

M'COOK TRIBUNE.

F. M. KIMMELL, Publisher.

MCCOOK, - - - NEBRASKA

NEBRASKA

Indications are that David City will get a new depot this year.

The town of Harris has organized a Good Templars lodge of forty-one members.

Rev. Jamison of Sioux City has been holding union revival meetings at Ocheyedan.

The postoffice at Bennington was broken into and about \$3 in stamps and \$7 in pennies stolen. The general merchandise store of M. H. Friedrichsen was also broken into and so far Mr. Friedrichsen has missed seven pairs of shoes.

Assistant Secretary of War Melklejohn has decided that the Third Nebraska shall be mustered out on the Atlantic seacoast and that the men shall be given a travel pay from point of muster out to their homes.

An Alliance dispatch says that grading outfits are arriving on all trains and going into camp along the line of the Burlington survey. A great demand for horses and mules has been created by reason of the building of the Burlington branch.

The North Platte valley in the vicinity of Gering is the scene of great activity on the part of the surveying parties of the Burlington and Union Pacific companies. The former is cross-sectioning on the north side of the river and there seems to be no doubt that it has its line finally located.

Mrs. C. S. Jones, who was appointed by Governor Holcomb superintendent of the home for the friendless at Lincoln, and who has never had control of the institution owing to the refusal of the society to turn over its management to state control, is expected to obtain charge of the home in a few days.

John C. Watson returned to Nebraska City and was immediately taken into custody by the sheriff on a warrant sworn out by William Hawke, charging him with unlawfully procuring the signature to a deed with intent to defraud him out of his interest in certain real estate valued at \$5,000. He was taken before county judge and gave bond for \$1,000 for his appearance. The case is set for hearing May 5.

Fred Moffit, clerk of the Hotel De Fair, shot and instantly killed William Hough at Hyannis at the hotel office. Hough attacked Moffit with an iron poker and Moffit used a revolver in self defense. Hough was of a quarrelsome disposition and was often in trouble. Moffit has resided there for some months and has always borne a good reputation. Moffit surrendered himself to the deputy sheriff. Rumor says Hough's jealousy of his wife caused the trouble.

A farmer living south of Wymore has settled the question of whether a farmer can sell his milk to a skimming station with profit. He has milked two cows during the last year and has received exactly \$60 for the milk, besides what he used for household purposes. In addition to this he has sold two calves at \$10 each, making a total of \$80. The experiment shows that a farmer with twelve cows and 100 hens can live entirely independent of the droughts or hot winds.

The \$45,000 appropriation for wolf bounties will become available about July 1. It is announced at the auditor's office that transferred certificates for scalps will be honored, and that such certificates may be collected in numbers by banks, county treasurers or individuals and will then be paid in bulk by the state. This course, it is believed, will facilitate payments and in large measure relieve the department from the considerable labor of dealing direct with each individual claimant.

A Nebraska City dispatch to the Lincoln Journal says: John C. Watson, ex-state senator, ex-speaker of the Nebraska house and for twenty-five years one of the foremost lawyers and politicians in southeastern Nebraska, has left his home city and the state, never, it is asserted by those in a position to know, to return. His leave-taking occurred as a result, it is claimed, of pressure brought to bear upon him by persons active in his prosecution for alleged sharp practices in his law business and other shortcomings.

South Omaha has filed a suit against the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy railroad for \$6,697.80 damages on account of the serious injury of Edward Godwin, an employee of the stock yards company, which occurred April 10, 1895. It is asserted that the railroad company delivered a car at the yards which was in a defective condition and which caused the accident. Godwin secured a judgment of \$10,350 against the stock yards company, which was subsequently settled for the amount which the company now seeks to recover from the railroad.

A mutual division of census superintendents of the state of Nebraska has been arranged between Senators Thurston and Hayward. Mr. Hayward will have the First, Fourth and Fifth congressional districts to fill, consulting with Congressman-elect Burkett as to choice of superintendent of the First district. Mr. Thurston will consult with Mercer as to Second district representative and will personally suggest superintendents in the Third and Sixth districts. While the appointments will not be made for some time, it is the desire of Director Merriam to open up a correspondence with those to be elected.

The Congregationalists of Sibley will build a fine new church this year.

The acceptance of the resignation of Major Fred A. Williams of the First Nebraska regiment was received by Adjutant General Barry by wire from Washington. The reason for the resignation having been tendered is supposed to be poor health. Major Williams left with the First Nebraska regiment as captain of company G of Geneva. He was promoted after the arrival of the regiment at Manila. Captain Lee Forby of Omaha who afterward became captain of company G was wounded in action and died of his injuries.

LAWTON ORDERED BACK

The General With His Expedition Returns to Manila.

STARTS ON THE RETREAT AT ONCE

All the Territory He Has Taken Is to Be Evacuated Immediately—He Says That One Hundred Thousand Troops Are Needed to Successfully Combat the Guerrillas—Insurgents Concentrating.

MANILA, April 17.—(New York World Cablegram.)—Lawton's expedition has been ordered to Manila and he will return immediately. All territory taken by Lawton will be evacuated. The captured launches will be returned to their former owners, from whom the Filipinos took them. Lawton authorized this statement at Paeete this morning:

"The present prospect is that 100,000 troops will be necessary to pacify the islands. The difficulties are those of fighting guerrillas in a tropical country. With a brigade I could force my way to the end of the island if I did not have to hold the ground traversed. But leaving garrisons behind soon eats up my force. I regret the evacuation of the territory taken."

"PALMER." During the absence of Major General Lawton's expedition to the Santa Cruz district, on the southeastern side of Laguna de Bay, the insurgents have been concentrating at the northern end of the lake, near Pasig, and the American scouts report that several thousand are already there.

General Lawton's expedition is now on its way back.

Two hundred and fifty Chinamen from Santa Cruz have arrived here. They left the town, owing to their fear that the rebels, on re-entering it, would wreak vengeance upon them for favoring the Americans.

War has become so commonplace an experience to Manila that the average citizen no longer thinks of becoming excited over it. Every man some part of the horizon is crimsoned by the reflection from burning huts, kindled by the soldiers to deprive the insurgents of hiding places. Every night's quiet is shaken by the firing from the line encompassing the city. Every morning brings its pitiful little cortège of uncomplaining wounded to the hospital. Manila forms an American oasis in the island of Luzon. Around the city stretches a thin line fifteen miles long of entrenched soldiers.

The Filipino goes into the field unencumbered with useless baggage. Following the course of their retreat beyond Guadalupe church went the convent enthusiasts who hung about the American army. They found nothing more than a few tin cooking utensils and empty cartridge shells, whose pattern prove that the insurgents have the latest style of rifles. Trousers or drawers, a shirt, cartridge belt and rifle, a section of bamboo stalk filled with rice, a handful of green peppers tied in a handkerchief, sometimes sandals—these form the equipment of a Filipino soldier.

No finer country for defensive fighting and no more embarrassing for offensive operations than the land around Pasig lake could be imagined. The Chinese are the scavengers of the war. Like vultures they hover in the wake of the army, flocking down upon the ashes of every hut and the ruins of churches to dig out stuff that no white man could possibly use. Being beyond suspicion of any interest in the hostilities save gain, they are admitted to the camps and employed as servants. Some of them peddle water and cigarettes on the line. One, more daring than most, crept about the trenches of the Kansas regiment under a hot fire and did a good trade. When competitors appeared he hastened to point out to them the spot where a soldier had been wounded, seemingly impressing on them the dangers of their position, for they ran away.

The forces of destruction are concentrated upon the churches. They are all solid buildings of stone, so the natives use them as forts. Some church has served as the keystone of nearly every Filipino defense and the American artillery is compelled to batter them.

Calocan church is a picture of the havoc of war. There General MacArthur has his headquarters. The roof, a sky blue fresco, studded with gilt stars, has jagged holes where shells, from Dewey's ships came through. Within the chancel rail is the office of the staff and the pulpits are used for desks. The rail holds a string of saddles, a telephone hangs beside the statue of a saint while the telegraph clicks incessantly in an alcove. Cots and hammocks fill the body of the church, where soldiers are sprawled out smoking and reading when off duty. A hospital occupies a chapel in a corner. The soldiers do not lack reverence, but everything must bend before their work.

Newark May Go to Samoa.

WASHINGTON, April 17.—The Newark will sail from the Bermudas for the Pacific station in pursuance of the orders issued some weeks ago detaching it from Admiral Sampson's squadron. It may proceed to Samoa, but it is said at the navy department that no significance attaches to this course, as it had been determined on before the recent outbreak there.

Silk Flag for the President.

NEW YORK, April 17.—The British steamer Indrana, which arrived this morning from Japan and China ports, brought a small parcel said to contain a very beautiful silk combination British and American flag to be presented to President McKinley. The parcel was forwarded by Consul Johnson at Amoy. The flag was designed by a merchants' association at Amoy and is of pure silk, the American and British colors being artistically arranged. Accompanying the parcel is a letter addressed to Mr. Porter, President McKinley's secretary.

CURRENCY QUESTIONS.

Conference of the Committee on Monetary Legislation Begins.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., April 17.—The committee on monetary legislation appointed at a caucus of the republican members of the national house of representatives shortly before the adjournment of congress will begin its session in this city today. General David B. Henderson of Iowa is chairman and the other members of the committee are as follows: John Dalzell, Pennsylvania; Zereño E. Payne, New York; Jesse Overstreet, Indiana; William Lovering, Massachusetts; Charles Curtis, Kansas; Page Morris, Minnesota; Eugene F. Lout, California; R. B. Hawley, California; J. W. Babcock, Wisconsin and Kerr, Ohio.

The committee is considered to embody the sound financial thought of the republican side of the house. Messrs. Henderson and Dalzell make with Speaker Reed, a majority of the committee on ways and means, and several others are representative business men, who are in sympathy with the movement to put the monetary standard beyond attack.

Hadden hall, one of the largest hotels on the beach front, is the headquarters of the committee and the meetings will be held in one of the parlors. The gatherings will be private and will probably be irregular and the work assigned to the members partakes more of the nature of a conference and as the committee is not a public one it will only give out such news for publication as best suits its purpose. It is expected that the sessions will last not less than two weeks and they may extend much longer.

The committee may decide to perfect a bill to meet the situation, or it may outline a measure and adjourn to meet again in a year. It will have all the important bills on the currency question that were before the last congress, including the McCleary bill, which was reported favorably to the house by the banking committee; the Hill bill, which was given a favorable report by the house coinage committee; the bill prepared by Secretary Walker of the committee on banking, who is no longer a member of congress.

Mr. Overstreet, who has given the subject much attention, has prepared a comparison of the principal features of all these bills, which will be of much value to the committee.

There has also been secured from the Treasury department a great mass of valuable finance data, including the reports of the secretaries, comptrollers of the currency and directors of the mint. In addition, the committee will have at its command a complete codification of the existing currency laws. Although only three or four members are here tonight, it is expected that all will arrive by tomorrow. Mr. Loud reached here tonight.

It is expected that many distinguished financiers will be given the opportunity to appear before the committee and present their views on the subject of the expansion of the currency, the establishment of the gold standard and other matters to be considered.

H. H. Hanna and other representatives of the executive committee of the Indianapolis monetary convention will be here during the session to urge the bill of the monetary commission. This bill was framed by a commission of which ex-Senator George F. Edmunds was chairman and which included ex-Secretary Fairchild of New York, C. Stuart Patterson of Philadelphia, John W. Fries of North Carolina and other financial experts.

Five Hundred Inches of Snow.

DENVER, April 17.—According to the latest report of Weather Forecaster Brandenburg the total snowfall at Leadville during the winter was 252 inches; at Breckenridge, 378 inches, and at Ruby, 524 inches.

The South Park line of the Colorado & Southern company is still blocked by snow beyond Breckenridge, but the rotary is making good progress and the line will probably be opened before the end of the week. The Cheyenne & Northern line of the Colorado & Southern is again open after two months' blockade.

The Colorado Midland, which was closed by the snow west of Leadville for seven days, began its regular passenger service today and will send out its first through night-bound train Tuesday night.

Forming a Rubber Trust.

TRENTON, N. J., April 17.—The Empire Rubber company's plant of this city has been sold to the United States Rubber Goods Manufacturing company, a syndicate organized some few months ago for the purpose of consolidating all leading concerns of the country engaged in the manufacture of mechanical rubber goods. The Empire's principal products are rubber hose and bicycle tires. General Skirm, the owner of the majority of the company's stock, says negotiations are pending between representatives of the United States Rubber Goods Manufacturing company and the owners of other concerns in this city for the purpose of the latter.

Wireless Telegraphy.

WASHINGTON, April 17.—General Greely, chief signal officer, received a call from a gentleman who desired to furnish the government with a system of wireless telegraphy for use in the Hawaiian Islands. General Greely says he can establish satisfactory communications among the islands by means of heliographic signals.

President Will Attend.

WASHINGTON, April 17.—Commander in Chief W. C. Johnson of the Grand Army of the Republic, has extended an invitation to President McKinley to attend the national encampment of the organization, to begin at Philadelphia on September 4. The president said that if he were in Washington at the time he would attend the encampment.

Soldiers Under Arrest.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., April 17.—Tonight 800 United States soldiers are under arrest on the Presidio reservation. They are encamped on the open and are guarded by cavalry and the Twenty-fourth infantry, regulars. Colored, the force being in charge of Adjutant General Lieutenant Harris. The offense of the men was the burning down of a saloon just outside the reservation lines.

The News Briefly Told.

Saturday.

A statement of the condition of the treasury shows: Available cash balance, \$280,564,791; gold reserve, \$245,606,695.

The former offices of the Hanoverian army will present Emperor William with a silver miniature reproduction of the Hanover-Waterloo column.

The Arizona, Eastern & Montana Smelting Ore Purchasing and Development company, capital \$5,000,000, has been chartered at Charleston, W. Va.

Captain Fred D. Stimson, a well-known newspaper man, a California 49er and for many years marine editor of the Boston Journal died yesterday aged 73 years.

The grand jury at Frankfort, Ky., is investigating charges of bribery in connection with the democratic nomination of Bud McCord for railway commissioner.

The treasury comptroller decides that men who enlisted in the revenue cutter service for the war with Spain are entitled to extra pay under the act of March 3, 1899.

Mills V. Barse of New York asks the court at Columbus, O., to declare in the transfer of the lease on the Hocking canal bed to the Hocking & Lake Erie railway company.

The British government has decided to release the Irish political prisoners Mullett, Fitzharris and O'Hanlon, undergoing life sentence for participation in the Phoenix Park murder.

At Omaha yesterday, after bequeathing his body to the Omaha Medical college, a guest at Millard hotel swallowed a quantity of cyanide of potassium and in a few seconds was dead and ready for the dissecting table. His name was A. J. Smith and he registered from Salt Lake City.

Vice President Hobart is slightly better but is not yet out of bed. He is slowly gaining strength through his constant rest and succeeds in gaining considerable strength. His progress, however, is admitted, is not as rapid as had been hoped for and he continues very seriously ill.

The following dispatch from Manila is published at Manila: "Aguinaldo has issued a decree directing that Spanish shall be the official language throughout the archipelago and protesting against the American pretension to force the use of English on the natives, who do not know it."

Secretary Long announces that the delicate and important duties devolving upon Admiral George Dewey in connection with the restoration of peace and the reorganization of the government in the Philippines precludes a compliance with the request of the Business Men's association of Washington looking to his participation in the proposed peace jubilee in this city next month.

Monday.

Balloting for senator at Harrisburg yesterday resulted in no choice.

The New York senate has killed the bill providing for inspection of cattle imported in that state.

Governor Roosevelt asks the New York legislature to provide funds for an investigation of the canal scandals. Charles P. Cox has been appointed treasurer of the Michigan Central. F. A. Middlebrook is appointed assistant treasurer.

Justice Bradley in mails by postoffice inspectors to detect a thief cannot be used as a basis for an indictment.

Japan has protested for the third time against the anti-Japanese legislation passed by the British Columbia legislature last year, and it is probable that the laws will be repealed.

The military authorities at Havana have been informed that they will receive today the Cuban army muster rolls, now held by the so-called executive committee appointed by the late military assembly appointed before its dissolution.

The Twenty-first infantry, Colonel Jacob Kline, 1,400 men, left Plattsburg, N. Y., for Manila on three trains, composed of fourteen sleepers and two baggage cars each. Five thousand people witnessed the departure and great enthusiasm was manifested.

The war department has issued the order to the commandants of all United States military posts to carry out the law of the last congress relative to the sale of intoxicants in canteens. The order is very long, as it recites the full text of the opinion of Attorney General Griggs, which opinion, it is said at the department, involves only a few changes in the present regulations governing the canteens. The only one of substance is that hereafter no officer or enlisted man, but only civilian employees, may dispense beer in the canteens.

Tuesday.

Perry S. Heath, first assistant postmaster general, has arrived at San Juan, Porto Rico.

The Albatross, a new type of torpedo boat destroyer, built in London, made thirty-three knots on her trial trip yesterday.

A Sheffield engineering firm has given an American firm a large order for heavy machinery. British contractors being unable to make fast time.

Berlin reports state that Emperor William is planning the formation of a special government for Berlin, abolishing self-government and substituting royal officials, because of the growth of socialism.

The principal subject of discussion at today's cabinet meeting was an elaborate plan of credit extensions in Cuba which has been presented by General Brooke and his cabinet council, but reached no conclusion.

The Rev. Jay C. Goodrich of Madison, N. J., has been appointed the first agent of the American Bible society for the Philippine islands. He is a graduate of Mount Union college, in Ohio, and has had charges in the east Ohio conference, and in the upper Iowa conference.

General Brooke at Havana decrees that cemeteries owned by municipalities shall be managed by them, those owned by church and municipality conjointly shall be managed by the latter, receipts being shared; those owned by churches to be managed by churches, but subject to municipal police and hydraulic rules.

Advises received at Buenos Ayres confirm the report that the Bolivian revolutionists have won a signal success. General Pando, the leader of the revolutionists, has entered Oruro, President Alonzo's former headquarters, and the president has fled.

Wednesday.

The hospital ship, Missouri, has arrived at Fort Monroe from Havana, bringing 212 sick soldiers.

Gen. Fred D. Grant has been ordered from Porto Rico to the Philippines. It is possible General Wheeler will also be ordered to the Philippines.

The Spanish government has directed General Rios, Spain's principal commander in the Philippines, to cooperate with Major General Otis for the evacuation of Zamboanga and Zoulan.

The War department has decided to make four departments of the island of Cuba. Heretofore the seven different provinces have been departments. General Brooke is now arranging for the consolidation.

The supreme court of Nevada overruled the demurrer of the plaintiff in the gubernatorial election case of McMillan against Hadley, the decision being with Governor Sadler on every point at issue, and practically winning the case for him.

King George of Greece has summoned M. Theotokis to form a new cabinet in succession to the ministry which resigned on April 3 owing to the election of M. Zaimis, the premier, having been declared invalid on account of bribery and intimidation.

The Missouri lower house passed the bill making a big reduction in express rates. It fixes rates at 15 cents for packages less than ten pounds; from ten to fifty pounds, 45 cents; from fifty to seventy-five, 55 cents; from seventy-five to 100, 75 cents, and over 100 at the rate of 75 cents per 100.

General Wheaton has telegraphed to Major Otis, saying: "They would not wait to be killed." General Lawton is scouring the vicinity of Santa Cruz. He finds the rebels have decamped. He has secured a gunboat, six launches and two cascos, comprising the Filipino fleet. These vessels were stuck in the mud in the river.

A miner has reached Dyea, Alaska, who claims to be the only survivor of a party of three, two of whom were murdered by Chikot Indians near the village of Klukwan. According to his story, they were defaming a "Totem" pole by cutting their names on it and were surprised by a large party of Indians who shot at them, killing his two companions.

Thursday.

Rudyard Kipling was out driving yesterday for the first time since his illness. The drive was through Central Park. He was accompanied by Mr. Doubleday and a nurse. Mr. Kipling has engaged a suite of rooms in a hotel at Lakewood, N. J., and will go there with his family on Monday.

The postoffice department, in furtherance of its plans in extending the service in Alaska, has arranged for communication between Unalaska and the mouth of the Nuhagak river, where salmon canneries are located. Three trips will be made by steamer during the summer. The distance is about 450 miles.

The president gave Charles Ayre Whipple of New York an order for a full length portrait of himself. The portrait is being painted in the private apartments of the White House. Mr. Whipple painted the portraits of ex-President Harrison, General Miles and Secretaries Sherman, Herbert, Tracy and Elkins.

Lieutenant Collis G. Calkins has been appointed to fill the office left vacant by Lieutenant M. G. Hughes, who was transferred from the local branch of the United States hydrographic office to the Philadelphia, now at Samoa, to take the place of Lieutenant Lansdale, who was killed in the battle with the Mataafans near Apia on April 1.

The local subscription fund of \$5,000,000 for the Louisiana Purchase centennial, to be celebrated by a world's fair at St. Louis in 1903, is from all appearances a certainty. Of this amount \$1,800,000 has been subscribed or guaranteed by the members of the committee of 200 and a small part of the organized business interests of the city.

Friday.

The Lima correspondent of the Times confirms the report that President Alonzo of Bolivia fled to Chile after the defeat of his forces.

Colorado prospectors have located six gold claims near Holguin, in this province. One claim, very rich, was found in old Indian workings.

Admiral Schley received his commission as rear admiral. The commission of other officers recently appointed to the grade of rear admiral have also been forwarded to them.

The first appropriation made for a building by any state for the Ohio centennial was made by the Michigan legislature. One hundred thousand dollars was allowed, and the bill has gone to the governor.

Emperor Francis Joseph of Austria granted a special audience to Lieutenant Commander William H. Behler, United States naval attaché at Vienna, Berlin and Rome.

The industrial commission at Washington heard S. M. Dalzell of Springfield, Ill., president of the Illinois Coal Operators' association and general manager of the Springfield Coal company, on conditions of the mining industry in Illinois.

Acting Secretary Melklejohn issued a license granting the Catholic church authority to build a church upon the West Point military reservation. The license, which will be delivered to Archbishop Corrigan, was authorized by legislation, the bill providing for it causing considerable contention in congress before it passed.

A small sized tornado that started in the northwest suburbs passed through the residence portion of Ottawa, Kansas. Many small buildings and fences were blown down and several residences partially unroofed. The cloud was funnel shaped. No one was injured.

THE WOMEN SAY

There Is No Remedy the Equal of Peruna in All Their Peculiar Ills.

Miss Susan Wymar, teacher in the Richmond School, Chicago, Ill., writes the following letter to Dr. Hartman regarding Peruna. She says: "Only those who have suffered with sleeplessness from overwork in the schoolroom, such as I have, can know what a blessing it is to be able to find relief by spending a couple of dollars for some



Miss Susan Wymar.

Peruna. This has been my experience. A friend in need is a friend indeed, and every bottle of Peruna I ever bought proved a good friend to me."—Susan Wymar.

Mrs. Margaretha Dauben, 1214 North Superior St., Racine City, Wis., writes: "I feel so well and good and happy now that pen cannot describe it. Peruna is everything to me. I feel healthy and well, but if I should be sick I will know what to take. I have taken several bottles of Peruna for female complaint. I am in the change of life and it does me good."

Send for a free book written by Dr. Hartman, entitled "Health and Beauty." Address Dr. Hartman, Columbus, O.

The mind of a wise man is like a good gun; it has both long range and a good aim.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Miss Kingsley, the explorer and traveler, was once the recipient of an embarrassing present, namely, 300 husbands, the gift of a savage chief.

A good occupation prevents mental dissipation.

Go to your grocer to-day and get a 15c. package of

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It takes the place of coffee at 1/4 the cost.

Made from pure grains it is nourishing and healthful.

Insist that your grocer gives you GRAIN-O. Accept no imitation.

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WILL KEEP YOU DRY.

Don't be fooled with a mackintosh or rubber coat. If you want a coat that will keep you dry in the hardest storm, buy the Fish Brand Slicker. If not for sale in your town, write for catalogue to A. J. TOWER, Boston, Mass.

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Your name on a postal card will get you

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72 Pages, with nearly 400 illustrations

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Dr. Kay's Lung Balm for coughs, colds, and throat disease

FOR SALE.

Grain Elevator and Feed Mill on the Burlington railroad, at one-half its value. Best location in Nebraska. Address: OWNER, 500 Paxton Block, Omaha.

We don't admire a Chinaman's Writing.

He doesn't use Carter's Ink. But then Carter's Ink is made to use with a pen, not a stick.

Funny booklet "How to Make Ink Pictures" free. CARTER'S INK CO., Boston, Mass.

Dr. Kay's Renovator, Guarantees to cure dyspepsia, constipation, liver and kidney diseases, biliousness, headache, etc. At druggists 25c & B.

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Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by Druggists.

CONSUMPTION