

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

Hon. W. J. Bryan will soon visit New Mexico. Near Danville, Pa., Mr. and Mrs. Stout were gored to death by a bull.

The state nominating convention of Nebraska populists will be held July 11th.

It is thought that the big Frick-Carnegie suit will not be tried until October.

More than 13,000 Michigan farmers raised sugar beets for the first time last summer.

The Detroit has sailed from Havana for Greytown to look after American interests.

At Sydney, N. S. W., two new cases of the bubonic plague have been officially reported.

Mrs. Arnold, widow of Dr. Thomas Arnold, the famous headmaster of Rugby, is dead.

Sir Frederick William Burton, former director of the national gallery, is dead at London.

Silver Republicans will have a dollar dinner at Kansas City during convention week in July.

The name of J. George Wright of Rosebud was sent to the senate today to be Indian Inspector.

Ex-Congressman Charles A. Towne, the well known advocate of free silver coinage, is seriously ill at his home in Colne.

A deficit of \$80,000 has been caused in the revenues of San Juan, Porto Rico, by a slump in the receipts from liquor and cigarettes.

The secretary of the navy has received a cablegram from Admiral Watson stating that the gunboat Wheeling has proceeded to the Taku.

The director of the census has appointed the widow of "Bill" Anthony, the marine of the battle ship Maine fame, a clerk in the census bureau.

A military commission at Bayamban has sentenced to be hanged on March 30 two natives who have been found guilty of murdering their countrymen.

General Nelson A. Miles, commanding the army, who arrived in New Orleans from Washington with a party en route to Savannah, inspected the defenses.

All Ferrouh Bey, the Turkish minister, is kept very busy hiding his wives. He contemplates moving his harem from the center of Washington to the suburbs.

The committee on militia in the house has adopted as its own representative Stark's bill to increase the appropriation for the militia to \$2,000,000 a year.

Charles Cass, 18 years old, was killed at Levin lakes, California, in a friendly boxing bout with Bert Whidden. Whidden struck Cass with a six-ounce glove on the left side of the neck.

The Constantinople correspondent of the London Times says eight ladies of the palace have been sent into exile for machinations in connection with the sultan's fugitive brother-in-law, Mahmud Pasha.

T. B. Carter, the wealthy Chicago horseman, has arrived in Louisville, Ky., and made a bona fide offer of \$20,000 for Lieutenant Gibson, the favorite in the coming Kentucky, Tennessee and Latonia derbies.

General Joseph Wheeler was at the capitol on the 20th and was warmly greeted by many old friends. He will make no effort to take his seat until after Secretary Root returns and his military status is determined.

Major Bellinger of the quartermaster general's office has returned from New York, where he made an inspection of the new transport Summer, which, he says, is probably the finest vessel of her class in the world.

The comptroller of the currency has approved the National Bank of Commerce of St. Louis as a reserve agent for the First National Bank of Albia, Ia., and National Bank of Kansas City, Mo., for First National Bank at Rapid City, S. D.

Judge Swaz, in the United States district court at Detroit, rendered a decision which denies the validity of an ordinance passed some months since by the city council, requiring the street railway companies to reduce rates of fare to 3 cents.

Admiral Watson has not yet advised the navy department of the name of the vessel selected to proceed from Manila to Taku, in accordance with the request of the state department that a ship be sent to China to safeguard American interests.

A. H. Hart, excursion conductor on the Chicago-Portland trains of the Union Pacific, will probably be named to succeed the late Charles Adams as passenger agent of the Union Pacific at Cincinnati. Adams, it will be remembered, was killed by his wife last week.

Francis Truth, the head of the Divine Healing Association, which bears his name, and whose advertisements have been spread over the whole country, was arrested at Boston, charged with using the mails for fraudulent purposes.

Miss Catherine Wolfe Bruce is dead at her home in New York City. In 1888 she gave \$50,000 to the Harvard College observatory for the purchase of a photographic telescope and later she gave other sums for astronomical work.

Professor Arthur Cushman McGiffert, the theological seminary man, who has been prominent at New York in recent Presbyterian heresy proceedings, will be a member of the University of Chicago faculty during the summer quarter.

Professor Dean C. Worcester, of the new Philippine commission, has tendered his resignation as a member of the Michigan university faculty, and it has been accepted.

Dr. Samuel H. Pennington, who was the oldest living graduate of Princeton, is dead at Newark, N. J., aged 94.

PORTO RICO QUESTION

It is Again to Demand the Attention of the Senate.

AN EFFORT TO DELAY ACTION

Those for Free Trade Hope to Receive More Encouragement From the Country, Thus Causing Them to Postpone Vote—A Determination for Amendment.

WASHINGTON, March 26.—Again this week the senate will give the greater share of its time to the Porto Rico question, and the outlook is for a continuation of the animated scenes of last week.

Porto Rico, however, according to present indications, will step aside temporarily at the beginning of the week in order to afford Senator Carter an opportunity to secure consideration for his Alaskan code bill. The present condition of affairs in Alaska and the prospect of a still greater influx of the people into that territory, make the Alaska legislation very important, and the condition of Porto Rico legislative affairs is such as to make it convenient to give Alaska the much desired opportunity.

The republican caucus will take the Porto Rico question in hand again tomorrow and until it acts the senators having charge of the measure will not desire to press it. The republican senators who support the house tariff bill hope to get the measure out of the caucus after only one sitting, but the free traders are not so anxious on that score, and the latter element may delay matters there, as they are disposed to do in the senate, with the hope of receiving still further encouragement from the country at large.

Some of the members of the free trade republican element declare their purpose to vote against the bill if reported without amendment. They threaten to offer many amendments and to make speeches in opposition and otherwise to do all in their power to prevent the passage of the bill as it stands, but the caucus of course may find a means of preventing this open rupture. At any rate strong effort will be made in that direction.

The democratic senators will support a free trade amendment when presented, but they prefer to have the bill voted upon unamended.

According to a certain man the nomination of Bynum to be appraiser at New York should be taken up in the executive session tomorrow, but the republican caucus may cause postponement for a day or two. The democratic leaders will oppose confirmation.

The committee on privileges and elections will hear the argument of counsel in the case of Senator Clark beginning on Wednesday. The report on the case is not expected for several days.

The navy appropriation bill will be taken up in the house tomorrow and doubtless will serve as a text for a wide latitude of discussion on military affairs in general and the cost of military establishment under the new condition of affairs. In anticipation of this an understanding may be reached that three days will be given to the debate. The bill itself covers no legislation on the organization of the army, but is strictly a supply measure for the army on its present basis.

The latter part of the week will be devoted to the naval, the agricultural or the fortifications appropriation bills, although no exact order has yet been fixed for taking them up. The naval bill and report are ready and Acting Chairman Foss is rather desirous of having the naval discussion follow that on the army, that the agricultural bill can be taken up on short notice. The fortifications bill is already on the calendar.

BOERS SEND WOUNDED BACK.

Officers Who Ventured From Bloemfontein Return.

BLOEMFONTEIN, March 26.—The Boers who yesterday killed Lieutenant Lygon of the Grenadier Guards and wounded Lieutenant Colonel Crabbe, Lieutenant Colonel Codrington and Captain Trotter of the Coldstream Guards, who had ridden eight or nine miles beyond their camp on the Modder river, without escort except one trooper, were members of the Johannesburg mounted police.

After dressing their wounds, they sent them to the British camp in an ambulance.

LONDON, March 26.—Except for the "unfortunate occurrence," as Lord Roberts describes it, which resulted in the killing of Lieutenant Lygon and the wounding of Lieutenant Colonel Crabbe, Lieutenant Colonel Codrington and Captain Trotter, the campaign presents no new features. The mishap to the Guards' officers is a testimony to their bravery, but not their discretion. They met a party of five Boers, whom they tried to capture. The Boers took refuge on a kopje, where three of their comrades were hidden, and within five minutes every member of the British party was hit.

THE COMING COMMERCIAL CONGRESS.

HOUSTON, Tex., March 26.—Assurances have been given from every state and territory west of the Mississippi river that delegates will be present at the Trans-Mississippi commercial congress to be held here April 17-21 inclusive. While the program has not been finished, replies have been received from many distinguished men accepting invitations.

WILL AFFECT 30,000 MEN.

New York Machinists Likely to Go Out During This Week.

NEW YORK, March 26.—A strike of 30,000 members of the International Machinists and the Amalgamated Engineers in the New York district may be precipitated this week by the action of the New York and New Jersey Machinery Manufacturers' association in organizing to resist the demand for a nine-hour day, which was to have been made on April 1.

CLASH TO BE AVOIDED.

Adjutant Generals of Dual Military Forces at Frankfurt Confer.

FRANKFORT, Ky., March 26.—Notwithstanding that troops recognizing the dual governors were quartered within two squares of each other, the republican troops at the state house under orders from Governor Taylor, and the democratic troops at the court house, guarding the Goebel suspects, Powers, Culton and Davis, under orders from Democratic Governor Beckham, the day was quiet. The republican adjutant general, Collier, and Democratic Assistant Adjutant General Murray were together some time this morning.

General Collier called to disclaim responsibility for the mine before the state arsenal, which some of the soldiers made a pretense of laying, but it is understood their talk took on a wider scope and that they discussed and mutually agreed upon plans to avoid possibility of any sort of a clash between the troops.

The examining trial of Powers, it is believed, will be completed either Tuesday or Wednesday, and that if Powers is held over the other defendants will waive examination. Wharton Golden, the state witness for the commonwealth, whose illness on the stand yesterday forced an adjournment of the court twice, is reported by his physician as very much improved tonight and in better condition to go into the witness box than he was yesterday.

If Witness Golden really goes on the stand for the cross-examination tomorrow the defense hopes to conclude the examining trial on Tuesday. Golden is the last of the prosecution's witnesses, so it has been understood. Yesterday afternoon and today he has been seen on the streets. It was stated today that he went to Georgetown.

It is the general impression that the defense may make no effort to controvert Golden's statement in the examining trial. An examining judge needs to have only a reasonable suspicion of guilt to bind a prisoner over to the grand jury and as it is evident Judge Moore has this, it would be folly for the defense to show its hand before the real trial.

OTIS SUPPRESSES A PAPER.

Spanish Organ of the Extreme Filipino Party Too Critical.

MANILA, March 26.—La Patria and El Liberal, Spanish organs of the extreme Filipino party, have recently been publishing articles inimical to the military government. General Otis has suppressed the former journal for seditious and impious editorials, at the same time issuing a warning to the extreme party that it should exercise greater moderation. Senor Paterno, at one time president of the so-called Filipino cabinet, is expected to present himself at San Fernando, province of Union.

The rebels in Young's district are becoming aggressive. The American battalion garrisoning the town of Namagapacan was attacked on four consecutive nights recently. Reinforcements are now arriving there. General Young proposes to pursue the rebels aggressively before the rainy season sets in.

BOOM IN IMMIGRATION.

Increasing Number of Foreigners Coming to the United States.

ALBANY, N. Y., March 26.—The report of John McMackin, state superintendent of labor statistics, says: Immigration returns for the quarter ended December 31, 1899, show an increase of 19,914 arrivals at New York over the preceding quarter, and 23,912 more than in the last three months of 1899. In the latter quarter the arrival: numbered 51,880; in the same three months of 1899, 74,892, and for the quarter ended in September, 1899, 56,978.

Comparing the returns for the closing quarter of 1899 with those of the corresponding period of 1898, it is seen that the largest proportionate gain of these races records at least 2,000 arrivals were made by the Slovaks, whose increase was 3,418, 121.7 per cent.

The Polish race was second with an increase of 94.2 per cent, or 3,105 in number; the Croatians and Slavonians being third, showing a gain of 1,845, or 85.4 per cent.

Tausig Goes to Manila.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 26.—Commander Edward Tausig is to be sent to Manila in April, to take command of the gunboat Yorktown in place of Commander Sperry. The latter officer is near the head of the list of commanders and is about to become a captain under the terms of the personnel act.

MORMONS GOING TO MEXICO.

CHIHUAHUA, Mexico, March 26.—The several Mormon colonies in this state have been increased in population by the arrival of over 5,000 Mormon immigrants from Utah during the last two months. The colonies were established under concessions granted by the Mexican government.

TO INCREASE REFUND TO STATES.

WASHINGTON, March 26.—The army appropriation bill will be taken up by the house on Monday and in anticipation of this the house committee on military affairs revised the bill Saturday, making some minor changes, the most important being an increase of \$500,000 in the refund to states for expenses incurred during the war with Spain.

MUST POUR IN SOLDIERS.

Churchill Shows Need for England to Have More H. P.

LONDON, March 26.—Winston Churchill, in a dispatch to the Morning Post, says: "It is imperative to continue shipping troops to South Africa. The stream should never cease until the Boers surrender unconditionally. At the end of the war Great Britain will possess the finest army in her history. This, however, must not lure the nation from the fertile fields of trade and commerce into the stony wastes of militarism."

BILL IS AGAIN PASSED

Senate Adopts Conference Report on Porto Rico Measure.

STEWART VOTES WITH MAJORITY

Tillman Occupies Most of the Time, but is Called Down by Some Other Senators—Tariff and Beet Sugar, and Other Matters Touched Upon in Discussion.

WASHINGTON, March 24.—The senate today adopted the conference report on the Porto Rico relief bill by a vote of 35 to 15, practically a strict party expression. No democrat voted for the report, but Stewart of Nevada voted with the republicans.

The time of discussion was consumed principally by Tillman, who made a fierce attack upon the measure as agreed upon in conference, and accused the republican senators and republican party of indiscretion, hypocrisy and "dirty work."

Gallinger followed with a temperate statement of those who not only favor the report but the passage of a Porto Rico tariff bill.

Spooner closed the debate with a forceful statement in opposition to Tillman's speech, in the course of which he took occasion sharply to criticize the South Carolina senator for dragging the measure into politics. His colloquial tilts with Tillman were immensely enjoyed by the auditors.

Tillman sharply criticized the method adopted by the United States of extending hands full of food to the people of Porto Rico as a gratuity.

"As long as you continue to feed these people down there," declared Tillman, "you may feed them. So long as the freedmen's bureau was maintained in the south the colored race there amounted to nothing. That's a race characteristic. This government will set itself up as an alms house for the colored race."

Perkins of California inquired if Tillman was in favor of free trade with the Philippines, knowing that those islands had the advantage of peon and Malay labor.

Tillman—"If we are to continue to hold the Philippines I'm in favor of free trade with those islands. Those who voted to bring into the country those islands at their cheap contract, peon and Malay labor were told of the results that would follow the ratification of the treaty, and you could not get the votes necessary to make that treaty law until you had bought some men to vote for it. If it is now proposed to send a horde of carpet-baggers over there, backed by the bayonet of soldiers, so long as I have a voice I shall protest."

"The people," Tillman shouted, "will teach you next November that trade and the flag and liberty and the constitution go together."

Disclaiming any authority to speak for the president, Mr. Perkins of California said that the belief that the sugar trust had acquired a greater part of the sugar product of Porto Rico and his desire to build up the beet sugar industry in the United States had induced the president, he (Perkins) believed, to favor a tariff if it were true that he did favor it.

TO INVESTIGATE COUER D'ALENE.

Senator Allen Introduces a Resolution in the Senate.

WASHINGTON, March 24.—Senator Allen today introduced in the senate a bill to provide for pensions to certain prisoners of war; also a resolution for an investigation of the Couer d'Alene matter. He called up and at his request the senate passed these pensions: Charles A. Perkins at \$36 per month, Oliver Doman \$30 H. K. Williams \$30, J. W. Blake \$72, Hannah G. Huff \$12, Marie Wilersang \$12, David Tolman \$24, and John M. McCord \$24.

WANT TREATY DECLARED VOID.

Sioux Indians Claim that Only One-Third of Tribe Signed It.

FORT YATES, N. D., March 24.—The Sioux have just finished a protracted council at Oak Creek with Maor Bingenheimer, the Indian agent, over the Black Hills treaty of 1876. The Indians have long claimed that this treaty was signed by only one-third of their number instead of three-fourths, as required by law.

Major Bingenheimer corroborates the claim. The Indians will employ legal aid to have the treaty declared null and void.

TRAIN HOLDUP AT HAMBURG.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., March 24.—A lone robber, wearing a false face, with a huge black moustache painted on the mask, held up the southbound Kansas City, St. Joseph & Council Bluffs train four miles south of Hamburg, Ia., at 1:30 o'clock in the morning. The train was in charge of Conductor Billy McGee. Flagman Moore was first accosted by the robber at the rear end of the train. Using Moore as a shield the robber went through the sleeper and chair car, getting \$200 in cash and a gold watch. He pulled the bell cord and, when the train slowed down, jumped off and escaped in the darkness.

JACK GRABAM PUT OUT.

HOT SPRINGS, Ark., March 24.—Jim Scanlan of Pittsburg knocked out Jack Grabam of South Omaha in ten rounds before the Hot Springs Athletic club tonight, after both had made a hard battle.

ARGENTINE NICE TO SPAIN.

MADRID, March 24.—The president of Argentine, Lieutenant General Roca, through the minister at Buenos Ayres, Senor Del Aleno, has called thanks to the Spanish government for the enthusiastic reception given to the crew and officers of the Argentine training ship Presidente Sarmiento.

RELIEF IS HELD BACK

While Making Sufferers, Engragers Hold British in Check.

LONDON, March 23.—Again there is a persistent rumor that Mafeking has been relieved. It is even asserted that the war office has received a dispatch announcing the relief, but that publication is withheld because the form of the message admits the possibility of a mistake.

The war office, however, declares that there is no confirmation of the rumor, and no further news is on hand.

It seems certain that Mafeking's only chances for relief are by the column supposed to be advancing from the south or the possibility that Colonel Baden-Powell is still strong enough to attempt a sortie with a view of capturing the Boer guns at a time when Commandant Synman has withdrawn his men to oppose Colonel Plumer.

It is reported from Lourenzo Marquez that Pretoria is prepared to stand a siege of two years and that the Boer women, frantic at the reverses to the Boer arms, are entreating to be allowed to shoot the British officers imprisoned at Pretoria.

It is also announced from the Transvaal capital that the Italian government has declined to intervene.

A dispatch to the Times from Kimberley, dated Thursday, says: "The date of the departure of the Mafeking column from Warrenton has not yet been fixed. The pont at Fourteen Streams is guarded by our troops. Skirmishing continues around Warrenton. The Boers are reported to have four guns, but this is doubtful."

KIMBERLEY, March 23.—There was a smart artillery duel at Warrenton yesterday. A battery under Major Blewit, supported by the Kimberley Light Horse, located the Boers, who had four guns, two of which used cordite, but ineffectively. The British battery replied with effect and silenced the Boer fire. The Boers sent two shells near the railway station, which was not damaged.

A scouting party got too close to the bank of the river and encountered a hot fire. The men were unable to get away and it was impossible to relieve them without loss, the party being obliged to wait for darkness in order to escape. The reconnaissance succeeded, and Major Blewit retired with only one wounded.

This morning brisk firing was resumed at Warrenton at 6:30, but it has now slackened up. A detachment of fusiliers has arrived. A detachment of Vryburg inhabitants who had been imprisoned by the Boers was sent in to Warrenton under a white flag after being taken from laager to laager around the district. They say the big gun from Kimberley has been taken through Christiana to Pretoria. There are women and children in nearly every laager.

LOUD BILL IS RECOMMENDED.

Decisive Vote Believed to Have Knocked the Measure Out.

WASHINGTON, March 23.—After a spirited discussion extending over three days the Loud bill, relating to second class mail matter, was recommended on postoffice and post roads.

The majority in favor of the motion to recommit was so decisive that it is regarded as unlikely that the measure will appear again during the present congress. Loud said after the vote was announced that this was the "third time and out," so far as he was concerned. The vote on the motion was 148 to 96, with sixteen present and not voting.

Ridgley of Kansas declared that railroad companies were today telegraphing members to support the bill. He deemed this particularly significant of the interest the railroads had in the matter.

A telegram from the Ohio Farmer, saying "Our 100,000 subscribers ask you to support the Loud bill," was presented by Burton, who declared that it was high time special classes which had grown up in the country should be forced to pay their way as other people did.

Cowherd of Missouri, speaking in support of the bill, said every official who had investigated the subject had given his approval to the measure. He held up to the view of the house a copy of the "Velvet Hand, or the Life of Injun Dick," paper bound, which he said was entitled to second class rates, while a cloth bound copy of "Rob Roy," which he had purchased for 5 cents, could not be sent as second class matter. His argument elicited much applause. A number of minor amendments were adopted before the final vote.

SHOTS HIMSELF.

YANKTON, S. D., March 23.—Emil Corson, a partner in the largest business firm in Gayville, committed suicide last night by shooting. His wife died last fall and he has been in low spirits ever since. He was seen in Gayville at 11:30 last night, but soon after must have started to walk to the cemetery at Mission Hill, where his wife was buried, about six miles away. He was found there this morning, his feet on the grave of his baby and lying on his wife's grave, with a bullet hole in his left temple.

OSMAN PASHA NOT DEAD.

CONSTANTINOPLE, March 23.—There is no truth in the report published in the United States that Osman Pasha, the hero of Plevna, is dead. The famous Turkish general has been sick for a week past, but his health is now improving.

AFFECTS NORTHERN PACIFIC.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 23.—Senator Penrose (Pa.), today introduced a bill reciting the history of the Northern Pacific railroad, especially with reference to its recent reorganization and declaring that the sale of certain property was illegal and resolving that "all transfers of land to or by the said Northern Pacific Railroad company to be illegal and void, and that the committee on Pacific railways be hereby empowered to send for persons and papers, and are requested to examine into these charges and report thereon at an early date."

WHITNEY'S PALACE.

Though William C. Whitney is very proud of his splendid new home in New York—probably the most beautiful in all the land—he says he would not advise anyone to undertake the task of erecting a similar elaborate residence. The first floor suite, which includes the ballroom, dining room and two drawing rooms, cost about \$1,000,000, and the difficulties overcome in carrying out the scheme of decoration decided upon were enormous.

Weak men hover between opinions; strong men decide.

FROM WASHINGTON

How a Little Boy Was Saved.

Washington, D. C.—"When our boy was about 16 months old he broke out with a rash which was thought to be measles. In a few days he had a swelling on the left side of his neck and it was decided to be mumps. He was given medical attendance for about three weeks when the doctor said it was scrofula and ordered a salve. He wanted to lance the sore, but I would not let him and continued giving him medicine for about four months when the bunch broke in two places and became a running sore. Three doctors said it was scrofula and each ordered a blood medicine. A neighbor told me of a case somewhat like our baby's which was cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla. I decided to give it to my boy and in a short while his health improved and his neck healed so nicely that I stopped giving him the medicine. The sore broke out again, however, whereupon I again gave him Hood's Sarsaparilla and its persistent use has accomplished a complete cure." Mrs. NETTIE CHASE, 47 K St., N. E.

PARALYSIS

Locomotor Ataxia, considered as last. Doctors puzzle it. Specialists amazed at recovery of patient thought incurable by DR. CHASE'S BLOOD AND NERVE FOOD. Write me about your case. Advice and proof of cure FREE. DR. CHASE, 224 N. 10th St., PHILADELPHIA, PA.

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TOWER'S FISH BRAND SLICKER WILL KEEP YOU DRY.

Magnetic Starch. The Wonder of the Age. No Boiling No Cooking. It Stiffens the Goods. It Whitens the Goods. It polishes the Goods.

Magnetic Starch. It makes all garments fresh and crisp as when first bought new. Try a Sample Package. You'll like it if you try it. You'll buy it if you try it. You'll use it if you try it. Try it. Sold by all Grocers.

ENORMOUS GROWTH! Nine Large and Growing Institutions Under One Management. Prof. Theo. Kharas, the renowned Magnetic Healer who began business in Nebraska City about a year ago, has met with phenomenal success. His method of curing all chronic diseases without the use of drugs or surgery has astounded the world, and his combined system of Wellmer-Kharas Still methods of Magnetic Healing and Osteopathy has brought him fame and fortune. He now has removed headquarters to Omaha and has patients there from all over the United States. He will gladly send you literature and testimonials if you will write for them. He and Mrs. Kharas now own and operate nine large infirmaries in different parts of Iowa and Nebraska. HELP WANTED: Honest, earnest men and women to work in these branch offices at salaries ranging from \$50 to \$125 monthly. For full particulars and statements from prominent people, many sworn to, address, with stamp, THE NEBRASKA MAGNETIC INFIRMARY, 1515-17 Chicago St., Omaha, Neb.

SPRING TERM..... April 2d. BOYLE'S Commercial and Shorthand College. Bee Building OMAHA, NEB. Complete Business Course. Complete Shorthand Course. Complete Typewriting Course. Complete English Course. Ladies and Gentlemen who desire it will, upon application, be assisted to positions to earn board while in attendance. Catalogues mailed free.