BILLS BEGIN TO COME

The Nebraska Legislature Settling Down to Active Work.

A RECORD OF THE TWO HOUSES

Senate Committees Have Been Announced and Those of the House Will Soon Be Forthcoming—Daily Doings of Both Branches.

When the house adjourned on the 7th the republican members went into caucus to consider the report of the committee on standing committees. which will be made to the senate. Following is the full list of committee selections:

Judiclary-Baldrige, chairman; Martin, Young Crounse, Owens, Oleson, Harlan, VanBoskirk Ransom.

Finance, Ways and Means-Arends, chairman; Owens, Berlet, Edgar, Allen, Oleson, O'Neill, VanBoskirk, Reuting, Public Lands and Buildings-Allen, chairman; Young, Trompen, Arends, Berlet, Marchelle, Ma let, Owens, Steele, Lyman, Krumback. Agriculture — McCarger, chairma chairman; Young, Trompen, Berlet, Currie, Crounse,

Highways, Bridges and Ferries-Trompen, chairman; dell, Krumback, chairman; Newell, McCarger, Lid-Accounts and Expenditures-Currie, chairman; Oleson, Harlan, Martin, Pit-

ney, Counties and County Boundaries-Pitney, chairman; Paschal, VanBoskirk. Ransom, Webber.

Military Affairs-Steele, chairman; Newell, Crounse, McCarger, Meredeth, Municipal Affairs-Harlan, chairman; Baldrige, O'Neill, Edgar, Woostinholm. Internal Improvements-Berlet, chair man; Allen, Crounse, McCarger, Lyman, School Lands and Funds-Crounse, chairman; Trompen, Arends, Webber, Printing-Edgar, chairman; McCarger,

Newell, O'Neill, Campbell, Labor-Steele, chairman; Currie, Harlan, Young, Hodges. Educational—Allen, chairman; VanBos-kirk, Harlan, Currie, Zeigler. chairman; VanBos-Library-Young, chairman; kirk, Harlan, Trompen, Lyman. Claims-Oleson, chairman; Arends, Edgar, Martin, Cummins, McCarger, Steele, Banks and Currency-Crounse, chairman; Berlet, O'Neill, Martin, Meredeth.

Live Stock and Grazing-VanBoskirk, chairman; Currie, Trompen Miller, Reut-Manufactures and Commerce-McCar-ger, chairman; O'Neill, Edgar, Pitney, Krumback. Public Charities-Martin, chairman; Newell, Steele, Hodges, Liddell. Miscellaneous Subjects-Oleson, man; Crounse, Currie, Harlan, Steele,

Young, Webber. Corporations - Berlet Miscellaneous chairman; Allen, Bald O'Neill, Arends, Campbell, Baldrige, Martin, University and Normal Schools-O'Neill, chairman; Baldrige, Allen, Owens, Mere-

Constitutional Amendments and Federal Relations—Young, chairman; Baldrige, Crounse, Martin, Owens, Oleson,

Revenue-Martin, chairman; Edgar, Currie, Young, Owens, Woostinholm, Railroads-Owens, chairman; Edgar, Baldrige, Arends, Steele, VanBoskirk, Baldrige. Arends, Currie, Allen, Meredeth.

Enrolling and Engraving Bills—Newell. chairman; McCarger, Oleson, Harlan, Ed-

gar, Hodges, Zeigler. chairman; Berlet, Immigration—Currie, c Newell, Paschal, Liddell, Soldiers' Home-Edgar, cl Steele, Crounse, Newell, Lyman. chairman; Insurance—O'Neill, chairman; Harlan, McCarger, Owens, Baldrige. Irrigation—Owens, chairman; VanBos-

Currie, Allen, Trompen, Miller, Campbell. Reform School, Institute for Feeble Minded and Home for Friendless-Har-lan, chairman; Edgar, O'Neill, Reuting, Miller. Insane

Hospitals-Arends, chairman; Baldrige, Oleson, O'Nelll, Cummins. Deaf, Dumb and Blind Asylums—Baldrige, chairman; Arends, Owens, Young, Cummins.

Mines and Mining-Ransom, chairman; Meredeth, Liddell, Webber, Campbell, Reuting, Pitney, Hodges, Lyman, Cum-mins, Miller, Paschal, Woostinholm, Zeigler. Krumback. New Committee Apportionment-Van-Boskirk, chairman; Baldrige, Owens, Cur-rie, Oleson, Martin, O'Neill, Allen, Har-

Standing Committees—Savage, chair-man; Arends, Allen, Young, Owens, Bal-drige, VanBoskirk. chairman; Martin, Rules-Harlan, Owens.

HOUSE STANDING COMMITTEES. Speaker Sears on the 8th announced the appointment of the following

standing committees. Medical Societies, Sunday Laws and Regulations-Hathorne, chairman; Fowler, Sandall, Whitmore, Coffee, Tanner,

Judiciary—McCarthy, chairman; Lane, Fowler, Whitmore, Marshall, Brown of Otoe, Cain, Loomis, Edmonson, Lichty. Finance, Ways and Means-Lane, chairman: Crissey, Brown of Furnas, Arm-strong, Wilkinson, Laffin, Mead, Tefft, Jordan, Waring, Grell. Agriculture-Hibbert, chairman, Fredericks. Beethe, Broderick, Rohwer, Van-

dergrift, Watson. Roads and Bridges-Scott, chairman; Smithberger, Hall, Broderick, Cooksey, Diers, Persinger. Militia-Hail, chairman; Laflin, Andrews, McCoy, Shellhorn, Frederick, Sprecher, Householder, Hoy, Public Lands and Bulldings-Corneer, Shellhorn, Frederick, Humphrey, Tweed,

chairman; Andrews, Humphrey, Tweed, Harris, Fredericks, Hibbert, Evans, Jou-yenat, Mendenhall, Wilkinson, Coppoc, Internal Improvements-Wenzel, chairman; Corneer, Humphrey, Horton, Ream, Gishweiter, Taylor, Federal Relations-Horton, chairman; Whitmore, McCoy, Hunter,

Warner, Whith Lichty, Dahlsten. Engrossed and Enrolled Bills-Marshall, chairman; Jouvenat, Uhl, Scott, Mendenhall, Gawne, Ollis, Murray, Tanner.

Accounts and Expenditures-Stein-Accounts and Expenditures—Stein-provide a penalty for violation of this meyer, chairman; Andrews, Gawne, act. A bill for an act to provide for Lane, Buresh, Wenzel, Redman, Boyd, the safety of employees by providing Hoy. Constitutional Amendments - Fowler,

County Boundaries, County Seats and height in the state of Nebraska, and to provide for a penalty for the violation of this act. An act to provide for the Stockwell, Hunter, Jouvenat, Householder.
Railroads—Smithberger, chairman; An- ownership of property taken, or to be

drews, Swanson, Steinmeyer, McCoy, Bur-esh, Tweed, Scott, Cain, McCarthy, Humphrey, Persinger, Redman, Boulier, Penitentiaries-Tweed, chairman; Uhl. Lowe, Evans, Scott, Gallogly, Diers, Zim-

Steinmeyer, Tefft, Wilkinson, Wilcox, Whitmore, Redman, Ollis, Cooksey. Other Asylums-Buresh, chairman; Hib-Wilcox, bert, Wilkinson, Mullin, Olson, Brown of powers him to purchase medals of Otoe, Boyd, Fuller, Anderson, Johnson. Corporations - Armstrong, chairman; Fowler, McCoy, Laflin, Mead, Ream, Hanks. Cities and Towns-McCoy, chairman; Fowler, Lane, Spencer, Hunt, Wateson,

Library—Beekly, chairman; Library—Beekly, chairman; Warner, Marshall, McCarthy, Fowler, Hawxby, exclusively to the first and second conflict herewith, approved April 8, to his memory some time since in his and

Harris, Lowe, Olson, Wilkinson, Murray, Tanner, Sprecher.
Mines and Minerals—Hamilton (fusion)

chairman; Jordan, Householder, Ander-son, Shinstock, Fellars, Hunt, Immigration—Rohwer, chairman; Evans, Mockett, Beisner, Olson, Brown of Otoe, Becker, Fellars, Thomssen, Ollis, Ander-Manufacture and Compmerce-Miskell, chairman; Buresh, Mead, Tweed, Copoc, Dahlsten, Zimmerman. School Lands and Funds—Spencer, chair-

man Smithberger, Beethe Crissey, Shell-horn, Walker, Edmonson, Shinstock, Walker, Miscellaneous \ Subjects - Fredericks hairman; Brown of Furnas, Mendenhail, Sandall, Corneer, Gishweiter, Kaveny. Claimps-Wilcox, chairman; Swanson Cain, Wenzel, Marshall, Mockett, Tefft

Kaveny, Crockett, Boulier, Fuller, Live Stock and Grazing-Beisner, chairman; Beekly, Smithberger, Gallogly, Har-ris, Sandall, Kaveny, Hamilton, Stock-Revenue and Taxation-Mockett, chair-man; Jouvenat, Hall, Warner, Scott.

Armstrong, Crell, Hunter, Coppoc, Loomis, Johnson Fish and Game-Gallogly, chairman; Rohwer, Hathorne, Mockett, Jouvenat. Coppec, Lichty.
Insurance—Laffin, chairman; Brown of Otoe, McCoy, Smithberger, Mockett, Cris-sey, Stockwell, Beall, Thomssen.

Apportionment-Brown of Otoe, chairman; Gallogly, Swanson, Evans, Jouvenat, Brown of Furnas, Mendenhall, Miskell, Fowler, Lane, Mead, Sprecher, Jamison, Cooksey, Calkins. Benevolent Institutions-Brown of Fur-

nas, chairman: Andrews, Fowler, Horton, Mullen, Walker, Zimmerman. Rules-Mr. Speaker, chairman; Mc-Carthy, Lane, Andrews, Laffin, Hamilton, Labor-Jouvenat, chairman; Wilcox, Humphrey, Sencer, Brown of Otoe, Cain, Tweed, Taylor, Ream, Hanks, Jamison, Hunt, Murray.

Telegraphs and chairman; Hibbert, Spencer, Mockett, Beekly, Olson, Hamilton, Waring, Muray. Fees and Salaries—Mullen, chairman; Brown of Furnas, Evans, Rohwer, Scott, Broderick, Becker, Dahlsten, Vandergrift. Soldiers' Home-Humphrey, chairman; Hibbert, Hathorne, Shellhorn, Beckley,

Telephones - Mead,

Zimmerer, Fuller, Irrigation-Harris, chairman: Evans, Lowe, Fowler, Horton, Vandergrift, Jordan, Gishwelter, Coffee.
Deficiencies-Lowe, chairman; Mead,
Andrews, Mockett, Swanson, Marshall, Armstrong, Diers, Calkins, and Elections-Writmore, Primaries chairman; Armstrong, Marshall, Mutten, Geisner, Hibbard, Warner, Brown of Furnas, Hamilton, Tanner, Loomis.

HOUSE.-After passing the Fowler bill providing for an appropriation of \$115,000 for the expenses of the legislature and listening for two hours to the first and second reading of bills, the house of representatives adjourned on the 11th to meet at 2 o'clock Monday afternoon. Among the bills introduced was one by Coffee of Dawes county proposing a constitutional convention to be held in Lincoln beginning on the first Tuesday of June, 1902. The conditions of the bill provide for a representation of counties similar to that in the legislature, each member to receive same State Prison—Trompen, chairman; Oleson, Arends, VanBoskirk, Krumback.
Medical Societes—Newell, chairman;
Miller, Crounse, O'Neill, Meredeth.
Privileges and Elections—Young, chairman; Harlan, Martin, Compbell, Woostin-holm. guaranty bond companies or corporations and to provide a penalty for the violation thereof. A bill for an act to prevent pawnbrokers in this state from charging a greater sum as interest on loans than 10 per cent per year and to provide for the mode of selling unredeemed property, and to provide a penalty for the violation of the same. A bill for an act to amend section 2 of chapter xxi of the Compiled Statutes of the State of Nebraska designated by a compiler as 2504, and to repeal said section as now existing and authorizing jury to fix damage for death. A bill for an act providing for the holding of a constitutional convention and apportioning the state into district for the election of members thereof, the convention to be held in Lincoln in June, 1902, to be composed of 133 members. A bill for an act to define the liability of employers and making employers liable for all damages in consequence of negligence, and making ivalid all contracts restricting damage. A bill for an act to regulate bakeries and bakeshops in the state of Nebraska, and to provide for the sanitary conditions of the same and provide for a penalty for the violation of

every members of the house supplied with a daily copy of the record of one column, with a place at the top the house proceedings. The duplicate copies will be made by the mimeograph process from the official record prepared by the chief clerk; they will contain his signature and in all essential points will be similar to the official document. By the action the cost of producing the duplicates is limited to \$596. The following bills were introduced and read first time: An act to amend sections 146, AA and B of chapter xxvi of the Compiled Statutes of Nebraska for 1899, entitled "Elections," and to repeal section 146 and schedules A and B of said chapter xxvi as originally existing, and prescribing form of election ballot, similar to the one now in use, but enabling the voter to vote for straight party ticket by making one cross. A bill for an act to provide for the safety of employes engaged in the erection, repairing, altering or painting of any house, building or structure in the state of Nebraska, and to the safety of employes by providing for counter floors in the construction chairman; McCarthy, Horton, Evans, Brown of Furnas, Crissey, Armstrong, Watson, Fellars, Hawkby, Hanks.

or erection of any block, building or structure of two or more stories in of this act. An act to provide for the giving of notice to officers of claim of taken, under writs of execution and attachment, and to provide for the giving of indemnity tonds in such cases to officers. An act to appropriate \$5,-000 to enable he governor of the merman, Calkins,
Insane Hospitals—Gawne, chairman; state of Nebraska to comply with joint resolution of the twenty-sixth session of the Nebraska legislature, which emhonor for all officers and men who belonged to the Nebraska volunteer army during the Spanish war.

HOUSE-After a protracted debate

Armstrong, Marshall, Spencer, Gawne, Beall, Zimmerer.

Public Printing—Uhl, chairman; Laffin, bore clerks and assistants of both bore clerks. bers, clerks and assistants of both branches, and the incidental expenses of the session. The second reapportionment bill to come before the house was introduced by Gallogly of Brown. It is different in many respects from the bill introduced by Brown of Lincoln county, but provides similar representation for Douglas, Lancaster and several other counties of largest population. Both were referred to the re- and all acts in conflict therewith. For apportionment committee, of which the authors of the two bills are members Representative Steinmeyer of Gage introduced a joint resolution authorizing the appointment of a committee of three by both branches of bilities, powers and government, and the legislature to draft a new revenue bill. Among house rolls read appear the following: A bill for an act prescribing the duties of county attorneys in cases where changes of venue are taken in criminal cases, and requiring prescribe their duties and fix their the county attorney to follow such cases to the county to which they may be removed. A bill for an act to provide for the drainage for agricultural and sanitary purposes and to repeal article iii of chapter lxxxix of the Compiled Statutes of 1897, and allowing land owners to drain their property by constructing drainage ditches, discarging water into any natural water course or depression leading to same. An act providing for a landlord's lien upon crops planted or sown on demised premises, and providing for the foreclosure of such lien and a penalty for selling, removing or disposing of such crops during the existence of such lien. An act for the relief of a person owning real property having an insane husband or wife, and to empower such person to sell, mortgage or convey such property under power of the district court. An act to provide for the erection and maintenance of a hardfibre twine plant at the Nebraska state penitentiary at Lincoln and making appropriations therefor and limiting cost to \$35,000. An act to district the state into senatorial and representative districts and for the apportion- bill was framed at a meeting of the ment of senators and representatives and to fix the number of the same and to repeal section 2 of chapter v of the

Compiled Statutes of Nebraska.

HOUSE .- During the morning session of the house on the 8th forty-one bills were introduced, and in the afternoon seven more were added. Mr. Ollis, fusionist of Valley, moved that all appointments made by the employes committee to be submitted to the house for approval or rejection. It was defeated by a strict party vote, as was also a similar motion requiring the submission of appointments made by the speaker. Among the bills introduced the most important provide for reapportioning tue senatorial and legislative districts of the state. by Evans of Lincoln, free high school attendance, by Mockett of Lancaster; a different election ballot, by Humphrey, and making kidnaping punishable by imprisonment for twenty years and a fine of \$20,000, either or both, at the discretion of the court, the latter being introduced by Tefft of Lancaster. A bill by Representative Miskell provides that if a fire insurance company refuses to pay a just claim for loss, thereby causing litigaion, it shall be liable to 25 per cent interest annually from the time it became due to the time it is paid. Teachers and school children come in for a good round of bills. One of those introduced provides that when there are less than eight school children in a district the superintendent of the county shall designate the neighboring district in which they shall attend school. Another measure prothe state for six consecutive years, who has manifested true professional insane husband or wife, and to empowspirit and who holds a first or a secto a life certificate on application to the district court. the state superintendent. Representalive Murray introduced the first anticigarette bill. It seeks to require the payment of a license fee of \$300 for the sale of cigarettes or cigarette paper. The new election ballot proposed by Representative Humphrey is said to be similar to the one used in Iowa the house, on the 10th, voted to have and Illinois. It would contain the names of all candidates of one party in for a straight ticket vote. Representative Fowler introduced a bill providing that a majority is sufficient to pass a constitutional amendment.

SENATE.-The senate session on the 11th was a strictly business meeting and during two hours a considerable amount of routine work was accomplished, a number of the members being anxious to get through with the work in order that they might leave for their homes on the afternoon trains. The introduction of bills was proceeded with. During the reading of bills the clerk of the house was announced, who stated that house rolls 11 and 13, both being appropriation bills, were ready for the senate. The bills were read and placed on file. A large number of bills came up for second reading, after which they were ordered printed and referred to their respective committees. Among measures introduced were the following: An act to amend sections 521, 530, 531a and 531c of the Code of Civil Procedure and chapter xxxvi of the Compiled Statutes of 1899 entitled "Homesteads," and to repeal said sections 531 and 531a, and to except certain claims, debts and liabilities from braska and to provide for the organisection 1 of an act entitled "An act ist. to facilitate the giving of bonds, undertakings and recognizances, and to authorize the acceptance of certain HOUSE .- The attention of represen- | corporations as surety thereon, and to

unanimous. The following senate files were introduced: A bill for an act to govern the appointments and revocation of appointments of clerks of the county courts, and other help or assistance for the county judges, and to fix the compensation of such clerks and help, and to repeal sections 9, 9a, 9b, 9c, 9d, 9e, 9f and 9g of chapter xxiii, Compiled Statutes of Nebraska. an act to incorporate cities of the first class having a population of more than 40,000 and less than 100,000 inhabitants; to define, regulate and prescribe their organization, duties, liato repeal article i of chapter 13a of the Compiled Statutes of 1899. An act to provide for the apointment of a chaplain at each of the Soldiers' and Sailors' homes in this state, and to compensation. For a joint resolution proposing a convention to submit amendment to the constitution of the United States to elect United States senators by direct vote of the people. An act to provide for the manner of selecting, drawing and summoning grand and petit jurors in counties having a population of 60,000 or more.

SENATE.—Bills on first reading was

the first order in the senate on the 9th

nd quite a number of these were dis-

posed of by being ordered printed and

referred to the various committees to which they properly belong. A num-, ber of new bills were also introduced. including one by Martin of Richardson to provide a board of railway commissioners, and to repeal the present law as it stands, it having been declared unconstitutional. Senator Harlan, at the request of a delegation of mayors and officials of cities of Nebraska having more than 5,000 and less than 25,inhabitants, introduced a bill the purpose of which is to provide for the incorporation, government, regulation duties and powers of such cities. The mayors of the various cities affected, which was held in Fremont last week, The new law is for the purpose of replacing one which has been declared unconstitutional, and is somewhat broader in its provision of government for cities of this class. Owens of Dawson, chairman of a special committee appointed to ascertain the cost of printing the daily journal, reported that the expense for printed or mimeograph copies of a sufficient number would be from \$10 to \$20 per day, and after some discussion it was decided not to have a daily journal printed, but to have the secretary of the senate prepare fixed copies by means of a typewriter and carbon paper, which would be on his desk and at the disposal of the members the following day, Among bills introduced was an act making it a crime to threaten to accuse any person of a crime or offense, or to do injury to the person or property of another, with the intent to extort money or pe cuniary advantage, or to compel the person threatened to do any act against his will, and providing punishment, and to repeal section 46 of the Criminal Code of the Compiled Statutes of Nebraska of 1899. An act to repeal chapter lxv of the session laws of 1885 entitled "An act to provide a board or railroad commissioners and define their duties and provide for their salaries," and to repeal chapter lx of the session laws of 1887 entitled, 'An act to regulate railroads, prevent unjust discrimination and provide for a board of transportation and define their duties, and repeal articles v and viii of chapter lxxii, entitled, 'Railroads of the revised statutes," and all vides that any teacher who has been acts and parts of acts in conflict hereregularly employed in the schools of with. An act for the relief of a person owning real property having an er such person to sell, mortgage or ond grade certificate, shall be entitled convey such property under power of

SENATE.—The senate put in a full day's work on the 8th. The Boer resolution of Trompen of Lancaster, which had been made a special order brought forth consierable oratory. The resolution as formerly presented by Senator Trompen, expressed sympathy with the Boers in their struggle against the powers of those who seek to establish a despotism maintained by English power and English armies, and in this form was favored by fusion members. The resolution was amended and adopted. Among senate files introduced were the following: An act to amend section xx of chapter vii, title "Attorneys," subtitle "County Attorneys," "Deputies," of the Compiel Statutes of the State of Nebraska, 1881, wih amendments of 1882 to 1899, and to reepal said section xx of chapter vii as it now exists. An act concerning the care of and to prevent the spread of contagious and infectious diseases among domestic animals; to provide for the appointment of a state veterinarian and assistants: to regulate their power and duties; to provide for their compensation and to repeal sections 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 13, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26 and 27, article xi of chapter iv, Compiled Statutes of Nebraska, 1895, entitled "State Veterinarians." An act to define fraternal beneficiary societies. orders of associations and to regulate the conduct of same and to provide penalties for the violation of the provisions of this act. An act to provide that county superintendents of public instruction shall possess the necessary the operation of the homestead and educational qualifications to enable exemption laws. An act to provide them to perform their duties of that penalties for blackmail, extortion and office. An act to amend section 179 kindred felonies. An act to establish of chapter lxxvii, article i of the Ana military code for the state of Ne- notated Statutes of Nebraska for 1899. of an act entitled "An act to provide zation, government and compensation a system of revenue," approved March of the organized militia, and to pro- 1, 1879, and took effect September 1, vide for the enrollment of the unor- 1879, and to repeal said original secganized militia, and to repeal chapter tion. An act to amend sections 2 and 1, session laws of 1897, known as 5, article v, chapter ixxvii, Compiled chapter lvi, Compiled Statutes, ap- Statutes, 1889, and to repeal said secproved April 12, 1877. An act to amend tions 2 and 5 as the same now ex-

For a Stanton Monument.

Banks and Currency—Cain, chairman; reading of bills. At the morning ses-wanson. Jouvenat, Lowe, Miskell, sion two bills introduced by Fowler of now existing. Swanson. Jouvenat, Lowe, Miskell, Stockwell, Waring.

Public Schools—Broderick, chairman; Public Schools—Broderick, Crocket, Thomssen. Hpouseholder.

University and Normal Schools—Warner, Chairman; Brodperick, Hathorne, and engrossed for third reading. In

IOWAN OR NEBRASKAN

A Man Who Does Not Know in Which State He Lives.

A MATTER THAT NEEDS FIXING

Carious Effect of One of the Little Eccentricities of the Missouri River-New Revenue Order of Special Interest-Miscellaneous Matters.

OMAHA, Neb., Jan. 14.-It has never been legally determined whether Solomon McKnight is a resident of lowa or Nebraska. No one knows in the eyes of the law in which of the two states his farm lies, and it is this uncertainty that may result in a money lender's loss of \$300 and cause McKnight to be ahead that sum. In 1856 the Missouri river flowed

over the strip of ground where Mc-Knight's farm is now located. The farm was the river's bed. At the present time the stream runs a good distance to the east, so that an observer unacquainted with the vagaries of the stream would say that the farm is a part of Nebraska. A few years ago McKnight borrowed \$100 from J. J. Gravatte, agreeing to pay him \$300 in the event the law had to be invoked to secure payment. Suit was brought as the obligation is long overdue. Notice was served on Mcknight in Nebraska. His attorneys contend that he is a resident of Iowa. If this is true the service is illegal and the case must be dismissed without recovery for the plaintiff.

New Revenue Order. OMAHA, Jan. 14.-An order of especial interest to the banks and financial institutions of the internal revenue district of Nebraska was received by the collector. Since the beginning of the last fiscal year there has been no printing office in the district licensed to imprint revenue stamps upon paper to be used for bank checks and other documents. Under the circumstances the users of this class of paper have been forced to send outside of the district to have the work done. From time to time much of the stamped paper becomes unsuited for its intended use and the owners send to the collector to have the money represented by the stamps refunded. Here tofore many of these peovle have sent unused stamped paper to the collector of the district in which it was printed. The new ruling is to the effect that ali claims for refund must be made to the collector of the district in which tne user resides and by him forwarded to Washington. All expense of transporting redeemed imprinted paper from the office of the purchaser Washington must be borne by the person asking for a rebate.

Mufflers Popular Again.

The silk muffler, which had such a vogue several years ago, is coming in style again. More have been sold this winter than for a long time past. A haberdasher gives a plausible reason for the revival of the muffler. "They are warn principally to prevent the shirt collar from getting soiled," he explained. "Of course you have noticed how the velvet collar of an overcoat, rubbing against the shirt collar, will make a blank spot on the linen. With the quality of velvet now used in overcoat collars it is almost impossible to keep linen clean for a whole day. It is probably the dye. At any rate, it soils the linen, and a muffler worn around the neck prevents this."

McCarty Would Be Free.

LINCOLN, Neb., Jan. 14.-Thomas McCarty, serving a fifteen-year sentence in the state penitentiary, for assaulting Adam Kas, Jr., in Sarpy county, last winter, with a deadly weapon, and with intent to do great bodily harm, longs to breathe the air of freedom once more. He applied to the supreme court for a writ of habeas corpus. McCarthy made a similar appeal to Judge Slabaugh of Douglas county, but his request was denied. When arraigned last December, on the charge quoted, he pleaded guilty. He is a brother of the notorious Vic Mc-Carty, whose deeds of outlawry were known to every household of the state some years ago.

Wheat Prospects Are Good.

WYMORE, Neb., Jan. 14.-Wheat growers in southern Nebraska are jubilant over the prospects for a fine crop next season. The acreage is the greatest ever planted and the stand is splendid. Some time ago there were fears that the winter was going to be too dry and that the fields would suffer for want of moisture, but the recent fall of snow, which is about three inches on a level, has covered the wheat fields and will supply sufficient moisture to carry the crop through the winter in the best of condition. Prospects for winter wheat were never better at this season of the year.

Requisition for Stegeman. LINCOLN, Neb., Jan. 14.-A requisition for the return of Fred Stegeman, alias Fred Stackman, to Douglas county, has been issued by Governor Dietrich on the governor of Illinois. The fugitive is under arrest in Chicago. He is wanted on the charge of shooting ex-City Clerk Joseph Maly in Omaha, December 29. Maly is in precarious condition.

The postoffice at Perkin, Keya Paha county, Neb., has been discontinued; mail to Norden.

Nebraska at Washington.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 14.-Rural free delivery service will be established on February 1 at Herman. Washington county, Neb. Length of route, twenty-five miles; population served, 600; G. J. Reid appointed car-

The postoffices at Fletcher, Admah and Vacoma are to be discontinued. The secretary of the treasury has awarded the contract for the construction of the public building at Blair, cents a box at drug stores. Chicago, at \$24,000.

Riding on a Shark.

One of the more wonderful fish stories of the century is told in the New-York Press of Dr. Ralph Smith, a noted surgeon of Jacksonville. While in bathing in surf about up to his waist over on the East coast a big shark swam between his legs, forcing him to a sitting posture and swimming out to sea with his burden astride. The sensation nearly cost the doctor his hair and whiskers. He declares he was on the shark's back fully half a minute. When the monster got in deep water he slid off.

He Gave Them What They Wanted.

"Soon after I arrived in this country on my present visit," says Bishop Partridge, (Episcopal) of Ktoto, Japan, who is a graduate of Yale, "I was invited to a University club dinner, and was told that I was to speak to the toast of 'Yale University.' When I arose in my turn my fellow banqueters cried vociferously, 'Never mind Yale, old man-talk to us in Chinese,' I entered into their spirit, and for twenty-five minutes I orated in Chinese. What did I say? Suffice it to say that I spoke only the court dialect. The strangest part about it is that all present seemed to enjoy it even more than I did."

Nervy Thieves.

About the coolest thieves on record did a job of work in Philadelphia a few days ago. Early in ... e morning, while hundreds of people were going to work, half a dozen men arrayed as mechanics appeared in front of a Turkish bath establishment on Walnut street, and with chisels, hammers and wrenches took down the handsome bronze ornaments and railing which ornamented the place. Then they calmly walked away with the plunder,

LIEUT. MABLE C. HUNT.

A Bright Salvation Army Lassie, Who Knows How to Keep Her Corps in Good Health.

Ogden, Utah, Jan. 12, 1901,-(Special.)-The Pacific Coast Division of the Salvation Army, whose noble work in the interests of fallen humanity has done so much for this western country, has its headquarters in this city. One of the brightest and most enthusiastic workers is Lieut. Miss Mabel Clarice Hunt. Everyone knows how these devoted people parade the streets day or night, exposing themselves to all kinds of weather, that no opportunity may be lost of rescuing some poor unfortunate from sin and suffering. In some cases, their recklessness in thus exposing themselves has been commented upon as almost suicidal. Their answer to such criticisms invariably is their unfailing faith in the Divine injunction to "do right and fear not." Lieut, Hunt explains one of the means she employs to keep her "Soldiers" in good health, as follows:

"I have found Dodd's Kidney Pills of great value in cases of Kidney and Liver Trouble and Diseases contracted from severe colds. Several of our lads and lassies have been repeatedly exposed to cold weather and rain, and have spoken for hours out of doors, often with wet feet and chilled to the marrow. As a consequence of this exposure, Pulmonary Trouble, Rheumatism and Kidney Disorders often ensue. In such cases I always advise Dodd's Kidney Pills, for I have noticed better results, quicker relief, and more lasting benefit from the use of Dodd's Kidney Pills in such cases than from all other medicines I know of combined. They cleanse the blood, regulate the system and destroy disease."

A medicine which can do what Lieut, Hunt says so positively Dodd's Kidney Pills do is surely worth the attention of all who suffer with any form of Kidney Trouble, Rheumatism, or Blood

Many good servants are bad masters. A heated knife cuts freshly baked bread well.

Cocoanut oil thickens and darkens the eyebrows.

SCALDING WATER

voided in the morning and that which contains a sediment after standing, certainly indicates dangerously affected Kidneys. Don't worry and make mat-

MORROW'S

ters worse, but at once take the remedy

which you can depend upon absolutely.

are guaranteed by the proprietors under \$50 forfeit to cure any case of Kidney Disease or Pain in the Back. This is a tempting offer and is made in perfect good faith. Other distinctive symptoms of Kidney Disease are Backache, Dizziness, Puffing under the Eyes, Rheumatic Pains, General Weakness, and frequently all the troubles peculiar to women. Kid-ne-oids will restore you.

NEBRASKA AND KANSAS

people cured by Kid-ne-oids. In writing them please enclose stamped addressed envelope. H. L. Small, 1819 Ohio St., Omnha, Neb. Henry Wipperman, E. Court St., Reatrice, Neb. Mrs. Lilly Pratt, 1910 U St., Lincoln, Neb. Mrs. Robert Henderson, West Market St., Beatrice, Nob. Andrew Jacobson, \$28 Lavinie St., Atchison Mrs. Gus Conoveg, 11th and Kearney Sts., At-

Morrow's Kid-ne-oids are not pills, but Yellow Tablets and sell at fifty

Neb., to Davis Larkin company of JOHN MORROW & CO., SPRINGFIELD, O.