

Journal Ration Guide

GROCERIES: Get token supplies from banks, beginning February 17. **RESTAURANTS and HOTELS:** Restaurants and hotels must register on R-1307 Supplement during January. Forms at Local Boards.

SUGAR: Sugar Stamp No. 39 on last page of War Ration Book IV good for five pounds of sugar thru March 31.

PROCESSED FOODS: Green stamp G, H and J are good to February 20, 1944. K, L, and M from February 1 to the March 20.

MEATS and FATS: Brown stamps V, W, and X in War Ration Book III good to February 26. Y good until March 20. Z becomes good February 20, 1944.

Farmers must collect ration points for all rationed meats—including farm-slaughtered pork—sold to friends, neighbors, or anyone else.

SHOES: Two ration stamps are good for the purchase of shoes for an indefinite period. Stamp No. 18 in War Ration Book I and Aeroplane stamp No. 1 in War Ration Book III. Only stamps attached to ration books will be accepted by dealers. LOOSE stamps are not good!

GASOLINE: B-1 and C-1 coupons good for two gallons each. B-2 and C-2 coupons good for five gallons each. Endorse your coupons! Truck operators not having their first quarter 1944 rations must contact ODT Office.

Any person selling or trading his car or truck is required to return unused rations to Local Board and get duplicate receipt.

Farmers must file all non-highway gasoline applications with their Triple A office.

TIRE INSPECTIONS:
(1) "A" book holders, every 6 months, deadline March 31, 1944.
(2) "B" book holders, every 4 months, deadline February 28, 1944.
(3) "C" book holders, every 3 months, deadline February 29, 1944.
(4) "TT" book holders, every 6 months, or 5,000 miles.

FUEL OIL: Period 2 coupons not good after February 7. Period 4 and 5 good February 8. Period 3 coupons valid for use through March 13. One-unit coupons good for 10 gallons. Five-unit coupons good for 50 gallons. Coupons with encircled figures are worth that figure in gallons and valid for use through September 29.

STOVE RATIONING: Consumers must now have Purchase Certificate Form R-901 to buy rationed heating and cooking stoves. Quotas are small except for coal and wood heating stoves. Purchase of unrationed used stoves is urged.

USED OIL BURNING HEATING STOVES: Persons contemplating buying used oil burning heating stove should consult Ration Board before doing so as they may be ineligible to secure fuel oil or kerosene for operation of the stove.

LUGGAGE: All luggage sold after December 1 must carry a tag showing ceiling price. This applies to non-leather as well as leather.

PRICE
BUTTER: Priced on percentage markup basis. Nebraska maximum for 90 score butter in pound and half-pound cartons, 49c lb.

EGGS & EGG PRODUCTS: Under price ceilings at retail and wholesale. Hatching eggs exempt.

FRESH VEGETABLES: Tomatoes, green and wax snap beans, carrots, cabbages, apples, potatoes, onions, peas, lettuce and spinach, peppers, eggplant and cucumbers priced on percentage mark-up basis.

PORK, BEEF, MUTTON AND SAUSAGE: Effective February 1, new specific dollars and cents posters should be posted in all stores.

USED MECHANICAL Refrigerators: MPR 139.

USED domestic washing machines: MPR 372.

USED Bed Springs: MPR 380.

Covers sales at all levels including dealers and individuals; also sales by auctioneer. Copies of regulation and prices may be obtained from local rationing board.

CERTAIN USED CONSUMERS Durable goods: MPR 429 effective September 1, 1943, covers 15 kinds of furniture, bedding, stoves, floor coverings, household sewing machines. Extends the coverage of auctioneers to all sales whether made for the account of a householder or not.

POPCORN: Effective December 24, popcorn was placed under price control. Prices set are 3.68 cwt for unshelled and \$6 for shelled unprocessed popcorn.

Washington Report

By Howard Buffett

Those praying for world peace might study William Penn's treaty with the Indians. He said to them, "The Great Spirit, who made me and you who rules the heavens and the earth, and who knows the innermost thoughts of men, knows that I and my Friends have a hearty desire to live in peace and friendship with you. It is not our custom to use hostile weapons against our fellow men, for which reasons we have come unarmed."

The foregoing approach to a treaty sounds impractical doesn't it? But the great French philosopher, Voltaire, says, "This was the only treaty in history never sworn to and never broken." As a result Penn's Friends go to yearly meetings in Philadelphia often left their children in care of the Indians. The actual treaty was recorded on a wampum belt with a picture portraying brotherhood.

"The blame for the danger to world peace lies not in the world population but in the political leaders of that population," said Franklin Roosevelt on Dec. 28, 1933. According to this statement, permanent peace depends on the peoples of the world regaining control from the political leaders. The history books don't record many political leaders who have voluntarily given up the control and power entrusted to them.

Congressional roll-calls on a hotly-fought issue are existing. While the reading clerk calls out the names of members, individual congressmen are often busily keeping score of the ayes and noes. These members who do not answer the first roll-call get a second chance as the clerk calls the names of those unrecorded the first time around.

The next time a bureaucrat steps up to you and says, "You can't do that. It's against the law," he is probably in error. Not on the "You can't do that" part, but on the part about the law. What you would be violating is probably one of the 20,625 administrative, executive orders, permits, interpretations, etc., issued during the year 1943. During the same period only 219 laws were enacted by congress.

"It is of the essence of war that the evils that you seek to destroy by it are not destroyed, but enter your own lives and souls." The longer the war lasts, the more doubtful become the fruits of victory. There are too many Americans, civilian and military, for whom this truth has been obscured by war time gains, either in importance or income.

A few days ago it was my privilege to visit with four Americans who had spent many months in China. One of them returned on the Gripsholm after 30 years teaching in the Orient. All were agreed that the only things that "counted" in China were "money and force." The signs are multiplying that "money and force" are dominating society in other places than China. Unless we can reestablish righteousness and justice, "money and force" will be all that "counts" in America.

Lieutenant Wiles Here

Second Lieutenant Stephen G. Wiles, who was commissioned on February 5th at Fort Belvoir, Virginia, is home for a visit with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Guy H. Wiles, as well as with the other relatives and friends. Lt. Wiles is a grandson of Mrs. Anna Wiles and Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Gopen, Sr.

Home from California

Pfc. John Bauer arrived Sunday from the west coast where he has been for some time in training. He has been in desert maneuvers in the west and is now ready for new assignments. This is his first visit home since leaving Alabama and was one that is being enjoyed by all of the family and old friends.

ALL OUT FOR VICTORY

The government is asking you to store your winter supply of Coal NOW to save transportation for war material later on. So see us now for your next Winter's Coal.

E. J. RICHEY
Lumber — Coal Phone 128

Catholic Soldiers Agree Bombing Of Monastery Needed

Many Say Should Have Been Done Earlier to Save Lives of American Soldiers

With the Fifth Army in Italy, Feb. 16, (UP)—Catholic soldiers who had watched waves of American bombers batter the Monte Cassino monastery, agreed unanimously today that the life of one American doughboy was worth all the churches in Europe.

While they deplored the loss of an historic shrine, they complained that the air and artillery attacks on the ancient structure had not been started soon enough.

"It has been there for centuries, but that was three weeks too long, because we've lost lots of American lives in the last 21 days," said one sad-faced Catholic private, Vincent Zavada, of Bayonne, N. J.

Among hundreds of soldiers who stood on the slopes on the eastern side of the Rapido river and watched waves of Flying Fortresses and medium bombers hurl ton after ton of high explosives into the monastery, there was none who failed to realize the necessity for the bombing.

The aerial assault, combined with heavy artillery fire, left the structure "badly upturn," one reconnaissance pilot reported, with tons of stone from the strong eastern wall tumbled onto German pillboxes and bunkers.

Many German soldiers, who manned the guns when the nazis converted the monastery into a fortress, were believed buried in the debris. Some returning pilots said they were unable to sight any movements around the abbey after the attacks.

(The Transocean news agency broadcast from Rome that flames had broken out in the ruins and that firefighting was unable to cope with the blaze.)

Despite the apparent complete loss of christianity's oldest shrine, the Catholic American soldiers agreed it was better to sacrifice a building than the lives of doughboys who had fought valiantly for three weeks to skirt the mount in hopes of sparing the monastery.

That was the comment of T/4 Edward Majsterski, Minneapolis, and Pfc. Francis O'Neil, Hiteman, Iowa, but Pvt. Carl Wright, Miami, Fla., another Catholic, was bitter because the allies waited so long.

"We should have blown it to hell six weeks ago," he said. Corp. Abdon Natalini, of Brooklyn, was not worried about the loss of a church, but rather about the monks that lived there.

"However," he added, "I can't see our boys getting slaughtered in order to protect a building." Pvt. Whitney Viehnair, a Catholic from New Orleans, La., said:

"It's just one of those things. If the Jerries fight from a monastery, then there is nothing else for us to do except get the monastery along with the Germans."

Our boys must keep on fighting—we must keep on buying WAR BONDS until victory is won. Keep on BACKING THE ATTACK.

To the People of this Community

A SACRED DUTY

You should be your own best salesman of Extra War Bonds. Here's why: 1. The series "E" bond is designed especially for you, the average investor, with \$18.75 to \$750 to loan Uncle Sam to keep backing the attack on your Axis enemies.

2. War Bonds are the best investment in the world. An \$18.75 "E" Bond bought now will increase in ten years to \$25. A \$37.50 Bond becomes \$50, a \$75 Bond \$100, and so on up to the \$750 Bond, which will return you \$1,000 at maturity.

Why should you buy "E" bonds? The purchase of War Bonds is one of the most sacred duties of every American today. Your "E" Bonds back the attack by providing the guns and tanks and planes and bullets for men on the battle lines. Your Bonds are helping to check wartime inflation by draining off excess spending power. Finally, your bonds will provide you with a backlog of savings for the rainy days after the war.

How many "E" Bonds should you buy? As many as you can afford and then some. A soldier doesn't ask how long he should fight.

E. J. RICHEY
Lumber — Coal Phone 128

University and Funds

Most serious problem facing the University of Nebraska is that of finding funds to maintain the high relative standing of the University among other state universities of its class. Chancellor C. S. Boucher said Tuesday night in a radio interview marking the 75th anniversary of the University's founding.

The chancellor was interviewed by Justice Adolph E. Wenke of the state supreme court, president of the university alumni association, in a broadcast made available to all Nebraska radio stations.

"For a period of too many years the University of Nebraska has had a program too extensive for the amount of money that has been available for its support," the chancellor said.

"Though some parts of this extensive program are today at a relatively high level of performance, other parts, because of insufficient resources, have been unable to keep abreast of rising standards of performance in institutions of our type and size."

Chancellor Boucher and Justice Wenke agreed that the problem confronting the University can be summed up as offering one of two courses:

1. Continuing the present program and keeping it up to creditable standards only with a material increase in appropriations.
2. Reducing the scope of activities to the extent necessary to enable the University to operate creditably within the limits of its resources.

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Committee OK's Supply Bill For Civilian Activity

Washington, Feb. 15, (UP)—The House Appropriations committee today approved a war department civil function supply bill calling for expenditures of \$111,477,979 on flood control and other civil projects during the fiscal year beginning July 1.

The total included \$86,911,440 in new appropriations—the exact amount requested by President Roosevelt in his budget message. The remainder represented reappropriations of previous authorized but unobligated funds.

The \$23,666,539 is reappropriated funds was \$3,008,450 more than contemplated by the budget bureau.

The committee said it authorized the increase for important and necessary advanced planning of flood control work.

The committee at the same time recommended repeal of \$43,957,572 in other unexpended balances of previous appropriations for projects suspended for the duration.

The committee made public the war departments tentative allocation of \$25,000,000 for flood control work during the year beginning July 1st in the Mississippi river and its tributaries.

In the general flood control program no new projects would be started, the work being limited to those projects which have been completed or upon which work was suspended.

The projects involved for the funds allocated for maintenance expenditures in the 1945 fiscal year of \$50,000 or more, includes:

Missouri river basin: Harlan County, Nebraska reservoir, \$75,000; Missouri River, Sioux City, Ia., to Kansas City, Mo., \$50,000.

The war department estimated that maintenance costs of river and harbor projects during the year beginning July 1, will total \$28,332,000. Among the major projects maintenance costs were:

Missouri river, Kansas City to mouth, \$1,700,000; Missouri river, Kansas City, Mo., to Sioux City, Ia., \$1,200,000.

Finland Seems To Have Contacted Russia On Peace

Preliminary Peace Feelers Reported in Swedish Circles—Reds Want New Government

Stockholm, Feb. 15, (UP)—Finland has established an indirect contact with Russia for preliminary peace feelers, unofficial but well informed Finnish sources reported today.

It was possible that a Russian already has met with a Finn to discuss Helsinki's desire to end the conflict, but if so, neither of them was a government official. It was considered likely that some third party, such as an American or Swedish official, acted as a messenger in the preliminary exchange.

The Russians were understood to have sought to learn what the Finns were up to in the current peace maneuvers. The Finns reportedly replied they were ready to discuss terms for an armistice, although naturally no details of their conditions were mentioned.

(A London Daily Telegraph dispatch from Stockholm, quoting "two independent usually reliable sources," said the minimum soviet terms to Finland would include a return to the 1940 border with a slight modification in Russia's favor, occupation of all large Finnish towns with Finnish administration maintained, and a reshuffle of the cabinet at Helsinki to eliminate anti-Russian members.

(The Express said that while the terms were unconfirmed, it was believed Finland was ready to accept them if an agreement could be reached regarding a cabinet reshuffle and disposition of the German troops now stationed in the country).

Now in England

Mrs. Howard Schwenneker has received word from her husband, Cpl. Schwenneker, that he is now in England with the American armed forces. He finds the country very interesting but would prefer Cass county.

Spends Sunday Here

Judge A. H. Duxbury of the U. S. Veterans Administration, was down from Lincoln Sunday to visit Mrs. Duxbury and the family over the week end. Judge Duxbury likes his work very much altho the demands on the administration are fast growing as new war veterans are returned home.

Card of Thanks

To the many friends who were so thoughtful of me during my recent illness, I wish to take this means of expressing my deepest appreciation. I especially desire to thank my co-workers of the Norfolk Packing Company for their gifts and wish it were possible to thank each one of you personally.

Mrs. Joseph Kenka

Returns to Duty

Staff Sgt. Dale Nearhood left for Butner, North Carolina, Monday evening after enjoying a fine time at home and with friends. It is going on three years since he went into the service of Uncle Sam.

On Sunday, Sgt. Nearhood, his mother, Mrs. Anna Nearhood, and Mrs. Herma Hough were at Murray dinner. They report a great deal of snow on the fields.

BOMB FRENCH COAST

London, Feb. 15, (UP)—Liberator bombers of the U. S. Eighth air force led American and allied planes of all types in a widespread attack on the Pas de Calais strip of the French invasion coast today.

Royal air force Pathfinders escorted the Liberators in the raid on the unidentified German military targets scattered along the French coast across the narrowest part of the channel. American Marauders and British Mitchells and Bostons joined in the attack together with the RAF Typhoon fighter bombers.

The Marauder medium bombers were accompanied by British, Canadian and allied fighters.

BACK THE ATTACK WITH BONDS



IT'S IN THE AIR. You can feel it, every time the Axis is struck. This is the climax year, the year of decision.

In history, 1944 will be the big year of the war—every stroke for victory counts more now. That's why it's vitally important for every American to beat his post, doing his part right now.

You, personally, have an important job in winning the war—buying War Bonds. It's not glamorous—no, not even a sacrifice, really, because you are only lending your money, to be returned with interest. But it is essential to complete victory.

Your part in this year of decision is at least one extra \$100 Bond, above your regular Bond buying. That is your minimum individual quota. But don't stop there. Remember wars are won only by all-out effort. So buy \$200, \$300, \$500 worth—buy more than you can afford. And buy your Bonds where you work—at the plant or at the office.

Your country is counting on you—let's make the year of decision OUR year!



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Let's All BACK THE ATTACK!

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