

M'COOK TRIBUNE.

F. M. KIMMEL, Publisher.

McCOOK, - - NEBRASKA

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

The famine in Bombay is said to be most appalling.

Monsignor Joseph P. Bauer is dead at St. Cloud, Minn., aged fifty-seven years. John B. Carey, ex-mayor of Wichita, died suddenly in San Jose, Cal., aged 74.

Milwaukee will make an effort to secure the national democratic convention.

The gas wells of Indiana are rapidly failing and coal is being substituted in factories.

Western range cattle at Chicago brought \$5.70 on the 21st, the highest price since 1884.

Admiral Dewey favors the plan of the Philadelphia Times to bring home the body of John Paul Jones.

The United States supreme court adjourned on the 22d for the usual Thanksgiving recess of two weeks.

Harry Forbes has signed articles to fight Terry McGovern at New York December 9 or 15 for a purse of \$3,000.

An epidemic of typhoid fever has broken out in the state normal and industrial college at Greensboro, N. C.

St. Louis is struggling with a typhoid fever epidemic. In this connection it may be noted that the Chicago drainage canal is not yet in operation.

Secretary Long's attention was called to the reports that he intended to resign from the cabinet. Without hesitation the secretary said that he had no such intention.

The Chicago orchestra, under the leadership of Theodore Thomas, has decided to decline the invitation of the directors of the Paris exposition to attend that show in 1900.

The Countess of Minto, wife of the Earl of Minto, governor general of Canada, is a passenger on board the Cunard line steamer Campania, which left Queenstown for New York.

Colonel Joe Riskey, of the Kingdom of Callaway, and a Captain Wheeler, a man about New York town, got into a fight at the Waldorf-Astoria and both were ejected, together with their baggage.

Emel L. Boas, American manager of the Hamburg-American line, has received a cable dispatch saying that the Patria, which was abandoned on fire, has arrived at Dover in tow of the company's steamer Hanset.

Vive President Harris of the Burlington has been elected chairman of the committee which will select the arbitrators to render a decision of the Omaha-Kansas City controversy on packing house products to the southeast.

The German Imperial budget estimates are: Balance, 2,058,121,551 marks; recurring expenditure, 1,783,045,498 marks; nonrecurring expenditure of ordinary estimates, 195,877,642 marks; of extraordinary estimates, 79,198,411 marks.

The coroner's jury investigating the death of John Allen, the football player who was injured at St. Louis November 11 and subsequently died, returned a verdict of accidental death, but believed the game to be dangerous and should be prohibited.

The comptroller of the currency has declared a dividend of 5 per cent in favor of the creditors of the Grand Forks National bank, Grand Forks, N. D., and a 10 per cent dividend for the creditors of the Dakota National bank at Sioux Falls, S. D.

About 2,500 Chicago members of the Knights and Ladies of Honor have seceded from the organization because of dissatisfaction with the management of the affairs of the body by the supreme lodge. Fourteen lodges in Chicago have withdrawn and have set up a rival council.

When the Atlantic transport liner Manitou sailed the other day she had on board Dr. Hastings and twenty-nine male nurses, orderlies and dispensers, who will join the complement of the medical and surgical staff of the hospital ship Maine, loaned to the British government by the Atlantic line for hospital duty in South African waters.

The famine which is spread over the greater portion of the Bombay district is daily becoming more acute. The enormous number of 951,523 men are employed on various relief works, but there are still millions of persons destitute for whom no relief can be provided and who must inevitably starve to death unless immediate outside assistance is forthcoming.

A representative of a Russian colony in the eastern part of South Dakota has been in the Northern Black Hills for some time, looking over the farming and pasturing land with the view of purchasing. Last week three ranches were sold and cash paid by the Russian representative, they being the Zinc ranch, for which \$2,250 was paid; the Daniels ranch, \$4,250, and the Shaefer ranch, \$2,500.

A project for further naval increase which congress will be asked to authorize at the next session for immediate construction involves eighteen warships, three of them armored cruisers of the improved Brooklyn type, but double the size and formidableness of that excellent vessel; three improved Olympias, one-third larger and proportionately more powerful than the flag ship that led the way into Manila bay, and twelve gunboats of a type recommended by Admiral Dewey as essential for the effective patrol of the Philippine archipelago.

The machinists of the Lehigh Valley shops, Buffalo, who had been on a strike for an increase of wages, returned to work.

The story sent out from Toronto that the Buffalo syndicate's proposition for the erection of elevators at Montreal is not correct.

Colonel G. R. Davis, general director general of the world's fair, is critically ill at his home in Chicago.

At New York Recorder Goff, in general sessions, denied a new trial to William A. E. Moore, convicted some months ago of "badgering" Martin Mahoney and sentenced to nineteen years in prison.

THE END IS IN SIGHT

Reported Unconditional Surrender of Entire Province of Zamboanga.

CHIEFS DECLARE THEIR LOYALTY.

Most Encouraging News Yet Received From the Philippine Insurrection—Capitulation Made to Commander Very—Americans Are Aided Somewhat by Acts of Friendly Natives.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 27.—Secretary of the Navy Long today received a cablegram from Admiral Watson informing him that the entire province of Zamboanga, island of Mindanao, had surrendered unconditionally to Commander Very of the Castine. The surrender was made on the 18th inst. Admiral Watson's dispatch follows:

CAVITE, Nov. 26, 1899.—Secretary of the Navy, Washington: November 18 entire province of Zamboanga surrendered to Very unconditionally. Delivered all guns promised. Numerous local chiefs declared loyalty.

WATSON. The information contained in Admiral Watson's dispatch was received by the president and his advisers with unqualified satisfaction. The surrender of the province of Zamboanga is regarded as the beginning of the end of the revolution in the island of Mindanao and it is believed it will be a hard blow to those who are still endeavoring to maintain the insurrection in the island of Luzon.

On the 21st inst. Admiral Watson cabled the navy department that Commander Very had captured the city of Zamboanga on the 16th. He was aided by the friendly natives and Moros and was holding the town pending the arrival of reinforcements from Jolo. On the same day General Otis informed the war department that he had ordered two companies of infantry to be sent to Zamboanga from Jolo.

Zamboanga is the principal province of the island of Mindanao, which is the second largest of the Philippine islands. Advice from Admiral Watson indicates that the entire southern half of the island, which comprises the province of Zamboanga, has yielded to the American forces and acceded to the authority of the United States.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 27.—The war department has not been advised of the surrender of the province, as reported in Admiral Watson's dispatch, no news today from General Otis. Both Secretaries Root and Long are elated over the information sent by the admiral and express the belief that the end of the insurrection in the Philippine islands is now near at hand.

AT HOBART'S BEREAVED HOME.

Great Crowd Gathers About House and Cemetery.

NEW YORK, Nov. 27.—There was a big crowd of visitors to Paterson, N. J., yesterday. The street in front of Carroll Hall, the Hobart home, was crowded all day. The greatest however, gathered at Cedar Lawn cemetery. There a special detail of police had to be maintained to keep the crowds from trampling about the graves, and the crowds about the receiving vaults. It is not likely Vice President Hobart's body will be placed in the ground. It is the intention of the family to erect a tomb upon the plot of land where Miss Fannie Hobart lies, and beside whose body it is generally supposed the body of Mr. Hobart would be placed. The work will probably be commenced before long, so it is doubtful if the body of the vice president will be removed from its present resting place until the tomb of the family is erected.

BUYING WESTERN RANCHES.

English Company With \$10,000,000 Capital Working in the West.

BILLINGS, Mont., Nov. 27.—Representatives of the American-English syndicate have been in this state all summer and fall traveling all over the large sheep raising sections, securing options on the best sheep ranches and best watered lands for the purpose of consolidating them into one large company. Already options on nearly 500,000 head of sheep and 500,000 acres of the finest and most fertile sheep raising land in the state have been obtained. The representatives of the syndicate in Montana are Colonel E. C. Waters and Edward J. Morrison of Billings, both old experienced and successful Montana sheep men. Bert Reiss of New York is counsel and organizer of the company, which will be known as the Consolidated Montana Sheep and Lamb company, with a capital of \$10,000,000.

JOUBERT ADVANCING SOUTH.

Kafir Brings News of Movement of Large Boer Forces.

DURBAN, Nov. 27.—Advices from Mooi river say that a Kafir, brought in yesterday, who was impressed at Johannesburg and allotted to General Joubert as a servant, asserts that General Joubert and four sons, with a commando, are coming south. The Kafir estimates the Boer strength at from 2,000 to 4,000 men. According to his story the British smashed one or two of the enemy's big guns at Ladysmith. There was a heavy thunder storm at Mooi river. All is quiet there and two naval guns have arrived.

To Prosecute Cattlemen.

SOUTH MALESTER, I. T., Nov. 27.—Prosecuting Attorney Soper has received peremptory instructions from Washington to begin at the earliest possible date action against cattlemen for bringing herds into the Creek country. These cases have been hanging fire for some time, and the department has at last given orders for immediate action. There is every reason to believe that the suits will be handled expeditiously, and not allowed to be pigeonholed, as has been the case heretofore. The legal contest will be one of the most interesting in the annals of the Indian Territory.

DUTCH WITH THE BOERS.

Situation in Cape Colony Said to Be Critical in the Extreme.

LONDON, Nov. 27.—(New York World Cablegram)—Cape mail brings unenclosed letters from Churchill from Capetown November 1, in which he says:

"The situation in Cape Colony has become much graver. It is possible that had the war broken out three months ago the loyalty of the Dutch would have been demonstrated for all time. War after three months' hesitation proved too severe a test and is no exaggeration to say that a considerable portion of Cape Colony trembles on the verge of rebellion. Dutch farmers talk loudly and confidently of our victories, meaning those of Boers, and racial feeling runs high."

Knight, World correspondent, writing from DeAar Junction, November 6, complains bitterly of censorship, and declares that the British had 10,000 horses, miles of transport wagons, with \$5,000,000 worth of stores, at DeAar Junction and left them there without any military protection, says:

"It is wonderful, indeed," he goes on, "that the Boers did not attempt to seize these valuable prizes a week ago when the camp was practically undefended. Our position is far from secure even now."

LONDON, Nov. 27.—Special dispatches from Pietermaritzburg announce the arrival of General Buller there. He met with a splendid reception. Railway communication between Estcourt and Mooi river has been restored by Lord Dundonald's forces and the Mooi river column entered Estcourt yesterday (Sunday), the Estcourt column immediately starting the advance toward Colenso.

LITTLE CHANGE IN HAYWARD.

Patient Passes a Restless Night and Condition Improves.

NEBRASKA CITY, Neb., Nov. 27.—Senator Hayward had another bad night, and when morning dawned his condition was not so good as on the previous evening. "This had been the course that his case had taken during the last few days and is regarded as anything but a favorable symptom. In fact, Dr. Whitten was considerably discouraged at the condition of his patient this morning. The senator is gradually growing weaker, his pulse is accelerated and it is thought by those best acquainted with the case that he cannot survive a great while longer. While Mr. Hayward's condition is worse in the morning, yet during the day the symptoms show a somewhat better condition, but this cannot be regarded as anything permanent. At 9 o'clock this morning Dr. Whitten issued the following bulletin:

"Senator Hayward passed a restless night. At this hour his temperature is 99.5; pulse, 90; respiration, 20, and intermittent. His mental condition remains the same. Paralysis unchanged. Acceleration of pulse and temperature considered unfavorable."

At 7 p. m. the following bulletin was issued by Dr. Whitten:

"Senator Hayward passed a comparatively comfortable day. He took food and rested and slept some. Temperature at 7 p. m., 99.5; pulse, 80; respiration, 23. Paralysis and mental condition remain the same."

OPENS DOOR FOR INTERVENTION.

England's Formal Declaration of War Gives Powers a Wedge.

ST. PETERSBURG, Nov. 27.—The British charge d'affaires has informed the Russian government that Great Britain has been in a state of war with the Dutch republics in South Africa since August 12.

The Svet, commenting upon this says: "England, in giving this notification, withdraws her declaration that she is not carrying on war, but is merely subjugating rebels."

The Navoe Vremya, which attributes far-reaching importance to the British notification, says: "The powers are now in a position to send not only Red Cross agents, but military agents as well, and they may judge this a fitting time to intervene, especially as the Afrikaners are going more and more to the Boer side."

Czar Buys American Horses.

CHICAGO, Nov. 27.—Baron Paul Vietinghoff, a representative of the Russian government, is in Chicago buying horses for the czar's army.

Baron Vietinghoff says that already 1,000 American horses, purchased principally in Kentucky and Virginia, have been shipped to the czar's dominions, and 1,000 more are to follow them as soon as the baron makes the selections.

"Not only am I buying for the army," he said, "but for breeding purposes as well. The animals shipped for military use go merely as an experiment. They will be divided into lots of four and six in different garrisons and given a trial."

Hold Last Council of War.

MANILA, Nov. 27.—The last Filipino council of war was held by the retreating leaders at Bayambang on November 13 in the house now occupied by General MacArthur. It was attended by Aguinaldo, Pie del Pilar, Garcia, Alejandro and some members of the so-called cabinet. Information has reached General MacArthur from several sources to the effect that the council recognized the futility of attempting any further resistance to the Americans with united forces and agreed that the Filipino troops should scatter and should hereafter follow guerrilla methods.

What to Do With Aguinaldo.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 27.—Considerable interest is being taken in social circles here as to the disposition of Aguinaldo in case of capture. It is frankly admitted that the best solution would be his death in action, but this is not expected. Should he be captured, General Otis will undoubtedly await instructions from Washington as to the treatment he should accord him. Should Aguinaldo escape to Hong Kong, the United States could not, as a matter of right, ask for his surrender and the president would therefore doubtless determine to leave the insurgent leader alone.

FIGHT WITH FILIPINOS

Insurgents Kill Four Americans and Wound Twenty-Five in Battle.

THE CASUALTIES INCLUDE OFFICERS

Enemy Driven From Trench to Trench by Col. Carpenter's Force—Fighting Continues With Insurgents Retreating to Santa Barbara—Loss of Insurgents Not Known.

MANILA, Nov. 24.—Severe fighting in the north of Iloilo began Tuesday November 21. Four Americans were killed and twenty-five wounded, including three officers. The insurgents are retreating to Santa Barbara, but the fighting continues.

Colonel Carpenter, November 18, advanced to Santa Barbara, straight north from Jaro, taking trench after trench, the enemy fighting and retreating.

General Hughes' column has been steadily advancing north to gain a position west of Santa Barbara.

It encountered the enemy in small detachments. Six to ten Americans were wounded in this column. Colonel Carpenter started during the night of November 20, and opened with Battery G of the Sixth artillery at daybreak, November 21, on the trenches. The enemy volleyed as the artillery took up a position, wounding four.

Two companies of the Twenty-sixth regiment garrisoning Jaro, moved through Caraz, attacking the enemy on the right flank just north of Jaro at daybreak, November 21, driving them toward Colonel Carpenter. The country between Jaro and Santa Barbara is thickly entrenched, especially near Pavia. The Sixth artillery fired on the trenches and the Eighteenth regiment charged, the enemy retreating to the next trench. The Eighteenth again charged, encountering and attacking a force of bolomen who were hidden in the long grass and who severely wounded several Americans.

During the afternoon of November 21 the fighting was severe immediately south of Pavia, three miles north of Jaro.

The column returned to Jaro after the flank movement, having captured three six-round smoothbore cannons and a quantity of arms and ammunition.

The enemy's loss was not obtainable, but seven men were found dead in one trench. The insurgents are falling back on Santa Barbara, which it is expected General Hughes has attacked before this.

A Spanish corporal, captured by the Filipinos, has arrived here from Tarlac. He says he saw Aguinaldo, accompanied by a prominent leader and fifteen men, arrive at Bayambang during the night of November 13, hatless, his clothes torn and spattered with mud and his horse exhausted. Aguinaldo, it appears, rested a short time, seemed anxious, consulted with his companions and the villagers as to the nature of the roads, secured fresh horses and proceeded immediately toward Mangalaren in Pangasinan province, west of Bambang.

The corporal tells a straight story, giving minute details. He is convinced he is not mistaken, having seen Aguinaldo several times during recent months.

Aguinaldo, it appears, would have time to leave Bayambang November 13 and pass through General Wheaton's lines November 17.

PREPARE TO MAKE A STAND.

Insurgents Select the Place Where They Will Make Resistance.

MANILA, Nov. 24.—The insurgents from the north are concentrating at Montalban and San Mateo, where it is expected they will make resistance to the American advance. The Spaniards never occupied these places and the insurgents believe them to be impregnable.

A reconnaissance to the northwest of San Mateo on Tuesday developed the fact that the rebels were moving stores and men to Montalban. The number of insurgents is unknown.

ROSA CAHN LOSES CASE.

Lincoln Man Receives Verdict in Suit by His Daughter.

NEW YORK, Nov. 24.—The jury in the case of Rosa Cahn against her father, Isaac Cahn, whom she sued for \$25,000 damages on the charge of assault, before Justice Leventritt in the supreme court, returned a verdict in favor of the defendant.

Boers Are Much Depressed.

LONDON, Nov. 24.—The Post publishes the following this morning, dated Pietermaritzburg, Thursday: We have received a rumor here today from Dutch sources to the effect that our forces recently inflicted another disastrous defeat on the Boers around Ladysmith. Nearly all the enemy's large guns are reported captured. The Boers are said to have been completely demoralized. The rumor is unconfirmed, but the Dutch in the district appear much depressed, so that there may be some truth in it.

Buller Starts for Natal.

CAPETOWN, Nov. 24.—General Buller has started for Natal. He is expected to return shortly.

The steamer Walwera, with the New Zealand contingent of troops on board, has arrived here.

In Honor of Hobart.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—The postmaster general has issued the following order:

In honor of the distinguished public service of Vice President Hobart, and in respect for his revered memory, postmasters throughout the union are directed to close their respective offices between the hours of 2 and 4 p. m. on Saturday, November 25, the day of the funeral.

FILIPINOS GIVING UP.

President of Aguinaldo's Congress Surrenders to MacArthur at Tarlac.

MANILA, Nov. 25.—Senator Paenano, a former member of the so-called cabinet of Aguinaldo, has been brought to General Otis a prisoner on board the transport Brutus. He had sought refuge in a village near San Fabian, with Aguinaldo's mother and son. The natives disclosed his identity to Major Cronin, who captured him.

General Young is still in the mountains on the trail of Aguinaldo.

Bautista, president of the Filipino congress, presented himself to General MacArthur at Tarlac today and formally renounced all further connection with the insurrection.

He was one of the influential Filipinos who hesitated at the beginning of the war as to which side on which to cast his lot. He was offered a judgeship of the supreme court, but declined.

He now announces that he desires to accept the position and says the Filipino congress and cabinet are scattered, never to reassemble.

Some of the members, he adds, have returned to their homes, while others are lying for safety. Many of the congressmen have resigned and he believes the Filipino soldiers will lay down their arms everywhere as soon as they learn the truth.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 25.—General Otis summarizes the situation in Luzon in a dispatch to the war department today in which he says that the insurgent government can no longer claim to exist, its troops and officers are scattered and Aguinaldo is hiding. The dispatch follows:

"MANILA, Nov. 24.—Claim to government by insurgents can be made no longer under any fiction; its treasurer, secretary of the interior and president of congress in our hands; its president and remaining cabinet officers in hiding evidently in different parts of central Luzon provinces; its generals and troops in small bands scattered through these provinces acting as banditti or dispersed, playing the role of 'amigos' with arms concealed. Indications are that Aguinaldo did not escape through the lines of Lawton or Wheaton, but fled westward from Bayambang railway station. Telegraphic communication to Dagupan established, probably to San Fabian today; by relaying nine miles of track with material at hand railway communication to that point re-established; labor of troops must attend maintenance."

HARD LINES AT MAKEKING.

Boers Drawing Near and Garrison Practically Under Ground.

MAGALAPIE, Cape Colony, Sunday, Nov. 19.—A dispatch received here from Makekang, dated Wednesday, November 15, says:

"The garrison is cheerful, but the position is daily growing more difficult. The Boers are always drawing their entrenchments closer and are incessantly plying the British with artillery and musketry fire. The garrison is living almost entirely in underground shelters and the health of the troops is suffering."

WAR DAMAGE CLAIMS.

Those That Have Been Filed to Date Aggregate \$25,000,000.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 25.—Claims have been filed up to date on account of damages sustained by American citizens by the Spanish war to the amount of \$25,000,000, and the president is expected to submit a recommendation in his message to congress, looking to the appointment of a commission to adjudicate these claims and make provision for the payment of such as are found to be legitimate. This action will be taken under article 7 of the treaty of peace.

LOOKING OUT FOR SHAFTER.

President Will Advise His Retirement as a Major General.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 25.—The president will ask the incoming congress to pass an act retiring General Shafter, with the rank of major general in the regular army. He has already been retired with the rank of brigadier general.

This purpose of the president is the explanation of the retention of General Shafter, it being felt that his chances would be brightened by his retention in the active army until congress has had opportunity to act.

Colonel Mulford Married.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Nov. 25.—The romantic marriage of Major Mulford of the Twenty-ninth regiment, formerly colonel of the Nebraska volunteers, has just become public. Major Mulford sailed for the Philippines last night, leaving behind him a wife of two days.

The bride was Miss Nellie Martland, a well known society lady of this city. They first met at the Presidio when Major Mulford was there with the Nebraska volunteers. They were married at Reno, Nev., last Tuesday. Mrs. Mulford will join her husband at Manila.

Want Bond Buying Extended.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 25.—Secretary Gage is in receipt of a large number of requests from financial circles to November 30. The secretary said this extend the bond offering limit beyond afternoon that no action will be taken in the matter until November 30.

The total amount of bonds purchased by the government under the recent offer of the secretary of the treasury is \$11,500,900.

Wireless Telegraphy Drawing Nearer.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 25.—The War department is quietly at work on the problem of wireless telegraphy for the signal service. The signal corps has been handicapped recently, both by lack of funds and officers, to experiment on an extensive scale, but Captain Reiber, at Governors island, New York, is carrying on a series of experiments between that point and Tompkinsville, with a view to adapting the army apparatus for communication between fortified points and in any other locality where the wireless system might prove superior to the older form of telegraphy.

Several Military Pages.
John H. Page, Jr., who was recently commissioned as a second lieutenant in the Third infantry, is the third of the name to serve in the army of the United States. His father, John H. Page, is colonel of the Third infantry, his grandfather, John H. Page, was killed at the battle of Palo Alto during the Mexican war.

According to the latest report of H. Clay Evans, commissioner of pensions, there is only one survivor of the war of 1812—Hiram Cronk, of northwestern New York. He is 99 years of age.

"Do It and Stick to It."

If you are sick and discouraged with impure blood, catarrh or rheumatism, take Hood's Sarsaparilla faithfully and persistently, and you will soon have a cure. This medicine has cured thousands of others and it will do the same for you. Faithfully taken,

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Never Disappoints

Every time a girl gets onto a new wrinkle in hair dressing she has her picture taken.

New Inventions.

Amongst the prominent firms who bought patents the past week were the following:

Deering Harvester Co., Chicago, Ill.

Waring Hat Manufacturing Co., Yonkers, N. Y.

Drake Acetylene Gas Generator Co., Corning, N. Y.

Howard Thermostat Co., Oswego, N. Y.

Gillette-Herzog Manufacturing Co., Minneapolis, Minn.

Western Electric Co., Chicago, Ill.

American Bell Telephone Co., Boston, Mass.

S. S. White Dental Manufacturing Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

Davidson Lock Co., Nashville, Tenn.

Percival Furniture Co., Barton, Vt.

Messrs. Sues & Co., Patent Lawyers, of Omaha, have just issued a book showing the importance of getting claims as broad as the state of the art. A great many inventors lose their inventions because their patents are not made broad enough. This book, which is illustrated, will be sent free to anyone sending their address to Sues & Co., Patent Lawyers, Bee Bldg., Omaha, Neb.

The stock raiser sometimes finds it difficult to make both ends meet, but the check raiser is nearly always sure of his board and lodging.

The ad. of T. M. Roberts' Supply House in another part of this paper should be of interest to everyone. The firm is reliable. Get their complete catalogue of everything you need before making purchases.

To speak what you think often would be to speak like a fool.

[LETTER TO MRS. PINKHAM NO. 94,598]

"I am so grateful to you for what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done for me that I feel as though I must tell about it. A year ago I was taken very sick. Doctors could do me no good only to deaden the pain which I had almost constantly. I got some of your Compound and took one bottle and received benefit from it at once. I have taken it ever since and now have no backache, no pain in my side and my stomach and bowels are perfectly well. I can honestly say that there is nothing like it. If I could only tell every woman how much good your medicine has done me, they would surely try it."—MARTHA M. KING, NORTH ATTLEBORO, MASS.

The way women trifle with health shows a degree of indifference that is past understanding. Happiness and usefulness depend on physical health; so does a good disposition. Disease makes women nervous, irritable and snappish. The very effort of a