# **GREAT MAN GONE**

DEATH WINS THE STRUGGLE AT HATFIELD HOUSE.

## LORD SALISBURY IS NO MORE

End Comes Peacefully to Former British. Premier-Unconscious to the Last-Members of Family Gathered at Hatfield House.

LONDON.-Lord Salisbury died peaceully at 9:05 Saturday night. During the past forty-eight hours the end was seen to be inevitable, the great frame of England's ex-premier being sustained only by the constant use of oxygen, which at last became ineffectual.

The village of Hatfield, which still retains many features of the feudal period, was filled with anxious residents awaiting one news of his lordship's demise. The great Hatfield house, hidden behind the screen of pine trees, was lighted at every window, and gave no sign of the approaching fatality. Groups of watchers clustered under the Elzabethan arch and of the lodge gates anxiously questioning each latest passer from Hatfield house.

Finally the news came, when a hatless servant rushed down the graveled roadway saying as he passed, "He has gone," and then disappeared in the church. Soon thereafter the bell from the tower above tolled slowly and the villagers at the street corners uncovered in acknowledgement of the passing of their neighbor and friend, England's great statesman.

Viscount Cranborne, who now assames the title of marquis of Salisbury, immediately notified King Edward and Queen Alexandra, the Prince and Princess of Wales and others, including Lord Edward Cecil, the soldier son of Lord Salisbury, who is now in Egypt, and whose was the only child of the marquis absent from the deathbed. Soon messages of condolence began coming in and the little telegraph office at Hatfield was swamped with unprecedented busness.

The death of Lord Salisbury occurred on the fifteenth anniversary of his entry into a public life as a member of the house of commons for Stamford.

When death became imminent the attending physician summoned the waiting members of the family, who gathered at the bedside and took farewell of the dying man, who, however, was unconscious of their presence.

It is understood that Lord Salisbury recently expressed a wish to be buried beside his wife at Hatfield. A proposal will undoubtedly be made to bury him at Westminster abbey but this will be declined by the relatives in accordance with his lordship's wishes.

## THE BEST BOAT WINS.

First Blood for American Reliance in International Contest.

NEW YORK-In a splendid twelve to fifteen knot breeze, over a windward and leeward course of thirty miles, the gallant sloop Reliance Saturday beat Shamrock III in commanding style by exactly nine minutes actual time, or seven minutes and three seconds, after deducting the one minute and fifty-seven seconds which the defender concedes to Sir Thomas Lipton's third challenger on account of Reliance's larger sailing plan as at present measured.

It was a royal water fight for the ancient trophy which carries with it the yachting supremacy of the world. and by a strange coincidence the first victory in the cup series of 1903 occurred on the fifty-second anniversary of the day on which the old schooner America captured it in her famous race around the Isle of Wight. Reliance beat the British boat three minutes and twenty-four seconds in the thresh to windward and five minutes and thirty-six seconds in the run down the wind.

## Prize Sugar Beet Exhibit.

New York, on behalf of the American Sugar Refining company, has offered a cur valued at \$500 for the best exhibit of sugar beets raised in the arid or semi-arid regions, to be shown at month. Commander Booth Tucker of the Salvation Army will appear before the congress and speak on "Colonization."

Advocates Evangelical Sermons. WARSAW, Ind .- Evangelical serquestions of the day were advocated ish troops, under the pretext of purfor the pulpit Sunday by Rev. Robert | suing revolutionary bands, have de-F. Coyle, moderator of the Presby- stroyed the villages of Armenska, terian general assembly, who preach- Arphrobi, Letschani, Peckopanje, ed at the bible conference. He spoke Neklazi, Zelnch, Patelle and Banitza, of the evangelical spirit which per- massacreing the women and children. rades the Presbyterian and other The male inhabitants fled to the churches all over the world. The gen- mountains and joined the insurgents, eral topic was "Home and Foreign who are especially numerous in that Missions."

YACHTS SAIL IN VAIN.

Reliance Gains Many Minutes in Drift-

ing Match for America's Cup. NEW YORK-One of the biggest crowds of sightseers and yachtsmen that ever sailed down Sandy Hook to witness a battle for the yachting supremacy of the world, returned to New York Thursday night disappointed because the wind failed, leaving the yachts disabled. Nevertheless the crowd was jubilant in the conviction that Sir Thomas' latest challenger, like the two which had preceded it, was doomed to return to England empty-handed.

The first race for America's cup was declared off at the turn when Reliance was sixteen minutes in the lead, having gained that much in a fifteenmile drift. Of course the race was not absolutely conclusive owing to the light and shifting character of the air, but in a fifteen mile beat to windward, a portion of which was sailed in a driving rain, Reliance showed its heels to Shamrock III in commanding style, and that, too, under weather conditions supposed to be to the particular liking of the challenger. Fife's latest creation has been heralded as a wonder in light breezes in windward work, especially with a jumpy sea on, while Reliance, in its trials, had done its best reaching and running in a whole sail wind. Yet today, with a breeze varying from one to twelve knots and against a long ground swell, the defender outfooted and outpointed Shamrock III.

### ROOT LEAVES FOR ENGLAND Declares He Will Leave Cabinet Dur ing the Winter.

NEW YORK.—Secretary Root sail ed for Liverpool Friday on Celtic, of the White Star line. He goes to England to act with Senator Lodge and former Senator Turner of Washington as the United States representatives in the Alaskan boundary dis-

Before sailing he declared he would, according to his present plans, get out of the cabinet about the middle of the winter. He would not dscuss his future plans, except to deny that he was going to actively enter politics in this state.

With the secretary went Mrs. Root and Miss Ethel Root, while on the same steamer sailed Judge John M. Dickinson of Chicago, J. W. Foster | Nelson; Tennessee, N. Hacker; Texas, of Indiana, former secretary of state, R. M. Moores; Utah, W. W. Bostaph; and Hannis Taylor of Tennessee, former minister to Spain, who, as councillors for the United States, will present its side of the dispute beore the commission.

## TURKS DEFEATED IN BATTLE

Three Battalions of Troops Make At tack on Insurgent Band.

SOFIA, ulgaria.-A fierce battle is reported to have occurred in the neighborhood of Monastir.

Three Turkish battalions attacked 1,000 insurgents and after the fight had raged for six hours the Turks were repulsed with the loss of 210 men killed and wounded.

The insurgent loss is not given. Reports received here from Constantinople and believed to be authentic confirm the previous statements to the effect that when the Turkish troops recaptured Krushevo they slaughtered the entire Christian population without exception, and it is pointed out that among those killed were the employes of the government tobacco establishments, which were under European control, as the proceeds from these establishments were assigned to the payment of the Turkish debt.

## STRENGTHENS CHAMBERLAIN.

Death of Salisbury Contributes to Tariff Policy.

PARIS-The death of Lord Salisbury made considerable impression here. Although the late statesman had retired from politics, the feeling prevails here that his disappearance will contribute to strengthen the position of Colonial Secretary Chamberlain, which circumstance is not thought likely to promate friendship between the two countries. The ability, prudence and moderation OGDEN, Utah .- H. O. Havemeyer of of the former premier are frankly recognized, though some of his sarcastic utterances are recalled. It is acknowledged that while he firmly upheld Great Britain's interests, at the same time he always strove to prethe irrigation congress in Ogden next | vent a rupture with France, and it is | kub from Dibra, having fled from that admitted that the Fashoda incident would have been far more dangerous had any other statesman been in pow-

Massacre Women and Children. LONDON .- According to a Belgrade mons in preference to lectures on dispatch to the Daily Mail, the Turklocality.

# SESSION IS OVER

ATTENDANTS AT G. A. R. MEET ING STRIKE CAMP.

## **GEN. BLACK APPOINTS OFFICERS**

Traynor Is the Nebraska Member of Council of Administration-Reports of Officers-Resolutions Eulogizing General Miles.

SAN FRANCISCO.—The national encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic closed its thirty-seventh annual session Friday afternoon, after a protracted morning meeting. The newly elected officers, with the exception of Junior Vice Commander Kessler, who is now on his way from the Philippines, were installed.

The following appointments were announced by Commander-in-Chief

Adjutant General-C. W. Partridge of Illinois.

Quartermaster-Major Charles Burrows of New Jersey, reappointed. Judge Advocate General-James Tanner of New York.

Inspector General-E. B. Wessen of

Council of Adminstration-Nebraska, Andrew Traynor; Alabama, M. D. Wickersham; Arizona, George Atkinson; Arkansas, A. A. Whissan; California and Nevada, A. V. Barrett; Colorado and Wyoming, U. S. Hollister; Connecticut, A. C. Hendricks; Delaware, Samuel Worrell; Florida, Chas. Donovan; Georgia, G. A. Sumerford; Idaho, George M. Parsons; Illinois, T. B. Scott; Indiana, H. A. Root; Indian Territory, James Redfield; Kansas, T. H. Coney; Kentucky, Jacob Seibert; Louisiana and Mississippi, C. C. Shute; Maine, Louis Welbinz; Maryland, R. S. Sunstrom; Massachusetts, J. W. S. Harsey; Michigan, E. B. Fenton; Minnesota, L. W. Collins; Missouri, J. T. ew; Montana, S. H. Hansell; New Hampshire, I. H. Foster; New Mexico, John R. McFie; New York, James Owens; North Dakota, S. K. McGinnis; Ohio, A. A. Taylor; Oklahoma A. W. Taylor; Oregon, W. M. Ingram; Pennsylvania, Thomas C. Sample; Potomac, B. F. Entreken; Rhode Island, J. T. Lenyon; South Dakota, A. B. Vermont, A. C. Brown; Virginia and ington and Alaska, S. W. Clark; West Virginia, G. B. Woodcock; Wisconsin,

Philip Cheek; Iowa, S. C. James. The reports of the various retiring, officers were adopted and a vote of thanks given each for efficient service. It was resolved to telegraph President North Carolina, E. W. Fuller; Wash-Roosevelt the resolution favoring the pensioning of veterans of 62 years of age, which was adopted yesterday.

The encampment unanimously adopted the following resolution, introduced by Captain P. H. Coney of Topeka, Kan.:

Resolved, That we congratulate that splendid soldier, exemplary commander and patriotic citizen, General Nelson a Miles, upon his attainment of a distinguished and honorable retirement after a matchless record as a soldier of over forty-two years of service, without just criticism of his official conduct, which began as lieutenant in the Twenty-second Massachusetts infantry, progressing by the brightest grade of heroic patriotism from Manasses to Appomatox, during the greatest of all civil wars, from 1861 to 1865 and illuminating this record by his great military achievements as a successful Indian fighter, and again as a great mi tary disciplinarian and organizer.

## FEARS OF MORE MASSACRES.

Powers Very Anxious Over the Situation in Salonica.

CONSTANTINOPLE.-The ambassadors of the powers have again drawn the attention of the porte to the fears of massacres at Salonica, and have demanded the adoption of immediate and effective measures for the protection of the foreign consulates and the subjects of the various powers.

Letters received here from Uskub say there is evidence there of a great feeling of unrest. The mosques are guarded by troops, and it is feared they may be attacked.

Servian refugees are arriving at Usplace owing to the fear of a massacre. The Albanians in that district have burned a number of Bulgarian vil-

## In Chinese Famine District.

LONDON-According to mail advices from Hong Kong, missionaries Kwangsi province, south China, report that conditions there improved. The harvest had commenced and the free distribution of cereals had ceased in many places early in July. It was ex- action taken by the Millers' National pected that necessity for further dis-federation convention neld in Detroit tribution of food would disappear en- favoring reciprocity between the tirely in a few weeks.

THAT CANAL PACT.

kt is Rejected by the Senate of Colombia.

WASHINGTON - A cable dated August 12 has been received at the State department from Minister Beu pre, at Bogota, saying the Panama canal treaty has been rejected by the Colombian senate.

President Roosevelt was immediately advised of the news, Mr. Beaupre's telegram being forwarded to Oyster

Little additional information concerning the action of the Colombian senate could be obtained at the State department and Mr. Adee, acting seccretary, would not indicate what course the government was likely to

It will be impossible for President Marroquin to again submit the treaty to the Colombian congress in its present form, as the senate, having rejected it, cannot again come before that body except by its own vote. President Morroquin, however, can resubmit the treaty with slight amendments to the senate and thus reopen the canal debate. It is believed at the Colombian legation that President Marroquin will adopt some such

Dr. Herran, the Colombian charge d'affaires, has received an official cable from the Colombian secretary of state dated August 13, containing the brief announcement of the senate's rejection of the treaty on the day previous.

The reason given for the rejection of the treaty was the alleged encroachment on Colombian's sovereignty which it was contended would result from the treaty. This Information was contained in a dispatch received by Dr. Herran, the Colombian charge, from Foreign Minister Ricos at Bo-

The view taken by the senate was at variance to that held by the government of Colombia, which felt satisfied when it submitted the treaty that there would be no loss of Colombia's sovereignty if the treaty was rat-

Incidental to the general question of the strip of land through which the canal was to be constructed and the debate in the senate indicated that this was regarded as paramount to a sale of the land and therefore objectionable. When the treaty was submitted to the senate by the committee to which it had been referred, seven of the senators favored it with certain amendments.

COLON, Colombia-The rejection of the canal treaty by the Colombian senate has produced a tremendous sensation on the isthmus. It was generally believed the treaty would pass with some modifications. There is reason to suppose the majority of the members of the senate regard the Spooner amendment to build a canal by the Nicaraguan route if the Panama route was rejected as a mere threat on the part of the United States. They are convinced that the Nicaraguan project is imposssible and that the Unitel States will again deal

## Russian Demands Presented.

CONSTANTINOPLE-The Russian lemands on Turkey, growing out of the recent murder of the Russian consul at Monastir, M. Rostkovski, were formally presented at the Yildiz palace yesterday. Notwithstanding the warning which Russia addressed to the Bulgarian government it is generally believed here that the Russian naval demonstration in Turkish waters will dargerously encourage the Macedoni ans, who, it is asserted, will interpret Russia's action as being the first step towards intervention in their behalf.

More Rioting in Crotia.

VIENNA-A fresh outbreak of rioting has occurred in Crotia. At Zacresio, upon the occasion of the celebration of the birthday of Emperor Francis Joseph today, 1,000 peasants gathered in the town and destroyed a Hungarian banner. The rioters were resisted by the gendarmerie, who shot three men and wounded many others. At Komesina the peasants pillaged stores and killed two persons.

Longest Fence in the World. Helena, Mont.-The fence about the Fort Belknap reservation, which is forty miles long and sixty miles wide. has been finished. It probably is the longest fence in the world and has taken years in building. The plan is to protect the flocks and herds of the Groventres and Assiniboines from intrusion, as well as to keep them from straying.

Millers Favor Reciprocity. FARGO, N. D.-At a meeting of the millers of North Dakota and north-

The resolutions also endorsed the United States and Canada.

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Omaha and Kansas City.

SOUTH OMAHA.

THE LIVE STOCK MARKET. Latest Quotations From South

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CATTLE-There was rather a light rur of cattle and the general market could be quoted fairly active and steady to strong on all desirable grades of killers. There were only a few cars of corn-fed cattle on sale, and the steers commanded steady to strong prices. As high as \$5.30 was paid. The better grades were all in good demand, and could be quoted strong. and even the less desirable kinds sold at fully steady prices. The cow market did not show much change. Buyers took hold fairly well, and everything was disposed of at just about steady prices. The prices paid looked about steady with the close of last week, the decline of the early part of the week having been regained. But for the late arrivals an early clearance would have ben made. Bulls, veal calves and stags have been selling in just about the same notches all the week. There were practically no stock cattle on sale at the opening of the market, but several cars came in late. Western grass beef steers were very scarce, but in view of the limited supply of cornfeds the market could safely be quoted strong on anything at all desirable. The market for the week is also a little stronger. Range cows sold about steady, and stock cattle were certainly no more than steady.

HOGS-There was a small run of hogs and as the local as well as the shipping demand was in good shape, the market opened fully a nickel higher. The advance applies to both light and heavy weights. The heavy hogs sold largely from \$5.10 to \$5.20, medium weights from \$5.20 to \$5:30 and light from \$5.25 to \$5.50. The top price was paid for a very fancy load, and while they sold 10c higher than yesterday's top they were better than anything offered on yesterday's market. Trading was not very brisk today, as packers wre slow to pay the advance, but still the bulk was disposed of in farily good season.

SHEEP-Quotations for grass stock: Good to choice lambs, \$4.75 25.00; fair to good lambs, \$4.25@4.75; good to choice yearlings, \$3.40@3.65; fair to good yearlings, \$3.25@3.40; good to choice wethers, \$3.10@3.35; fair to good wethers, \$2.90@3.10; good to choice ewes, \$2.40@2.85; fair to good ewes, \$2.25@2.40; feeder lambs, \$3.50 @4.25; feeder yearlings, \$3.25@3.50; feeder wethers, \$3.00@3.25; feeder ewes, \$1.50@2.50

#### KANSAS CITY.

CATTLE-Corn fed cattle active, strong; wintered westerns higher; quarantine stuff strong; common light dull; stockers and feeders slow; cows steady; of sovereignty was that of the lease choice export and dressed beef steers, ers and feeders, \$2.50@4.00; western fed steers, \$3.40@4.75; Texas and Indian steers, \$2.30@3.40: Texas cows, \$1.75@2.50; native cows, \$1.50@4.00; native heifers, \$2.00@4.75; canners, \$1.25@2.40; bulls, \$2.00@3.00; calves,

HOGS-Market 5@10c higher: top, \$5.90; bulk of sales, \$5.45@5.70; heavy, \$5.20@ 5.521/2; mixed packers, \$5.421/2; 465.75; light, \$5.621/4@5.90; yorkers, \$5.80@5.90; pigs, \$5.60

SHEEP AND LAMBS-Market strong and active; native lambs, \$3.15@5.25; western lambs, \$3.00@5.15; fed ewes, \$2.60@4.00; Texas clipped yearlings, \$2.50@4.10; Texas clipped sheep, \$2.40@4.00; stockers and feeders, \$2.20@3.50.

## JAPAN HAS EYE ON THE CUP

Navy Commander Says His Country Will Get It.

NEW YORK .- If Lieutenant Commander Isam Takehira of the imperial Japanese navy can carry out his plans, Japan will have a yacht in the next contest for the American cup. The commander, who came here to see the struggle between Shamrock III. and Reliance, declared he would hour, interest financial men in his country to prepare at once for the building of a racer to enter the next international

"We can build just as fine a boat as either America or England," he said, "and you may be sure that at the next international yacht races you will see the flag of Japan flying on the winner."

## BRITONS GIVE UP ALL HOPE

Don't Expect Shamrock to Win in Any Sort of Weather.

LONDON .- All the press comment here on the Shamrock III.'s performance evidences the growing convicion that she is incapable of recapturing the America's cup under any weather conditions. The afternoon paper's claim that Friday's abortive race showed nothing of the respective merits of the two boats, but they admit that the performance of the challenger did not fulfill the expectations of her behavor in a light wind, and say that Captain Barr seems to have shown smarter seamanship.

In the Nation's Strong Box. WASHINGTON, D. C .- Today's statement of the treasury balances in the general fund, exclusive of the \$150,000,000 gold reserve in the divison of redemption, shows: Available cash balance, \$231,626,663; gold, \$101,-824,128.

Wants \$30,000 for Boy's Death. SIOUX CITY, Ia .- Ed C. Williams, a live stock commission merchant returning from the famine district in western Minnesota held here, resolu- has sued the Sioux City Gas & Elections were adopted favoring reciproc- tric company and the Sioux City ity between the United States and all Traction company for \$30,000 damthe countries importing American ages for the death of his little son, Carl, who on July 5 was killed by a live wire. The death of the boy was nost tragic. The little fellow had gone out on a vacant lot to gather lowers, and came in contact with a

'ive wire.

MELTED AWAY LIKE SMOW.

Rapid Disappearance of a Onse Powerful Indian Tribe.

That the red man is passing from the face of the world has long been a matter of common remark. The truth of the saying never received more striking proof than in the care of the Pawnees, who were removed to Oklahoma from Nebraska in 1876. At the time of their removal from Nebraska the tribe numbered 2,500 souls. Today there are less than 500. The Pawnees were given exceptionally good ailotments in Oklahoma. The climate is practically the same as that of their former home, and, in fact, everything has been done by the government to promote their welfare and happiness. \*

For some unaccountable reason they have sickened and died, until the day is not far distant when the Pawnee tribe will be extinct. The mortality among them has been growing steadily year by year. In 1882, six years after their removal to Oklahoma, the tribe had shrunk to 940, and the census of 1900 showed but 600 living

It is a curious thing that the children of these Indians appear most rugged, but after passing their twentyfifth birthday a peculiar and unaccountable malady attacks them and they apparently lose interest in life and gradually waste away, death overtaking them in their prime. Scientists and professional men generally of the Indian office have been attracted by this peculiar condition of things, but have not as yet been able to ascertain what Nemesis pursues the rugged Pawnee after his twenty-fifth birth day is reached.

### GET EVEN WITH CRITIC.

How Richard Wagner Disconcerted Presumptuous Writer.

When Mascagni was in San Francisco recently one of his accomplishments which most attracted attention was his ability to conduct almost entirely without a score. Richard Wagner in the '50s was once severely criticised in London for this very thing. He was conducting the Philharmonic concerts in the British metropolis for a season and being a very ardent admirer of Beethoven and, in fact, knowing that master's nine symphonies by heart, he selected several of them for performance in the series of concerts. After the first performance one of the prominent newspapers scolded the author of "Lohengrin" for directing a symphony by the immortal Beethoven without the score in front of him. Accordingly, at the next concert, young Wagner had a book of music open before him on his desk. The next day a commendatory article appeared in the aforesaid newspaper which praised him for a very much better interpretauon of Beethoven than his lastdue, of course, to the use of the score. Whereupon Wagner secured his revenge on his presumptuous critic by announcing the fact that the score in front of him the previous evening was that of Rossini's opera, "The Barber of Seville"-turned upside down.

Symptoms Diagnosed by Proxy. Jenkins had left word at the doctor's office that he would like him to call at his house early in the morning. as he did not feel well, and intended to remain at home the next day. He wanted a thorough physical examination. But, as he happened to sleep soundly and woke up refreshed, he changed his mind about staying home and left for his office at the usual

When he reached home in the evening his wife informed him that the doctor had called and left a prescription for him.

"How did he know what was the matter with me?" Jenkins inquired. "I don't know," said Mrs. Jenkins. "but he just looked at me thoughtfully for a moment. When he had the

prescription written I asked him what it was for and he said you had dyspepsia."

An Orchard Blossom. In an orchard sweet and sunny, Riossom, bloom and blue above

Where the bees were making honey And the birds were making love-There was no one to discover None to listen, none to spy Happy Love and happy Lover-I remember still the look you

Gave me in that bower of bliss. When within my arms I took you For a first and sweetest kiss;
What a dream, and what a theme to
Make a song of! I recal!
Now the fact, you didn't seem to
Mind at all.

When I think how very sweet it Was to kiss you, Sweetheart, so, How my heart longs to repeat it While again the blossoms your heart is also tortured By the same dear longing-then ome with me and, in the orchard,

Defying the Lightning.

The man who has invented a lightning-proof suit would do well to give the rules in etiquette that are to govern its use. A man would feel queer to find himself the only wearer of this new garb in a fashionable gathering Perhaps the first rumble of thunder would be the signal to put it on, while the rainbow would indicate the time tor removing it. It should be planned, too, to fulfill the purpose of a convenient night robe, for some of our severest thunderstorms visit us during the silent hours 'twixt sunset and dawn And, above all, it should be of a beam ing style and warranted to go well with any complexion.

Tales Out of School.

She-He's so awfully witty. He makes so many original remarks. Don't you think so? He-No. She-You don't? Why not? He-I guess it's because I subscribe to the same comic paper that he reads.-Philadelphia Ledger.