



SPRING Toggery!

Well We Guess Yes!!

OUR NEW SPRING LINE of Mens' and Boys' Clothing, consisting of a fine line of the VERY LATEST STYLES in SUITS, SHOES and FURNISHINGS, is now on hand and ready for your inspection.

Our Line of Trunks and

VALISES is most complete and if in need of anything of that nature you can't mistake if you come here.

Come In and LOOK

at the different lines, even if you are not ready to buy.



Makers Well Pharma & Co. Chicago

Wahl & Parchen

Instructions Concerning Pickle Growing

READ CAREFULLY—Good corn ground is good pickle ground. The richer the better. It will pay to plow under a thick coat of manure the previous fall; but hill fertilizing is best if properly done. Put the manure into deep furrows and cover well with mellow soil upon which 10 to 12 seeds should be placed and covered not over one and one-half inches with mellow dirt. Be sure to have all of the manure well covered to prevent drying out. If ground is not fall plowed it should be plowed in the spring when in the right condition to stir well, then be cultivated occasionally till time for planting when it should be clean and in good mellow condition. Too much stress cannot be laid upon the richness of the soil and a thorough preparation, for which your reward will be a bountiful harvest. As many as five hundred bushels have been grown on one acre.

Plant from 1st to 10th of June, when bugs do not trouble. Mark the ground about 3 1/2 feet one way and 7 feet the other, having the wide rows run the way you want to go in picking. Cultivate both ways the same as with corn, and when the vines are 6 to 8 inches high hoe out any weeds in hill and thin out plants, leaving four of the best in a hill. It is a common error to make machinery do all the work. There is not an acre of corn grown which if hoed by hand, at least once, would not make abundant returns for the labor. Use your hoe.

When you begin to pick be careful not to step on the vines and remember you do not lose anything by picking small pickles, even as small as one inch long, for several more will start for every one you pick, and the more you pick the more bushels they will bear. When you see a two-inch pickle pick it, for it will be too large next time. Do not expect everything that grows to make pickles. Knots, chunks and yellow ones will not and are not figured in your estimated yield. Vines should be picked every 36 hours; therefore when possible pick over greater part of the patch on Saturday and Monday; if growing rapidly better pick every day. Do not hold pickles over Sunday.

The pickles must be thoroughly sorted and put in clean sack before delivering. Good pickles four inches long and under, picked so as to count not less than seven hundred to the bushel, are of first grade and worth fifty cents per bushel of fifty pounds. Those not soft, seedy, chunky or yellowish that will count not less than 250 to the bushel and do not exceed 5 inches in length are second grade and worth fifteen cents per bushel. Beyond these two grades there is no commercial value as pickles.

The profit in pickle raising is in the first grade, and by thorough, careful work in picking there need be but a few of the second grade and practically none of the third. The plant vitality required to grow fifty bushels of second grade, netting the producer \$7.50, will easily produce one hundred and fifty bushels of first grade, netting \$75.00. Draw your own conclusions as to which pays. One large pickle, if left to grow, uses up so much vitality of the vine as to prevent others from setting, hence it is of the utmost importance that all large pickles should be at once removed. The growth of the large pickle seriously interferes both with the setting of other pickles, as well as their development into a merchantable article.

The Leo. Cider and Vinegar Co. wants to buy a large quantity of Cucumbers for the purpose of making pickles.

We understand the same lawyers will be retained, and a good hard fought battle will result.—Pawnee Chief.

Amazing Bloodless Cures

As great as were recent cures in Europe they are greater in America today. The cure of Rupture and other diseases without the knife is now an accomplished fact as can be proved by the German Specialists, of Council Bluffs, Iowa.

With special instruments used by no other doctor they can diagnose diseases so accurately that patients are astonished, especially because they do not ask a single question in finding the cause of diseases.

The validity of their claims can be tested by all who write for appointment card. Their ad stating time to cure various diseases appears elsewhere in this paper.

Lally Held For Killing.

James Lally has been held to the criminal court by Justice Mitchell, on the charge of killing Herbert Jordan, the Seneca, Kas., newspaper man on February 14. Jordan was shot down at night on the street, and from behind. Lally is known to have had a real estate deal on with Jordan.

A Card

This is to certify that all druggists are authorized to refund your money if Foley's Honey and Tar fails to cure your cough or cold. It stops the cough, heals the lungs and prevents serious results from a cold. Cures lagrippe, coughs and prevents pneumonia and consumption. Contains no harmful drugs and is in a yellow package. Refuse substitutes. Kerr's Pharmacy.

Farmers:

Our goods need no introduction as they have been handled in this city for years, and as to quality they are the

Best Money Can Buy

The guarantee on every piece of machinery is backed up by the manufacturers and by **Werner, Mosiman & Company.**

Our stock of goods is new and the latest models. A close inspection will convince you. YOU are cordially invited to come in and see us, whether you buy or not.

Remember, we carry the

Largest Stock of Implements

Buggies, Wagons, Engines, Windmills and Lightning Rods in the city.

We can save you money on any of the above mentioned goods.

Werner, Mosiman AND COMPANY

Food For Thought

A new enemy has arisen to fight the prohibitionists. This is the federation of liquor dealers which has recently been planned, and which is to have its headquarters at Chicago. Heretofore all that the prohibitionists had to contend with was the apathy of the masses of the people, supplemented by the platonic opposition of the persons in each of the big parties who objected to "sumptuary legislation." But now they will have to fight men whose financial interests are assailed by the cold water wave which is sweeping over the country. Every organization which is connected, directly or indirectly, with the liquor trade is to unite in the aggregation of societies which is arranging to do battle with the prohibitionists. Here is a fight which may create a new political party. The federation of liquor societies represents, it is said, an investment of \$3,350,000,000, which pays licenses of one sort and another amounting to \$268,000,000 annually, and which pays a yearly tax of over \$70,000,000. On the rolls of the federation are said to be 1,200,000 voters. As this is a larger poll than any of the prohibition leaders have been claiming for 1908, it is plain that the federation could put up a hard fight, if it should stick together. The federation already has affiliated societies in 28 states, and it says it will cover the other 18 states before the national conventions of the great political parties meet. Thus a new element of interest will be injected into the politics of 1908. The convention of the political prohibitionists will meet in Columbus, Ohio, on July 15, and if their opponents intend to put up a fight as a separate organization in the political field they may be relied on to select a ticket soon afterward. Heretofore there has been a steady gain in the vote of the big parties, except that there was a slight decline in 1900 and 1904 from the combined total of the first Bryan canvass of 1906. But with the prohibitionists, the liquor interests, the socialists and Hearst's new national party cutting into the vote of the great organizations, the combined republican-democratic total of 1908 may drop to a lower level than has recently been touched. Incidentally, this ought to draw out a larger aggregate vote than has ever yet been polled.—Acheson Globe.

Give Him A Chance.

Don't let the boy have to ask, or, worse yet, tease, for every cent of spending money. Every child should contribute his share to the work of the farm, simply because it is right, and by no means should he expect pay for doing his duty. However, to cultivate a spirit of thrift and independence, the orphan lamb, the pet pig, or a few hens, may well be made the property of the small boy, and any money accruing therefrom, his also. The larger boy may cultivate a parcel of the farm (small or large, according to circumstances) on shares, with results satisfactory to father and son alike. It will be found that the average boy will be as careful and wise in expending his own money as his father's money.—Philadelphia Farm Journal.

Frank Granted New Trial.

The motion for a new trial in the case wherein Ernest Frank was convicted of manslaughter, at the February term of the district court, came up for hearing before Judge Raper Wednesday.

The counsel for the defense asked that a new trial be granted on the grounds of insufficient evidence, improper evidence, faulty instructions to the jury and other reasons, and the judge after listening to the arguments took the matter under advisement until the following day when he sustained the motion, and the case will be tried anew at the next jury session of the court.

Bold Robbery.

Shirley & Buerstetta's clothing store was entered Wednesday night by some unknown person or persons and a quantity of clothing stolen. The robbery was not discovered until the following morning when a party coming up from the depot found a glove with the trade mark of Shirley & Buerstetta upon it, and returned it to the proprietors, an investigation followed and it was found that about fifteen overcoats were missing, twenty hats and a number of shirts, ties and smaller articles of apparel had been confiscated, the loss amounting to near three hundred dollars. It is presumed that the thief entered with a pass key, secured the loot and left town during the night. The detective force in Lincoln and surrounding cities and towns were notified of the theft, but so far no clue of the burglary has been obtained. A similar robbery was reported in Table Rock recently, about fifty pairs of shoes being stolen from a shoe dealer of that city, the empty boxes were replaced on the shelves after the shoes had been removed, and thus so cleverly hid their theft, that the guilty parties are still at large.—Humboldt Standard.

A Big Farmer.

David Rankin, the big millionaire farmer at Tarkio, Mo., farms nearly 26,000 acres of land and his men plow 2,500 acres of corn a day. He sells no corn, feeds it all. He says he owes much of the millions he has made to the republican party—that the things contended for and gained by republicans have increased the value of his land and products. He says he lost money under democratic rule but made \$100,000 the first year after Cleveland quit.—Hawatha World.

A New Appendicitis Cure

If a newly discovered cure for appendicitis turns out to be as certain as it appears to be the knife of the surgeon will soon have lost another of its uses and humanity may keep possession of its appendices forever.

By pure accident Dr. Archibald of this city has discovered that appendicitis yields to the application of the X-ray pretty nearly as quickly as mists are dissipated by the sun. He declares he has cured many cases in his private practice and today announced his discovery publicly and offered to prove his cure before any clinic of medical experts in the country.

When a case of appendicitis comes into Dr. Archibald's office the physician does not sharpen up his cutlery and begin making incisions to take the appendix away. All he does is to sit his patient down in front of a Roentgen machine. Then he trains the powerfully penetrating ray upon the sore spot. The swelling goes down at once and the excruciating pain stops short.

And 5 or 6 days later, after from 4 to 6 applications the cure is al-

ways complete, Dr. Archibald says.

"The new cure is so childishly simple that I never would have come upon it except by the merest luck," the physician said. "It is nothing more or less than the process of bombarding the congestion about the appendix with violent electric rays and a high frequency current. The treatment causes the blood to return to the central circulation system, the congestion departs from the simple reason that the cause of the congestion has been removed—and that's the end of the appendicitis."

Remember that when the Stomach nerves fail or weaken, Dyspepsia or Indigestion must always follow. But, strengthen these same weak inside nerves with Dr. Shoop's Restorative, and then see how quickly health will again return. Weak Heart and Kidney nerves can also be strengthened with the Restorative, where Heart pains, palpitation, or Kidney weakness is found. Don't drug the stomach, nor stimulate the heart or kidneys. That is wrong. Go to the cause of these ailments. Strengthen these weak inside nerves with Dr. Shoop's Restorative and get well. A simple, single test will surely tell. Sold by all dealers.

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