

A Proclamation

By SANTA CLAUS

Being anxious to distribute my Christmas gifts to the good people of the town and vicinity in the most effective and satisfactory manner, I have appointed THE IDEAL 5 and 10 CENT STORE my agents for the holiday season of 1905 and hereby command every man, woman and child to go to their store where one and all will find those presents which they most desire. There are shown my choicest dolls, my prettiest books, my daintiest china and a host of other things direct from my factory in Toyland. I have charged THE IDEAL that their fees for these beautiful gifts shall be reasonable; that there must be presents to suit the taste and purse of everyone, and they have promised me it shall be so. My gifts will be on display every day and evening from now until Christmas eve.

Don't forget the place, THE IDEAL 5 & 10c STORE, opposite post office, McCook.

Signed Santa Claus

ADVICE

That comes from experience is the most valuable. Ask experienced and successful men the best way to keep money.

They will undoubtedly recommend the opening of an account in an institution like the

First National Bank

Take their advice and be wise. Do not wait until you have learned by bitter experience the folly of keeping your cash in house or office.



60 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

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Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Patent taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the

Scientific American.
A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, \$3 a year; four months, \$1. Sold by all newsdealers.

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Dr. Herbert J. Pratt

REGISTERED GRADUATE
Dentist
Office over McCook's Drug Store
McCook, NEB.
Telephone: Office, 169; residence, 131
Former location Atlanta, Georgia

HOLLISTER'S Rocky Mountain Tea Nuggets

A Bony Medicine for Bony People.
Brings Golden Health and Renewed Vigor.
A specific for Constipation, Indigestion, Live and Kidney Troubles, Pimples, Eczema, Impure Blood, Bad Breath, Stomachic Bowels, Headache and Backache. It's Rocky Mountain Tea in tablet form, 25 cents a box. Genuine made by HOLLISTER DRUG COMPANY, Madison, Wis.

GOLDEN NUGGETS FOR SALLOW PEOPLE

ORDER OF HEARING.

State of Nebraska, Red Willow county, ss. At a county court, held at the county court room, in and for said county, November 16th, A. D. 1905. Present, Frank Moore, county judge. In the matter of the estate of Mary A. O'Connell, deceased, praying that the instrument, filed on the 16th day of November, 1905, and purporting to be the last will and testament and codicil thereto of the said deceased, may be proved, approved, probated, allowed, and recorded as the last will and testament of the said Mary A. O'Connell, deceased, and that the execution of said instrument may be committed and the administration of said estate may be granted to Catherine O'Connell as executrix. Ordered, that December 2nd, A. D. 1905, at ten o'clock a. m. is assigned for hearing said petition, when all persons interested in said matter may appear at a county court to be held in and for said county, and show cause why the prayer of petitioner should not be granted; and that notice of the pendency of said petition, and the hearing thereof, be given to all persons interested in said matter by publishing a copy of this order in the McCook Tribune, a weekly newspaper printed in said county, for three successive weeks, prior to said day of hearing.

FRANK MOORE, County Judge.
(A true copy) [SEAL]
Boyle & Eldred, attorneys—11-17-05.

NOTICE.
To David E. Polly and to whom it may concern. Notice is hereby given that on the 28th day of March, 1904, the undersigned J. M. Wentz, purchased of Ben G. Gossett, county treasurer of Red Willow county, Nebraska, for the taxes for the years 1902, 1903, and 1904, in West McCook, Red Willow county, Nebraska, for the taxes levied and assessed thereon for the years 1902 to 1902, inclusive. The time allowed in which to redeem said lot from said purchase will expire December 25th, 1905.

LIVE STOCK MARKETS AT KANSAS CITY

THE WEEK'S TRADE REPORTED BY CLAY, ROBINSON & COMPANY, LIVE STOCK COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

OFFICES AT CHICAGO, KANSAS CITY, OMAHA SIOUX CITY, ST. JOSEPH AND DENVER

Kansas City, Nov. 28, 1905.

Receipts of cattle thus far this week are 25,300, last week, 35,900; last year, 33,900. Prices Monday were generally firm on all offerings. Today's supply of beef steers was rather light and the inquiry active for them at strong to 15c higher rates. Cows and heifers sold strong to 10c higher; stockers and feeders strong to 10c higher. The following table gives prices now ruling:

Extra prime cornfed steers.....	35 00 to 35 65
Good.....	4 50 to 5 00
Ordinary.....	3 60 to 4 30
Choice cornfed heifers.....	4 00 to 5 00
Good.....	3 50 to 4 00
Medium.....	2 50 to 3 30
Fair.....	2 25 to 2 75
Choice cornfed cows.....	3 35 to 3 85
Good.....	2 75 to 3 35
Medium.....	2 25 to 2 75
Canners.....	1 50 to 2 25
Choice stags.....	3 75 to 4 25
Choice fed bulls.....	3 25 to 3 75
Good.....	2 50 to 3 00
Common.....	2 00 to 2 50
Bologna bulls.....	1 75 to 2 25
Veal calves.....	5 00 to 6 00
Good to choice native or western stockers.....	3 25 to 3 75
Fair.....	2 85 to 3 25
Common.....	2 50 to 3 00
Good to choice stock heifers.....	3 50 to 4 00
Medium.....	2 50 to 3 00
Fair.....	2 25 to 2 75
Good to choice stock calves.....	3 50 to 4 00
Fair.....	3 00 to 3 50
Common.....	2 50 to 3 00
Choice wintered grass steers.....	3 50 to 4 00
Good.....	3 25 to 3 75
Fair.....	3 00 to 3 50
Choice grass cows.....	2 75 to 3 00
Good.....	2 50 to 2 75
Common.....	2 00 to 2 50

Receipts of hogs thus far this week are 22,400; last week 23,500; last year, 31,100. Monday's market was active but weak to 5c lower and today trade opened strong and closes 5c higher with bulk of sales from \$4.72 1/2 to 4 85; top 4 87 1/2.

Receipts of sheep thus far this week are 5,400; last week, 9,300; last year, 19,100. Monday's market was 10 to 15c higher and today's trade firm and brisk. We quote: choice lambs, \$7.00 to 7.15; choice yearlings, \$5.75 to 6.00; choice wethers, \$5.50 to 5.75; choice ewes, \$5.00 to 5.15.

Read the TRIBUNE clubbing list elsewhere in this issue. It will save you money.

Beautifying methods that injure the skin and health are dangerous. Be beautiful without discomfort by taking Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. Sunshiny faces follow its use. 35 cents.

L. W. McCConnell.

Dynamo Driven from Car Axle.
The Great Western Railway of England is lighting its corridor trains by electricity obtained from dynamo driven from the car axle. Storage batteries are carried for use when the running speed is slow and for stops.

A Studied Slight.
She—"How that woman we just passed does hate me!"
He—"She looked pleasant enough."
She—"That's all done for effect, but if you noticed she never turned to take in my new suit and hat."—Detroit Free Press.

NOTICE OF FORECLOSURE OF TAX LIEN
Alvin Brown, Baulah Brown and John M. Evans, non-resident defendants, will take notice that on the 28th day of August, 1905, Edward B. Cowles plaintiff, filed his petition in the district court of Red Willow county, Nebraska, the object and prayer of which are to foreclose a tax purchaser's lien upon the east half of the north west quarter of section 14, in town 1, north range 30, west of the 6th principal meridian, for the taxes for the years 1901, 1902 and 1903, that there was due to plaintiff at the time of filing said petition the sum of \$13.80 for the payment of which sum together with costs, accruing interest and attorney's fee, plaintiff prays a decree of foreclosure and a sale of said premises. You are required to answer said petition on or before the 1st day of January, 1906.

Names of Note In the News



SENATOR J. B. FORAKER.

SENATOR JOSEPH BENSON FORAKER of Ohio, who opposes the plan to give the interstate commerce commission power to make railroad rates, says he believes the evils complained of by shippers could best be remedied by an amendment to the present Elkins law making that act more explicit and efficient. He expects to introduce such an amendment in the senate.

Senator Foraker takes no interest in popular sports or athletics, though he is strong and vigorous himself. He got so much "physical culture" as a boy and young man that he has never had a hankering for anything in the nature of fads in that field. Senator Foraker was one of eleven children, and his father was a poor farmer. A log cabin was his birthplace, and he was taught to wash, iron, cook, milk, spin, pick geese and hold the plow before he was ten years old.

He went to a country district school and one day ripped his trousers so badly that it was impossible to wear them. Unfortunately they were the only pair he owned, and just then his father was unable to replace them. His mother found an old coffee sack and asked her son if he would be willing to wear a pair made from them until a better could be had. The lad made a wry face.

"I guess I'll have to," he replied, "but I don't like to. All the boys will laugh at me."

"Never mind that," said his mother encouragingly. "Brave their laughter and it will help to make a man of you."

All the boys did laugh when Joe Foraker appeared at school in his coffee sack unmentionables, but Joe grinned and bore it. In later years his political friends on the stump turned the despised pantaloons to as good an account as Abraham Lincoln's alleged rail splitting served him.

"All the world applauded the great achievements of Russia's workmen in the great work of liberty," said President Samuel Gompers of the American Federation of Labor in a cable message to the Russian premier, Count Witte. And he added: "The cause of liberty and justice should not be smirched by atrocities and crime. If Russia's workers will as sternly use their power to suppress the vicious massacres of human life, they will still further earn and deserve the warmest gratitude."

President Gompers has a reputation as a conservative labor leader, but the men whose cause he represents have the utmost confidence in his loyalty to their interests. It was Mr. Gompers who remarked in speaking of the necessity for organization among workmen, "We realize the force of what John Hancock said in Independence hall—that 'we must hang together or we will hang separately.'"

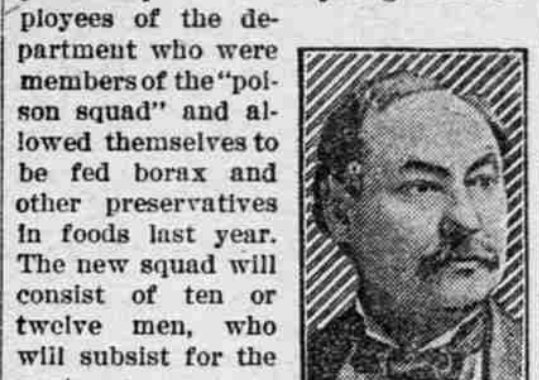
On a visit to Pittsburg recently President Gompers was welcomed by a delegation which was headed by a brass band. As soon as his figure was sighted the band burst forth into the joyous strains of "Everybody Works but Father." As he stands in a sort of parental relation to the workmen of the country, he was quick to see the humor of the incident. As a matter of fact, however, Mr. Gompers worked with his hands for twenty-six years, making cigars, and only a short time ago he demonstrated that he was still skillful in rolling the fragrant weed into smokeable form.

One of the incidents of the recent political revolution in Pennsylvania was the election as state treasurer of William H. Berry, mayor of the city of Chester. Mr. Berry was nominated for treasurer by the Democrats and endorsed by the Lincoln Republicans, Prohibitionists and the Independence party. He received a plurality of about 100,000, although last year when Mr. Roosevelt ran for president the state gave the Republican ticket a plurality of nearly half a million. Mr. Berry is not a native of Pennsylvania, but was born in 1852 in Madison county, Ill.

As a boy of seventeen he left the little town of his birth, and, with an education which began in the public schools and ended with the night lectures of an engineering school in Buffalo, he started out on his career. Following in the footsteps of his father, an engineer and inventor, he became a mechanical engineer and is today president of the Berry Engineering company of Chester. The treasurer elect is a local preacher in the Methodist church, and there is rarely a Sunday that he does not preach in some small church, often to a congregation of colored people.

Dr. Harvey W. Wiley, chief of the government bureau of chemistry, who

once defined a scientific agriculturist as "a gentleman in the employ of the government who can make \$2 grow on an appropriation bill where only \$1 grew before," is soon to test the healthfulness of cold storage food. For the purpose of the investigation he will use practically the same young men employees of the department who were members of the "poison squad" and allowed themselves to be fed borax and other preservatives in foods last year. The new squad will consist of ten or twelve men, who will subsist for the next year or so on a diet of cold storage foods as the guests of the government. Since the results of the experiments on preserved foods were published inquiries have been received by Dr. Wiley from all parts of the country as to the effects of eating cold storage foods.

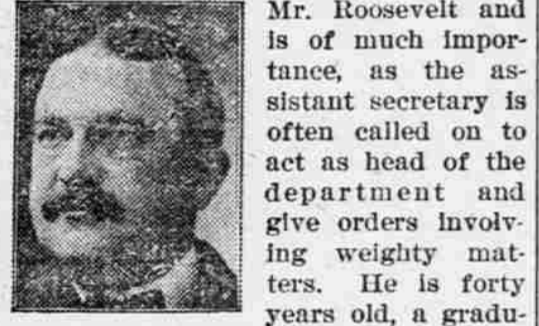


DR. H. W. WILEY.

Dr. Wiley was once asked why he did not investigate rouge. "Rouge," the reporter said, "may be very harmful, very poisonous, sir. Don't you think that it requires investigation?" Dr. Wiley smiled. "No," he answered. "I can't say I do. If rouge were poisonous, unnumbered women would have died of it long ago. By the way, I'll tell you a queer thing about rouge. It is something that I came upon one day in a pharmacy, and I think it illustrates an odd phase of human nature. A young girl was buying a pot of rouge, and I heard her murmur to the clerk, 'You guarantee that this will not rub off?' 'I do,' the clerk answered. 'This, like all our rouges, is warranted to stand the hardest kiss of investigation that any of your women friends will try on it.'"

Though a landsman, Truman H. Newberry of Detroit, who recently took the oath of office as assistant secretary of the navy, knows a great deal about naval affairs. The story of his career shows that he possesses special qualifications for his post, which was once held by Mr. Roosevelt and is of much importance, as the assistant secretary is often called on to act as head of the department and give orders involving weighty matters. He is forty years old, a graduate of the Sheffield Scientific school of Yale and the possessor of a large fortune. His father, the late Congressman John S. Newberry, was a partner of the late Senator McMillan and left his son a goodly sum, which has been increased by wise management until it now foots up several millions. Mr. Newberry's brilliant and beautiful wife, a daughter of the late General Alfred C. Barnes of New York, brought him several millions more. He is an enthusiast on the subject of automobiles, yachts, warships and babies. His family is a large one, and the first arrivals came in pairs. He does not need his salary of \$4,500 a year very much, but it will help pay for gasoline for the automobiles and Christmas presents for the children. When President Roosevelt was last in Detroit he made a speech in which he said:

"I cannot say that the story is true, but they do say that during the Spanish war a sailor while scrubbing the decks was asked what yacht that was in the distance.



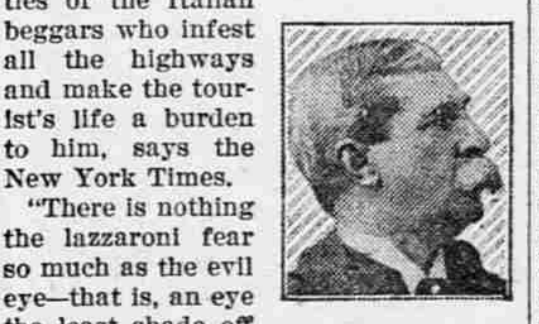
TRUMAN H. NEWBERRY.

"It's the Dawn," replied the sailor. "How do you know?" was the query. "I know," said the sailor, "because I own her."

The Dawn was the name of the yacht which Mr. Newberry tendered the government for service in the war with Spain. Whether the millionaire yachtman ever scrubbed decks or not, he was subjected to very rigid discipline during his service in the navy in the contest with Spain. He was a member of the Michigan naval militia, made up largely of wealthy young men. When war broke out they volunteered and were assigned to the cruiser Yosemite. All sorts of mental and disagreeable tasks were given these representatives of leading families, but they were game and none took his medicine with better grace than the present assistant secretary of the navy.

F. Hopkinson Smith, the versatile genius who writes novels, builds light-houses, paints pictures, constructs sea walls, lectures and does globe trotting, is a native of Baltimore and is sixty-seven years old. He usually spends the summer at his villa near Venice and has discovered an ingenious method of ridding himself of the importunities of the Italian beggars who infest all the highways and make the tourist's life a burden to him, says the New York Times.

"There is nothing the lazzaroni fear so much as the evil eye—that is, an eye the least shade off the normal in any respect," said Mr. Smith, "and it was by playing upon this superstition that I finally discovered a way of ridding myself of these pests. I have a small pocket compass, about the size of a monocle, and when their demands become too importunate I simply fit it into my eye and turn and gaze upon them. The effect is instantaneous. When this sinister orb, with its quivering needle, is fixed upon them, they turn and run away as fast as their legs can carry them."



F. HOPKINSON SMITH.

TO LIVE A SIMPLE LIFE

Two Pennsylvanians Plan Formation of New Society.

MODERN LIVING TOO STRENUOUS

The Founders, Who Have Been Negotiating For a Tract of Land Near Fredericksburg, Md., Feel Confident of Success—All Must Work, Even Children—No Laggards to Be Tolerated.

Believing that life as it is lived in this twentieth century is too strenuous for the good we ought to get out of it and that the majority of us are existing rather than living with any degree of enjoyment, two well known men, James Hazlewood of Pittsburg and William Schlingmann of Crafton, Pa., have conceived the idea of forming a community where the residents will eat, sleep and work in perfect peace, says the Pittsburg Press. Every one connected with the community will work to get his or her food, clothes and lodgings, and no laggards will be tolerated.

The proposed association will be known as the Providence community and will be governed by a board of trustees elected by the members. It is said that the two founders have options on a large tract of land near Fredericksburg, Md., where the proposed community will be located, although as yet no deeds have been signed nor has any money been paid to bind the transaction. When the land is secured and the proselytes to the new school have migrated laws will be formulated calculated to regulate the actions of the simple livers. The basis for the rules governing the residents is the New Testament.

The new community will be planned after the one which for many years thrived at Economy, Pa., but it is proposed to manage it in an entirely different and more modern way. The promoters believe that modern methods applied to the scheme will make it entirely feasible and that it will be possible to carry it on, without the loss of either time or money, to the best advantage to the members, and, they say, it may be made so strong financially that nothing out of the ordinary will be able to injure it to any considerable extent. It will differ materially from other societies formed along similar lines and for the same purpose in that the members will not be made to adopt any strange or peculiar beliefs or to wear any certain kind of uniform dress. Each member will work to the utmost of his ability and will live as he thinks most beneficial to himself, conforming always to the laws governing the residents of the community. There will be no accumulation of property or amassing of riches.

Immediately after conceiving the possibility of a successful community of co-workers preliminary regulations were drawn up which govern the entrance of new residents. According to these rules, life in the community will not be so very much different from that outside, although no laggards will be allowed, and no wonderfully rich men will be seen there. There will be no membership right in the community property, no division of community property among members, no right of survivorship. Particular stress is laid upon those clauses which pertain to the actions of the male residents of the community. All must work. The third clause in the set of rules drawn up reads as follows:

Every member residing in the community must work and labor diligently for the community in such tasks or labor as shall from time to time be assigned to such member, so long as such member lives with the community and is physically able to labor. Such labor is a necessary condition of maintenance and residence in the community. There shall be no liability in the community for compensation for such labor.

The fourth section relates to the children, and, according to this, they will not escape their share of the work very easily:

Every child maintained by the community must work and labor diligently for the community in such task or labor as shall from time to time be assigned to such child, and as long as such child lives with the community, while physically able to labor, such labor is a necessary condition to the maintenance of such child. There shall be no liability in the community for compensation for such labor.

Every member of the community shall be entitled to the proper food and raiment required for the simple life. Religious exercises will be provided, and there will be no variance between life in the simple life community and outside. Instructions will be taught from the Bible and common school education provided for the younger members. Although it will take a goodly sum of money to finance such an undertaking, the promoters have hopes of soon seeing the community a material realization. The land will have to be prepared after purchase, houses and schools and stores built, and it will take some time before the product of the labor of the residents will be ready for the market. In spite of obstacles, however, the leaders are hoping to be able to announce definitely in a very short time where the members of the new simple life school will be living in a year. After the plan is perfected and working in harmony the promoters think converts will flock in great numbers. It has no peculiarity to attract attention or to antagonize the adherents to the orthodox faith.

The Charge.
Titewodd—I thought you said you wouldn't charge me anything for the little legal question I asked you? Lawyer—I didn't. I charged you for the answer.—Cleveland Leader.

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Eczema, Skin-cancer, and all painful itching skin diseases treated by the most certain methods. Moles, Birthmarks and facial blemishes removed by electricity. Blood poisons in all stages. All private and genital urinary diseases. Call or write DR. A. G. LEWIS, Specialist in Skin, Blood and Genito-Urinary Diseases, 1215 O St., Omaha, Nebraska.
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Coming!
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PRACTICING
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will by request, visit professionally
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At Palmer Hotel
Hours: 1 p. m. to 9 p. m.
Returning every four weeks. Consult her while the opportunity is at hand.

DR. CALDWELL limits her practice to the special treatment of diseases of the eye, ear, nose, throat, lungs, female diseases, diseases of children and all chronic, nervous and surgical diseases of a curable nature. Early consumption, bronchitis, bronchial catarrh, chronic catarrh, headache, constipation, stomach and bowel troubles, rheumatism, neuralgia, sciatica, Bright's disease, kidney, dizziness, nervousness, indigestion, obesity, interrupted nutrition, slow growth in children, and all wasting diseases in adults, deformities, club-foot, curvature of the spine, diseases of the brain, paralysis, epilepsy, heart disease, dropsy, swelling of the limbs, stricture, open sores, pain in the bones, granular enlargements and all long standing diseases properly treated.



BLOOD AND SKIN DISEASES
Pimples, blotches, eruptions, liver spots, falling of the hair, bad complexion, eczema, throat ulcers, bone pain, bladder troubles, weak back, burning urine, passing urine too often. The effects of constitutional sickness or the taking of too much injurious medicine receives searching treatment, prompt relief and a cure for life. Diseases of women, irregular menstruation, falling of the womb, bearing down pains, female displacements, lack of sexual tone, Leucorrhoea, sterility or barrenness, consult Dr. Caldwell, and she will show them the cause of their trouble and the way to become cured.
CANCER, GOTTER, FISTULA, PILES
and enlarged glands treated with the subcutaneous injection method, absolutely without pain and without the loss of a drop of blood, is one of her own discoveries and is really the most scientific and certainly sure method of this advanced age. Dr. Caldwell has practiced her profession in some of the largest hospitals throughout the country. She has lately opened an office in Omaha, Nebraska, where she will spend a portion of each week treating her many patients. No incurable cases accepted for treatment. Consultation, examination and advice, one dollar to those interested.
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