

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

Reports still come that Miss Stone and her companion have been murdered.

It is given out flat-footed that the St. Louis fair will open for business April 30, 1903.

Dr. Jefferson Cawood, one of the best known physicians in Tennessee, dropped dead at Knoxville.

Out of 156,000 houses or flats in Glasgow, 36,900 were found to have but one room and 70,000 but two rooms.

In an interview Governor Stanley of Kansas denied that he was a candidate for governor for a third term. He said he wouldn't have it if he could get it.

An order has been prepared at the war department for the return to the United States from Cuba, about January 15, of a battalion of the Second regiment of cavalry.

Secretary of the Interior Hitchcock has telegraphed William Grimes, secretary of Oklahoma, to act as governor until the newly appointed governor, Mr. Ferguson, takes charge.

Paul Deschanel, former councillor of the French embassy at Washington, where he married a daughter of General George B. McClellan, has been appointed French minister to Hayti.

The secretary of the interior sent to the house of representatives a copy of a resolution of the legislature of Hawaii making a duty on coffee in order to protect the coffee industry of Hawaii.

Delegate Flynn of Oklahoma introduced a bill providing for statehood for the territory. The bill is practically the same as that introduced by him for the same purpose during the last session.

It is now almost certain that Lord Dudley will succeed Lord Cadogan as viceroy of Ireland, says a Dublin correspondent. This puts an end to the rumors that the Duke of Marlborough would receive the post.

The monthly comparative statement of the receipts and expenditures of the government just issued shows that during November, 1901, the receipts amount to \$45,776,776, and the expenditures, \$40,198,916.

At a meeting of railroad officials, representing the Chicago and Ohio river lines and the east bound lines from St. Louis, in Cincinnati, it was decided to maintain the present tariff rates during the year 1902.

The order for the coronet for Mrs. Bradley-Martin, which she intended to wear at the coronation of King Edward, has been countermanded. The coronet was modeled after that worn by Empress Josephine.

Wilbert P. Clarke, city editor of the Toledo Times, committed suicide by swallowing an ounce of laudanum. He was despondent because the parents of his second wife would not permit her to live with him.

Twenty-five of the leading shoe manufacturing firms in Cincinnati will post notices in their factories declaring their independence of labor organizations. If a strike is declared 3,000 employees will be affected.

The Meade court-martial at the Brooklyn navy yard concluded its deliberations on the testimony taken at the trial and disbanded. The findings of the court were at once sent to the navy department at Washington.

Secretary Root, at a cabinet meeting, presented to the president and each of his associates a cane made from the wood of an ancient Chinese gun carriage captured at the siege of Pekin. The carriage was said to be over 500 years old.

A cablegram has been received at the state department from Consul General Gudder, dated Panama, stating that the liberals have been defeated, and that the government forces are in possession of Colon.

Theodore Duddleston, confidential clerk at the National Stock Yards bank, East St. Louis, confessed to C. G. Knox, president of the bank, that his books showed a shortage of between \$11,000 and \$12,000. The money, he said, was lost in speculation.

Charleston is calling her exposition grounds and buildings the Ivory City on the banks of the Ashley.

Honolulu papers say Delegate Wilcox will ask congress for a ten million dollar appropriation for improvements in the islands.

Mrs. Louise Worden, a pioneer of the Klondike and one of the region's most famous women, died at Victoria.

A bill is to be introduced by Senator Knute Nelson, establishing a bureau of commerce and industries with cabinet representation.

Private Albert Francis, Fourth cavalry, was killed at Fort Leavenworth by his horse falling on him.

The comptroller of the currency has declared a dividend of 25 per cent in favor of the creditors of the Le Mars National bank at Le Mars, Ia.

CONGRESS THIS WEEK

Expect the Final Canal Legislation Before the Holidays.

PROSPECT IS FOR RATIFICATION

Southern Senators Are Particularly Anxious for the Construction of the Waterway at Earliest Possible Date—Miscellaneous Washington Matters.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 9.—The only measure of importance which the senate has on its calendar for the present week is the new Hay-Pauncefote treaty, making provision for the abrogation of the Clayton-Bulwer treaty and opening the way for the unobstructed construction of an isthmian canal by the United States.

There will be some debate and some features of the document will be criticised as undesirable, but there is no probability of captious opposition. The criticism will be along the lines indicated by Senators Money and Bacon in the committee on foreign relations at its meeting on last Friday.

No senator has thus far shown a disposition to carry his discussion to a point of ultimate effort to defeat ratification. The principal authors of the criticism of the treaty are southern senators, who are generally very anxious for the construction of the canal. They find that all canal legislation will be tied up until action can be secured on the treaty and they are on this account less liable than they otherwise would be to do anything to delay action upon the treaty itself.

Beyond the consideration of the treaty very little business will be undertaken before the holidays. It is now generally agreed that the question of reciprocity will go over until January, probably without so much as being mentioned, and it may be added that from being for a time the subject most likely to attract early attention, it has taken a position among the matters which will not be vigorously urged.

When the reciprocity treaties do come up for consideration there will be persistent opposition to the agreement with France and to that with Great Britain covering the West Indies.

There is not so much feeling over the conventions with the South American republics. The present outlook is also against the immediate action in the senate looking to tariff legislation for the Philippines, and there are now some indications that the senate will wait upon the house of representatives in this matter.

GOOD OMEN FOR THE TREATY

English Press Ventures that It Will Surmount the Obstructions.

LONDON, Dec. 9.—The Times, in an editorial on the Hay-Pauncefote canal treaty, says it is hard to see how Great Britain could concede more without pretending to give what she did not possess, namely, the rights of territorial sovereignty.

"That act," says the Times, "would not weaken the objections of those senators to anything making for good relations with Great Britain. As President Roosevelt and public opinion seem to favor this treaty, we venture to say it will surmount the threatened obstruction."

May Also Be a Kidnaper.

VIENNA, Dec. 9.—It is said here that the man named Halju, who was arrested at Sofia December 7, and alleged to be the assassin of ex-Premier Stambuloff, had a hand in the kidnapping of Miss Ellen M. Stone, the American missionary.

D'Annunzio is Coming.

ROME, Dec. 9.—After a tour of Italy, Gabrielle d'Annunzio, the dramatist, will take "Francesca da Rimini" to the United States from Tomasso Salvini, the tragedian, and Eleanor Duse.

Drilling in Austria Doomed.

LONDON, Dec. 9.—A dispatch to the Times from Vienna declares that as a result of the recent appeal to the public to take the matter in hand, duelling in Austro-Hungary is doomed.

DIFFER ON INSULAR TARIFF

Expect House to Pass a Measure to Meet the Situation.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 9.—The house this week will probably pass a measure to meet the situation created by the Philippine decision of the supreme court last Monday. Up to the present time, however, the republican members of the ways and means committee have not decided upon the character of the measure which will be reported.

A difference of opinion exists as to whether there should be a temporary enactment of the Dingley rates on goods entering the United States from the Philippines, or whether a permanent possession of the island should be prepared. It is said Chairman Payne favors the latter course.

The republican committees will meet again tomorrow. If it is decided to enact a temporary measure the procedure will be exceedingly simple and it probably can be passed in a day. If, on the other hand, an entire scheme of tariff legislation is to be consummated more time will be taken up in the preparation and passage.

KILL AMERICAN DESERTER

David Fagin, Negro, Who Fled to Filipines, is Decapitated.

MANILA, Dec. 9.—The scouts from Bengabon province of Nueva Ecija have killed the American negro, David Fagin, a deserter from the Twenty-fourth (colored) infantry, who for more than two years has been leading Filipinos against the American troops. The native scouts decapitated his prisoner. The man's head, however, was recognized as that of Fagin. They also secured his commission in the insurgent army. Fagin had on one of his fingers the class ring of Lieutenant Frederick W. Altstaetter of the engineers, who was captured by Filipinos, supposedly under the command of Fagin himself, October 28, 1900.

Fagin is the deserter who has been reported killed on several occasions. The authorities are satisfied that former statements of his death were erroneous and that he has now been killed.

HEPBURN'S CANAL BILL

Iowa Senator Introduces Proposition for Waterway.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 9.—Representative Hepburn of Iowa introduced his isthmian canal bill, which by reason of his being the author of the bill passed last year and his probable continuance at the head of the house commerce committee, is regarded as a basis for action by the house. It differs from the Hepburn bill passed last year, in making the total appropriation \$180,000,000, instead of \$140,000,000. Of the total amount, \$10,000,000 is made immediately available to begin work. In other respects the bill follows that of last year, authorizing the president to acquire a right of way from Costa Rica and Nicaragua, and then to direct the secretary of war to begin the construction, from Greytown on the Caribbean sea, to Brito on the Pacific ocean, with suitable defenses, etc.

CIVIL SERVICE IN VOGUE

Weather Bureau Now Operating on Strict Merit System Basis.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 9.—The annual report of Prof. Willis L. Moore, chief of the United States weather bureau, says that substantial improvements have been made during the last year in the weather bureau system of wireless telegraphy. Such progress has been made by the government experimenters that, with no interference by private systems, stations can be successfully operated over an area of 150 miles of coast line and are now in operation along the Virginia and North Carolina coasts and soon will be instituted between the Farallone islands and the mainland, and Tatoosh island and the mainland on the Pacific coast.

The system of selective telegraphy he regards as well demonstrated theoretically, but has not been fully tested in practice.

Ready to Build a Turkish Ship.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Dec. 9.—The Cramp Ship Building company has notified the port that it is ready to commence building a cruiser for the Turkish government and has asked the government to send officers to supervise the vessel's construction. d'Annunzio is coming

Cattlemen Are Ejected.

ARDMORE, Okl., Dec. 9.—Prominent cattlemen of Choctaw Nation will be soon ejected from the reservation. They are regarded as intruders by the tribal government and the Indians have backing of the interior department. Many cattlemen who own thousands of head of cattle have been served with ejection notices. This order has produced consternation among cattlemen. The step is taken for purpose of allotting grazing land.

ON THE SMALLPOX SITUATION

State Board of Health Gives Consideration to the Same.

LINCOLN, Neb., Dec. 9.—The secretaries of the state board of health were in session at the state house. Certificates to practice medicine in the state were issued to five physicians and one osteopath.

Dr. Brash of Beatrice, secretary of the board, stated that the rules sent out to county boards some time since, relative to quarantining and the organizing of local boards of health, were meeting with many responses. A number of the boards have replied stating that they have complied with the requests, while others have promised to do so at their next meetings, many of which will be held this week.

The small pox situation in the state was considered and it was brought out that the number of cases has not materially increased since the last meeting. A bulk of the cases at the present time are in the northeastern and northwestern portion of the state.

INVOLVES IRRIGATION LAW

Case of Crawford County of Far-Reaching Importance to Nebraska.

LINCOLN, Neb., Dec. 9.—The case of the Crawford company against Hathaway, which is of far-reaching importance to the irrigation interests of Nebraska, has been assigned for rehearing at the next sitting of the supreme court. The action originated in a dispute over a small irrigation claim in Dawes county, but it has grown to such proportions that it now involves the constitutionality of the entire irrigation law of the state. It has been before the supreme court in various ways for nearly two years and in all opinions given the court has held strictly to the law of riparian rights, and contrary to the Nebraska law.

HIS LEGS ALMOST SEVERED

Distressing Accident to Young Man at Fairbury.

FAIRBURY, Neb., Dec. 9.—A shocking accident occurred a short distance northwest of this city. John Calloway, a young man who had previously lost an arm, was helping C. C. Calloway clear a piece of timber land. The young man used a light ax, which he could wield with one hand, and he was chopping on one side of a tree while his uncle chopped from the other. When the tree was almost felled an unusual stroke by the latter sent the ax clear through the remaining portion of the tree and into young Calloway's right leg just below the knee, completely severing the bone and injuring that member so that it is believed it will have to be amputated.

Official Flag Day.

OMAHA, Neb., Dec. 9.—Superintendent Pearce has received notice from Governor Savage that December 20 has been designated as Flag day in the schools of Nebraska in honor of the date of the acquisition of Louisiana by the United States. While not having been officially recognized by the state, the schools of Omaha have observed Flag day for five years. Each year upon the recurrence of December 20 the flags have floated from Omaha school buildings.

Reported to Have Suicided.

FREMONT, Neb., Dec. 9.—D. E. Nobbles, aged about twenty-eight years and unmarried, is reported to have committed suicide at Seattle, Wash., a short time ago by taking carbolic acid. Mr. Nobbles was well known in Fremont and vicinity, having acted as superintendent of the sugar factory at Leavitt a year ago. It is understood that he was somewhat addicted to the use of liquor.

Fire in State Institute.

BEATRICE, Neb., Dec. 9.—A fire which came near ending disastrously to the state started in the laundry department of the Institute for the Feeble Minded from clothes which were hanging too close to a warm pipe. The blaze was quenched in its incipency.

Sugar Beets of High Grade.

FREMONT, Neb., Dec. 9.—The Standard Beet Sugar company has nearly completed its season's work. The beets this year have been of a higher grade than last year and while the tonnage has been much less, the amount of sugar made is much greater.

Ellen Mitchell Tries to Die.

FREMONT, Neb., Dec. 9.—Ellen Mitchell, a dining room girl at the New York hotel, attempted suicide at the hotel, but did not succeed. The guests heard some one fall heavily to the floor in the hall and a woman's voice saying: "It is all over now." She was found lying on the floor with a small bottle nearly filled with carbolic acid in her hand. Physicians saved her. She had quarreled with a male employe of the hotel.

AS TO CONTAGIOUS DISEASES

Nebraska Board of Health Devises Stringent Quarantine Regulations.

LINCOLN, Neb., Dec. 4.—The members and secretaries of the State Board of Health have submitted a set of stringent quarantine regulations which are recommended for adoption by every county in the state. They provide for the quarantine of smallpox, scarlet fever and diphtheria cases upon strict sanitary lines. The board advises the county commissioners in each county to organize a local board of health and they are urged to follow as closely as possible the rules submitted to them, which are as follows:

Whenever within the limits of this county and without the corporate limits of any city or village a person is suspected of having smallpox, scarlet fever, diphtheria or other contagious disease, he shall be immediately isolated within his own household as carefully as possible, and as soon as a contagious disease is recognized it will be the duty of the attending physician and of the householder to give written notice of the same to the clerk of the county, giving the name of the disease and of the family where it exists, with the number exposed and of all other particulars that may be of any value.

The premises where above contagious diseases exist shall be duly quarantined by the board through its proper officers, or an appointee, (a) by placing upon the house or some conspicuous point upon the premises a placard giving the name of the disease in letters not less than three inches in height; (b) by a verbal or written notice to the householder to remain on the premises and in no way mingle with other people, or allow others, except physicians, to approach nearer than thirty feet of any house or person thus quarantined. This rule to apply also in cases of exposure.

Such quarantine shall continue until, in the opinion of the medical adviser of the board, the last case of the disease likely to occur therein has completely recovered and is ready for disinfection. Provided, however, that in cases of extreme necessity one free from disease may be released earlier after thorough disinfection of person and clothing, and with a certificate from the above named medical adviser.

The necessities of life, as often as occasion demands, may be carried within thirty feet of the quarantined house by a neighbor or other duly appointed messenger, but no nearer, nor shall any effects whatever be brought away from the household until thoroughly disinfected.

In case of death from contagious disease there shall be no public funeral; the body of the deceased shall be closely wrapped in sheets well saturated with disinfectants and closed in a tight casket, this to be again wrapped in a disinfected cloth, and in such cases the corpse shall not be carried to or near any body of people while on its way to the cemetery.

When in any school district or community several families—say five to eight—are infected with contagious diseases, or very many exposures have occurred, the board should prohibit all gatherings of people in that community, including sessions of schools, until in their opinion the emergency is past.

All physicians should use due precautions in their visits to quarantined households to avoid the danger of contagion to the well.

When, in the opinion of the medical adviser of the board, quarantine can safely be raised, it shall be done with fumigation with a 40 per cent solution of formaldehyde, using at least five ounces to each 1,000 cubic feet of air space, solution to be applied by an approved evaporator or by the sheet method, the rooms to be sealed for at least six hours, all persons to receive a disinfecting bath and their clothing to be fumigated and the house thoroughly cleaned. This is to be done in accordance with the suggestions of the State Board of Health to physicians.

When in the opinion of the board a hospital is needed to which individual cases of contagious diseases may be removed, or when such method will accommodate those without homes at much less public expense, or for any other reason it is deemed best, a building suited to their needs shall be provided.

Whoever in any way willfully or negligently disobeys these rules of quarantine and disinfection shall by such disobedience render himself subject to prosecution and a fine of \$25 for each and every offense and shall meanwhile, if infected and subject to quarantine, be held at the quarantined house or hospital until the time for disinfection.

Alleged Horse Thieves.

OSCEOLA, Neb., Dec. 7.—Sheriff Nuquist returned from St. Paul, where he secured two horse thieves wanted in this county for stealing a horse, November 29, from Charles H. Olsen, twelve miles southeast of Stromsburg. They waived examination.

THREE CHICAGO DOCTORS

Failed to Do for Miss Mabelle L. LaMonte What Was Accomplished by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I was in an awful state for nearly three years with a complication of female troubles which three physicians called by different names, but the pains were all the same. I dreaded the time of my



MABELLE L. LAMONTE.

monthly periods for it meant a couple of days in bed in awful agony. I finally made up my mind that the good doctors were guessing; and hearing from different friends such good reports of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, I tried that. I bless the day I did, for it was the dawning of a new life for me. I used five bottles before I was cured, but when they were taken I was a well woman once more. Your Compound is certainly wonderful. Several of my friends have used it since, and nothing but the best do I ever hear from its use."—Yours, MABELLE L. LAMONTE, 202 E. 31st St., Chicago, Ill.—\$5000 forfeit if above testimonial is not genuine.

If Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound could cure Miss LaMonte—why not you? Try it and see for yourself.

Mrs. Pinkham advises sick women free. Address, Lynn, Mass.

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