

News in Brief

The only important independent states now remaining in Africa are Abyssinia and Liberia. The strike of coal miners at Ellsworth, Pa., is ended, the company acceding to the demands of the men. Within a mile of Johannesburg building contracts to the amount of over ten millions are being carried out. Dr. Emmet, a grandnephew of Robert Emmet the Irish patriot, has just celebrated his golden wedding in New York city. Congressman William A. Reeder was renominated by acclamation by the republicans of the Sixth district of Kansas. Paper flywheels are coming into use. The tensile strength of paper is enormous, hence its advantage over iron for this purpose. George A. Brooke of Philadelphia won the racquet championship of the United States by defeating Quincy A. Shaw, jr., of Boston. John Phillips, secretary of the national organization of hatmakers, and well known in labor circles, died at New York, aged 67 years. At Cincinnati the convention of independent telephone companies in the Ohio Valley convened with over 100 exchanges represented. Switzerland is inaugurating a system of itinerant school teachers, who will visit and spend some time in the isolated outlying villages. W. T. Stead has broken down under the strain of publishing his new daily paper in London and has started for South Africa for a complete rest. Major Arthur McClellan brother of the late General George B. McClellan and uncle of the mayor of New York, died suddenly of heart disease at Drifton, Pa. Harry A. Zillafro was hanged at Kittingham, Pa., for the murder of his wife. Zillafro, who was scarcely 22 years old, was cool and collected on the scaffold. William Miller, probably the oldest engineer in service in the United States, has just been killed near Leadville, Colo. Miller began railroad engineering fifty-two years ago. The Senate Committee on Commerce authorized a favorable report on the nomination of W. D. Crum, to be Collector of Customs at the Port of Charleston, S. C. John Millikan, the oldest editor in the State of Indiana, lives in Crown Point, in good health and at the age of 89 years. He is still connected with the Lake County Register. Advances have been received that an enormous tonnage of exhibits is now enroute to St. Louis. Within two weeks this freight will begin to arrive on the grounds in great bulk. Prof. W. B. Morgan, late of Richmond, Ind., one of the foremost of Quaker educators died at Lowell, Kas. He was prominent in the movement that brought about co-education in Quaker schools. Replying in the House of Commons, the Chancellor of the Exchequer, Austen Chamberlain, said the government had no intention at present of reimposing the tax on grain, which was abolished last year. Mrs. Bradley-Martin, the society leader, who is now making her home in England, has ordered twenty-seven pairs of shoes made to her own last from a manufacturer of women's footwear in Lynn, Mass. The Right Rev. Joseph C. Hartzell, missionary bishop of the Methodist church, has just returned to London from a tour of the African missions, extending over nine months and traveling about 30,000 miles. Two men were lost by the steamer York Castle, which arrived at New York from Delagoa bay, in an attempt to give aid Sunday to the American schooner, Willis L. Newton, 200 miles south-east of Sandy Hook. The private car used by President Lincoln during the Civil war, and which carried his body to Springfield for burial, has been loaned to the St. Louis Exposition or exhibition in the Lincoln Museum by the Union Pacific railroad. Emil Kuehnle of Manchester, N. H., has a clock which it is believed was used in the days of Columbus. On the upper part of the wooden face is carved a picture of the great discoverer, while on the lower part is neatly carved "Anno 1492." The heaviest man in the British empire is dead from a cancer, says a dispatch from London. He was Thomas Longley of Dover. His weight exceeded 600 pounds, while he was six feet one inch in height, and had a chest measurement of seventy inches. John Britt, of Medora, N. D., has written to the authorities of the Louisiana Purchase exposition that he can secure for the fair a log cabin in which President Roosevelt once lived on a ranch in North Dakota. The Pope has sent a magnificent chased gold chalice to the church at Quero, a town in the Venetian province, to take the place of the one which had been used there for a century, but which was recently stolen. Captain George Broome of the United States army, now stationed in Porto Rico, filed in the United States supreme court a suit for \$250,000 damages against James F. Barbour and his wife, Annie D. Barbour, for alleged alienation of the affections of Captain Broome's wife.

FLIGHT OF JAPS

RUMOR THAT RUSSIAN CAVALRY HAS BRUSH WITH ENEMY. JAPANESE CONCEDE AN INJURY. Two Battleships and Dispatch Boats are Said to be Missing—Survivors of Sunken Transports not Allowed to See Anyone. ST. PETERSBURG.—A dispatch received here from Liao Yang, and dated February 28, says that Chinese on the Yalu river report that an advance guard of Russian cavalry, which has penetrated Corea for a distance of about 200 versts across the river, had an encounter with a detachment of Japanese and that the Japanese were compelled to retreat and fled, leaving their horses, which were seized by the Cossacks. General Linevitch dispatched cavalry and a body of infantry in pursuit and with orders to occupy northern Corea. An official dispatch received from Major General Pluh, Viceroy Alexieff's chief of staff, which is dated February 28, says: CHE FOO.—While the Japanese report that their fleet was unscathed in their latest attack on Port Arthur they are using every endeavor in attempting to prevent details of any injury to the Japanese fleet from leaking out. Survivors, said to be from sunken Japanese transports, who landed here Saturday are not allowed to see anyone. They will be sent home on parole. The original Japanese fleet in front of Port Arthur consisted of sixteen ships. Two battleships and a dispatch boat are missing. It is learned from two sources that two of the missing warships were taken to Sasebo in a disabled condition. It is being circulated among the Chinese that Port Arthur has fallen. The Japanese sailors who arrived Saturday are from the Jinsen Maru and the Bishiu, two of the five merchant vessels with which it was attempted to block the entrance to Port Arthur on the morning of the 24th. Lieutenant Saito commanded the Jinsen Maru and Lieutenant Tarishi the Bishiu. The latter was married by thirty men. One man of Lieutenant Saito's command was killed while lowering a boat on the Jinsen Maru. The details of how the steamers were taken into the entrance to the harbor and sunk are being withheld by the sailors, but Lieutenant Saito stated that they got so close to the Retzivan that had they been armed with rifles they could have fired into its crew. When it was found that the scheme was a failure they dropped anchor and the crews crowded into the remaining boats. They then blew up the steamers. FIGHT IS GETTING FIERCER. Burlington Announces Rate on Sugar for the Missouri River. CHICAGO.—Officials of the Burlington railway announced a rate on sugar from Chicago to the Missouri river of 2 cents less than the rate put in effect by the Great Western. Its new rate will be 10 cents per 100 pounds from Chicago to the Missouri river, 5 cents from the Mississippi river to the Missouri river and 7 cents from Chicago to St. Paul and Minneapolis. The old rates on sugar were 27 cents from Chicago to the Missouri river, 22 cents from the Mississippi to the Missouri and 14 cents from Chicago to St. Paul. The Great Western had made no reduction in the rate from Chicago to St. Paul, and the 50 per cent cut in the St. Paul rate by the Burlington is taken as an indication that the Burlington will become more aggressive in the prevailing war of rates. THE WORLD'S FAIR BANK. Chartered by the Government and Located on the Grounds. ST. LOUIS.—To facilitate the handling of large sums of money during the exposition period, seventeen of the largest banks and trust companies of St. Louis have organized the Bankers' World's Fair National bank, chartered by the federal government and capitalized at \$200,000. The specific purpose of the bank is to have a convenient depository for the government funds, the gate receipts of the world's fair and the concessionaires, and for all those that wish to deposit their money for safe keeping. The bank, which will be located inside the grounds, will cease to exist with the close of the exposition. Kaiser Pleased with Railroad. BERLIN—Emperor William has telegraphed to Dr. Fischer, president of the Shan Tung railway, as follows: "The news of the arrival of the first railway train at Tsi Nan Fu afforded me much gratification. I congratulate the management upon the success which the German spirit of enterprise has achieved in the far east and hope your indefatigable labors in China will be rewarded with other similar successes." Loss of Wisconsin Capitol. MILWAUKEE, Wis.—A special from Madison, Wis., says that Governor La Follette had a conference with a number of state officials to consider steps to be taken with regard to the replacing of the state capitol, which was practically ruined by the recent fire. Nothing definite was reached at the conference, but it is the general impression that the governor will call an extra session of the legislature to take action on the matter. The governor announced that nothing would be done for a few days.

FOURTEEN LOST AT SEA.

Steamer Queen Takes Fire Off North Pacific Coast. PORT TOWNSEND, Wash.—After suffering the most harrowing experience from fire and storm that has ever befallen a craft on the North Pacific coast, the steamer Queen put in here Sunday to report the loss of fourteen lives. About 3:45 o'clock Saturday morning, while off the mouth of the Columbia river the Queen caught fire in her after saloon in some unexplained way. With indescribable swiftness the fire gained headway and threatened soon to envelop the whole ship. To add to the horror the heavy seas running meant death to any one sent away in the lifeboats. The flames became more and more threatening until, when it seemed a choice of deaths, Captain Cousins ordered the lifeboats launched. They were manned by the crew and ordered to remain close to the ship. Into these the women and children were placed. Hardly, however, had the boats been cast loose than, unable to weather the fierce waves, two of them were capsized with the loss above indicated. SOME BILLS BY NEBRASKANS. Congressman Hitchcock Introduces One for Relief of Marines. WASHINGTON.—Congressman Gilbert M. Hitchcock of the Second Nebraska district has introduced a bill for the relief of the members of the First, Second and Third marine corps and for other purposes. The text of the bill is as follows: "That the claims for pay of the members of these corps who were mustered into the service of the United States under the order of Major General John C. Fremont, dated September 12, 1861, and also the like claims of legal representatives of the deceased members of the said corps shall hereafter be referred to the court of claims of the United States for examination and adjudication." The bill gives full authority and jurisdiction to the court of claims to bear and determine these claims and to enter final judgments upon all of the questions of law and fact involved therein. HERRICK TAKES UP SCEPTER. Governor Is Hanna's Successor as Leader in Ohio. COLUMBUS, O.—Now that it is claimed by the Hanna republicans of Ohio that Governor Herrick has succeeded Senator Hanna as the dominant power in Ohio republican politics the following statement made by the governor with reference to the selection of delegates to the national republican convention is important: "I can only quote from the last letter that Senator Hanna wrote—the last with the exception of a pencil note to the president on January 30, the day of the Gridiron banquet: 'We must organize our full strength and choose the Roosevelt delegates from among our friends.'" Continuing, the governor said: "The opportunity now arises for all good republicans to unite in the conduct of the party on broad lines in such a friendly spirit as to eliminate all differences." NEBRASKA COURT SUSTAINED. The Tax Lien Foreclosure Case Comes Up for Discussion. WASHINGTON.—Justice Day handed down the opinion of the supreme court of the United States affirming the judgment of the supreme court of Nebraska in the case of Alvin P. Leigh against Henry S. Green, involving tax sales of property. The court held that the owner of a tax lien may foreclose the lien upon notice by publication, which shall bring in anybody and everybody intended, and that in the exercise of the taxing power the states may delegate that right and authority, as was done in this case, to the purchasers of the tax sale, and that such procedure is not violative of the rights guaranteed by the fourteenth amendment of the constitution. SEVEN LOCOMOTIVES A DAY. Built in Philadelphia on a Rush Order from Japan. PHILADELPHIA, Pa.—In consequence of a rush order from the Japanese government for locomotives, a locomotive plant here has established a new record by the construction of seven locomotives in a day. The engines ordered by Japan are for the military railroad that will connect Fusan, on the southern coast of Korea, with Seoul, the capital. The order, which called for twenty locomotives to be completed within thirty days, was received late in January. Eight of them have been shipped to Fusan. The remaining twelve will be shipped this week. Russia to Present Her Protest. WASHINGTON.—At an important conference, scheduled for Wednesday at the State department between Secretary Hay and Count Cassini, the Russian ambassador, Russia's protest to the powers against Japan's alleged violation of international law will be communicated to the Washington government. Shipping to the Philippines. WASHINGTON.—The house committee on merchant marine and fisheries listened to the arguments of many representatives of the ocean shipping industries of the country in favor of the Frye-Littlefield bill, providing that the commerce between the United States and the Philippine islands shall be carried in American ships, but exempting the inter-island trade in the Philippines from the operation of the navigation laws of the United States, which are, under existing laws, made applicable after July 1.

KOREA A HELPER

TROOPS ORDERED TO FIGHT WITH THOSE OF MIKADO. THIS IS AGAINST THE RUSSIANS. The Port of Wiju Opened to Foreign Trade—Kamimura Says That the Recent Naval Battle Was a Japanese Victory. SEOUL.—The Korean government has decided to order the Korean troops to join the Japanese in the field. The port of Wiju was opened to foreign trade Friday night. The limitations to be placed on trade and other incidental matters will be passed upon later. This action necessitates a harbor, so Yungampo has been decided upon. The standing army now consists of about 17,000 men with European methods. In 1896 it was taken in hand by a Russian colonel with three commissioned and ten non-commissioned officers, who retired in 1898. The royal bodyguard of 1,000 men has been well drilled, and periodically a draft of well-trained men is transferred from it to the other regiments of the standing army. WASHINGTON.—Vice Admiral Kamimura of the Japanese navy, in a dispatch to the Japanese legation here, under date of Friday, says: "According to the report from the torpedo flotilla, which was sent for the purpose of rescuing the crews of the steamers sent to block up the harbor at Port Arthur, the steamer Hokokub on the left side of the entrance of the harbor near the lighthouse and the steamer Bushiu outside the entrance were sunk purposely by the Japanese by explosion. The steamers Tenshin, Buyo and Jinsen sunk themselves on the east of the Lao Leshan. All the crews of these steamers were picked up safely. Our destroyers and torpedo flotilla are unharmed. On the night of February 24 our destroyers again went on a scouting cruise near Port Arthur, Dalny and Pigeon Bay. On February 25 our main squadron approached Port Arthur and bombarded the enemy's men-of-war and forts from a distance. We saw the Novik, the Askold and the Bayan fleeing into the harbor, it thus being apparent that the blockading operation had not much effect. Our squadron then fired into the harbor and saw flames and considerable smoke. We withdrew after fifteen minutes' shelling. While our cruisers were thus engaged in firing, we saw one of the enemy's torpedo boats destroyed. Our squadron received no damage. "Vice Admiral Togo is still on the scene." NAVAL APPROPRIATION BILL. It Is Passed by the Lower House of Congress. WASHINGTON.—The house passed the naval appropriation bill Friday after having had it under consideration for a week. There was a party contest on a number of proposals during the day, especially on an effort of different minority members to secure an amendment to fix the price of armor plate at the figures made by the Midvale Steel company. Several amendments were ruled out on points of order and the republican leaders, by parliamentary tactics, left the question of the secretary of the navy. An ineffectual attempt was made to have the eight-hour law applied to all ship construction. The contest over submarine boats was exciting and an amendment was adopted which leaves the question of the type of boat open but increases the amount of the appropriation for such boats. The minority failed to secure a record vote on the proposal to recommit with instructions, the proposed instructions being declared out of order. JAPS LAND MORE TROOPS. Forty Thousand Disembarked at Chemulpo and Other Points. LONDON.—Cabling from Chefoo, February 23, a correspondent of the Morning Post says 40,000 more Japanese troops have landed at Chemulpo and that he has received confirmation of the report that some Japanese have landed at Pigeon bay, others at Ta Lien Wan, and that an engagement occurred the night of February 12. The correspondent at Seoul of the Daily Mail reports a panic at Ping Yang, Korea, which is regarded as heralding the approach of the opposing armies. According to the Standard's correspondent at Seoul, the Japanese bombarded Port Arthur at intervals between February 8 and 14, causing, however, only slight damage. Sign Arbitration Treaty. PARIS.—The foreign office announced that a treaty of arbitration between France and Spain had been signed. The terms are identical with the recent arbitration treaties concluded between France and Great Britain and Italy and Great Britain. Press Feeders Again Fined. CHICAGO.—For the second time Judge Jesse Holdom fined the Franklin union of press feeders \$1,000 for violation of an injunction which was obtained by the Chicago Typothetae, charging the Franklin union with interference with non-union employees. Besides fining the union, Judge Holdom fined President Wednes \$250 in addition to a jail sentence of six months. Jerome Collins and Harry Brown, two other members of the Franklin union, were given short jail sentences.

FOR RENT OR SALE. On Crop Payments. SEVERAL CHOICE FARMS. Send for list. J. MULHALL, Sioux City, Iowa. Do what is worthy of reward and desire none.—Claudius. Patience and earnestness are pass words to success. FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. King's Great Nerve Restorer. Send for FREE TRIAL BOTTLE and treatise. Dr. H. K. Davis, Inc., 513 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa. Not She. "What's that you are putting on the chandelier?" asked her old bachelor uncle. "Mistletoe," she answered. "Oh, I see. But aren't you afraid of microbes?" "What!" exclaimed the pretty girl, in artless surprise. "In the mistletoe?"—Chicago Tribune. The Oat Wonder. The Editor must tell his readers of this marvel. It originated with the largest farm seed growers in the world, John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis. It has stiff straw, stands up like a stone wall, is white, heavy, and has long ears, filled to the tip with fat, plump kernels. It is a great stoofer, 80 stocks from one kernel. IF YOU WILL SEND THIS NOTICE AND 10c IN STAMPS to above address, you will get a sample of this Oat Wonder, which yielded in 1903, in 40 States from 250 to 330 bu. per acre, together with other farm seed samples and their big catalog. (W. N. U.) Opportunity is the cream of time. It isn't necessary to erect a monument when you bury animosity. ARE YOUR CLOTHES FADED? Use Red Cross Ball Blue and make them white again. Large 2 oz. package, 5 cents. A citical that one should never waste is the stronghold of a good conscience. Some men are too busy to take a rest until the undertaker gets them. PUTNAM FADELESS DYES produce the brightest and fastest colors. Self-conquest is the greatest of victories. Cheap Excursions to the South. On February 16, March 1 and 15, the Kansas City Southern railway will offer to the public the extremely low rate of \$10.00 for the round trip to all points on the Port Arthur Route, including Beaumont, Port Arthur, Lake Charles, Shreveport, Texarkana, Fort Smith, Mena, De Queen and all intermediate points. The return limit on these tickets will be twenty-one days from date of sale, with stopover privileges at all points south of Kansas City on the going trip. Any information desired by the public relative to these cheap excursions will be cheerfully furnished upon application to S. G. Warner, G. P. and T. A., Kansas City, Mo. The more you say the less people remember. The Odd Korean Flag. The Koreans, who have lately recalled their minister in Washington, attract attention for one reason if for no other. Their peculiar flag adorns their legation building. The body of the flag is white, and in the center is a design about the size of a foot ball in red and blue, looking very much like huge entwined comma marks. On the top, bottom and sides are short lines of dots and dashes, reminding one of the Morse code alphabet. May Subpoena Roosevelt. If the suit instituted by W. A. Wales, an attorney of Birmingham, against John Mitchell, president of the United Mine Workers, for \$200,000 damages, comes up for trial at Birmingham, the defense may summon President Roosevelt and Senators Platt, Quay and Penrose. Wales asserts that in October he proposed the plan which resulted in the settlement of the strike and that for his services he has never been paid Louis N. Hammerling, confidential agent to Mr. Mitchell, says that President Roosevelt and Senators Quay, Platt and Penrose will be called to testify that the plan was formed before Wales went to Wilkesbarre and made his suggestion. DOCTOR'S COFFEE And His Daughter Matched Him. Coffee drinking troubled the family of a physician of Grafton, W. Va., who describes the situation briefly: "Having suffered quite a while from vertigo, palpitation of the heart and many other derangements of the nervous system and finding no relief from usual methods of treatment, I thought to see how much there was in the Postum argument against coffee. "So I resorted to Postum, cutting off the coffee and to my surprise and satisfaction have found entire relief from all my sufferings, proving conclusively the beneficial effect of coffee and the way to be rid of it. "I have found Postum completely takes the place of coffee both in flavor and in taste. It is becoming more popular every day with many of our people and is having great demand here. "My daughter, Mrs. Long, has been a sufferer for a long time from attacks of acute indigestion. By the dismissal of coffee and using Postum in its place she has obtained complete relief. "I have also heard from many others who have used your Postum very favorable accounts of its good effects. "I prescribe Postum in place of coffee in a great many cases and I believe that upon its merits Postum will come into general use." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich. Look for the famous little book "The Road to Wellville," in each pkg.

Cheap Postal Service. The cheapest postal service in the world is that of Japan, where letters are conveyed all over the empire for two sen—about seven-tenths of a penny. This is the more wonderful considering the difficulties of transport over the mountainous and irregular country, while wagons can pass over only a few of the chief roads and the steamers connect but a small number of coast stations. Beware of Ointments for Catarrh that Contain Mercury. as mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co., Testimonials Free. Sold by Druggists. Price, 75c. per bottle. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation. There are a few self-made men and a lot of self-made blonde women in the world. Any girl who thinks as much of a man as she does of herself will do to tie to. Stops the Cough and Works Off the Cold. Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. There is one school a Florida boy delights to get into—a school of mullets. The ten commandments are good examples of broken English. Defiance Starch is guaranteed biggest and best or money refunded. 16 ounces, 10 cents. Try it now. To see what is right and not to do it is want of courage.—Confucius. True happiness consists, not in the multitude of friends, but in the worth and choice.—Johnson. Piso's Cure cannot be too highly spoken of as a cough cure.—J. W. O'HURR, 322 Third Ave., N., Minneapolis, Minn., Jan. 6, 1904. Occasionally a man manages to beat a woman in an argument by keeping his mouth shut. A man who puts a new coat of kalsomine on his past often thinks he has really reformed. For \$1.65 Money Order. The John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., mail postpaid 15 lbs. consisting of Apples, Peaches, Pears, Cherries, Plums, Peaches and Pears, with the thing for a city or country garden, including the great Elmstruck Apple, all hardy Wisconsin stock, are sent you free upon receipt of \$1.65. AND FOR 10c AND THIS NOTICE you get sufficient seed of Celery, Carrot, Cabbage, Onion, Lettuce, Radish and Flower Seeds to furnish bushels of choice flowers and lots of vegetables for a big family, together with our great plant and seed catalog. (W. N. U.) Knowledge is a treasure at once priceless and imperishable.—Gladstone. If you had \$2,000.00 insurance in the STATE FARMER'S MUTUAL INSURANCE CO. the past eight years it cost you \$34.00 for Fire, Lightning and Tornado. Do you know what Old Line Insurance would have cost you? Why not invest about \$30.00 of the saving in live stock, and soon buy another farm? Write to the Secretary for Information. B. R. Stouffer, Secretary, South Omaha, Neb. Borrowing is not much better than begging.—Lessing. If tombstones are truthful the cemeteries contain more good people than ever lived. You never hear any one complain about "Defiance Starch." There is none to equal it in quality and quantity. 16 ounces, 10 cents. Try it now and save your money. Faith is a smaller word than genius, but it is a better guide. Most people would rather blame a man for what he doesn't than give him credit for what he does. If you wish beautiful, clear, white clothes use Red Cross Ball Blue. Large 2 oz. package, 5 cents. A mother's tears are the same in all languages. It may be all right to give credit to whom credit is due, but spot cash is always preferable. Try One Package. "Defiance Starch" does not please you, return it to your dealer. If it does you get one-third more for the same money. It will give you satisfaction, and will not stick to the iron. Truth cannot be expressed where sincerity is suppressed. A good hand-me-down is sometimes better than a new misfit. Salzer's Home Builder Corn. So named because 50 acres produced so heavily that its proceeds built a lovely home. See Salzer's catalog. Yielded in 1903 in Ind., 157 bu., Ohio 150 bu., Tenn. 98 bu., and in Mich. 230 bu. per acre. You can beat this record in 1904. WHAT DO YOU THINK OF THESE YIELDS? FEW ARE! 120 bu. Beardless Barley per acre. 210 bu. Salzer's New Nat. Oats—per A. 80 bu. Salzer Speltz & Macaroni Wheat. 1,600 bu. Pedigree Potatoes per acre. 14 tons of rich Billon Dol. Grass Hay. 65,000 lbs. Victoria Rape for sheep—acre. 150,000 lbs. Tossino, the fodder wonder. 54,000 lbs. Salzer's Superior Fodder Corn—rich, juicy fodder, per A. Now such yields you can have. Mr. Farmer, in 1904, if you will plant Salzer's seeds. JUST SEND THIS NOTICE AND 10c in stamps to John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., and receive their great catalog and lots of farm seed samples. (W. N. U.) It is impossible to patch up a reputation so the patches won't show.