

Our Fire-Proof Vaults

are at your disposal. Why not have a Safe Deposit Box in which to keep your will, insurance policies, deeds, abstracts, notes lease and other valuable papers? In this manner you safe guard yourself against any possible loss by fire.

If you are not familiar with the plan we will be glad to have you call at the bank, inspect the boxes and allow us to explain fully this secure way of taking care of your private papers and other valuables.

First National Bank,
McCook, Nebr.

The McCook Tribune.
By F. M. KIMMELL

Largest Circulation in Red Willow Co.

Entered at postoffice, McCook, Nebraska, as second-class matter. Published weekly.

The "dead beat" explains part of the high cost of living to the honest and cash-paying citizen.

Walter I. Smith, the Council Bluffs state congressman, picked that federal judgeship plum without an effort.

Keep your eye peeled, your snicker-snee sharp, and your bludgeon loaded for the fellow who has no higher ideal of politics than to be in the game.

Some astute advertisers are never so well satisfied with themselves as they are after paying tribute to some traveling grafter in the advertising specialty line.

Colorado produces one-fourth of the beet sugar made in the United States and raises more sugar beets than any other state. She has 16 factories. The investment of capital is \$18,000,000. The 1910 manufactured product amounted to \$8,252,500. In 1909 Nebraska raised 105,000 tons of sugar beets. If we make wise use of our sugar beets opportunity this product will be largely increased in 1911. It is a money-making crop.

The national standard of popular rule as understood and practiced by Progressive Republicans has been unfurled. Senator Bourne of Oregon is president of the league and Congressman G. W. Norris of Nebraska is vice-president. The initial movement is backed by nine senators, thirteen members of congress, six governors, and numerous important private citizens of the land.



Day By Day

The maiden priced a diamond ring. It sparkled like the sun. She liked the diamond very much. But she didn't have the money. The maiden had no time to lose. And folded up her ones and twos. "I got a scheme," she coyly said. "I'll go and find a beau and she bundled up in cloak and furs. And hissed, "I'll charm the noble. She didn't have so long to try. For she found him at an oyster. And on her dimpled finger fat. He slipped the diamond while they

L. C. STOLL & CO.
Diamonds, Watches and Optical Goods

BEGGS' BLOOD PURIFIER
CURES disease with Pure Blood.

IRRIGATION AND ALFALFA

At the recent Land Show in Omaha two matters of special importance to farmers in Red Willow county were strikingly featured and emphasized: Irrigation and alfalfa production. In both of these this county and portion of Nebraska are deeply concerned. Both are within practical reach here. Fall and spring irrigation in a larger scope is now practicable in different sections of the county with the facilities now at hand and the impounding in suitable reservoirs of fall, spring and flood waters would greatly increase the acreage of productive irrigated land—and the productivity of irrigated land as compared with "dry" farming can be clearly shown. For an instance: The yield per acre in bushels in Nebraska of wheat, oats and potatoes is 19.1, 25.6, 32.0 respectively; and the per acre value is \$14.18, \$8.09, \$43.69. In the irrigated state of Colorado the acre production and value are 27.4, 38.2, 144.0 and \$21.43, \$18.60, \$82.53. The value of land in the two states contrasted is of course equally as great. We invite attention to the fact, also, that Western Nebraska has every attraction that Colorado has—and more: Western Nebraska has a longer growing season, has the advantage of less elevation, has equally as much sunshine and as fertile soil and is nearer market.

The attention devoted to the cultivation of that marvelous plant, alfalfa, was also noteworthy. Red Willow county already has quite an acre-

age, but it could be increased largely with profit. Too much cannot be reasonably said or written favorably to this great plant, which an expert pronounces as the "basic crop in western agriculture." Alfalfa is not only a builder of muscle, nerve and sinew, but supplies the waste of these issues in the animal, and provides an excess in fat. It is becoming recognized as an indispensable to the successful stock raiser.

Not only is alfalfa invaluable to stock growers but it is a splendid fertilizer of the soil—an unequalled "rotator." Alfalfa from its marvelous ability to supply nitrogen to the soil may be regarded as the greatest regenerator of wornout soil available in the soil that produces vigorous western lands—and it's the nitrogen in the soil that produces vigorous vegetable growth—that gives the big corn stalk, the long straw and the dark green color in growing crops.

So, let us devote more attention to irrigation and to alfalfa.

According to the plans and specifications of the Holdrege postoffice, the new building will be 62x82 feet with one story and basement. The estimated cost of the construction is \$68,000, and the time limit for the completion of the work is March 1, 1912. The plans and specifications are compiled in a forty-page book and all the requirements carefully explained.

City Council Proceedings.

The city council met in regular session January 23, with the following present: Mayor, Ed Huber; Councilmen, L. W. McConnell, H. P. Waite, J. R. Stansberry and William Wood; City Attorney J. R. McCarl. Absent: City Clerk H. W. Conover. In the absence of the city clerk, the mayor instructed J. R. McCarl to act as city clerk pro tem.

The minutes of the meetings held January 9, 1911, and January 11, 1911 were read and approved.

The following bills were audited by the finance committee and on motion by Councilman Stansberry, seconded by Councilman McConnell, were allowed and warrants ordered issued for their payment:

Chas. Skalla, recording deed	\$1 00
L. M. Higgins, boarding and lodging city prisoners	13 65
E. S. Howell, Burnett fire	2 00
Geo. Ray, Burnett fire	2 00
G. W. Lunday, Burnett fire	2 00
McCook Water Wks Co., water 1st quarter 1911	500 00
Bullard Lumbe Co., coal for scale office	1 10
J. C. Ball, use of well, pump and pipe	20 00
C. R. Woodworth, fumigating material for P. O.	4 40
Ben Oleott, catching dogs	9 00
J. D. Hare, M. D., bill of city physician	66 00
First Nat. Bank, rent 1st quarter City Hall	75 00
H. P. Sutton, care of clock	20 00
W. T. Gathercole, police duty	14 80

The claim of the McCook Cement Stone company for balance due on its bill of December 7, 1909, to-wit: \$252.61, taken up for consideration. On motion by Councilman McConnell, seconded by Councilman Wood, this matter was deferred until the next meeting.

Request by M. H. Griggs for electric street light and electric light service on 7th street West, was read. On motion by Councilman Waite, seconded by Councilman Wood, this request was referred to the Light company for report, and the Light Com-

SNAP BARGAINS IN FINE FARMS IN CHEROKEE CO., KANS.

20 Miles from Joplin, Missouri. No Crop Failures. 50 Inches Rainfall

200 acres. One of the finest farms in the country. Nice home; 8 room house; large barn; granary; fine grove of large trees about the house. Three miles from town. 7 miles to county seat. Price \$8,500.00.

400 acres fine level farm, rich fertile land. 235 acres in cultivation. 70 acres native prairie meadow. 4 room house; large barn; fenced and cross-fenced. 3 1/2 miles from town. Price \$17,000.00.

160 acres. 100 acres in cultivation. 30 acres native prairie. Balance pasture. Some timber. Fenced and cross-fenced. Small, substantial improvements. 2 miles from railroad town. Price, \$35 per acre.

The above farms will be sold on very easy terms and possession can be given of the 200 acre farm in ten days. For full particulars and description, LOUISIANA LAND COMPANY, Rooms 19 and 20 Burlington Block. Auto 2435. Bell 2186.

mittee was instructed to investigate and report to the city council the charges of discrimination lodged with the city council against the McCook Electric company.

Request of E. Benjamin for appointment as night policeman read and ordered filed.

The city council met in adjourned session January 24th, with the following present: Mayor, Ed Huber; Councilmen, L. W. McConnell, H. P. Waite, J. R. Stansberry; city Attorney, J. R. McCarl. Absent: Councilman William Wood and City Clerk H. W. Conover. In the absence of the city clerk, the mayor instructed J. R. McCarl to act as city clerk pro tem.

The following bill was audited by the finance committee and on motion by Councilman McConnell seconded by Councilman Stansberry, was allowed and warrant ordered issued for its payment:

McCook Water Works Co., water for flushing sewer \$123 20

The light committee reported that an investigation had been made of the charges lodged with the council that the McCook Electric Company was discriminating in its charges for electric current and that the committee found the company had a number of consumers to whom current was being furnished on a flat rate. A. R. Scott, manager of the McCook Electric company was summoned before the council and was instructed that all discrimination must cease and that meters must be installed without unnecessary delay.

It was moved by Councilman Stansberry and seconded by Councilman McConnell that the mayor instruct the street man to adequately repair the sewer man-hole near the East Ward school building. Motion carried.

Report of the water committee as to the condition of sewer flushing tanks read and ordered filed.

On motion by Councilman Waite, seconded by Councilman McConnell, the council adjourned until Friday evening, January 27, 1911, at 8:00 o'clock p. m. Motion carried.

No sensible old hen will intentionally "befoul her own nest." Neither will thoughtful citizens cripple their own city and county by too large ly investing their capital in enterprises and lands outside their own city, county and state. Nebraska, Red Willow county and McCook have been doing too much of that sort of thing late years with detriment to the home state, county and city. Let us have more confidence and pride in home. Stand up for Nebraska by investing your surplus capital in her lands, enterprises, etc.

The Sisters of Pythias initiated four new members last evening and served light refreshments after the "work" of the evening was completed.

Huber handles the Carhartt gloves, and caps also, and a full line of other makes.

Lily Patent Flour—when once used none other will satisfy you.

Try a Tribune want ad and watch results.

EVER ON THE MOVE

MODERN GREEKS HAVE PASSION FOR WANDERING.

Cafe Is Social Center of Town—Little Comfort in the Homes—Sisters Must Marry Before Their Brothers Do.

To the Greeks, if we are to believe Duke Ferriman, the art of making a home is not known, which does not necessarily mean that the men of Hellas lack the notion of "home" or dislike it. They understand home life otherwise than we do, that is all.

"One may meet with exquisite cleanliness," Mr. Ferriman states, "with beautifully embroidered bed linen scented with rosemary, but never with what we mean by coziness. The Greeks are far less in their houses than we are, and when they are at home they appear to spend most of their time in looking out of the window. They are not given to inviting their friends to their houses. It is not that they are niggardly, for they will gladly entertain you at a restaurant at far greater cost to themselves. But it does not enter into their ideas to ask you home to dinner, even after an acquaintance of many years.

"They do not ask each other, so it can hardly be expected that they should make an exception in the case of foreigners. The cafe is a second home to them. There they meet friends and gossip. That is one reason, perhaps, why they dislike country life.

"It offers no alternative to the home, there the hearth is the social center, while in town it is the cafe. In Athens those who do not own the house they dwell in seldom remain long in the same abode. Two or three years is quite a long tenure. Many people make a point of moving every year.

"The imposing facades of Athenian houses conceal for the most part a bare and comfortless interior, and a well kept garden is rare. . . . A garden is not made in a year, and a person who changes his residence every twelve months does not want to be troubled with much furniture nor is he particular as to its arrangement, seeing that it will be carted away in a few months.

"Home life has no resources for the Greeks as it has for us. It affords them little occupation and no amusement. They like to eat and drink in crowds, where there is noise and movement. . . . Their instincts are too gregarious to allow them to appreciate the domestic intimacy which we prize.

"The day chosen for marriage in Greece is usually Sunday, but the day of all days in the year is the Sunday preceding the Christmas fast. It is not fashionable now to be married in church. In Athens the ceremony takes place in the house of the bride's parents. A temporary altar is set up in the middle of the room.

"At the conclusion of the ceremony the priest and the couple join hands and walk three times around the altar, the guests pelting them with comfits. The most important part of the ceremony is the crowning of the bride and bridegroom with wreaths of orange blossoms. Hence a wedding is popularly called the crowning.

"Love marriages are rare exceptions. The match is made by the parents and relatives rather than by the parties principally concerned. . . . There are certain established usages which though not legally binding are not to be contravened with impunity.

"Then it is considered wrong for brothers to marry until their sisters have been wed. Again girls must marry in order of seniority. It would not be right for a girl to be married while she had an elder sister who remained single. The men of a family are thus naturally anxious to see their sisters settled, and as a dowry is indispensable its provision is often a matter of serious anxiety and the fruit of great self-denial on the part of the brothers if the parents are dead.

"There are cases in which brothers have remained unmarried for years and have devoted all their hard earned savings to the dowries of their sisters. Among the poorer classes emigration is resorted to not infrequently solely with this object and many a dowry comes to a Greek maiden from across the Atlantic."—London Daily Mail.

The Way of a Woman.

They had been quarrelling and, although hubby was willing to take the blame all upon himself and smooth matters over peaceably, she was still snippy and indifferent.

"Come over here, Jessie. Aren't you curious to know what is in this package?"

"Oh, not very; I can stand the strain," she replied, belligerently.

"Well, it's something for the one I loves best in all the world," he said coaxingly, trying to win a smile.

"Oh, is that so?" she sniffed. "I suppose, then, it's those suspenders you said you needed."—Lippincott's.

Would Improve.

Old Lady—I want you to take back that parrot you sold me. I find it swears very badly.

Bird Dealer—Well, madam, it's a very young bird. It'll learn to swear better when it's a bit older.—Every Woman's Magazine.

Where Did She Get It?

First Lady—Did you notice Mrs. Awkes' ad a black eye?

Second Lady—Did I not! And 'er 'usband not out of prison for another week! I don't call it respectable!

THIS SPACE should be of interest to the Clothes Buyers, the Neat Dressers, the people that want the worth of their money. We intend to make worth your while to read what we have to say from week to week. While as merchants we are new to you we are not new to the business. We have been buying and selling goods for thirty-five years. We intend to give you a real store—sell real goods. Will have a line of suits better than ever handled in McCook. Price will be no more than you now pay. We are marking stuff down every day. No reason why McCook people should pay more for goods than other cities charge. Come and see us.

Galusha & Son
One Price—No Monkey Business

The McCook Tribune, \$1 the Year Payable in Advance.

The Bell-Wether of the Range Flock



HAVE YOU ever noticed the number of ranges on the market now made of Malleable Iron—the material used in constructing THE GREAT MAJESTIC RANGE ever since its birth? Have you ever noticed how other ranges are trying to imitate the MAJESTIC MOVABLE RESERVOIR? How others imitate the selling methods of the MAJESTIC—the appearance of the MAJESTIC? Yes, and even the name?

They are like the sheep in a flock—they listlessly follow the bell-wether.

They are always a few jumps behind, however. Just now THE GREAT MAJESTIC RANGE is the only range in the world the body of which is made of OLD-STYLE CHARCOAL IRON: material that resists rust 300 per cent. greater than steel. It's the only material that comes any where near lasting as long as Malleable Iron.

When you are ready for that new range, let us show you THE GREAT MAJESTIC, the range that leads them all.

McCook Hardware Co.