegates is as follows:

First District—E. F. Warren of Oloof County, A. J. Cornish of Lancaster, A. J. Wright of Johnson, A. C. Wright of Cass.

Second District—E. J. Cornish, W. F. Gurley and James Walsh of Douglas, W. J. Cook of Washington.

Third District—L. H. Reynolds of Merriek, D. A. Witte of Thurston, Frank Nelson of Knox, Fred Sonnenschein of Cumby.

Fourth District—Frank J. Sadilek of Saline, E. H. Henshaw of Jefferson, L. E. Ost of Seward, J. B. Conaway of York.

Fifth District—S. A. Searle of Nuckolls, F. P. Covee of Hall, M. C. King of Clay, John J. Lambertson of Red Willow.

Sixth District—R. H. Jenness of Holt, Henry Gibbons of Buffalo, C. F. Selawson of Lincoln, E. B. Penney of Dawson.

NORTH NEBRASKA VETERANS

Soldiers' and Sailors' Reunion to Be Held at Bordeaux in July.

The eleventh annual reunion of the soldiers and sailors of northwestern Nebraska will be held at Bordeaux, a small station east of Chadron, on the 11th, 12th, 13th and 14th of July. The camping grounds are among the best in the state, and S. C. Ferguson, adjutant, and W. E. Pease, commander, expect it to exceed in both attendance and general enjoyment any of the former very successful reunions held by this association. Department Commander John A. Ehrardt and Adjutant General P. H. Barry will be in attendance as well as several state officers.

Tests His New Balloon.

Prof. William Winteringer of Hartington made his first ascent in a balloon constructed by himself last week. There was a perfect calm and the balloon being well filled when cut loose from its moorings shot far into the heavens. After sailing for a quarter of a mile the professor cut loose his parachute, making a beautiful drop from the clouds.

Badly Hurt in a Runaway.

Mrs. T. J. Chopin, living eight miles north of North Bend, in company with her two sons, was driving to a neighbor's when the horse took fright at some object, throwing them out of the buggy. Mrs. Chopin had the scalp torn from her head. The oldest boy was so dazed that he wandered all night in a corn field before being found.

Paying Money to the Depositors.

Thomas Murley, receiver of the Commercial Bank at Weeping Water, has applied for an order from the district judge to pay another dividend amounting to 70 per cent. This will make a total of 70 per cent. the bank has paid. The depositors believe they will receive nearly all of their money on final settlement.

High Water Takes Out a Mill Dam.

During a severe electrical storm a cloudburst raised the South Loup River about five miles above Callaway, washing away bridges, tearing out banks and almost completely sweeping away the big mill dam at Callaway. The rainfall is reported as high as five inches in some localities.

Rats are Troublesome in Pender.