

NATIONAL MONEY

REVIEW OF OPERATIONS OF THE TREASURY.

RECEIPTS IN FULL FOR 1904

Only \$8,000,000 Less Than for Calendar Year of 1903—Among Increases in Expenditures Are Navy \$23,000,000 and War \$9,000,000.

WASHINGTON—The treasury department issued a review of treasury operations for the calendar year 1904. The treasury receipts for the calendar year 1904 were \$540,000,000 and the expenditures (including the Panama payment) \$502,000,000, a deficit for the year of \$22,000,000. As compared with the previous calendar year, the receipts show a falling off of \$8,000,000 and the expenditures an increase of \$50,000,000. The decrease in customs receipts was \$9,000,000. Civil and miscellaneous expenditures increased \$15,000,000; war department, \$23,000,000; pensions, \$2,000,000, and interest, \$1,000,000.

The increase in interest is due to the fact that a portion of the interest of 1903 was anticipated in 1902. The figures do not include the postal receipts and expenditures, except that the postal deficit is included in the civil and miscellaneous expenditures.

Imports for the first eleven months of 1904 were \$939,000,000, an increase over the corresponding period of 1903 of \$22,000,000.

Imports free of duty for the same period increased \$42,000,000, while dutiable imports decreased \$20,000,000.

In 1903 43½ per cent of the imports were free of duty, while in 1904 47 per cent were free of duty. Practically the entire increase in free imports was in three articles—coffee, india rubber and raw silk. Although dutiable imports decreased \$20,000,000, raw sugar and wool show increases aggregating \$28,000,000. All other dutiable imports decreased nearly \$50,000,000. Of this decrease \$20,000,000 was in iron and steel.

Other noteworthy features of the treasury transactions in 1904 were the payment out of accumulated surplus of \$50,000,000 for the right-of-way for the Panama canal, the redemption of the outstanding 6 per cent bonds, due February 1, 1904 and the various calls on the national bank depositories for the return of a portion of their public deposits. The redemption of 58 during the calendar year was approximately \$6,000,000. Public funds on deposit with the banks were reduced from \$166,000,000 January 1, 1904, to \$113,000,000 at the close of year. The calls on the banks to mature early in 1895 will further reduce these deposits and replenish the cash in the general fund of the treasury to the extent of \$23,000,000.

The cash in the treasury, exclusive of the gold reserve and gold and silver coin held against outstanding certificates, was \$320,000,000 on January 1, 1904. At the close of the year it was \$240,000,000, a decrease of \$80,000,000 for the year.

GOOD JOB FOR THOMPSON.

Prominent Nebraskan Lands a Place in Mexico.

WASHINGTON—Nebraska is to receive one of the best paying appointments in the diplomatic service.

It was announced at the White house Friday that David E. Thompson of Nebraska, now United States minister to Brazil, will be transferred to the appointment of ambassadorship to Mexico. According to the plan of arrangements, Edwin H. Conger, now minister to China, will soon be transferred to the Mexican ambassadorship to succeed Powell Clayton, who desires to resign at an early time and enter private business pursuits in his home state.

MAJORITY IS DIVIDED.

Colorado Republicans Not Agreed Upon Plan to Reseat Peabody.

DENVER—Very few members of the legislature have yet arrived in the city and whether the plans of William C. Evans and other republican leaders to reseat Governor James Peabody will be advised by a majority of the republican members is still in doubt. The republicans can carry any measure on which they are agreed. There are at least half a dozen candidates for the speakership.

Some republican members known as followers of former United States Senator Edward O. Wolcott have decided that while they do not contemplate a union with the democrats under any consideration, they will oppose vigorously any plan for counting out Adams. The Wolcott republicans say they will go into a party caucus and will agree to abide by the decision of the caucus up to a point where it conflicts with their conscience. They insist that they have always strictly observed party regularity, but when a course is commended that is morally wrong they will not follow it and they will not consider their decision in that regard as "irregular." The plan to seat Governor Peabody, some of them declared, is wrong and no caucus action will bring them to support such action.

The canvass of the votes for state officers is made by the legislature and is not subject to review in the courts.

ADAMS WANTS INVESTIGATION.

Governor-Elect of Colorado Files Petition in Supreme Court.

DENVER—Attorneys Charles S. Thomas and Samuel W. Helford filed a petition in the supreme court Wednesday on behalf of Alva Adams, the democratic governor-elect, asking that either the court or a commission to be appointed by the court shall open all of the 204 ballot boxes used in Denver at the late election and make a thorough examination of their contents. The court decided to hear arguments on the petition later in the day.

"I have no question about my election by substantially the majority represented on the face of the returns," said Governor Adams. "I believe if the frauds in outside counties could be unearthed, my honest majority would amount to 20,000. But I want no tainted seat. It is of far greater importance that the extensive election frauds should be unearthed and punished than that I or any other particular individual should be sworn in as governor. I don't know who committed the alleged frauds in Denver. I know nearly thirty men are in jail, ostensibly for contempt of court, but really charged with election crimes. If they are of the character represented, I feel assured that there are men at liberty far more deserving of jail than those who are incarcerated."

WARSHIPS UNDER ORDERS.

China Will Try to Hold Russian War Vessels in Port.

SHANGHAI—The total has issued strict orders to the commanders of the Chinese warships in the harbors of Woosung and Shanghai to prevent any attempt to escape by the Russian war vessels, the cruiser Askold and the torpedo boat destroyer Grozovoi.

More Chinese cruisers are on the way to Shanghai.

The Askold and the Grozovoi succeeded in reaching Shanghai after the battle between the Russian and Japanese fleets off Port Arthur August 10, and since that time their officers and crew have been interned at Shanghai.

A rumor from Shanghai reached London December 9 that the Askold was coaling and replacing its machinery preparatory to an effort to escape and join the Russian second Pacific squadron.

CAN HOLD ARTHUR

RUSSIAN ARMY HAS OVER TWO MONTHS' PROVISIONS.

THE JAPS MOUNT MORE CANNON

Confirmation of the Report That Gen. Kondrachenko Has Been Killed—The Work of Dynamiting and Paralleling Continues.

TOKIO—The Japanese occupied the entire fort on Rihlung mountain at 7:30 o'clock Wednesday.

Trustworthy advices from Port Arthur confirm the report that General Kondrachenko has been killed and that General Stoessel has been injured by falling from his horse. General Smiloff is also reported wounded.

The advices further say that the stern of the battleship Sevastapol has sunk in shallow water. Its bow is damaged in two places and the steering room gear is also damaged.

The garrison is reported to be confident in the belief that relief will arrive before March 1. Despite its heavy losses November 26 and subsequently the garrison is said to be cheerful and resolved to continue the struggle as long as a single soldier remains. The army claims to have sufficient provisions to last until February. The navy possesses about one month's stores. The price of food in the beleaguered fortress is high. Beef is 1½ roubles per pound, horse meat 6 copeks, turkeys 150 roubles each, eggs 160 roubles per hundred. But a few junks bearing supplies reached the garrison the past month.

It is expected that the capture of the heights of Pigeon bay will further curtail the landing of supplies.

The emperor today received in audience and decorated Captain Zurbonzon of the steamer Willehad, which had brought home the Japanese refugees from Russia.

The Japanese dynamiting and paralleling against the eastern section of the main circle of forts around Port Arthur is progressing favorably. The right wing of the besiegers continues a heavy and effective shelling of the new town preparatory to operations which are nearing completion. It is probable that the next attack will be simultaneously directed against the east and west forces of the fortress in an endeavor to divide and weaken the resistance of the defenders.

The New Year season has begun and all Japan is enjoying a holiday, consequently Togo's journey from Kure to Tokio will be a continuous popular ovation.

LEGISLATION FOR CANAL.

Members of Congressional Committee Consider Question.

WASHINGTON—Members of the congressional committee which will formulate the isthmian canal legislation have been considering the various questions relating to the regulation of the canal zone. A bill for the purpose passed the senate last session, but was rejected by the house, and a measure finally was agreed upon, placing the whole government of the zone in the power of the president until the end of the present session of congress. Before the close of this congress it will be necessary to renew that power for a term of years, or to enact a new law. Opinion differs as to the best method of handling the subject, although it is believed that a strong government will be necessary in order to provide for the care and health of the men engaged in canal work. It is expected that Representative Mann (Ill.) will introduce a bill relating to canal work soon after congress reconvenes.

LONDON—Vice Admiral Lord Chas. Beresford has been appointed to succeed Admiral Domville in command of the Mediterranean squadron on May 1.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

UNDOMA Hair Tonic will lend to your hair that soft fluffy appearance appreciated by people of good taste and refinement.

Ask Your Barber.
Send us your name for free treatment.

THE UNDOMA COMPANY, Omaha.

To admte a virtue without seeking to emulate it is to enervate the soul.

A GUARANTEED CURE FOR PILES. Itching, Blud, Bleeding or Protruding Piles. Your druggist will refund money if FAZO OINTMENT fails to cure you in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

Some men will miss heaven because they sit so long by the wayside dissecting their guide books.

I do not believe Piso's Cure for Consump on has an equal for coughs and colds.—JOHN E. BOYER, Trinity Springs, Ind., Feb. 15, 1900.

The chaste mind, like a polished plane, may admit foul thoughts without receiving their tincture.—Sterne.

The people who wear second-hand clothes have some difficulty in believing in the eternal fitness of things.

I have no patience with a man who would rather have a lot of ancestors than make a name for himself.

A friend of mine who has the grip informs me that a frieze on the wall is worth two colds in the head.

The longest way round may be the shortest way home, because there are no saloons on the longest way.

The devil never worries over the man who saves all his smiles for the stranger.—Ram's Horn.

The man who insists that business is only business is apt to prove that religion is only humbug.

The homes of a nation are the bulwarks of personal and national safety and thrift.—J. G. Holland.

The most agreeable people in the world are those who never have any opinions of their own.

The lowly place of service may be the mountain top of communion.

The rich man cannot have a better bank than the poor man's cellar.

HABIT'S CHAIN

Certain Habits Unconsciously Formed and Hard to Break.

An ingenuous philosopher estimates that the amount of will power necessary to break a life-long habit would, if it could be transformed, lift a weight of many tons.

It sometimes requires a higher degree of heroism to break the chains of a pernicious habit than to lead a forlorn hope in a bloody battle. A lady writes from an Indiana town:

"From my earliest childhood I was a lover of coffee. Before I was out of my teens I was a miserable dyspeptic, suffering terribly at times with my stomach.

"I was convinced that it was coffee that was causing the trouble and yet I could not deny myself a cup for breakfast. At the age of 36 I was in very poor health, indeed. My sister told me I was in danger of becoming a coffee drunkard.

"But I never could give up drinking coffee for breakfast although it kept me constantly ill, until I tried Postum. I learned to make it properly according to directions, and now we can hardly do without Postum for breakfast, and care nothing at all for coffee.

"I am no longer troubled with dyspepsia. Do not have spells of suffering with my stomach that used to trouble me so when I drank coffee." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Look in each pkg. for the famous "little book," "The Road to Wellville."