



islative action this year." This is needed, the engineer said, so matching allocation. Ress said if Nebraska want-

ed to take advantage of all available federal aid, it would contracts every week of the year. This would compare with the

weekly average of the past two years of \$500,000.

The matter of roads in general will get sharp attention during this session. A bill has been introduced that would require a state maintained road to any city or village located within five miles of a state highway. Sen. Frank Nelson of O'Neill introduced this bill, which would apply to any town having a post office, a school and at least one

church. This has been interpreted as a move to get back on the highway system maintained by the state, some 900 miles removed by the 1955 Legislature.

The appearance of the federal highway administrator, John A. Volpe, before the Legislature, added impetus to the matter of more money to match federal aid.

Nebraska, Volpe said, will have to raise additional road revenue to match all available federal aid funds.

Said the administrator: "This probably could be accomplished by a one cent increase in the present six cent gas tax, or by a re-assignment of the present tax revenues now allocated to local governments, or by some combination of both."

But, Volpe hastened to add, "I do not intend to tell the Nebraska Legislature what taxes it should impose to raise the highway improvement funds which will be needed.

"The subject does not invite ready-made answers."

roads than Nebraska.

he commented. Volpe said Nebraska must eau.

al funds. He called for long-range high- Medical Association.

senators who feel that any in- higher salary. be coupled with a longer range formed by businessmen of the

program. Now, Nebraska lays out road construction programs on a two-

tains he did not shoot the quail from a public highway and that Nebraska can meet federal aid all the fuss was the result of grudges within the department. He said he did not know of

Steen's action beforehand. Steen has issued several statehave to award \$927,000 worth of ments defending his action and stating that the filing of the original charge was "persecution and now prosecution."

"In addition," he said, "there is grave doubt that proper legal grounds ever existed for filing this complaint. Under these circumstances, it is proposed that we crucify a fellow-citizen in the name of justice." The director had one final word today: That he doesn't believe will swallow what they are being told that they cannot have

legislation and progress they need because, at the very worst, Mel Steen made a mistake."

Polio Final tabulations from the State Health Department on the incidence of Polio in Nebraska in 1956 are encouraging, officials said.

Al Rouse, director of the state polio division, said the number of polio cases in 1956 was reduced by 33 per cent from 1955

and 75 per cent from 1954. Rouse reported 186 cases in 1956 as compared with 277 in 1955 and 721 in 1954.

Kimball County got hit the hardest in 1956-reporting 31 cases, or an attack rate of 700 per 100,000 population. This normally is considered epidemic proportions by public health officials, he said.

Rouse said the rate of paralytic cases in 1956 was cut by 14 per cent from 1955. In 1956. he said, 38 per cent of the cases were in persons over 20 years old.

Bradley Quits

Only seven states, he said, Sidney R. Bradley, assistant have more mileage of rural chief of the Nebraska Resources Division, has taken a posi-"You have a real problem," tion as executive director of the Des Moines, Iowa, industrial bur-

raise an additional \$5 million Bradley has been with the Neto \$6 million yearly to take prop- braska division since 1953, server advantage of available feder- ing before that as executive assistant of the Nebraska State

way planning. This thinking is The assistant director said he the same as that of some state changed positions because of a crease in road revenue should The Des Moines group was

city to attract new industry.

There has been talk in the Necessary Before Legislature of not only a seven cent gasoline tax, but two cents Buying Hybrid Seed above the regular rate for LINCOLN - Hybrid sorghum trucks only. Also being discuss- growers should take two preed is a higher fee for diesel cautions before buying seed: fuel. Diesel fuel now is taxed 1. Know the man where you at the same rate as gasoline. buy the seed. 2. Be sure the seed is a var-

Robertson Case

iety adapted to your area. State Game Commission offi- John Furrer, extension agrocials are casting anzious eyes nomist at the University of Neat the Nebraska Legislature. braska college of agriculture, The reason is the commission comments that peddlers often atwants more money to operate tempt to sell seed in Nebraska during the 1957-59 biennium. But which is not adapted or is conthe case of Don Robertson taminated.

