NOTABLE EVENTS OF THE YEAR 1903

record year of prosperity in the United States.

Some few crops have not yielded so higher that the shortage was more never got to a vote in the senate, no the treaty March 17. than made up for.

Cotton reached the highest figure at | ports to the Philippines. which it has been sold since the war. Beef and leather have been unprecedentedly high. Petroleum and its products advanced in price 25 per

Iron and steel were sold at high a reasonable time, and seaport cities made large purchases abroad because deliveries were so much delayed.

The production of precious metals will probably turn out to be nearly 7 per cent greater than last year.

The rice crop of Texas, a new industry practically, was remarkably large and sold for high figures.

Tremendous discoveries of petroleum on the Pacific coast enabled that part of the country to substitute six million dollars' worth of oil for coal, which was previously imported either from Great Britain or Australia.

crop in Great Britain and in southern Europe made an unexpected market for American green fruits. More than 75 per cent of all the fruits sold in the

London markets to-day is American. The average increase in the cost of foodstuffs to the consumer in the United States was 16 per cent.

In many cases the labor unions, by force of organization, though frequently not until a long and serious strike had been engaged in, were able to increase the pay of their members. thus greatly enhancing the purchasing power of the plain people, which is the basis of all prosperity in the United States.

In nearly all of the large cities throughout the country the population | 20-Julian Raiph died, New York. has increased, and the price of real | 21-Germans shelled Venezuelan fort. estate has done more than keep pace 23-Col. Lynch guilty. London. with the general march of prosperity. 24-Alaskan boundary treaty.

Under the circumstances, the country has every right to look forward to 28-Patrick Divver died, New York. a continuance of prosperity.

Our granaries are groaning with the products of an abundant harvest. Our savings banks overflow with the reserves of the people. Our scale of expenditure is the highest the world has ever known.

The stock market, that unfailing barometer of the feeling of the gambling element of the country, has recently taken a short, sharp rise.

The area of land which will be plowed and seeded this winter and next spring will exceed the area tilled last year.

It is inevitable that a prosperous harvest brings a greater seed sowing. The greatly increased demand for cattle and horses means more stock. Breeding pastures will be fuller next year than they were ever before.

THE YEAR IN REVIEW.

Momentous Events That Have Signalized the Past Twelve Months.

The all-absorbing topic of January, 1903, was the Venezuelan imbroglio. The active events of that affair belong, of course, to 1902, though as late as Jan. 22 the German ships bombarded the fort of San Carlos, but on Jan. 8 President Castro rested Venezucla's side of the case entirely in the hands of Minister Bowen, who set sail for home Jan. 11. After that the 17-Shamrock III launched, Scotland. whole matter was thrashed out in Washington, and the interest in the affair remained keen to the very close, 19-Senate adjourned sine die. because many thought they saw in the warlike action of the allies, especially Germany, a determination to attack no. Venezuela so much as Uncle Sam's famous Monroe doctrine. The attempt, if it were really so intended, completely failed, for, though pitted against some of the most astute diplomats of Europe, Minister Bowen persistently upheld the real rights of the weaker country and negotiated terms of settlement favorable to Venezuela without calling the time-honored doctrine into question or dispute.

The Great Coal Strike.

The anthracite coal strike belongs even more to the history of 1902 than does the Venezuelan affair and the deliberations of the arbitration commission attracted even less general interest than their importance justified. The commission entered into the matter most thoroughly and systematically. The last witness was not called until Feb. 5 and the arguments of the opposing counsel consumed the following week. President George F. Baer represented the operators and Clarence Darrow the miners.

After a month's deliberations the

commission reported. The miners won a portion of increase in wages and reduction of hours of work demanded before the strike, were granted a better system of measuring their work and a practical, if not a formal, recognition of their union. in sight for \$40,000,000, giving until parently frail in body, the long years The decision was a victory for the miners especially as they would willingly have accepted the terms allowed before they began the strike had not the mine operators refused to concede, arbitrate or negotiate.

In Congress.

The second session of the Fifty-seventh congress may be briefly summarincrease in the navy similar to that of agreed to pay Colombia a bonus of after several indecisive ballots, chose and troops were sent to Cartagena. ized: Provisions were made for an former years, a uniform militia bill \$10,000,000 and an annual rental of Cardinal Sarto, Patriarch of Venice, was passed, as was also a law creating \$250,000 for such concessions as the who was elected. He chose the title nized the new republic, and on the for general experiment, but during the not quite, valueless.

Other important if not interesting legislation was effected, but the "omtariff concessions were granted to im-

An act that met with universal approval was the creation of a new de- of opening months of the year should partment and the addition of a new | be mentioned. On Jan. 15 J. T. Tillmember to the president's cabinetthe Department of Labor and Commerce. As soon as created, in Febprices and the demand was so great ruary, the president's private secrethat orders could not be filled within | tary, George B. Cortelyou, was appointed its secretary. At the same time, discussed, but in October Tillman was and as a part of the new department, | acquitted, partly because the fatal ata bureau of corporation was established, and James R. Garfield, son of partly because there was evidence to the late president, became its chief.

When congress adjourned, or rather expired, March 3, two questions were unsettled-Cuban reciprocity and the Fanama canal, but as the treaties concerning them required only the action lower Mississippi rose higher than of the senate, President Roosevelt ever before, and on the 20th of that summoned the new senate into exist- month passed all records. Cities along ence immediately to consider the two | the river, especially Memphis, suffered measures. The reciprocity treaty was | heavily, levees gave way and miles of ratified, but the nature of its pro-The total destruction of the fruit visions required action by the house, told damage and great suffering, es however, doomed to a crushing defeat. Briefly, Russia is and always has been

The year 1903 will be known as the a general staff in command of the French company had received. It was of Pius X. and was crowned Aug. 4. the ratification of this treaty that brought the question to the issue in the senate, and when congress adlargely as they did in former years, nibus" statehood bill was lost. Little- journed without action an extra sesbut the prices received were so much field's bill to regulate corporations sion was called. This session ratified

Some Passing Sensations. Besides the affairs of general importance already noted, several events man shot and killed Editor N. G. Gonzalez. Gonzalez had attacked Tillman rabidly in his paper and had defeated his nomination for governor. The affair was widely and vehemently tack was not entirely unjustified, and show that Tillman thought Gonzalez was armed and about to attack him.

Disastrous Floods.

Little can be said here of the disastrous floods of the year. In March the lowlands were inundated, causing un-

21-Young Corbett whipped McGovern.

APRIL

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7-Rear Ad. Belknap died, Key West.

9-Northern Securities merger annulled.

10-Chap. W. H. Milburn died, California,

1-Roosevelt on western tour.

11-Reliance launched, Bristol,

20-Kishineff massacre of Jews.

17-Shamrock III dismasted abroad.

28-China refused Russian demands.

29-Russia for open door in far east.

MAY

-King Edward welcomed in Paris.

-Bishop Foster died, Newton.

-Str. Saginaw sunk: 20 lost.

12-R. H. Stoddard died, New York.

26-\$500,000 fire in Laconia, N. H.

28-Shamrock III sailed for New York.

JUNE

-Last play at Boston Museum.

-Forest fires in New England.

Roosevelt's western trip ended.

8-Rain in N. E.; been dry 50 days. 10-King and queen killed, Servia.

15-Karageorgevitch king of Servia.

18-Geo. Wheaton died, Washington.

20—Cardinal Vaughan died, London. 21—Maj. J. B. Pond died, New York.

26-Cornell won boat races, Hudson.

18-Africander won the Suburban.

S. squadron at Kiel.

25-Hooker statue unveiled, Boston,

12-Gen. Alex. McCook died, Ohio.

-Levee broke at East St. Louis.

14-Shamrock III arrived at New York.

Yale won boat races, New London.

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JULY

27-Machen arrested, Washington.

14-Corruption inquiry, Beacon Hill.

Russia left Niu Chwang.

16-Sybil Sanderson died, Paris.

24-"Max O'Rell" died, Paris.

25-Emerson's 100th birthday.

1-Lowell mills reopened.

17-Reliance lost topmast.

5-Pope Leo seriously ill.

7-Pope Leo operated on.

6-Teachers' convention. Boston

7-U. S. squadron, Portsmouth, Eng.

4-Bishop Hurst died, Washington.

-Russia reoccupied Niu Chwang.

3-Kaiser visited the Pope

29-Stuart Robson died, New York,

28-Irving M. Scott died, 'Frisco.

29-King Edward visited the Pope.

30-Paul du Chaillu died, Russia.

25-W. K. Vanderbilt married, London,

1-Ehhu B. Haves died, Lynn.

30-Lowell mills idle.

Eventful August.

August was an eventful month. On the 8th Lieutenant General Nelson A. Miles, long the commanding general of the army, was retired from active service. For seven days Major General S. B. M. Young commanded in his of the administration, insisting that stead, but Aug. 15 the army staff law went into effect and General Young became chief of staff.

The event of Aug. 12 was more significant, for on that day misguided Colombians brewed trouble for themselves. On that day the Colombian senate rejected the Hay-Herran Pai ma canal treaty, and this unexpect action seemed for the time to put the canal farther away than ever.

Even the chagrin that accompanied the turn of affairs gave place to expectancy when Sir Thomas Lipton arrived with his third challenger for America's cup-Shamrock III.

The boat had been launched in March and even before the defender had taken definite shape news of its wonderful sailing capacity was flashed across the Atlantic. Not a few anticipated that upon this expedition the gallant Irishman would be successful

10-Pope Leo's second operation.

14-Crimes act revoked, Ireland.

15-Mrs. J. G. Blaine died. Maine.

18-J. McN. Whistler died, London.

27-Reliance picked to defend cup.

4—Sarto elected Pope; Pius X. 4—Schwab, steel trust, resigned.

8-Lt. Gen. Young head of army.

8—Britishers lifted tennis bowl

10-Rear Admiral Remey retired.

14—Jeffries knocked out Corbett.

20-Gen. Black head of G. A. R.

22-Lord Salisbury died, London.

24-Lou Dillon, mile, 2m. flat.

28-Joseph Haworth died, Ohio.

28--Vice consul at Beirut alive.

29-Hamburg Belle won Futurity.

21-Sam Parks guilty, New York,

22-Reliance beat Shamrock, 7m. 3s.

25—Rellance beat Shamrock, 1m. 19s.

27-Reported assassination, Beirut,

29-Caleb Powers guilty, Kentucky.

SEPTEMBER

28-U. S. ships ordered to Turkey.

12-Colombia rejected canal treaty.

8-Rear Admiral Melville retired.

5-Stock market slump.

8-Lt. Gen. Miles retired.

9-Pope Pius X crowned.

14—Irish land bill passed.

19-Dan Patch, mile, 1:59.

22—Humberts guilty, Paris.

18-Trouble in Turkey

31-Cardinals in conclave, Rome.

22-Cassius M. Clay died, Kentucky.

29-Magazines exploded. Tewksbury.

AUGUST

17-P. M. Arthur died, Winnipeg.

20-Pope Lco died, Rome,

26-Masses for Pope, Boston,

11-American riflemen won, England.

Bunau-Varilla was hurried to Washington as the minister of the new country, empowered to negotiate a new Panama canal pact. Soon after General Reyes of Colombia entered an earnest protest against the course Uncle Sam keep his hands off the isthmus. This, after the practical breach of faith and the vacillation of the Colombians in regard to the canal treaty, was too tardy, and Uncle Sam's navy is preparing to protect Panama from threatened invasion. Already an American fleet is upon the Panama coast, and Colombia has reached a point when she confesses a fear of taking any drastic action. A new canal treaty has been signed, and once again the canal seems assured. There may, however, be some blood shed on the isthmus before Colombia finally re-

linquishes her claim to Panama. Russia and Janan. For the last few months the everlasting refrain has been of "war clouds hovering over the far east." A dozen times it has been reported that Japan and Russia had reached a point where war was inevitable. The causes of in carrying back the trophy. He was, the breach are vague and indefinite.

19-Amherst beat Harvard, football,

13-Boston, world baseball champion,

15-Tillman acquitted, S. Carolina,

16-Dowie invaded New York.

20-Alaskan boundary fixed.

22-Dan Patch, mile, 1:56%.

1-Fire in Vatican, Rome.

19-Cresceus. mile, 1:59%.

15-Sherman statue unveiled. Wash.

20-Congress called to meet Nov. 9.

24-Durand, British ambassador to

24—Lou Dillon, mile, 1:58½. 29—Emma Booth-Tucker killed, Mo.

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NOVEMBER

1-Prof. Mommsen died, Germany,

3-Tammany won, New York city.

3-Panama proclaimed independent.

4-U. S. warships ordered to Panama.

7-Wm. L. Elkins died, Philadelphia,

6—U. S. recognized Panama government.

1-\$1,500,000 fire, Coney Island,

2-Irish land act in operation.

8-Kaiser underwent operation.

9-A. F. of L. convention, Boston,

9-Rioting, capital of Colombia.

10-President's message on Cuba. Y

10-Orrin Hickok died. Cleveland.

12-Street railway strike, Chicago.

14-Princeton beat Yale, football,

18-A. F. of L. against socialism,

18-Canal treaty with Panama.

19-House passed Cuban bill.

28-Jules Levy died, Chicago.

19—Italian king in London.

13-A. H. Green murdered, New York.

14-Dartmouth beat Harvard, football,

9-Congress in extra session.

10-May Goelet married.

13-Archbishop Kane died, Baltimore,

14-Francis A. Hobart died, Braintree,

10th France followed our example. M. | coming year some startling results may be shown.

The Honored Dead.

No review of 1903, even done in such sketchy outline as has been necessary, is complete without a mention of the famous men and women who have passed from the busy scenes of life. Space here allows for only a list of the most celebrated:

Jan 5-Sagasta, ex-premier of Spain, Jan. 15-Cardinal Parrochi. Jan. 18-Abram S. Hewitt, New

Jan. 20-Julian Ralph, author. Feb. 26-R. J. Gatling, inventor of

the famous gun.

March 22-Dean Farrar, British di-March 27-N. K. Fairbanks, capital-

March 29-G. F. Swift, capitalist.

April 10-W. H. Milbarn, the "Blind Chaplain" of the United States senate. April 11-Brigham Young of the Mormon church.

April 29-Paul du Chaillu, explorer. April 29-Stuart Robson, actor. May 12-R. H. Stoddart, poet. May 16-Sibyl Sanderson, singer,

May 24-Paul Blouet ("Max O'Rell"), guthor. June 11-The Servian assassination. June 19-Cardinal Vaughn, the Roman Catholic primate of England.

July 15-Mrs. J. G. Blaine. July 16-P. M. Arthur, labor leader. July 17-Jas. H. McN. Whistler,

July 20-Pope Leo XIII.

July 22-General Cassius M. Clay. Aug. 22-Lord Salfsbury, ex-premier

of England. Sept. 30-Sir Michael Henry Herbert, British ambassador to the United States.

Oct. 13-Archbishop J. J. Kain of St. Louis Oct. 28-Mrs. Emma Booth-Tucker.

Salvation Army, killed in railway Nov. 1-Theodor Mommsen, German

Nov. 7-Wm. L. Elkins, capitalist.

or Greater New York," killed by an in-

Dec. 8-Herbert Spencer, English philosopher and author.

Of Course He Might.

Collector-Sir, may I present you

this little bill? Owen-May you-may you? Ah. my dear sir, never ask my permission again. It is entirely superfluous, I assure you. Why, my dear man, if you had ever seen any one else present a bill to me and seen how little it affected me, you would never have hesitated for a moment. See? I file it away with some of the most valuable papers I possess. And-would you please do me this slight favor-would you please tell your boss that I received you with the utmost courtesy and that I beg him to send one of these every month? And-stay a moment. Please tell him I said always to send you, and that no other collector will please me half so well. Your courtesy, my dear sir, has won my heart, and I assure you that of the nineteen collectors that have been here to-day, you are the only one

more American. Curse That Was Fulfilled.

that has gone away in a good humor.

Why, those fellows are so aggravat-

ing that if they don't quit acting so

rudely I shall positively pay them to

get rid of them. Good day.-Balti-

A famous Gaelic curse put upon the family of Dalrymple at the time of the massacre of Glencoe, in the 18th century, is recalled by the death of the Earl of Stair, head of the Dalrymple family. The first earl of the line took part in the massacre, and Jean MacDonald, the sole survivor of a large family that perished through the earl's cruelty, delivered a bitter curse upon him, wishing that no succeeding earl should have children. A startling comment on this malediction will permit. Japan looks upon Korea is that the second, third, fourth, sixth, seventh and eighth earls of Stair al! died without issue-a circumstance probably unique in the annals of the neerage. The family of the first earl became entirely extinct in 1840, and the succession passed to the descendcome, will belong to the history of ants of his next brother, Sir James Dalrymple, from whom came the peer It would be improper not to mention | just deceased. Evidently the curso the gigantic postoffice frauds un- did not pass with the title, for the earthed during the present year. It is two earls of the present family had

> Signaling Under Water. There has recently been put in op-

eration at Boston a system of signal. . ing beneath the waves to vessels an-Late last year the sensation of the proaching dangerous shores during foggy weather. The apparatus consage across the Atlantic. This year sists of two receivers, located on but the young inventor, as well as line, and connected by wires to the ing upon the problems of wireless is placed. The signals from shore are regular intervals. When the observer wishes to ascertain his location he the mysterious metal-radium-afford- takes the ear piece, and by moving ed a mild sensation, similar to that the switch either to the right or left. sound is the loudest, and upon that This mysterious substance, discov- side the bell will be found. The value ered by M. and Mme. Currie of Paris, of a system of this nature is at once

JANUARY

- ·----1-First cablegram, U. S. to Hawaii. 3-Napier Lothian died. Boston.
- 5-Sagasta died in Spain. 7-Moses Tenney died, Georgetown.
- 9-Ex-Gov. Hastings, Penn, died.
- (- Duty taken off coal. 15-Tillman shot editor, S. Carolina,
- 15-Cardinal Parochi died, Rome. 15-Coal investigation, Mass.
- 18-M. de Blowltz died, Paris.
- 18-Abram S. Hewitt died, New York, 18-Marconigram, Cape Cod to England,
- 18-Germany sent Sternberg to U. S.
- 22-Canal treaty with Colombia.
- -Col. Lynch's sentence commuted.
- 29-Cyrus Cobb died, Allston. 30-John D. Long seriously ill.
- 31-Hobson resigned from navy. 31-Jusserand, new French ambassador.

FEBRUARY

- 1-Elisha Morgan died, Springfield. 3—Daniel B. Lord died, Salem. 3-\$150,000 fire, Middlebury, Vt. -Local option won, Vermont. 5-Henry L. Dawes died, Pittsfield. 5-End coal strike hearings. Penn.
- 6-Rear Admiral Wildes died at sea, 10—Str. Madiana wrecked, Bermuda. 14-Venezuela blockade raised. 16-Cortelyou, Secretary of Commerce.
- 16—Rear Admiral Robinson, died, Phil. 16-Chas. Theo. Russell died, Camb. 18-Beef-trust injunction. 18-E. J. Flynn died, New York. 20-Pope Leo's 25th anniversary.
- 24-Cuban coal station agreement. 26-Dr. R. J. Gatling died, New York, 27-Burdick murdered in Buffalo.

MARCH

- 1-Gen. W. F. Smith died, Phila. 1-Wm. Scollans died, Brighton. 2-Extra session, U. S. senate, called. 4-End of 57th congress. 5-U. S. senate in extra session. 10-Arthur Pennell killed, Buffalo. 10-Woman suffrage defeated, N. H. 12-Czar decreed religious freedom.
- 13-Maine stuck to prohibition. 17-Canal treaty ratified by senate. 19-\$300,000 fire at Pepperell 19-Cuban reciprocity treaty ratified.
- —Coal commission report. 22-Very Rev. F. W. Farrar died, London. 26-License law in New Hampshire.
- 27-N. K. Fairbanks died, Chicago. 28-Lowell mills ordered closed. 29-G. F. Swift died, Chicago.

extra session in November.

The Panama Canal. The Panama canal was the burning question, and at the beginning, as at the close of this year, it seemed a certainty. For years the agitation in favor of a canal across the Isthmus of Panama had been agitated, and recently with increased interest. Thousands of dollars had been spent surveying tne possible routes, and it at last seemed assured that the United States, in conjunction with Great Britain, would undertake the Nica-

Since the collapse of the De Lessep's Panama scheme a new French company had possession of and had done some work on the Panama canal but until it became evident that this country was in earnest about Nicaragun the French company refused to sell out at a reasonable price. Then, when competition seemed likely, they surprised American lawmakers by offering their holdings at less than half | the pontiff was regarded as in a crititheir former figures. They offered to sell their concessions and everything life was despaired of, but though ap-March 4 for acceptance. Congress hesitated, many favoring the Nicaragua | did power of resistance to disease, and route, and when the time was about to expire President Roosevelt took the responsibility of accepting the proposition, running the risk of defeat in the senate or in Colombia. In the meantime Secretary Hay and Dr. Herran, the Colombian charge d'affairs, signed a treaty by which the United States | last day of the month, and on Aug. 4,

so it remained inoperative until the were flooded, and Topeka, Kansas City, St. Louis and East St. Louis suffered from the rush of waters. The cotton mills in the Carolinas and Georgia were also victims of the raging waters and many other cities, notably Paterson, N. J., were inundated. Heppner, Ore., was practically devastated by a cloudburst.

Passing of Pope Leo.

Late in June came the announcement of the serious illness of Pope Leo XIII. That aged pontiff was 93 years of age on March 2, and on March 3 celebrated the twenty-fifth anniversary of his coronation as pope, thus putting an end to the long-honored tradition that no pontiff would "see the days of Peter"-25 years. Pope Leo's predecessor had reigned 32 years, the longest in history, and the old tradition cannot survive this secand breaking of the record. On July 5 cal condition, and in a few days his of simple habits had given him a splenfor more than two weeks he battled with the ravages of pleural pneumonia. On July 20, however, he died, and on the following day the chair of Peter was declared vacant by Cardinal Camerlingo Oreglia. The conclave to

est began to wane at once. The Reliance won three straight races, but before the last race the public in geneffort to be hopeless for many years to

On Nov. 3 elections were held in thirteen states, seven of which chose governors. The following governors were re-elected: A. B. Cummings (rep.) of Iowa; J. C. W. Beckham (dem.) of Kentucky; John L. Bates (rep.) of Massachuetts, and L. F. C. Garvin (dem.) of Rhode Island. Edwin Warfield (dem.) was chosen governor | complete report of Mr. Bristow, made of Maryland; J. K. Vardman (rep.) of Mississippi and Myron T. Herrick (rep.) was elected governor of Ohio by a plurality of over 100,000 over Tom L. Johnson. The other elections of national interest resulted in the return of Tammany to power in Greater New York, George B. McClellan (dem.) received a plurality of 60,000 over former fusion Mayor Seth Low. The en- telegraphy, and it is certain some given by striking a submerged ball at tire Tammnay ticket was elected, and progress has been made. that organization also secures a ma- In the realm of scientific discoveries

jority of the board of aldermen. Republic of Panama.

As in several other instances in 1903 momentous events conspired to occur | air and the X-rays in former years. on the same day, so on Nov. 3 the province of Panama declared her independence of Colombia. The follow-

pecially to the poor negroes of the | Even the first trial, which resulted in | averse to relinquishing her hold on South. The following month and in no race, so clearly demonstrated the Manchuria. Instead she desires to ex-June the Missouri and its tributaries superiority of the Reliance that inter- tend it as far as the European allies in the same light and the interests of the two countries conflict. There is eral lost all interest in the contest. no doubt that a rupture between the Sir Thomas, it is said, believes the two powers has been and is dangerously near, but it is also certain that overt hostilities, should they

> not possible to so much as outline the | sons. many cases brought to light, and here the curious reader is referred to the public Nov. 30. Wireless Telegraphy.

hour was the Marconi wireless mesnothing so spectacular has been done, either side of the ship below the water many other scientists, is quietly work- | wheel house, where a telephone box

which greated the discovery of liquid | soon ascertains upon which side the

emits rays of light that penetrate apparent when it is borne in mind choose his successor assembled on the ing day a provisional government was opaque substances, and heat that that fogs frequently obscure the most established, and Colombian officials month after month shows no diminu- powerful lights, and that certain attion. Only small quantities of the mospheric conditions during stormy On the 6th the United States recog- substance have been secured, too little | weather render fog horns almost, if

1-Revolution in Macedonia. 3-Reliance won 3d race; kept cup 4-U. S. warships at Beirut. 7-Radium exhibited in United States.

7-Bishop Clark of Rhode Island died. 8-Tuykish massacres, Macedonia, 11-Major Delmar, mile, 2:00%. 11-Eustis, Me., swept by fire. 13-J. S. Adams, Sr., died, Adams. 14-Rear Admiral Cook retired. 15-Sir Thomas Lipton ill, Chicago, 17-Chamberlain resigned, London, 23-Prince Alert, mile 1:57 28-Henry D. Lloyd died, Illinois. 29-President refused to remove Miller.

OCTOBER

5-Balfour named new cabinet. 6-W. S. Bissell died, Buffalo.

30-Sir Michael Herbert died abroad.

30-Czar visited Vienna

DECEMBER

25-Chicago, street railway strike settled

-Fitzsimmons whipped Gardiner Boy bandits captured, Chicago.

30-Brooklyn Acad. of Music burned.

1-Receivers for Zion City. -Prof. Bowne, B. U., heresy charges. Panama ratified canal treaty. -Dr. Cyrus Edson died, New York. 4-W. M. Springer died, Washington, 7—Opening of 58th congress. President's message on Panama, -Canal treaty sent to senate. 8-Herbert Spencer died, England, 3-U. S. consul assaulted, Turkey. 8—Langford whipped Gans, Boston. 8-Langley's airship failed to fly. 8-Zion City receivers removed. 10-Rear Admiral Gherardi died, Conn. 12-J. R. Proctor died, Washington. 14-Fleets in war paint, far east. 14-Dr. Hale, chaplain U. S. senate.

12-Walthour-Monroe won 6-day race. 14-More marines landed, Panama. 16-Cuban reciprocity bill a law. 19—Peru recognized Panama, 19—La Centennial celebrated, N. Orleans. 19-John Kernell died, Detroit

19-Attempted assassination Max Nordan. 30-Iroquois theater, Chicago, burned, 584

7—Shipvard trust disclosures. 8-Russia stayed in Manchuria. 8-Chinese-American trade treaty.