

PRINCE ENDSTOUR

COMPLETES HIS ITINERARY OF THIRTEEN STATES.

HIGHLY IMPRESSED WITH VISIT

Speaks in Cordial Terms of United States and His Reception—Grateful for American Hospitality—What Captain Von Muller Said.

NEW YORK, March 8.—Prince Henry of Prussia yesterday completed his tour and is once more in New York, where he will remain until Monday, when he goes to Philadelphia. He was absent from the city for nine days, during which time his special train was within the territory of thirteen states and logged a total distance of 4,358 miles.

He was greatly pleased with his trip and last night, through his aide, Captain von Muller, issued a statement expressing his satisfaction at the opportunity which came to him and his gratification at the cordiality with which he was received throughout the country. Captain von Muller said:

"His royal highness is very much pleased by his trip into the interior of the United States. He is fully aware of the fact that he has had only a very superficial glimpse of a very small portion of the United States, and that he might perhaps have used his time to greater advantage had he remained in one of the larger cities of the east. But he is convinced, nevertheless, that, considering the character of his mission, the trip was the right thing for him. In making it he has obtained a fair idea of the country and its resources which the capital of the United States and the great commercial centers of the east alone could not have given him, but more than this impression he values the hearty welcome which he met in all places he went through; a welcome that showed him how the people of the United States everywhere understood and appreciated the intention of the German emperor in sending him here.

"The prince made a speech in St. Louis in which he said he regretted not to have been able to express his thanks to those who greeted him at the railway station or otherwise to show him their respects. He wishes to have the intent of that speech conveyed to all those who in the course of the trip gave him such a cordial reception, and especially he wishes to express his thanks to those who, early in the morning, when he was not prepared and still in bed, welcomed him with music and cheers.

"The receptions by the great cities of the south and the middle west were more than he ever had expected, and so were the receptions in the east. But his royal highness is equally thankful for what the smaller places did in showing him their good will, though the train in such places stopped only a few minutes and frequently not at all.

"Altogether the prince is most gratified by his trip and shall never forget how the American people everywhere met him with hospitality and sympathy."

MEETS APPROVAL IN AUSTRIA.

Elevation of Diplomatic Posts a Good Move.

VIENNA, March 8.—The Tremdenblatt, referring to the decision of the government to raise the mission of Austria-Hungary at Washington to an embassy, says:

"As the United States location at Vienna will also be converted into an embassy, the relations of Austria-Hungary and the United States will be represented in a manner in consonance with the present importance and which will be enhanced in the future. Political hostilities between the two countries, humanely speaking, is no more probable in the future than it was in the past. In view of the impending rearrangement of Europe and the United States it is doubly important to be in close contact with all nations which are pre-eminent in the economic domain."

Nothing Heard from Boer Envoys.

WASHINGTON, March 8.—The mission of the Boer delegates to the United States government is ended so far as officials know. They presented no credentials and made no effort to embarrass the administration by formal applications for relief. Their future movements are not known to the officials.

Doesn't See End of War.

LONDON, March 8.—Cabling from Pretoria, Edgar Wallace, says that he sees no reason why the war should not be prolonged for another year and perhaps for two years more.

Omaha Road in Oklahoma.

GUTHRIE, O. T., March 8.—The Omaha, Kansas City & Gulf railroad has been chartered in Indian Territory to build a line from Wichita, Kan., to the Osage and Creek nations.

BET SUGAR INDUSTRY GROWS.

One Hundred and Forty Per Cent Increase.

WASHINGTON, March 7.—C. F. Saylor, the special agent in charge of the beet sugar investigations in the department of agriculture, is in Washington making his annual report. He gave to the Associated Press the following figures on the industry in the past year:

"The total production of beet sugar in the United States in the season of 1901-2 has aggregated 185,000,000 tons, an increase of 140 per cent from the 77,000 tons produced during the season 1900-01."

There were thirty-one factories in operation in 1900, according to the census figures, and eleven more were started in 1901. There are nine factories in course of construction for operation in 1902, as follows: Sebewaing, Carrollton, Mount Clemens and Crosswell, Shelby, Ind.; Greeley and Fort Collins, Colo., and Phoenix, Ariz., ranging in capacity of daily output from 500 tons to 1,000, the latter figure being the capacity at the Phoenix plant.

Other companies have been organized with a total capitalization of \$49,000,000 and would require annually a working capitalization in addition to \$9,080,000.

PHILIPPINE SICK REPORT.

Health of Troops Good Considering All Things.

WASHINGTON, March 7.—Surgeon General Sternberg received the health report of the military division of the Philippines for the month ended January 15 last. The percentage of sick was 6.16 per cent and the total sick 2,534 cases. There were fifty-nine deaths during the month, a decrease of eighteen compared with the previous month. Colonel Pope, who made the report just before his death, says the small percentage of the sick and the few deaths are especially gratifying, in view of the active military operations of the most arduous character in Samar and Batangas. The situation in regard to bubonic plague is much more favorable than at the time of the last report. Only three cases of the disease occurred during the month, one being Harry Dunn, a quartermaster's employe, who died December 27.

LITTLE HOPE FOR STATEHOOD.

Impression Prevails Among Delegates that the Bill Will Fail.

ARDMORE, I. T., March 7.—The single statehood delegation from the Indian Territory returned from Washington today with little hope for single statehood during this session of congress. The following address to the people of the territory from Delegate Bradford was issued today:

"I have not abandoned single statehood, but to the contrary I insist that no statehood bill for Oklahoma can be passed that does not in some way provide for making Indian Territory a part of it, either as a state or territory. In my opinion no statehood legislation will pass this congress. I am of the opinion that a bill for temporary territorial government for the Indian Territory will pass. It must be a measure offering no resistance to single statehood in the future."

Japan Buys Colorado Rails.

PUEBLO, Colo., March 7.—G. Oya, a member of the board of directors of railroads in Japan, nearly all of which are owned by the government, is in Pueblo, after visiting the principal eastern steel works, and has made arrangements for Japan to get its supplies of railroad steel from steel works here. He will recommend the arrangement and it is expected that it will be closed. It will mean an immense saving in cost of transportation to the Japanese government.

Editor New Strongly Urged.

WASHINGTON, March 7.—Considerable pressure is being brought to bear on Henry S. New of Indianapolis to accept the first assistant postmaster generalship, but there is said to be very much doubt of his acceptance. Senator Beveridge of Indiana conferred with Postmaster General Payne on the matter yesterday. Mr. New bases his reluctance to accept on business and other reasons, but has not yet given a final answer.

Peet Beds in Michigan.

ALLEGAN, Mich., March 6.—H. T. Marsh of Allegan county has sold to Count Carl Kleinstuck 360 acres of land in Martin township, which the count intends putting into peat beds.

Illinois Selects the Site.

ST. LOUIS, March 7.—President H. M. Dunlap and the members of the Illinois world's fair commission arrived in St. Louis yesterday. After consultation with Director of Works Isaac S. Taylor they visited the fair site for the purpose of picking out a location for the Illinois state building. It is to be on a direct line with those of Missouri and Texas and will occupy the second position of importance among state buildings.

CAN'T AID BOERS

UNITED STATES' INTERVENTION SOUGHT IN VAIN.

PRESIDENT DECLINES TO ACT

Says Our Government Cannot and Will Not Interfere with War—Uncle Sam Will Stand by a Strict Neutrality Policy.

WASHINGTON, March 6.—Messrs. Wolmarans and Wessels, the Boer representatives who came to the United States from Europe for the purpose of conferring with the secretary of state, have achieved their purpose.

They were received by Mr. Hay at 11 o'clock yesterday morning. It was distinctly understood that the Boers were to be received as private citizens and not in an official capacity. Secretary Hay talked with them freely and with this understanding. The principal object of the delegates was to induce the United States government to do something to terminate the present bloody struggle in South Africa. They were not very specific as to what they wanted and apparently would be satisfied with almost anything from intervention direct to a simple tender of the good offices on the part of the United States. Secretary of State Hay heard them attentively and promised to consider their representations and to do whatever he could to ameliorate the conditions in South Africa. But he pointed out that the president was the prime authority in such matters and he recommended that they see President Roosevelt and ascertain his views. This they agreed to do and will be received at the white house in the same unofficial way.

Later in the day Messrs. Wolmarans and Wessels, accompanied by Dr. Frederick Mueller of the Orange Free State, called at the white house. They were received by President Roosevelt in the library and remained with him about fifteen minutes. They called as private citizens and not in their official capacity as Boer representatives. Mr. Roosevelt listened attentively to what they had to say and then informed them this government cannot and will not interfere in the struggle.

A matter of complaint by the delegates was the shipment of horses, mules and provisions from the United States for the British forces in South Africa. Secretary Hay went over this subject very carefully with them, citing authorities and precedents, which he pointed out conclusively established the lack of authority on the part of the general government to prevent the American farmer from shipping his stock and the stock raiser from shipping his produce to any part of the world he desired. He also pointed out that the government's attitude in this matter toward the South African war had been strictly neutral and that the government had done nothing to prevent shipments of commodities to the Boer forces.

NEBRASKA CONVENTION DATE.

Republican State Central Committee to Set the Time.

LINCOLN, Neb., March 6.—Chairman H. C. Lindsay will issue a call today for a meeting of the republican state central committee in this city on March 20 to determine upon a time and place for holding the state nominating convention. Mr. Lindsay made this announcement after conferring with Secretary Mallaleu by long distance telephone. They agreed that March 20 would be a satisfactory date.

It is understood that officers of the committee favor an early convention to be held during the latter part of June or early part of July.

Bryan Meets Fellow Scribes.

NEW YORK, March 6.—William J. Bryan was the guest of the New York Press club this evening at the club's regular monthly smoker. He said he did not go into newspaper work entirely of his own free will, but was led into it after he had become convinced that his oratory was not sufficiently clear to convince a majority of people that his ideas were good.

Miss Alice Going to Cuba.

NEW YORK, March 6.—Miss Alice Roosevelt, accompanied by Harriet Blain Beale, will, it is reported, leave Washington Sunday night for Florida, and will sail Tuesday from Port Tampa for Havana. They go to visit Governor General and Mrs. Wood and will remain in Cuba two or three weeks.

Confirms Sugar Plant Deal.

SALT LAKE CITY, March 5.—Secretary Horace G. Whitney of the Utah Sugar Refining company received a telegram today from Manager T. R. Cutler in New York, stating that a deal for a sale of a half interest in the company had been closed. The names of the purchasers were not given, but it is believed that the American Sugar Refining company is back of the deal. The amount involved is said to be about \$1,300,000.

SEEKS TO REPEAL CHARTER.

Bill to Dissolve Corporate Existence of Northern Securities Co.

TRENTON, N. J., March 5.—Senator Gebhardt, democrat of Hunterdon, introduced a bill in the senate to repeal and dissolve the charter and corporate existence of the Northern Securities company. The bill has a long preamble, in which it is stated, among other things, that the company was organized to enable the Northern Pacific Railroad company and the Great Northern Railroad company to violate the laws of the several states and interfere with their revenues, and also to destroy the competition in passenger and freight rates that existed between these railroads. The preamble goes on to say that the organization has aroused great public indignation and that the governor of Minnesota has already instituted suit to prevent the consummation of the illegal and injurious purposes sought to be accomplished by the formation of the Securities company. The bill was referred to the committee on corporations.

EXPLAINS SAMAR MASSACRE.

Gen. Hughes Thinks it Due to Overconfidence in Natives.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—In his testimony before the senate committee on the Philippines today General Hughes related the particulars of the massacre at Balangiga, Samar, last September. He took upon himself the responsibility for the sending of troops to that post and for the selection of the officer who was placed in command. "I had known him for years," he said. "He was a fine officer, and I had every confidence in him."

General Hughes said, however, that he was convinced the disaster was due to overconfidence and he had since heard that the officer in command had reposed too great trust in the natives while serving in Luzon, but he was not aware of this trait of the man's character before giving him the post at Balangiga.

ADVICES FROM COLOMBIA WAR.

Reports Are Meager, but Government is Thoroughly Aroused.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—Advices from the seat of war in South America are meager. Nothing has been heard of the reported insurgent naval operations on the coast of Venezuela. But reports from Colombia show that the government is thoroughly awakened to the formidable character of the revolutionary outbreak near the capital and that a large body of troops has been hastily ordered from the north to assist in the defense of the capital. This withdrawal may have a considerable influence on the campaign on the isthmus of Panama.

The report came from United States Minister Hart at Bogota and in substance stated that 5,000 of the best soldiers in Colombia had reinforced the government troops near Bogota. Fighting had continued for some days, but reliable details had not been received.

Blizzard Kills Cattle.

ALBANY, Neb., March 5.—Stockmen in this section of Sheridan county report the loss among cattle during the recent blizzard at from 5 to 10 per cent. The wind blew a terrible gale, drifting the snow from two to ten feet in places.

Peter M. Girard, the village blacksmith here, was found dead in his barn, where he had been at work, with a hammer in his hand. Heart disease is ascribed as the cause of death. He had been a resident here for ten years.

Purchase of Bonds.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—The secretary of the treasury today purchased \$1,000,000 short 4 per cent bonds, which makes the total purchased since July 1, 1901, \$51,356,420, of all designations, at a cost of \$64,908,622.

Botha Not Seeking Peace.

LONDON, March 5.—The Brussels correspondent says that Mr. Kruger has received a report from General Botha, affirming the Boer government to be fully determined to continue hostilities.

Rebellion in China Grows.

HONG KONG, March 5.—The rebellion in Kwang Si province is spreading rapidly. Signs of unrest are already apparent at Kwe Lin and Nan King, the newly opened river treaty ports.

Schwab is Re-elected President.

NEW YORK, March 5.—The directors of the United States Steel corporation met today and re-elected President Schwab and all the other officers whose terms expired. Otherwise only routine business was transacted.

Postoffice Looted of \$1,500.

HAMILTON, O., March 5.—Robbers today looted the postoffice at Oxford of \$1,500 in stamps and \$100 in cash.

ANOTHER GRAND REPORT.

From His Majesty's Dockyard, Portsmouth, England, Where Upwards of 16,000 Men Are Constantly Employed.

Some time ago the Portsmouth Times and Naval Gazette published a most thrilling and remarkable experience of the wife of Mr. Frederick Payne, himself connected with the Portsmouth dockyard for many years. The report produced a great sensation, not only in Portsmouth, but throughout the country, being considered of sufficient importance for reproduction and editorial comment by the leading metropolitan and provincial press of England, as showing the marvelous power which St. Jacobs Oil possesses as a cure for Rheumatism, its application having effected a perfect cure in the case of Mrs. Payne, after having been a helpless cripple and given up by several physicians.

We have now further evidence of its intrinsic value as a Pain Conqueror. Our readers will do well to follow the intelligent and highly interesting details as given in Mrs. Rabbits own words:

"To the Proprietors St. Jacobs Oil—Gentlemen: My husband, who is a shipwright in His Majesty's dockyard, met with an accident to his ankle and leg, spraining both so badly that his leg turned black from his knee to his toes. The doctor said it would be months before he could put his foot to the ground, and it was doubtful whether he would ever get proper use of his leg again.

"A few days after the accident I had a book left at the door telling about St. Jacobs Oil, so I procured a bottle from our chemist, Mr. Arthur Creswell, 379 Commercial Road. I began to use St. Jacobs Oil, and you may guess my surprise when in about another week from that date my husband could not only stand, but could even walk about, and in three weeks from the time I first used the Oil my husband was back at work, and everybody talking about his wonderful recovery. This is not all. Seeing what St. Jacobs Oil could do gave me faith in your Vogeler's Curative Compound, also favorably mentioned in the book left at my house. I determined to try the compound on my little girl, who was suffering from a dreadful skin disease, the treatment of which has cost me large sums of money in going from one doctor to another with her, all to no purpose.

She has taken two bottles of Vogeler's Curative Compound, and one would now hardly take her for the same child. Her skin has such a nice healthy color after the sallow look she has always had.

"I shall never cease to be thankful for the immense benefit we have derived from these two great remedies of yours. I think it a duty to recommend these medicines now I have proved their value.

(Signed) "Elizabeth S. Rabbits, "33 Grafton Street, Mile End, "Landport, Portsmouth, England."

A liberal free sample of Vogeler's Compound will be sent by addressing St. Jacobs Oil, Ltd., Baltimore. The above honest, straightforward statement of Mrs. Rabbits evidence is stronger and far more convincing than pages of paid advertisements, which, though in themselves attractive, yet lack that convincing proof which Mrs. Rabbits' description of her own experience supplies. St. Jacobs Oil has a larger sale throughout the world than that of all other remedies for outward application combined, and this can only be accounted for from the fact of its superiority over all others.

For the Purchase of Palestine.

At the request of influential Hebrews of New York a bill has been introduced in the state legislature for the incorporation of the Federation of American Zionists. The purpose of the organization is the purchase of Palestine from the Turkish government, so that it may be open to such Jews as may desire to go there from any part of the world and make it their home. It is stated that many rich men are interested in the measure, and that money can be raised to any needed amount, provided the porte is willing to accept the proposition for a sale.

A Different Opinion.

The strained relations between Senator Vest of Missouri and Senator Morgan of Alabama are well understood by those who "know the ropes" in Washington. The story is told of a new senator who had been offended by a colleague and who approached Senator Vest and said: "Isn't Jones the worst ass that ever broke into public life?" The frail and venerable statesman from Missouri is reported to have replied: "I can't say. You know I am pretty thoroughly committed on that proposition to Morgan."—Leslie's Weekly.

First Playbill sold for \$506.

The earliest known playbill published in New York has been sold from the library of the late Thomas J. McKee. It was purchased by Evert Jansen Wendell for \$506. The performance of which the bill is an announcement was "Richard III." The date of the presentation was November 12, 1753.

The Russian mercantile marine has 745 steamers and 2,293 sailing vessels. Cocoon is much used in Germany instead of cod liver oil for consumption.

A man who can remember his first love affair, must have a remarkable memory.

When it is a question of advice nobody will play the game of follow the leader.

If you think you are a martyr, don't inscribe it on your door plate.

If ignorance were bliss, what a lot of people would be happy.

There is nothing to chill love like cold feet.

Talk is so cheap that it is the only thing in the world that you don't have to buy.

Defiance Starch is guaranteed biggest and best or money refunded. 16 ounces, 10 cents. Try it now.

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Know Thyself Manual, a book for men only, sent Free, postpaid, sealed, to every male reader mentioning this paper; 5c. for postage. "The Science of Life, or Self-preservation" the Gold Medal Prize Treatise, the best Medical Book of this or any age. 50 pp., with engravings and prescriptions. Elegant Library Edition, full gilt, ONLY \$1; paper covers, inferior abridged edition, 2c. GET THE BEST. Address the Freebody Medical Institute, 4 Southfinch st., opp. Bevere House, Boston, Mass., the oldest and best in this country. Write today for these books; keys to health and happiness. Consultation, in person or by letter, 2 to 6; Sunday, 10 to 1.
The Freebody Medical Institute has many imitators, but no equals.—Boston Herald.



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the man who wears
SAWYER'S EXCELSIOR BRAND Suits and Slickers
Warranted waterproof. Made to stand up to the roughest weather. Look for trade mark. If your dealer doesn't have it, write to H. M. SAWYER & SON, Sole Mfrs., East Cambridge, Mass.

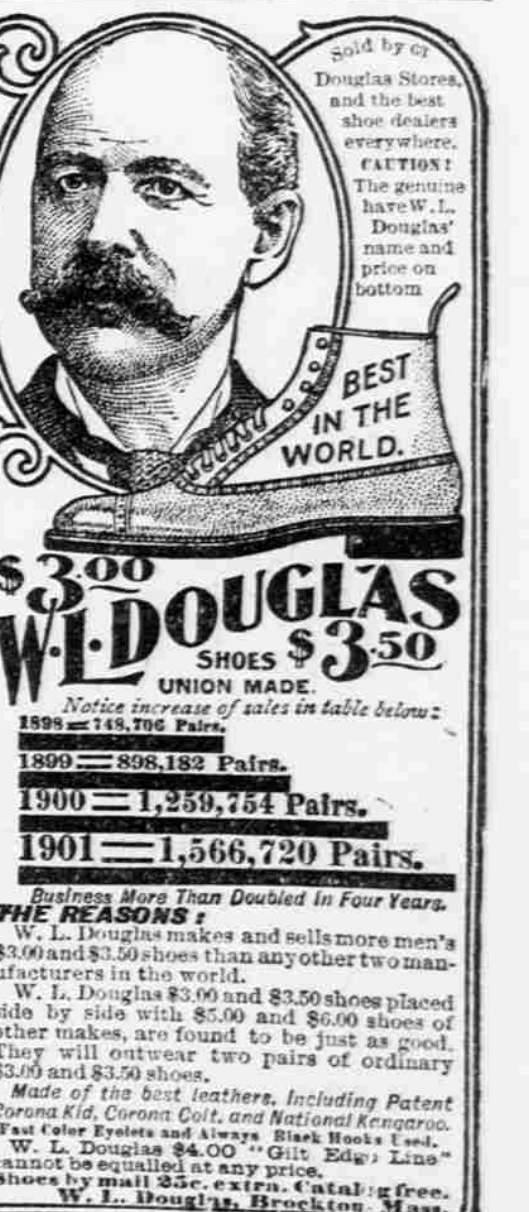
JUST THINK OF IT
Every farmer his own landlord, no farm-branches, his bank account increasing year by year, his stock increasing, his land increasing, his children increasing, his school increasing, his taxes increasing, his prices for cattle and grain, low railway rates, and every possible comfort. This is the condition of the farmer in Western Canada—Province of Manitoba and districts of Assiniboia, Saskatchewan and Alberta. Thousands of Americans are now settled there. Reduced rates on all railways for homeseekers and settlers. New districts are being opened up this year. The new forty-page Atlas of Western Canada sent free to all applicants. F. Pedley, Superintendent of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada or W. V. Bennett, Canadian Government Agent, 801 New York Life Bldg., Omaha, Neb.



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THE ORIGINAL
TOWER'S FISH BRAND POMMEL SLICKER
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Accidents are rare, pleasure is increased by their superior elasticity, and you can mend them with your hands—no tools required. Our automobile tires are just as safe, satisfactory and reliable.
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W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES \$3.50
UNION MADE
Notice increase of sales in table below:
1898—148,792 Pairs.
1899—898,182 Pairs.
1900—1,259,754 Pairs.
1901—1,566,720 Pairs.
Business More Than Doubled in Four Years.
THE REASONS:
W. L. Douglas makes and sells more men's \$3.50 and \$5.00 shoes than any other two manufacturers in the world.
W. L. Douglas \$3.50 and \$5.00 shoes placed side by side with \$5.00 and \$6.00 shoes of other makes, are found to be just as good. They will outwear two pairs of ordinary \$2.00 and \$3.50 shoes.
Made of the best leathers, including Patent Corona Kid, Coronat, and National Kangaroo. Full value for price and always Black Heels Last.
W. L. Douglas \$4.00 "Grip Edge" Line cannot be equaled at any price.
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