

# WANT BULLER TO ACT

Military Experts Say He Should Believe Ladysmith at Any Cost.

## SITUATION IS DECIDEDLY CRITICAL

White Has Less Men and Ammunition as a Result of Saturday's Battle—Not Counterbalanced by Boer Losses—Clery's Force from Chieveley Makes a Demonstration before Colenso.

LONDON, Jan. 8.—New York World Cablegram.—The war office has no confirmation of the report that General Buller has succeeded in crossing the Tugela river and is moving nearer Ladysmith. Since his defeat, December 15, at Colenso, and loss of artillery, he has been reinforced and it has been understood that he would make another move shortly, but nothing official has been learned of an advance.

The London Morning Post's military expert, commenting on General White's report of the Boer attempt to take Ladysmith by storm, says:

"It is with an inexplicable sense of relief that the country learns that General White and his brave troops beat back the Boer attack Saturday.

"The situation in a material aspect is what it was on the eve of battle. Ladysmith is still invested. General White's force still urgently needs relief and the difficulties which confront General Buller are as great as they were before.

"Indeed, in two respects the situation is worse, for General White's force on Saturday must have expended a large amount of ammunition, which, unless replenished, and must have lost a number of officers and men, a loss not counterbalanced, so far as Ladysmith is concerned, by the losses of the Boers, for the Boer force was much more numerous.

"Now, therefore, while the effect of the repulse of Saturday is fresh on them and before the consciousness of failure has disappeared is the time for General Buller to make his attack."

General Buller has been in Natal since November 25 planning to relieve Ladysmith. Today his vanguard is at Chieveley, about twenty miles from Ladysmith. Every hill and kopje beyond Colenso is strongly fortified and manned, while the Boer trenches on his front are said to extend seventeen miles along the Tugela river.

The Mail military expert writes in General White's defense and says:

"The British army of relief has lost a great opportunity. Will it be allowed another such chance?"

The other military experts follow the same general line, declaring the situation at Ladysmith is still critical and urging General Buller to do something for his relief at any cost.

At 11 o'clock today White photographed he was heavily attacked and all his forces engaged, whereupon Clery, with a force from Chieveley camp, decided to create a diversion by making a demonstration before Colenso.

At 2 o'clock a division marched out of Camp. Barton's brigade began on the left, Barton's on the right, with cavalry on the flanks. The infantry advanced in scattered swarms toward the Tugela until within 3,000 yards of the river, when fourteen British guns came into action from a convenient ridge. The artillery then searched the Boer position thoroughly, working from right to left, making excellent practice, in which the naval battery joined. The shells burst in rapid succession along the Boer trenches.

There were black clouds, lightning and thunder intensified the effect, but the Boers remained impassive, not firing a single shot. Many were, however, seen galloping into the works from the direction of Ladysmith.

At 5 o'clock news from General White arrived, saying the enemy had been repulsed at all points for the present. Therefore, as night fell, the British troops returned quietly to camp.

## FOURTEEN STILL CAPTIVES.

Three Civilians and Eleven Soldiers Who Have Not Yet Escaped.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9.—This cablegram has been received from General Otis, under date of January 7:

"Admiral Watson has called the names of the rescued naval prisoners, one officer, eleven men. The remaining prisoners, fourteen in number, are: Civilians—G. W. Langford, Manila; David Brown, St. Paul; J. W. O'Brien, London. Soldiers—George T. Hachett, H; Archie L. Gordon, K, Third Infantry; William Bruce, Elmer Honnyman, First Nevada Cavalry; Frank Stone, Leland S. Smith, signal corps; Albert O. Bishop, H Third Artillery; Sergeant Frank McDonald, L, Twenty-first Infantry; Harry F. Huber, hospital corps; Martin Brennan, James P. Curran, Sixteenth Infantry.

## NO ANSWER FROM ENGLAND.

Salsbury Will Take Several Days Before Giving Reply.

LONDON, Jan. 9.—United States Ambassador Joseph H. Choate did not receive an answer today from the British government regarding the seizure of American flour by British cruisers in South African waters. Lord Salsbury has a note in preparation, but a few days may elapse before it is delivered. The Associated Press has good reason to believe that the flour will be released and possibly a ruling will be made differentiating between foodstuffs for field and domestic purposes.

## HOUSE IS LOOKING FOR POLYGAMY

Passes a Resolution to Investigate Two Utah Postmasters.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9.—Immediately after the reading of the journal in the house today Dalziel, Pennsylvania, from the committee on rules, reported back the resolution introduced last week by Lentz, Ohio, for the investigation by the committee appointed to investigate the case of Representative elect Roberts of the charges that John C. Graham, postmaster of Provo, and Orson Smith, postmaster at Logan, Utah,

## CUBAN CABINET MEETING.

Governor General and the People Acting in Harmony.

HAVANA, Jan. 10.—General Wood held the first executive meeting of the cabinet today behind closed doors. After the session several of the secretaries declared that perfect harmony existed between the cabinet and governor general. The secretaries are to have full power over all officers in their respective districts, subject only to confirmation by General Wood, who told the cabinet that he had noticed Cubans in public office who seemed to think three hours' work was done from 9 to 11 a. m. and from 12 to 5 p. m., allowing the hour from 11 to 12 for breakfast. The secretaries agreed to enforce this rule, which will eventually be applied to all insular officials.

General Wood also told the secretaries that in giving them absolute power for appointments and discharges of employes in their respective departments he designed also to hold each one personally accountable to himself. "There is a great deal of work ahead," he remarked, "and it can only be done by the heartiest co-operation and support. This you have promised and this I feel sure you will ungrudgingly accord."

The Society of Planters inquired of General Wood whether anything was to be gained by the society's advocacy of the scheme according to which the government was to be urged to furnish the peasants with oxen and agricultural implements. He replied that the society would do better to turn its attention to other matters, as it was practically of no use to attempt to get the scheme through.

The veterans of Santa Clara have telegraphed the veterans of Havana a strong expression of their desire for universal suffrage as being in accordance with the principles of the revolution.

## STORY OF HORRIBLE MURDER

Iowa Physician, While Insane, Kills a Young Child.

HAMPTON, Ia., Jan. 10.—Dr. J. W. Appleby, for several years the leading physician at Bristol, Butler county, last evening, in a fit of insanity, killed a 10-month-old child of Henry Wearyly of this place, while making an examination of it in Dr. Hobson's office in this city.

The parents had taken the child to Dr. Hobson's office to be treated for some trifling ailment and before he had time to attend to it he was called out. Dr. Appleby, who was visiting Dr. Hobson, was in the office and the latter suggested that Dr. Appleby should make the necessary examination, which, as soon as Dr. Hobson left the office, he proceeded to do.

He took the child in his arms and handled it so roughly that the parents protested, but of no avail. He suddenly put his thumbs under its chin and with his fingers on top of its head, crushed its face in so that the blood gushed out of its nose and mouth. Then he seized the child by one foot and began swinging it around his head, resisting all efforts of the terror-stricken parents to stop him, and it was not until help was gotten that the child was taken from him. It was quite dead.

The insane commission was immediately convened and at midnight Dr. Appleby was on his way to the hospital for the insane at Independence. Three or four hours after the occurrence he seemed comparatively rational and said he knew what he was doing when he killed the child, but could not help it. The cause of his insanity is supposed to be religious insanity.

## STOP WINDOW GLASS FIGHT.

Slaughter of Prices is Over—Old Rates to Be Restored.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Jan. 10.—Window glass will soon be quoted again at its normal price. It is highly probable that when the restoration has been accomplished not another advance will follow.

The cut of 33 1-3 per cent made by the American Window Glass company, the combination, is to be called off. The slaughter of prices may be said to be over and peace will reign in the market. This has been accomplished by the formation of an organization of the independent and co-operative manufacturers held at the Hotel Lincoln today. There were about 740 out of a possible 940 pots represented. It was decided to form a selling agency to be known as the "Independent Window Glass Manufacturers' association."

## Reduced to Mail Stage.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 10.—The negotiations looking to the maintenance of the "open door" in China have now passed to the mail stage. The agreement having been reached in principle through the agency of the cable, it becomes necessary to resort to the mail to exchange the definitive notes in view of the importance of avoiding anything like clerical error or misunderstanding in the last phases of this important negotiation. Therefore it is learned that at least two weeks' time, or perhaps more, will be consumed in the winding up.

## Rural Free Delivery.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—The legislative committee of the National Grange, consisting of Messrs. Hollis, Bachelor and Aaron Jones, called on First Assistant Postmaster General Heath to urge a measure which will be presented to congress for an appropriation of \$1,500,000 for rural free delivery.

## Was Willing to Die.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Jan. 10.—William Wasco, a Hungarian, was hanged in the yard of the county court house at 10:10 o'clock this morning. Wasco met his fate without flinching. On the scaffold he prayed and then said: Goodbye, people. I gladly give my life for my sweetheart. I loved her." After the trap was sprung death resulted in a few minutes from strangulation. The crime for which Wasco was executed was the murder of Annie Sestek, a Hungarian girl, who had refused to marry him. He shot himself at the same time, but recovered.

# STATE UNABLE TO PAY

The Claims of Soldiers Will Have to Await Legislative Action.

## PROVISION IS LIKELY TO BE MADE

Gen. Barry Issues Telegraphic Order for Transportation of Lieutenant Wadsworth—Some Claims Put in that Cannot Be Allowed Without Legislative Action.

LINCOLN, Neb., Jan. 11.—Adjutant General Barry hears occasionally of a member of the First Nebraska volunteers who did not come home with his regiment from San Francisco and who wants the state to reimburse him for the railroad fare he has paid. The state secured subscriptions and thus made up a purse to pay the fare of the entire regiment. A few members of the regiment came before it started and some came straggling along afterward. These soldiers as a rule did not make application to be carried free when the regiment moved, and for this reason they were left out of the accounts. The accounts were closed and the remainder of the state's fund was returned to the subscribers. D. E. Thompson of Lincoln advanced \$20,000 for the return of the soldiers. Before the accounts were closed provision was made for the return of the soldiers who were unable to return with the regiment on account of wounds or sickness. General Barry issued a telegraphic order yesterday for the transportation for Lieutenant Wadsworth of Beatrice, who was a member of company B, Fullerton. Lieutenant Wadsworth is now in the general hospital at the Presidio. He was wounded in the leg and his injuries were of such a serious nature that several surgical operations had to be performed. He is now able to travel and will come home.

In regard to the application of Andrew B. Currier, late private of company I, First Nebraska volunteers, for the refunding of the money expended for transportation from San Francisco to Nebraska, General Barry is unable to do anything except to present the claim to the next legislature. In reply to a letter from Major J. N. Killian, First Nebraska, in regard to the claim, General Barry has written as follows: "I regret very much to inform you that there is no appropriation that is available for that purpose. The transportation fund, raised by the governor of this state, has been closed and balance on hand returned to subscribers. You might advise Mr. Currier to forward his claim, with receipt attached, for money expended, and I shall present the same at the next session of the legislature for reimbursement."

Sergeant George E. Kinney, company G, Second regiment, Nebraska national guard, was discharged yesterday by reason of non-residence, the order to take effect yesterday.

## Coal Mines Must Be Idle.

CHADRON, Neb., Jan. 11.—A fire at the Glen Rock coal company's mines at Glen Rock, Wyo., has laid the power house and other buildings in waste and destroyed its machinery and tools. Even the cable rope was wound around the drum and was rendered useless for future use. The fire was discovered at an early in the morning, but the mines were without a water system and the wind was blowing a tremendous gale. The fire was caused from an explosion of a boiler in the hoisting department. The mines are closed and hundreds of men are without work. The company has mules drawing out enough coal to fill its government contracts, but orders for train loads of coal that supplies the entire northwest Nebraska district are unfulfilled.

The Glen Rock company bought the Deer Creek coal company of a number of Fremont, Neb., men a year ago and had placed their coal next to Cambria, Wyo., in quantity consumed in the northwest territory. The company cannot resume the filling of orders for at least two weeks, but will prepare temporary means of supplying the demand by that time. The Deer Creek coal company supplies the government posts, and some Nebraska state institutions. The property carried some insurance, but not enough to cover the loss. All available help is being utilized in rebuilding the property. The old machinery will be replaced with better power.

Object to Payment of Costs.

NEBRASKA CITY, Neb., Jan. 10.—The men who were active in seeking the disbarment of Attorney John C. Watson, and to whom Judge Ramsey taxed the costs of the trial, and who afterwards appealed to the supreme court, have served their brief on Mr. Watson. As soon as his brief is prepared the case will be submitted to the supreme court.

## For a Nebraska Racing Circuit.

KEARNEY, Neb., Jan. 10.—A number of prominent horsemen met here and decided to have Kearney become a member of the western Nebraska racing circuit. O. G. Smith was appointed a delegate to represent Kearney in the meeting at Hastings Tuesday, at which time the circuit will be arranged.

## Beet Sugar Factory Starts.

AMES, Neb., Jan. 10.—The big beet sugar factory of the Standard company was started up on the 6th, and will be in operation for three months at least. It has a capacity of 500 tons of beets per day.

## Saunders County Mortgage Record.

OSCEOLA, Neb., Jan. 10.—For the month of December the records in the county clerk's office show that mortgages have been taken off of farmers' and merchants' property in the sum of \$34,206.04 more than the mortgages filed. This is the showing: Farm mortgages filed, 22, amounting to \$23,843.35; released, 32, amounting to \$28,849.39. City mortgages filed, 4, amounting to \$2,175; released, 4, amounting to \$1,496. Chattel mortgages filed, 73, amounting to \$23,619.93; released, 233, amounting to \$53,569.03.

## RAILROAD OFFICIALS CONCERNED.

Suit Against Union Pacific Arose Freight and Legal Officials.

OMAHA, Neb., Jan. 13.—Officials of the freight and passenger departments of the three railroads having general offices in this city—the Union Pacific the Burlington and the Elkhorn—make no attempt to conceal their concern relating to the suit which Attorney General Smythe has filed against the Union Pacific, alleging violation of the law in the recent change in charges for shipments of live stock.

According to agreement all the railroads operating into Omaha instituted the change whereby charges for shipments of live stock are computed at cents per hundred instead of dollars per car, December 1, 1899. Freight officials argue that in the long run this basis costs the shipper no more than formerly, but privately admit that the change was made expressly for the purpose of increasing their freight earnings.

The suit brought by the attorney general was in a measure a surprise to the railroads and the general attorneys of the three roads most vitally affected were unprepared to make any statement regarding the legal status of the case. The fact that the original suit is filed against the Union Pacific furnishes but little room for comfort on the part of the Burlington and Elkhorn for the reason that if the Union Pacific is found guilty of violating the law in the premises they are equally at fault. The same is true, also, of the Missouri Pacific, the Rock Island, the Omaha, the Milwaukee and all roads carrying live stock to the South Omaha markets.

John N. Baldwin, who has charge of the legal affairs of the Union Pacific in this state, stated: "I have been away from my office for the last five weeks. During my absence this change in the basis of charging for shipments of live stock came up. I am not, therefore, sufficiently familiar with the matter to express any opinion. The first intimation I had of any such suit came from the notice contained in The Bee. I must take the matter up from the very beginning and investigate it in its various phases before I will be competent to express my views on the subject."

J. E. Kelby, assistant general attorney of the Burlington, stated: "This suit which the attorney general has filed against the Union Pacific road is one fraught with very great importance to the railroads of Nebraska. An expression of legal opinion coming from an attorney of one of the railroads interested in this matter would be virtually giving publicity to the defense which the railroads expect to make, and that would manifestly be unwise in view of the undisputed importance of the suit."

## Cornell Will Wait.

LINCOLN, Neb., Jan. 13.—Auditor Cornell announces that he will wait for a decision of the court before proceeding to collect the fees due the state from the insurance companies licensed by former Auditor Eugene Moore. It was erroneously reported that the condition of the law would withhold the licenses of these companies until they made good the shortage of his predecessor. It was asserted that such action would be taken to save the taxpayers of the state the expense of endless litigation. Auditor Cornell is in favor of allowing the courts to divide the liability among the various companies that were licensed by Moore. Of the fees collected by him about \$9,000 was paid into the treasury, and what companies deserve credit for the payment, he thinks, is a question that should be referred to the judiciary.

## Hon. John Peters Injured.

ALBION, Neb., Jan. 13.—Hon. John Peters was thrown from a buggy and sustained severe bruises and a wrenched shoulder that will confine him for some time. He was returning home from Petersburg when the accident occurred, being caused by a breaking of a portion of the buggy. He is receiving the congratulations of his friends and his physician said he escaped with a few injuries as he did under the circumstances.

## Veteran Drops Dead.

JUNIATA, Neb., Jan. 13.—William T. Drake, an old settler of Adams county and a veteran of the civil war, was found dead in his barn. He was subject to heart disease and it is supposed that while doing his work he had an attack of his old complaint and suddenly dropped dead. He was a member of the Grand Army and he will be buried by the order. He leaves a wife and five married children. He was about 70 years of age.

## Fight Over Three Millions.

FALLS CITY, Neb., Jan. 13.—Judge Thompson of Grand Island is holding a special term here, hearing the celebrated Miles will case. An entire day was taken up with arguments for a continuance asked by the contestants. The suit is brought to set aside the will of the late "Colonel" Stephen D. Miles, a pioneer Nebraskan and an old-time government mail contractor. An estate valued at \$3,000,000 is involved.

## Search for Nelson's Remains.

KEARNEY, Neb., Jan. 13.—Coroner Bennett and a number of men out at Nelson's farm hunting for the arm and remainder of the head that was missing when the body was found. Ten small pieces of bone were found, all of which belonged to the skull. Part of them were in the hog lot and the remainder around the barn. The search will be continued until the whole body is found.

## Theodore Nelson Held for Murder.

KEARNEY, Neb., Jan. 13.—Theodore Nelson was taken before County Judge Yost on the charge of having murdered his father. He waived examination and was held to the district court, which convenes here January 29. He is in jail.

## Farm Home Burned.

TECUMSEH, Neb., Jan. 13.—The family residence of John Price, at Smartville, was totally destroyed by fire, together with practically all its contents. A defective flue is the supposed cause. Insurance light.

# AMES SUGAR FACTORY

Opening of the Industry is Temporarily Delayed.

## ITS CAPACITY 500 TONS PER DAY

Twenty Thousand Tons of Beets from Last Summer's Crop in Soil—A Well-to-Do Farmer Near Cortland Mysteriously Missing—Other Matters Throughout Nebraska.

OMAHA, Neb., Jan. 9.—R. M. Allen, the Ames beet sugar magnate, was in Omaha Friday, returning to his home in the evening to participate in the inauguration of the new Ames beet sugar factory. The opening of this new factory has been delayed several months because of the difficulty experienced in getting material, as the mills and factories from which sugar factory machinery is obtained have been overtaxed. The capacity of the Ames factory is 500 tons per day and the company has about 20,000 tons of beets from last summer's crop in soil. The consumption of which will require about three months' operations, as the factory will not start out at its full capacity.

The Ames people are said to have invested about \$400,000 in their factory, having so constructed it that with a slight further outlay its capacity can be increased to 1,000 tons per day.

It is Mr. Allen who is in negotiation with the Commercial club to secure the raising of a large quantity of beets in Douglas county during this year.

## Fire at St. Edwards.

ST. EDWARD, Jan. 9.—Fire broke out in the store room at the corner of Second and Beaver streets, occupied by Abood Bros.' general store. Before the fire was checked it had destroyed the whole of Abood's stock and the adjoining building, occupied by N. C. Peterson's general store, and nearly all the household furniture of August Anderson, who lived over Peterson's store. The latter building was new, having been built last season. Peterson saved a portion of his stock of goods, but in damaged condition. Both buildings belonged to August Anderson. The buildings were insured for \$1,600 or \$1,700. Mr. Peterson was insured on stock to the amount of \$1,500, Abood Bros., \$3,000.

## Mysterious Shooting Affray.

ATKINSON, Neb., Jan. 9.—Clark Guy, 28 years old, was brought into Atkinson from the farm of a man named Boetchep southwest of here about fifteen miles. He was shot several times in the head and also in the back. He was completely covered with blood. Guy was taken to the Merchants hotel, where he is being cared for. It is rumored that there is a woman in the affair. The sheriff and county attorney are here and Boetchep and another man have given themselves up. Guy is not expected to live. Guy has no home, although he has lived here for several years. The authorities will not divulge the name of the second man in custody.

## Farmer and Money Missing.

CORTLAND, Neb., Jan. 9.—Hamilton Stafford, a well-to-do farmer living three miles north of this place, has been missing since Wednesday and the conditions surrounding his disappearance are indicative of foul play. He left here by team Wednesday for Lincoln, carrying with him \$100 in gold to pay a note, intending to return home the same evening. Thursday evening his wife and daughters drove to Lincoln in search of him. They found where he had put his team in a barn Wednesday noon, but that he had been seen by no one since 4 o'clock of that day. The note had not been paid. Stafford is 50 years old and slightly deaf.

## Alder Said to Be in Mexico.

WEST POINT, Neb., Jan. 9.—News has been received of the whereabouts of Charles R. Alder, the defaulting cashier of the defunct First National bank of Neligh. Alder was reared and educated in West Point. After the failure of the bank he fled to Mexico. On his arrival there he worked with a construction gang, and later was given charge of a number of workmen employed by a contractor, who has befriended him. He refuses to return to this country, and under the provisions of the extradition treaty with Mexico cannot be compelled to do so. His wife and family will shortly join him.

## Old Resident Drops Dead.

GERING, Neb., Jan. 9.—Fayette Findley, a well known resident of this place, dropped dead of heart disease. He was helping to run a wood saw at the time and had just placed a log on the carriage when he fell to the ground and expired in a moment. He leaves a large family, several of the children being quite small.

## Implement Dealers Assign.

AURORA, Neb., Jan. 9.—Bishop & Carver, probably one of the most extensive implement dealers in this section of the state, made an assignment to the sheriff. It is said the firm has ample resources to cover liabilities, but have taken this course to close up the business.

## Prompt Redemption of Bonds.

GENEVA, Neb., Jan. 9.—On January 1, 1893, Fillmore county issued its bonds for \$50,000 for the purpose of building a court house. The building was erected and furnished at a cost of \$56,000. Six thousand dollars was paid out of the funds on hand and forty thousand dollars of the bonds have been paid. Treasurer Jacob Weis having just redeemed \$5,000 of the bonds, and will call in and pay the remaining \$10,000 July 1 next. The bonds were drawn for twenty years. Fillmore county doubts if any county in the state can show a better record.

## LIVE STOCK AND PRODUCE.

Quotations.

NEW YORK PRODUCE. NEW YORK, Jan. 15.—WHEAT—Receipts, 13,000 bu.; exports, 161,862 bu. Spot, steady; No. 2 red, 72 1/2c; No. 1, 73c; prompt; No. 1 northern Duluth, 73c; No. 1, 73c; float, prompt; No. 2 red, 73c; elevator. Options opened weak, declined, owing to heavy Argentine shipments and disappointing.

CORN—Receipts, 122,000; exports, 108,000 bu. Spot, firm; No. 2, 41 1/2c; No. 1, 42c; No. 3, 28 1/2c.

OATS—Receipts, 131,300 bu.; exports, 4,135 bu. Spot, firm; No. 2, 29c; No. 3, 28 1/2c.

CHICAGO PRODUCE MARKET. CHICAGO, Jan. 15.—WHEAT—No. 2 spring, 62 1/2c; No. 2 red, 62 1/2c; No. 1, 63c; No. 1 white, 25 1/2c; No. 3 white, 25 1/2c.

RYE—No. 1, 42c; No. 2, 38 1/2c.

BARLEY—No. 1, 38 1/2c.

SEEDS—No. 1 flaxseed and northwest, 1.50; Prime timothy, .25; Clover, contract grade, 35c.

PROVISIONS—Mesa pork, per bbl., \$9.49; Lard, per 100 lbs., \$5.30; Short ribs, loose, \$5.00; DRY salted shoulders (boxed), \$5.00; Short clear sides (boxed), \$5.00.

## KANSAS CITY LIVE STOCK.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Jan. 15.—CATTLE—Market strong; native steers, \$4.00; Texas steers, \$3.50; Texas cows, \$3.00; native cows and heifers, \$2.50; 64.5c; stockers and feeders, \$3.00; bulls, \$2.75.

HOGS—Market active, excited and 59c higher. Bulk of sales, \$5.50; heavy, \$5.50; packers, \$5.50; mixed, \$4.50; light, \$4.50; porkers, \$4.50; hogs, \$4.50.

SHEEP—Market steady; native wethers, \$4.00; stockers and feeders, \$3.00; lambs, \$4.50; muttons, \$3.50.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK. CHICAGO, Ill., Jan. 15.—CATTLE—Export and good heavy steers, \$4.00; market strong; others about steady; cow market and canners strong, active; stockers and feeders, \$3.00; native steers, \$3.50; Texas steers, \$3.00; native cows and heifers, \$2.50; 64.5c; stockers and feeders, \$3.00; bulls, \$2.75.

HOGS—Higher, active; mixed and butchers, \$4.00; good to choice heavy, \$4.50; light, \$4.50; rough heavy, \$4.00; light, \$4.50; bulk of sales, \$5.00.

SHEEP—Market steady; native wethers, \$4.00; stockers and feeders, \$3.00; lambs, \$4.50; muttons, \$3.50.

SOUTH OMAHA. SOUTH OMAHA, Jan. 15.—Cows and heifers were in pretty good demand and sold at steady to strong prices. In the middle of the lot the cow market sold a little lower, but it is now selling about where it did last Monday, so that for the week there has been very little change. Beef steers, \$4.00; cows, \$3.50; heifers, \$3.00; canners, \$2.50; stockers and feeders, \$3.00.

HOGS—The market has been an advance of close to 15c for the past week and the market is now 25c higher than it was the first day of the year. It will be noted from the table of average prices that hogs at now at the highest point touched at this season of the year since 1894.

SHEEP—Quotations: Good to choice fed yearlings, \$4.50; good to choice wethers, \$4.00; fair to good fed ewes, \$3.50; good to choice native lambs, \$5.00; good to choice fed western lambs, \$5.00; feeder wethers, \$3.50; feeder yearlings, \$4.00; choice feeder lambs, \$4.50; fair to good feeding lambs, \$4.00; feeder ewes, \$3.50.

## BRYAN EXPLAINS INTERVIEW.

What He Says in Regard to Expansion and Citizenship.

KANSAS CITY, Jan. 15.—W. J. Bryan passed through Kansas City by Columbia, Mo., where he was to speak. Asked about his Minneapolis interview, in which he was reported as expressing views favorable to expansion, Mr. Bryan said:

"I have not seen the interview as sent out by the Associated Press. I saw it as it appeared in one of the Minneapolis papers and it contained some things I did not say. I have for one year been discussing imperialism and have tried to distinguish between such an extension of the nation's limits as would not change the character of the government, and an expansion which converts a homogeneous republic into a heterogeneous empire. When the annexation of any given territory is under consideration the question is, first, whether the people want to come in, and, second, whether the people are capable of sharing in the government and destiny of this nation. I believe that all people are capable of governing themselves and that the Philippines should be allowed to govern themselves, but I do not think they are sufficiently advanced to share with us in the government of the nation. If the Philippine islands are annexed the people there must either be citizens or subjects. I am not willing to admit them as citizens and do not believe that a republic can have subjects, therefore I want this nation to give them independence and then protect them from outside interference. Each proposed annexation must be considered on its own merits, but in considering these merits the condition of the people should have more weight than geographical position or commercial advantage."

## SEVERAL SMALL SKIRMISHES.

Parties of Insurgents Inrenched in the Mountains Attacked.

MANILA, Jan. 15.—Advices from Cebu report a sharp fight on January 8 between a battalion of the Nineteenth infantry and a body of insurgents occupying a strong position in the Sudeon mountains. The enemy was routed, the Americans capturing a smooth-bore cannon, some rifles and destroying the fortifications. Four Americans were wounded.

The insurgent, General Flores, having established a rendezvous with 100 men at Humingan, province of Nueva Viscaya, Captain Benson, with two troops of the Fourth cavalry, was sent to dislodge him. The insurgents were scattered, their horses captured and the position was burned. The Americans sustaining no losses.

The American forces yesterday occupied Magalanes, province of Cavite, capturing twenty insurgents, including a colonel.

## Col. Wood, Showman, Dead.

CHICAGO, Jan. 15.—A special to the Tribune from Hot Springs, Ark., says: Colonel J. H. Wood of national reputation as a showman, theatrical manager, museum backer and promoter, died here last night of cancer, complicated with paralysis. He came here on December 15 from San Francisco for his health.