

**Market Letter.**

Stock Yards, Kansas City, Mo. Monday February, 5 1906. A smaller run of cattle last week at the principal markets, together with the belief that the supply of short steers is getting short, caused buyers to trade more live, and benefitted prices 15 to 25 cents on fed steers. Stockers and feeders also improve, as better outlook in fat steers stimulated country buying. Cows and butcher stuff were already at a point higher relatively than beef steers, and this class lost 5 to 10 cents during the week, in the general balancing up of the situation.

Supply of cattle here today is 11,000 head, against 12,000 last Monday. Chicago reports the big run of 31,000 cattle, market 10 lower, and prices here will be steady to a shade lower. The cold snappy weather this week will help the market, as the mild weather has been a drawback to the retail butcher trade all winter. People naturally eat less meat when the weather is warm, and besides, the hens had started laying to such an extent that eggs were low enough to be within the reach of all who wanted them. Storage eggs dropped from 18 to 11 cents. Export demand has revived again, three times as many cattle bought here in January for this trade than same month a year ago. Packers here killed 120,000 cattle during January, against 86,000 same month last year, country buyers took 54,000 against 36,000 last year in January. Top beef steers sold last week at \$5.75, bulk of sales \$4.50 to \$5.25, heifer \$3.50 to \$4.50, cows \$3.00 to \$4.00, bulls \$3.00 to \$3.75, feeders \$4.00 to \$4.60, stockers \$3.25 to \$4.25. Hogs advanced 15 to 20 cents last week, and the good market is reflected in heavy receipts all around today. 7000 are offered here, market weak to 5 lower, top \$5.70, bulk of sales \$5.55 to \$5.65, light hogs \$5.60. Receipts last month showed a small increase over January a year ago, but quality is better than then, and prices 60 to 80 cents higher. Demand is strong, and closing markets have been the best each day for a week.

Weakness is the main feature in the mutton market. Big receipts and warm weather were against the market, although steadied down after the middle of last week, and closed the week strong as compared with the worst time. The outlook for a week market today, however, run here 7000 head. Lambs bring \$6.60 to \$7.00 for fair to good ones, yearlings \$5.75 to \$6.25, wethers \$5.40 to \$5.75, ewes \$4.60 to \$5.25, goats \$4.00 to \$4.60.

J. A. RICKART,  
L. S. Correspondents.

Kidney complaint kills more people than any other disease. This is due to the disease being so insidious that it gets a good hold on the system before it is recognized. Foley's Kidney Care will prevent the development of fatal disease if taken in time. For sale at Moore's Pharmacy.

**Public Sale.**

We will sell at public sale Feb. 10, 1906, 50 bred Poland China sows, a 11 guaranteed.—H. C. Wittrock, W. F. Rieschick, H. E. Wyatt. 106-3t

**Notice.**

All accounts due Chicago Lumber & Coal Co under former management if not paid by December 1st will be put in hands of collectors. C. H. Rickards, Manager



These are more McCall Patterns sold in the United States than of any other make of patterns. This is on account of their style, accuracy and simplicity. McCall's Magazine (The Queen of Fashion) has more subscribers than any other Ladies' Magazine. One year's subscription (12 numbers) costs 50 cents. Latest number, 5 cents. Every subscriber gets a McCall's Pattern Free. Subscribe today. Lady Agents Wanted. Handsome premiums of \$100 cash commission. Pattern Catalogue of 5000 dresses and 10000 patterns following (no premium) sent free. Address THE McCALL CO., New York

**AID TO FRIENDLY QUAILS.**

How Farmer Glover Fed a Flock Day After Day for Six Weeks—Never Frightened Them.

One cold morning Farmer Glover stood in the rear of the barn, fork in hand, looking out over the fields, says St. Nicholas. Snowstorm had followed snowstorm, until the stone walls were so covered that the farm seemed like a great field, with here and there a small grove to break the monotony. The cattle had been fed and each animal was munching contentedly at the pile of hay in the sunshine, scattering chaff over the snowy barnyard.

Suddenly, from the light woods near the barn, came a startled "Bob-white!" Immediately there was an answering call from the woods across the fields, and then another and another, and soon a flock of about 20 quail alighted on the ground, two or three roads from where Mr. Glover stood, and began picking up the seeds from the hay which the cattle had strewn over the snow. They scratched about like a flock of hens, and apparently quite as much at home, and chattered away while they worked, after the fashion of tree sparrows in the weeds down by the brook.

Farmer Glover was careful not to frighten his woodland guests, and the next morning he put out wheat for them and threw handfuls of chaff in the hay which the cattle had left. The flock returned again and again, until feeding the quails became as much a part of the day's routine as looking after the hens and turkeys. One cold morning, after they had eaten, the kind-hearted farmer found the whole flock huddled together under the hay, apparently enjoying the warmth. Strange to say, they never come for food when it snows or rains. When they have breakfasted, unless frightened, they usually walk away to their favorite haunts in the grove across the fields. They never alight on the trees, but occasionally perch on the rail fence. Once or twice, when no one was in sight, they came near the house.

For six weeks the quails enjoyed Farmer Glover's bounty. When spring opened the kind-hearted protector met them only in the fields and woods; but whenever bob-white's musical call comes over the summer meadows it brings pleasant memories of those winter breakfasts in the snowy barnyard.

**NEGRO PASTOR LIKED LATIN**

"Aqua Fortis" Used by Colored Parson in Baptism of Several Brethren.

Mose, a Florida negro, adds to his income as guide to sportsmen by ministering to the spiritual needs of a colored congregation of Baptists. He prides himself on his education and on his eloquent oratorical powers, and he never misses an opportunity of impressing his hearers into believing that he is a great Latin scholar, says the Catholic Standard and Times. One evening at a fisherman's camp he listened intently to some sportsmen who were discussing the proper pronunciation of certain Latin words and phrases.

"Please, suh," he finally ventured to ask, "what am de propah meaning of that w'od 'aqua'?"

"Aqua means water," he was answered.

"And what am 'fortis'?"

"Fortis means strong."

"Yes, suh. Thank yo', suh," he replied, edging away after making a polite bow to his informant and then to the camp in general.

The following Sunday Mose presided at a baptizing, and, as usual, electrified his audience with a roaring, eloquent sermon, freely interspersed with Latin (?) words. At last, with a dramatic sweep of his arms toward the river, where a few believers were soon to be immersed, he cried out in stentorian tones:

"Quo Vadis, mah bredren and sistahs? I says onto yo' unless yo be 'marged in de aqua fortis of baptism yo' shall be lost ad infinitum fo' ebah."

**Brandy Furnished.**

In the Belgian parliament, when a member is making a long speech, brandy and water is supplied him at the expense of the government.

**RECLAIMING OLD TOPERS.**

During Drunkenness Without the Patient's Knowledge Has Been Proven a Success.

Can inebriety be cured by suggestion? asks Public Opinion. This is a question which has been asked many times and satisfactorily answered in the affirmative. But the question of practicing suggestion while the patient sleeps is a different proposition, and, therefore, a recent article in the Journal des Debats of Paris is of interest. The experiments in question were conducted by the well-known psychologist, Dr. Paul Farez. "The man under observation refused all offers of treatment, but notwithstanding his refusal, against his will and unknown to him, the man was cured and has remained so for four years. The patient was 25 years of age, married, of sound constitution and average health. He commenced drinking when he was 17 years of age, and his wife had married him in order to reform him. After his marriage, however, he drank as before. His daily ration was two quarts of wine with his meals, and during the day several glasses of brandy, rum, vermouth, absinthe, etc. Ordinarily the man was quiet, but when he had taken more absinthe than usual he became violent, abused his wife, broke everything within reach, and surrendered completely to his frenzy. The day following this delirium the man remembered nothing, but when told of what he had done he wept, promised to become sober, etc. The scenes, however, were soon repeated.

"Dr. Farez decided to try, with the approval of the family of the patient, suggestion during natural sleep. The treatment took place four or five times per week, and, although the patient did not know what was going on, there was slow and steady improvement. The treatment commenced in January. Up to April the man had been intoxicated only three times. In April and May there were no acts of violence; in June and July slight intoxications on two occasions; in August and September a trip to the country, but no wine during this time, only beer. Returning to Paris, the man did not go to a cafe, but drank a little absinthe and less than a quart of absinthe for all of his meals. After a year the only thing taken was a little absinthe on Sunday and Saturday, and from this time the patient has not touched wine and has only taken a little absinthe once or twice a month and at home. He is no longer irritable, but happy and a regular worker. The treatment had to be continued for 18 months, but the result is complete and the patient entirely transformed. He has gained control of his will and is gentle and affectionate."

**ST. PETERSBURG IS CAY.**

With or Without War Employment Goes on in the Russian Capital's Society.

War or no war, the aristocratic Russian pursues his pleasures with an abandonment that speaks of unlimited resources or unlimited recklessness. The pleasures of the table are protracted to an inordinate degree. A lunch, in which the courses are plentifully watered with champagne, will spread itself through the afternoon. You may barely escape at five o'clock, though you began to eat at one. The host never sits down, plying his guest with a succession of good things, liquid and solid. Even the afternoon tea in middle-class circles is a very formidable undertaking. It includes dishes of various sorts, in which meat will certainly figure, and Russian tea, served in a glass with lemon, is but the pale comparison to sparkling champagne. The appearance of the streets tells of wealth, too. No finer equipages exist anywhere than those which, horsed with coal-black steeds, dash at full speed, in lofty disregard for the mere foot passenger, down the central strip of road pavement in the principal "prospects," as the wider streets are designated. Holding the reins in his two hands, with arms out stretched, the driver, medieval in dress, has the summary methods of a Roman charioteer. Indeed, there is something of imperial Rome in the second capital of the czar.

**RARE STAMPS ON LETTERS**

Finds of Value Sometimes Made—Stamps to Look Out For—Advice of a Dealer.

"Never burn up or throw away old letters or papers without first giving them a careful examination," said a Twenty-third street stamp dealer to a New York Sun reporter, "for there's many an apparently worthless piece of paper that bears a stamp which would bring in open market hundreds and maybe thousands of dollars.

"There are plenty of the old postmaster stamps still in existence, for instance, as there were a great many of them originally issued, and it has not been so long ago, say 55 years, when they were in active use. Now, any one of these early issues is worth from \$300 up. Anyone who has access to old correspondence from 1840 to 1865 ought to hunt for such stamps.

"The chief reason why more of these old stamps have not come to light is probably that they have so ordinary and unattractive an appearance that a person not acquainted with their value would not waste a second glance upon them. They were very similar in most cases to the postmaster cancellation marks now in use in the post offices, with the exception that the postmaster was required to sign his name to them.

"The rarest of the whole lot of postmaster issues is the ten-cent Baltimore stamp, with the name of James M. Buchanan. One specimen of this stamp sold for \$4,500, which is the record price for a stamp of the United States issue. There's no reason in the world why there shouldn't be more of these stamps packed away somewhere. In the case of this stamp none of them was used on envelopes, but all on letters.

"The design of the Baltimore stamp is a box made of hairline rule, one and a half inches long and half an inch wide. In the center is the signature, 'James M. Buchanan,' while under the name is the denomination, either five or ten cents. There are two kinds of these stamps, in black or blue. The ten-cent black is the scarcer. "Next to this series probably comes the New Haven stamp, at the bottom of which is the signature of 'E. A. Mitchell, P. M.' In the center is the figure 5 with the word 'Paid' directly underneath. At the top are the words 'Post Office, New Haven, Ct.' The words are all enclosed in a black border with a small curve at the corners."

**PARSON BIRD IN ZEALAND.**

The Tui of That Country Can Talk, Crow and Whistle—Some of Its Customs.

Among the feathered inhabitants of New Zealand there is a bird called the parson bird, or "tui." It is about the size and shape of a blackbird, but has a pair of delicate white tufts at its throat, and is a glossy dark green otherwise, which looks black in the sunshine. It can be taught to crow, to speak, to whistle tunes, and besides these tricks it has a repertoire which is not often equaled by any other feathered songster. At vespers it has a note like the tone of a bell or the clear high note of an organ. It can mimic every bird in the bush to perfection; it will break off in the middle of an exquisite melody and indulge in a strange medley of sounds which are impossible to describe, but if you can imagine "the combination of a cough, a laugh, a sneeze, with the smashing of a pane of glass," it will be some approach to the idea.

The tui nests twice or thrice a year, and has large families. Like the other birds of New Zealand it seems to be unconscious of danger from man. It is a pity that the birds of this island are becoming so scarce, for they speak to us of a time when nature was harmless, when the snake, tigers and falcons did not exist.

**Counsel's Record Fee.**

What is probably a record fee has just been earned by a distinguished counsel in an important colonial arbitration case. The fee paid to the learned counsel was 25,000 guineas. This puts into the shade the 10,000 guineas Mr. Fletcher Moulton received for conducting the case of one of the companies in the Metropolitan Water company's arbitration.

**Burlington Route**

## Irrigated Lands

### A Sure Thing!

**Special Homeseekers' Rates:**—On February 6th and March 6th and 20th the Burlington makes very low excursion rates to the Big Horn Basin, the North Platte Valley and Eastern Colorado.

**Keep Ahead of the Movement:**—The Government work is under full headway towards putting water on two hundred thousand acres of land adjacent to the Burlington road, at an average cost of \$25.00. It is possible today to secure homestead lands along these great ditches, in advance of the water. You can also buy from private concerns, very fine irrigated lands, under a full and permanent water supply, at prices ranging \$25.00 to \$40.00 an acre. The history of western irrigated lands shows that their value has increased over one hundred per cent in the past few years. There are areas of irrigated lands in the west that cannot be bought today for \$300.00 an acre.

**It Will Pay You** to get interested in irrigated land, and to get in touch with the land agents in the North Platte Valley, the Big Horn Basin, the Billings, Montana district or Eastern Colorado. If you will write me for irrigation literature descriptive of any of these localities, I will mail it to you free, together with a list of land agents.

**L. W. WAKELEY, G. A. STEWART,**  
General Passenger Agt. Agent.  
Omaha, Neb.

## REPAIRING.

Having purchased the Jos. Geiger business I am prepared to do all kinds of repairing.

Bring in your work and you will be pleased with the results. I will repair anything from a key to an automobile. Skates sharpened, saws filed, guns, umbrellas, locks, in fact any thing you want repaired you can get done here. Come in and see me.

**Lawrence Christian.**

## FARMERS

Who have the best Orchards and the finest fruits are they who patronize the

**Falls City Nursery.**

Disappointment surely awaits the man that expects to buy anything better than the fruits we offer for this spring's planting. Phone, 218.

**Wm Mohler**

## Cheap Trips Southwest

If you've never been south to Oklahoma, Indian Territory or Texas—there is a treat in store for you. Besides escaping the wintry weather here, a trip now may prove of far greater benefit to you. There are more and better opportunities for making money—for home building, in the Southwest today than anywhere else. You have only to get on the ground to prove this.

**Burlington Bulletin.**

Additional trains to the northwest:—Commencing February 11, two daily trains to Montana, Washington, Puget Sound and Portland, via Billings, Mont., Short Line.

**Special Homeseekers Rates:**—Greatly reduced round trip rates to the North Platte Valley and the Big Horn Basin, February 20th, March 6th and 20th. Less than one fare for the round trip. Low one way and round trip rates to points in the South and Southwest February 20th, March 6th and 20th.

**Colonists Rates:**—Specially low one way colonist rates to points in Colorado, Wyoming, Utah, Montana, Idaho, Oregon, Washington and California, February 15th to April 7th, inclusive.

**Homeseekers' Excursions Rates:**—To points in Montana, Idaho, Oregon, Washington and British Columbia, February 20th and March 6th and 20th.

Send for free folders, descriptive of irrigated lands in the North Platte Valley, the Big Horn Basin, the Billings District and Eastern Colorado. Specify which you want.

To the Sunny South—Winter tourist rates daily until April 30. Return limit June 1st, 1906.

Write me just what trip you have in mind and let me advise you the least cost and the best way to make it.—G. Stewart.  
Agent C. B. & Q. Ry.

L. W. WAKELEY,  
G. P. A., Omaha, 109-4t

**Rates Cheaper Than Ever**

**Feb. 6th and 20th**

**March 6th and 20th**

On above dates most lines will sell both one-way and round trip tickets at exceptionally low rates. If your nearest railroad agent cannot give you the rates, write me for particulars.

If you're in any way interested in the Southwest, I'd like to send you my paper "The Coming Country." Address

**W. S. ST. GEORGE.**  
General Passenger Agent  
550 Wainwright Bldg., St. Louis, Mo.

Tickets are on sale everywhere, via Missouri, Kansas and Texas Railway.

**Stimulation Without Irritation.**

In cases of stomach and liver trouble the proper treatment is to stimulate these organs without irritating them. Orin's Laxative Fruit Syrup aids digestion and stimulates the liver and bowels without irritating these organs like pills or ordinary cathartics. It does not nauseate or grip and is mild and pleasant to take. For sale at Moore's Pharmacy.

Mothers can safely give Foley's Honey and Tar to their children for coughs and colds, for it contains no opiates or other poisons. For sale at Moore's Pharmacy.