

## SOLDIERS CALLED OFF

Constantinople Reports that Washington Asks Turks to Desist.

### FEARS FOR LIFE OF MISS STONE

Sees More Danger in Close Pursuit Than in Waiting Quietly—The Ransom to Be Paid Over at Once—Arrangements for the Transfer.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Oct. 12.—In compliance with a request from Washington, the search by Ottoman troops for the abductors of Miss Stone, the American missionary, has been abandoned, it being feared that the brigands would kill her, should they be closely pursued. Arrangements are now being made to pay the ransom demanded.

BOSTON, Oct. 12.—The misunderstanding existing in various parts of the country, indicated especially in private advices received here as to the progress of the fund to ransom Miss Stone, the missionary, is considered to be sufficient reason for the issuance of another appeal for funds by the clergymen who signed the first one. The idea is to impress upon the people of America the danger which still threatens Miss Stone. The second appeal follows:

"BOSTON, Oct. 11.—To the People of America: The promptings of our hearts compel us to issue a second urgent appeal to the people of America to come to the rescue of Miss Ellen M. Stone, the American missionary now held captive by brigands in the Balkan mountains for a ransom of \$110,000. Nearly one-half that sum is yet to be raised. Private advices were yesterday to the effect that it was absolutely necessary to raise the full amount at once. The story of a thirty days' respite is absolutely discredited in the best informed localities.

"The public should not be deceived by the idea that the American board, as such, will pay any of the ransom. It has officially declared that it could not, although its members have unanimously expressed sympathy with the movement. Will not pastors, tender-hearted women, patriotic men and representatives of commercial and financial activity everywhere, will not every one aid by giving and soliciting until the entire fund is in hand? A life is at stake, the life of a Christian, a missionary, a patriot and a noble American.

"All contributions should be sent direct to Kidder, Peabody & Co., 115 Devonshire street, Boston, or Baring, Magoun & Co., 15 Wall street, New York. All money contributed will be returned to the donors in case its use is not necessary or in the event of its being hereafter returned by or through the United States government.

"JOHN L. WITHEROW,  
"Park Street Congregational Church.

"GEORGE C. LORIMER,  
"Tremont Temple Baptist Church.

"JOHN GALBRAITH,  
"Bromfield Street Methodist Church."

LONDON, Oct. 12.—After detailing the history of the abduction of Miss Stone the Spectator remarks:

"President Roosevelt and the Washington cabinet maintain justly that the sultan is responsible, as it is his misgovernment which provokes and protects brigandage, and they intend to demand reparation from the porte. It will not be limited, we imagine, to £25,000. The porte will be required to punish the authors of the outrage, and as Turkey is sure to shuffle and America is tired of being played with, a naval demonstration is quite on the cards. The sultan will of course yield to the first show of force."

Commandant Lotter to Die.

MIDDLEBURG, Cape Colony, Oct. 12.—Sentence of death has been passed on Commandant Lotter, the Cape rebel whose command, composed almost wholly of rebels, was captured by Major Scobel, south of Petersburg early last month. Lord Kitchener has confirmed the sentence.

Five of Lotter's comrades have been sentenced to the penitentiary for life; one a youth, has been sentenced to twenty strokes with the rod, followed by imprisonment until the close of the war.

Mason Agreeable on Canal.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 12.—Senator Mason of Illinois, who returns to his home today, called to see President Roosevelt that the report that he intended to fight the new canal treaty was entirely erroneous.

Rates for Snow's Funeral.

SALT LAKE CITY, Oct. 12.—Arrangements for the funeral of Lorenzo Snow of the Mormon church, who died in this city, were perfected at a meeting of the church authorities today. The funeral will take place Sunday. Special rates on all roads will be made and many thousands of visitors are expected from points in Utah and surrounding states. The body will lie in state at the Bee Hive house Sunday.

### HEALTH OF SOLDIERS IS GOOD.

General Wood Makes Favorable Report of Conditions in Cuba.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 11.—The department has made public the annual report of Major General Leonard Wood says the general conduct of the American troops in Cuba continues to be excellent, and, as heretofore complaints against them from civil authorities and individuals are extremely rare. The total number of deaths of officers and enlisted men during the year was 67, a percentage of less than 1.26. Yellow fever has now been almost driven from the island owing to the energetic war on the mosquitoes and the sanitary precautions adopted. However, during last summer five officers of General Wood's staff were taken ill with yellow fever and three of them died. Among the headquarters employees there were forty-eight victims of yellow fever, with eleven deaths.

General Wood devotes a good part of his report to a statement of the results of the tests of the artillery in fortifications left by the Spanish and summarizing these he says: "The behavior of the guns and carriages was rather better than was expected by the artillery officers.

### NATIONAL PURITY CONGRESS

Social Reformers Discuss Evils and Methods of Eradicating Them.

CHICAGO, Oct. 11.—Methods for abating social evils and placing the human race on a higher level of purity were discussed in hopeful tones by speakers at the session of the National Purity convention.

Charles L. Plymte of Crawfordsville, Ind., spoke of "Neglected Factors in the Problem of Life"; Rev. Jesse Jones of Halifax, Mass., read a paper pointing out cures for the social evils; Mrs. Minetta Tinny of Kirwin, Kan., discussed "The Purity Problem"; Hatty A. Schwendener, M. D., of St. Joseph, Mich., laid great stress on "An Ounce of Prevention," in rearing a nearly pure race. Mme. E. Eckler read an interesting paper under the caption, "Abolitionist and Rescue Work in Holland and Java," with both of which problems she is familiar. Charles A. Mitchell, of Marionville, Mo., urged earnestly for parental watchfulness over boys in the periods when their characters are forming.

### BOTH SLIPS THROUGH NET

Boer General Evades the Cordon, Crossing Pivaa River.

LONDON, Oct. 11.—The wholly unsatisfactory situation in South Africa continues to call out the most severe criticism. Lord Kitchener writes that General Botha has crossed the Pivaa river twenty miles north of Vryheid, which means that he has again escaped the British cordon.

General Buller, in a speech this afternoon, complained of the general criticism, especially in the newspapers, of himself. He admitted he had advised General Sir George White that it would possibly be necessary to surrender Ladysmith, but, bearing in mind all the circumstances of the case, he was quite prepared to let the public judge of the justification of the newspaper attack.

"Don't you think they have sworn to the truth?" inquired Senator Cockrell.

"I do not," retorted Hawkes, hotly.

Delegates to Prison Reform.

LINCOLN, Oct. 11.—Governor Sargent has appointed the following delegates to the annual congress of the National Prison Reform association, to be held in Kansas City November 9 to 13: E. D. Davis, G. W. Martin, John Davis, Henry V. Hoagland, Prof. C. E. Prevey, Z. S. Branson, Lincoln; John T. Mallalieu, Kearney; Horace M. Clark, Geneva; Rev. Joseph Ruesing, West Point; John J. Donahue, John Power, Omaha; W. Waddington, Beatrice; J. M. Kreader, Fremont; S. N. Taylor, Grand Island; William Brower, Nebraska City; Clause Mencke, Blair; Miles Mitchell, South Omaha.

Veterans Name a Kansas Man.

GETTYSBURG, Pa., Oct. 11.—The business session of the Union Veteran Legion was held yesterday. Among the prominent speakers at the meeting were General W. W. Dudley, former commissioner of pensions, and Corporal Tanner. Chicago was chosen as the next place of meeting and the following officers were elected: National commander, J. Edwin Brown, Washington; surgeon general, C. W. Stowe of Saline, Kan.

Dies at Age of Ninety-One.

GENEVA, Neb., Oct. 11.—John McClellan died at his home in this city at the age of nearly ninety-one years. He came to this county about twenty-two years ago.

Most Calls It an Accident.

NEW YORK, Oct. 11.—Johann Most was tried in the court of special sessions on charge of violation of the penal code in publishing, on September 12, an article in his paper entitled "Murder against Murder." Most testified that the article had been published years ago and that he had copied it in his paper March 14, 1885. The use of it just at the time of the murder of McKinley, he said, was an unfortunate coincidence.

## BOYD COMES IN LATE

Hawkes Now Says Judge Received Stock for Use of Name.

### HEARING LAST UNTIL NOVEMBER 21

Adjournment Taken in Helstand Investigation to Await Jackson and Harrison—Major Questions Truth of Testimony Dissected During the Day.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 11.—When the senate committee here resumed its hearing of the charges against Lieut. Helstand, Major Hawkes, the prosecuting witness, was called to submit some evidence in rebuttal which he desired to present. Mr. Hawkes said that upon his return from the Philippines he called upon the secretary of war and demanded to know the cause of his removal.

Judge Mackay, Hawkes' attorney, entered on a line of questioning intended to draw the secretary of war into the controversy, when stopped by Senator Cockrell, who announced that no such questions would be permitted, as the secretary was not under investigation.

W. S. Coursey, who was formerly secretary to General Corbin, testified that when the reply to Colonel Helstand's dispatch to General Otis was received he could not connect it with any message that had been sent.

Finally he went to the miscellaneous division, which was in charge of Colonel Helstand, and the latter informed him it was the reply to a private message he had sent.

Major Hawkes, in correcting his testimony, had added a statement that Judge Boyd was not to subscribe for hemp stock, but was to receive it for the use of his name. This called out several questions as to the division of stock and Hawkes said it was understood that the names of the other parties were not to appear on the stock books. To avoid this it was agreed between himself and Helstand that \$15,000 of stock was to be carried in Hawkes' name.

Senator Cockrell asked why he had not testified to this before, as it was a very important matter. Mr. Hawkes said he had never said anything to any of the parties about the matter. Under close questioning, Maj. Hawkes admitted he had said to Judge Boyd that he was not to pay for the stock, "or words to that effect." He was asked what reply Judge Boyd made and said he answered that it was all right, "or words to that effect."

Replying to questions by Senator Cockrell, Hawkes said he had been on very friendly terms with Judge Boyd and would have spared him if possible. He added that he was much disappointed in the evidence given by the several witnesses before the committee. Senator Cockrell asked him how he could be disappointed when he was informed by all of them that they had no connection with the hemp company. Hawkes replied that he expected they would testify differently.

"Don't you think they have sworn to the truth?" inquired Senator Cockrell.

"I do not," retorted Hawkes, hotly.

### MCKINLEY ON POSTAL CARDS.

His Likeness and Name Will Be Used in Designing the New Issue.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 10.—The postmaster general has decided to place President McKinley's head on the new issue of postal cards, which will appear soon after December 1. The design, as exhibited by Acting Postmaster Madden includes the year of birth and year of death immediately at the left and right, respectively, of the name "McKinley," which will be directly under the head. Above the head will be the words "Series of 1901" and above that "One Cent." The inscription "United States of America," now appearing on the postal cards, will be abandoned and replaced at a point lower down, so as to leave the space at the upper part of the card, about one-third of the width of the card, clear for postmarks.

### REINFORCEMENTS FOR SAMAR.

MANILA, Oct. 10.—General Smith sailed from here for the relief of the Island of Samar. He will take command of Samar and Leyte, so as to relieve General Hughes to devote himself to the Island of Cebu, where trouble is possible unless strong measures are adopted. General Smith will be accompanied by a battalion of the Seventh infantry, who are anxious to avenge the disaster of Company C, of the Ninth infantry.

### Look Over Mission Field.

HARTFORD, Conn., Oct. 10.—Rev. Lyman Abbott, D. D., of New York, conducted the devotional exercises which preceded yesterday morning's meeting of the American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions. The time was given up to addresses by officers of the board and missionaries, the speech of the missionary and the sermon by Henry Hopkins, D. D., of Kansas City, being the most notable features of the session.

### SUGAR TRUST MOVES AGAIN

Date Price of the Granulated Product in the Far Western Territory.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 9.—Another aggressive move has been made by the American Sugar Refining company in the campaign which it has begun against the beet sugar industry. The cut in the price of granulated sugar to all Missouri river points, which was announced last week, has been followed by a reduction in the price of beet and cane sugar in all states from Colorado to California. The reduction was announced by the Western Sugar Refining company and amounts to 30 cents a hundred on beet sugar and 12 cents a hundred on cane sugar.

Robert Oxnard, vice president of the American Beet Sugar association, which is opposing the trust, said:

"It is a fact that the Western Sugar Refining company has made a decline of 20 cents per hundred on their cane sugars and 30 cents per hundred on their beet sugars. This makes the difference in their price between cane, granulated and beet granulated 20 points instead of 10 points as heretofore. The cut affects all markets, from California to Colorado, inclusive.

I know of no change in the general sugar situation on account of it. Further than this I do not care to discuss the matter at present."

In order to discriminate further against beet sugar, the Western Sugar Refining company, which is allied with the sugar trust, has announced that it will entertain no orders for granulated sugar which call for over 50 per cent of beet sugar, of which there is a small supply in this market.

### CHARGED WITH HIGH TREASON

Former Governor of Johannesburg Arraigned in Bow Street Court.

LONDON, Oct. 9.—Dr. Krause, the former governor of Johannesburg, who was arrested September 2 on the charge of high treason, was arraigned in the extradition court at Bow street and charged with high treason and incitement to murder. The former charge is connected with the surrender of Johannesburg when, according to the public prosecutor, Dr. Krause obtained from Lord Roberts twenty-four hours' armistice on the plea that street fighting would thereby be obviated, and utilized the period in getting all the Boer fighters out of town and in sending £180,000 to Pretoria. After Dr. Krause had been paroled he went to Europe and applied to Dr. Leyds, the agent of the Transvaal, for money on account of these services.

### Marketing Sugar Beets.

TECUMSEH, Neb., Oct. 9.—The farmers of this vicinity who have grown sugar beets this season—mostly for experimental purposes—are now harvesting their crops. A number of carloads have been shipped to the Ames factory in the past few days and more are to follow. Herschel Heilig is harvesting nineteen acres, L. P. Ide six acres, A. B. Austin three acres and other small fields. The average yield is about ten tons to the acre and the value \$4 per ton. In spite of the hot, dry weather the vegetables did very well this season and the outlook is that the acreage will be considerably enlarged in Johnson county another season.

Wanted for Statutory Assult.

LINCOLN, Oct. 9.—After a hearing before the governor a requisition was issued for the return of Thomas Arrowsmith, who is wanted for statutory assault, said to have been committed in Nuckolls county. The injured party is one Miss Wells, and according to statements made the offense was committed in April, 190. It was not reported until late the following fall and prior to that time Arrowsmith had left for other parts. He has lately been taken in custody in Colorado and will be brought back to answer.

### Woman Slays Orchestra Leader.

SAVANNAH, Ga., Oct. 9.—Frank L. Hemingway, a musician employed in a theater orchestra, was shot and killed yesterday by a woman known as Clara Stuart. The woman then sent a bullet through her own brain. Death was instantaneous in both cases. Jealousy is believed to be the cause of the tragedy. Hemingway was from South Framington, Mass.

The woman's name was Nanon Grazier, and she was from Oswego, N. Y.

### Argentine Minister Received.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 9.—Before the cabinet assembled today the new Argentine minister, Senor Don Martin Garcia Merou, presented his credentials to the president.

### Russia Demands Stiff Price.

LONDON, Oct. 9.—The Brussels correspondent of the Times quotes a dispatch sent by the Constantinople representative of the Independence Belge, which repeats the rumor that Russia will intervene in the dispute between Turkey and France. The porte is said to be willing, in exchange for Russia's assistance in obtaining a friendly settlement, to cede to Russia the port of Bugias, seventy-six miles northeast of Adrianople.

## WARNING THE SCHOOLS

State Superintendent Receives Letter From Minneapolis Man.

### HE ALLEGES A RASCALLY SCHEME

Gives Details of What He Asserts is a Game Worked Upon Confiding Interior Districts—Fortune for a Nebraska Man Miscellaneous State News.

### THE LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Latest Quotations From South Omaha and Kansas City.

#### SOUTH OMAHA.

Cattle.—There was not a very heavy run of cattle and as the demand was fairly good the market was active and fully steady on most lines of desirable cattle. Receipts included about twenty-five cars of corn-fed steers, and while the market was not what would be called brisk, still not far from steady prices were paid. Owing to the fact that there were quite a few offered buyers took their time, and in some instances sellers thought they had to take a little less than the same kind have been selling for late. There were only about thirty cars of cows and heifers on sale and packers took hold and bought up the desirable kinds at strong prices. Sales were made that looked fully a dime higher. There was a fair trade in stockers and feeders, and there was not much change noticeable in the prices paid. Anything at all desirable was picked up in good season, and even the common kinds sold without much difficulty for as much as the same kind sold for yesterday. Robert Oxnard, vice president of the American Beet Sugar association, which is opposing the trust, said:

"It is a fact that the Western Sugar Refining company has made a decline of 20 cents per hundred on their cane sugars and 30 cents per hundred on their beet sugar. This makes the difference in their price between cane, granulated and beet granulated 20 points instead of 10 points as heretofore. The cut affects all markets, from California to Colorado, inclusive.

Lincoln, Oct. 9.—State Superintendent W. K. Fowler is in receipt of a letter from Minneapolis warning him that agents are at work in Nebraska selling charts to rural districts for ten times their real value. The letter is upon blank paper without a letter head and Superintendent Fowler does not know the author, but he is willing to give the letter to the public for what it is worth. It is as follows:

"MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Oct. 4, 1901.—State Superintendent of Public Instruction, Lincoln, Neb.—Dear Sir:

In your state today there is a clever scheme being worked by experts in selling charts to rural districts. The chart costs less than \$3 to manufacture, including stand. Notwithstanding they are highly polished and contain much color, they are not worth \$10 to any school.

"In order to discriminate further against beet sugar, the Western Sugar Refining company has announced that it will entertain no orders for granulated sugar which call for over 50 per cent of beet sugar, of which