

TO WORKING GIRLS



FREE MEDICAL ADVICE
Every working girl who is not well is cordially invited to write to Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass., for advice; it is freely given, and has restored thousands to health.

Miss Paine's Experience.

"I want to thank you for what you have done for me, and recommend Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to all girls whose work keeps them standing on their feet in the store. The doctor said I must stop work; he did not seem to realize that a girl cannot afford to stop working. My back ached, my appetite was poor, I could not sleep, and menstruation was scanty and very painful. One day when suffering I commenced to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and found that it helped me. I continued its use, and soon found that my menstrual periods were free from pain and natural; everyone is surprised at the change in me, and I am well, and cannot be too grateful for what you have done for me."—Miss JANEY PAINE, 530 West 125th St., New York City. —\$5.00 per bottle. If original of above letter proving genuineness cannot be produced.

Take no substitute, for it is Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound that cures.

"Little Animosity's" Curve.

A man of geometry and trigonometry figures out that "Little Animosity," the baby 16-inch gun at Sandy Hook, is a certain failure in a light breeze. "It witnessed the three shots fired," he says, "and noticed that the projectile described a curve to the right equal to about one-fifth of a degree, or twelve minutes. Now, supposing that this deflection from a straight line had been continued throughout the entire range of the gun, which is said to be between twenty and twenty-one miles, what would have happened? The projectile would have described a complete circle, coming back to its starting point. If this could be safely accomplished in practice it would mean a great saving, as the shells could be repeatedly used."—New York Press.

Could Be Seen.

Cassell's Journal: The scarcity of servant girls led Mrs. Vaughan to engage a farmer's daughter from a rural district of Ireland. Her want of familiarity with town ways and language has led to many amusing scenes. One afternoon a lady called at the Vaughan residence and rang the bell. Kathleen answered the call.

"Can Mrs. Vaughan be seen?" the visitor asked.

"Can she be seen," sniggered Kathleen. "Sure, an 'U' think she can; she's six feet high and four feet wide! Can she be seen? Sorrah a bit of anything else can ye see when she's about."

He Went West and Prospered.

Freeland, Kan., March 9th.—One of the most prosperous farmers in Harper County is Mr. N. H. Mead. Some thirty-four years ago he left his home near Clarence, N. Y., and came to Kansas. Here he has thrived splendidly, and last year harvested over one hundred and forty acres of wheat alone.

But everything has not gone well with Mr. Mead, for his health has not been good for the last few years. He has suffered a great deal with kidney and bladder trouble and could get nothing to stop it. Lately, however, he has improved a great deal, and he says that he has none of the old symptoms left and is feeling splendid again. He used Dodd's Kidney Pills and this remedy seemed to work wonders in his case. He says himself: "Dodd's Kidney Pills have made me well. They are all right and a reliable remedy for kidney trouble. They helped me right from the start, giving me great relief, and finally cured me."

The puffin is the most punctual of birds in the matter of its annual migration.

To Cure a Cold in One Day.
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 25c.

Irony is an insult conveyed in the form of a compliment.—E. P. Whipple.

The well earned reputation and increasing popularity of the Lewis' "Single Binder," a straight 5c cigar, is due to the maintained high quality and appreciation of the smoker.

Industry may not be ultra fashionable, but it is deserving.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, ss.
LUCAS COUNTY.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for such and every copy of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1888.
[SEAL] A. W. GLEASON,
Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

"Do not hold everything as gold which shines like gold."—Alanus de Insulis.

WINS CONCESSION

SPOONER ACT TO BE TACKLED TO CANAL TREATY.

EIGHT OPPOSING PAMPHLETS

The Senator from Alabama Prints and Distributes a Number of Voluminous Documents Attacking the Isthmian Protocol.

WASHINGTON—Senator Morgan on Friday secured his first material concession in connection with the canal treaty. This consists of an agreement to attach the Spooner canal act bodily to the treaty.

This change was made in compliance with a request presented by Senator Lodge during the day's executive session of the senate who suggested that no injury could result, and unanimous consent was given to the proposal. It was specifically stipulated, however, that it did not amount to an amendment.

Senator Morgan consumed the entire time of the remainder of the closed session discussing the canal question from various points of view. He discussed particularly the attitude of the isthmian canal commission.

He expressed a desire to have copies of the correspondence between the government and the new Panama Canal company on the option to purchase the canal for \$40,000,000, and the senate consented to request the secretary of state for the correspondence.

The papers had not arrived at 3:30 and as Senator Morgan said he could not continue without them, Senator Cullom moved that the senate adjourn, and this motion prevailed.

During the day there was more or less informal discussion of the proposition to permit Senator Morgan to publish his remarks in the Congressional Record but no effort was made to reach a decision. Senator Cullom takes the position that this permission should not be granted unless Senator Morgan will agree to allow a day to be fixed for a vote.

During the day Senator Morgan distributed copies of eight pamphlets on the treaty, in which he attacks it from almost every conceivable ground. He declares the new canal company illegally constructed, the arrangements with Colombia of doubtful validity, and repeats his charges of bribery.

THE STATISTICS OF CONGRESS.

Senate and House Had Their Hands on Big Bundle of Bills.

WASHINGTON.—Alexander McDowell, clerk of the house of representatives Monday made public an official compilation by Tally Clerk Wakefield, showing the work done by the Fifty-seventh congress. It shows that the longest day of the session lasted with recesses 144 hours, during which eighty rolls were taken.

The number of bills and resolutions introduced in the house during the two sessions of the congress was 18,420, on which reports were made on 2,810 bills and resolutions. The senate sent to the house 1,136 senate bills and resolutions.

The house disposed of 2,413 of the measures, originating with it, and of 1,012 of the senate bills and resolutions, making it a total of 3,430 bills and resolutions acted on. It left on its calendars 405 house and 118 senate bills and resolutions. Fifteen of the members of the house died during the congress, seven resigned and Messrs. Rhea of Kentucky and Butler of Missouri were unseated, the latter twice.

Cruise in West Indian Waters.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—Secretary of the Navy Moody, Postmaster General Payne, Senator Hale of Maine, Representative Cannon of Illinois, Representative Foss of Illinois, Judge James R. Dunbar, Joseph H. Carl of Haverhill, Mass., Mr. Moody's law partner, and Fred L. Fishback, Mr. Moody's private secretary, left here Tuesday for a cruise in West Indian waters. Senator Proctor of Vermont and Representative Gillette of Massachusetts will join the party in Florida.

Castro Raises Import Duties.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—Formal notice of the "extraordinary war tax" which President Castro created on the lifting of the blockade has been received at the state department from United States Consul Russell at Caracas. There is a 30 per cent increase in the duties on imports.

Funds for Irrigation Congress.

SALT LAKE CITY, Utah.—Governor Wells Tuesday signed the bill making a state appropriation of \$6,000 to aid in carrying out the program of the national irrigation congress, which meets in Ogden September 8 to 11. Outside of this President Kiesel of the congress said that ample funds had already been subscribed to carry out the most elaborate program yet attempted.

LARGEST NUMBER OF BILLS

Introduced During Session 17,500 and Passed 2,000.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—The number of bills introduced during the Fifty-seventh congress aggregated 17,500, of which 3,918 were reported and more than 2,000 passed. The house calendar is clearer at the close of this congress than it ever has been before, only seventy-eight bills remaining undisposed of. In the Fifty-fifth congress 2,214 bills were reported and 1,473 passed; in the Fifty-sixth congress 2,787 were reported and 2,204 passed. The nearest approach to the number of bills introduced in the Fifty-seventh was in the Fifty-sixth congress, when 14,399 were brought in, and the greatest number reported were in the Forty-ninth congress, the aggregate being 4,181.

The number of private bills passed by this congress have been exceedingly large.

Fifty members of the house died during the congress just closed, an unusually large number.

PENSIONS FOR PROFESSORS.

Cornell Will Retire Teachers at the Age of Seventy.

ITHACA, N. Y.—Announcement was made Friday of a scheme for the pensioning of Cornell university professors who, under the rule adopted by the board of trustees last fall, will be retired after attaining the age of 70 years. A fund of \$150,000 has been given the university for this purpose, and this amount will be placed at compound interest until 1914, when it will amount to \$250,000. Each professor retired will receive an annual pension of \$1,500, three-fourths of which will be paid from the pension fund and one-fourth of which will be contributed by the professors.

It is expected, however, that professors who reach the age limit before 1914 will also receive the benefits of the pension scheme.

ACCUSES CONSUL OF NEGLECT.

Did Not Help Shipwrecked Americans in Bermuda.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—Complaint has been made to the state department of the conduct of the United States Consul W. Maxwell Greene at Hamilton, Bermuda, in connection with the casting away of the steamer Madiana. It is alleged that the consul showed absolute indifference toward the shipwrecked passengers and took no part in their rescue. The local papers in Bermuda commented on this matter and the papers have been sent to the state department, which will institute a prompt investigation of the consul's conduct.

Mr. Greene was appointed to his post from Rhode Island in 1898.

THE PRESIDENT WILL ATTEND.

Convention of the Railway Christian Association.

TOPEKA, Kan.—President Roosevelt will be present at the international convention of the Railway Young Men's Christian association, which will be held in this city from April 30 to May 3. He has not designated the date of his visit. An effort will be made to have him officiate at the laying of the corner stone of the new Railway Young Men's Christian association building, the money for which was largely furnished by President Ripley of the Santa Fe.

Miss Helen Gould of New York and other well known people will attend the conference. Delegates will be present from all parts of the world.

Western Lumbermen Cut Loose.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—The Western Retail Lumber Dealers' association withdrew from affiliation with the National Association of Lumber Dealers.

The Western Retailers announced their relations with the wholesalers would continue to be friendly, but the retailers were unable to live up to the agreement signed at Boston in 1892. It was pointed out that courts in the west have decided that such an agreement is in restraint of trade and therefore unlawful.

Plague Record at Mazatlan.

MAZATLAN, Mexico.—The number of deaths here in February was 107, of which fifty were from bubonic plague. From January 1 to March 1 there were burned by the sanitary authorities 291 houses of a cheap class, for which the owners were paid \$73,000.

Idaho Irrigation Project.

TOCOMA, Wash.—Contracts have been let for damming the Snake river at Idaho, at a point twenty-five miles above the Shoshone Falls and building sixty-five miles of canal on the south side of the river, and twenty-four miles on the north side, not including laterals, which will reclaim 340,000 acres of land under the new government irrigation law. The dam is to cost \$400,000 or more, and the canal \$2,500,000.

TREATY REPORT

SENATE COMMITTEE DISPOSES OF ONE PROTOCOL.

CUBAN TREATY ON WEDNESDAY

Some Think It an Important Question That Might Be Delayed Until Regular Session of Congress—Miscellaneous Washington Matters.

WASHINGTON.—The senate committee on foreign relations on Monday agreed to favorably report the Colombian canal treaty to the senate.

No action was taken on the Cuban or other reciprocity treaties. The Colombian treaty was reported, as in the former session, without amendment.

When the senate went into executive session, Senator Cullom reported the treaty and it was ready at length, as the rules of the senate require. Under the rules an objection carried the treaty over for one day before it could be considered.

Senator Morgan objected to its consideration. He stated that he desired to have the Spanish copy of the treaty so as to compare it with the English text. It is expected that a draft in Spanish will be sent to the senate by the state department.

Members of the committee on foreign relations express the opinion that there will not be any great delay in the ratification of the treaty. In the committee meeting Senator Clark of Montana, who succeeds Senator Bailey as a member, was present.

During the session of the committee Senator Morgan offered to consent to a vote on the canal treaty on Saturday, providing the senate would allow him to print such remarks as he wanted in the Congressional Record, or as a public document.

Members of the committee later discussed the proposition with other senators and the consensus of opinion seemed to be against granting this permission. Some of the remarks heretofore made by Senator Morgan reflected rather severely on the Colombian government, and especially on the president of Colombia, and senators think it would be inadvisable to give official sanction to such utterances. It also is feared that the Colombian government might take offense and fail to ratify the treaty.

The committee will take up the Cuban treaty on Wednesday. Quite a number of democratic senators are opposed to it, and while they say they have no desire to prevent a vote, they intend briefly to speak. The republicans count on three or four more votes than the necessary two-thirds majority to ratify it. There is a probability of some discussion of the constitutional rights of the senate to make a treaty affecting the revenues of the government without concurrence of the house of representatives.

Some opponents of the treaty have said that they think it is such an important question that it might be delayed until the regular session of congress. Others have suggested that there should be an amendment providing that the treaty should not become operative until its provisions have been approved by the house. Some members of the committee think that this much disputed question ought to go to the supreme court and be settled there. It is the present intention of the committee to press the treaty to a vote as soon as the Colombian protocol is out of the way.

GERMAN TRADE CONDITIONS.

Exports to the United States Show a Large Increase.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—Reviewing German's commercial record for the past year, Consul General Frank H. Mason, at Berlin, in a report to the state department, declares that while a few branches of manufacture and trade experienced a partial recovery the year as a whole belonged to the period of over-production, collapse and panic, which began in the summer of 1900, and has caused the condition still prevalent, wherein prices of food and raw materials are above all logical relation to the market values of finished products.

Referring to German trade with the United States, the consul general calls attention to the notable increase in German exports to this country, amounting to \$14,778,770, distributed through twenty-five consular districts.

ENGLAND INCREASES NAVY.

More Ships, More Officers and More Men.

LONDON.—The British navy estimates for 1903-4, issued Monday evening, provide for an expenditure of \$179,184,205, an increase of \$16,010,000, of which amount \$11,180,000 will be devoted to ship building and repairs. The maintenance estimates provides for 127,100 officers and men an increase of 4,600 officers and men.

WHERE THE MONEY GOES TO.

Distribution of the \$1,564,108,514 Appropriated by Congress.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—The appropriations made during the session of congress which closed Wednesday aggregated \$753,484,018, as against \$800,624,496 for the last session. The total for the entire congress footed \$1,564,108,514, or something more than \$100,000,000 in excess of the total appropriations of the Fifty-sixth congress, the total for that congress being \$1,440,438.

These figures were embodied in a statement presented to the senate by Mr. Allison, chairman of the committee on appropriations.

The statement also contained an itemized statement showing the expenditures by the past session by bills as follows:

Agriculture, \$5,978,160; army, \$78,138,752; diplomatic and consular, \$1,968,250; District of Columbia, \$8,647,497; fortifications, \$7,188,416; Indian, \$8,512,950; legislative, executive and judicial, \$27,595,953; military academy, \$653,248; navy, \$81,877,291; pensions, \$139,847,600; postoffice, \$153,401,549; sundry civil, \$82,272,955; deficiencies, \$21,561,572; permanent annual appropriations, \$132,589,820; miscellaneous, \$3,250,000.

EXECUTION AT SITKA, ALASKA.

Homer Bird, Who Murdered Companions, Protests His Innocence.

SEATTLE, Wash.—A special to the Times from Sitka says:

Homer Bird was legally executed here Friday. The execution was void of accident. Bird walked from the jail and mounted the scaffold without assistance. On the gallows he made a short speech without visible emotion, in which he protested his innocence. Thirty seconds after the trap was sprung, and the murderer died without a struggle. About twenty witnesses were allowed within the enclosure.

During the great Knodike rush of 1897 and 1898 Bird started up the Yukon river with two companions. One day the two companions were found to be missing. When questioned Bird stoutly maintained that they had gone off on a prospecting expedition. The bodies of the two men were afterwards found, riddled with buckshot. Bird's sentence was affirmed by the United States supreme court and President Roosevelt refused clemency.

HAS HOPES FOR THE TREATY.

Governor of Newfoundland Reports Progress in Matter.

ST. JOHNS, N. F.—The legislature opened Thursday afternoon. The governor announced a surplus in the treasury and also that the Bond-Hay treaty negotiations were still progressing. He intimated that measures would be introduced for the enlargement of the naval reserve movement, the extension of the telegraph system to Labrador on the expiration of the Anglo-American Telegraph company's monopoly next year, the establishment of a cold storage plant and the encouragement of local iron smelting industry.

The French shore modus vivendi bill was introduced and given its first reading.

Site for New Office Building.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—Representatives Cannon (Ill.), Richardson (Tenn.) and Hepburn (Ia.) the committee which has been considering a location for an office building for the use of members of the house of representatives, Monday decided to ask the secretary of the interior to institute condemnation proceedings to acquire a block south of and across the street from the capitol grounds, bounded on the east by First street, on the south by C street, on the west by New Jersey avenue and on the north by B street.

Chicago Brokers Break.

CHICAGO, Ill.—The suspension of William Young & Co. brokers was announced by the posting of a notice on the board of trade to close all trades for their account. The firm was not prominent in the grain trade, to which their transactions were largely directed, although an old concern, the present principal having succeeded his father in the business.

Appoints a Nebraska Man.

PAWNEE CITY, Neb.—Senator-elect C. W. Fulton of Oregon has appointed Charles Halderman of this county as his private secretary. Mr. Fulton was once a resident of this place.

Watch for Conscience Fund.

WASHINGTON.—The secretary of the treasury has received a unique conscience contribution in the shape of a watch with a gold filled case. The watch came in a package, postmarked Pittsfield, Mass. The sender says in an accompanying letter:

"Such as I have I give unto you for the conscience fund. The money I gave for the watch is more than I consider I owe the government."

Changes on the Northwestern.

President Marvin Huggitt of the Chicago and Northwestern recently announced that his company has purchased and entered into possession of the Fremont, Elkhorn and Missouri valley railroad in Nebraska, Wyoming and South Dakota, and that it will be operated hereafter as the Nebraska and Wyoming division of the Northwestern system.

Following this notice announcement was made by General Manager Gardner of the appointment of C. A. Cairns as general passenger agent of the Chicago and Northwestern, with headquarters at Chicago. Mr. Cairns has been assistant general passenger agent of the Northwestern since 1892, and for several years prior to that was assistant general passenger agent of the Chicago Great Western. He has been in railway service since 1878, commencing as a messenger in the president and treasurer's office of the Cleveland, Columbus, Cincinnati and Indianapolis railroad.

G. F. Bidwell, who has been the general manager of the Fremont, Elkhorn and Missouri Valley, is appointed manager of the Nebraska and Wyoming division, including the line from California Junction to Fremont, with offices at Omaha. J. A. Kubn, formerly general freight agent of the Elkhorn, is made assistant general freight and passenger agent of the Northwestern at Omaha. W. H. Jones is made division freight agent, and J. W. Munn division passenger agent at Omaha.

It's one thing to write a book and another to write a right book.

Pico's Cure for Consumption is an infallible medicine for coughs and colds.—N. W. SARGENT, Ocean Grove, N. J., Feb. 17, 1900.

Canada has 100,000 Indians, the United States 270,000.

JUNE TINT BUTTER COLOR makes top of the market butter

The Colombian truce has been extended. Are they counting the votes, or filling the cartridges?

WHY IT IS THE BEST is because made by an entirely different process. Defiance Starch is unlike any other, better and one-third more for 10 cents.

"All is not gold that glisteneth."—Middleton ("A Fair Quarrel").

Defiance Starch is guaranteed biggest and best or money refunded. 16 ounces, 10 cents. Try it now.

The man who is always howling at fortune accomplishes quite as much as the bulldog baying at the barn.

You never hear any one complain about "Defiance Starch." There is none to equal it in quality and quantity. 16 ounces, 10 cents. Try it now and save your money.

YOU CAN DO IT TOO
Over 2,000,000 people are now buying goods from us at wholesale prices—saving 15 to 40 per cent on everything they use. You can do it too. Why not ask us to send you our 1,000-page catalogue?—It tells the story. Send 15 cents for it today.
Montgomery Ward & Co.
CHICAGO
The house that tells the truth.

U.M.C.
cartridges and shot shells are made in the largest and best equipped ammunition factory in the world.
AMMUNITION
of U. M. C. make is now accepted by shooters as "the worlds standard" for it shoots well in any gun.
Your dealer sells it.
The Union Metallic Cartridge Co.
Bridgeport, - - Conn.

SALZER'S SEEDS
Beardless Barley
prodigally prolific, yielding 100 bushels per acre. It is the best for stock and for the soil. It is the best for the soil. It is the best for the soil.
20th Century
The oat marvel, producing 80 bushels per acre. It is the best for the soil. It is the best for the soil.
Golden Gate Corn
New 100 bushels per acre. It is a wonderful variety.
Macaroni Wheat
Greatest wheat on earth for soil, dry, hot soils—yields 65 bush. per acre. It is produced by U. S. Dept. of Agriculture. It is a wonder.
Speltz
Greatest cereal food on earth—40 bush. per acre and a ton magnificent hay per acre. That Pays.
Victoria Rape
makes it possible to grow hops, sheep and cattle at a cost of but 1c. It is a wonderful variety. It is a wonder.
Broom Inermis
this 4th Billion. Does grass are the two most wonderful grasses of the century. BROMUS produces 100 tons of hay and lots and lots of pasturage besides. It is a wonder.
Potatoes
\$2.50 and up per barrel. 1,000 bush. elegant seed.
\$10.00 for 100.
We have the best of our great farm seeds. Send for samples. \$10.00 farm seed samples. \$10.00 farm seed samples. \$10.00 farm seed samples. \$10.00 farm seed samples.
John A. Salzer Seed Co. LA CROSSE, WIS.