

No old-time doctor discards the medicine which can show an unbroken record of

# Fifty Years of Cures.

To those doctors, who went up and down the country in every kind of wind and weather, faithful, patient, and true, Ayer's Sarsaparilla owes its first success. Today any doctor of repute who prescribes any Sarsaparilla prescribes Ayer's. We have thousands of testimonials from doctors all over this land that it is the one safe Sarsaparilla, and the doctors know what it is, because we have been giving the formula of it to them for over half a century.

This is why



### The Care of Breeding Ewes.

We take it for granted that every farmer knows enough to furnish his From Dennis Twohey Who Went From sheep with proper shelter. If he will only keep them out of the rain and out of blizzards, they will go through in nice shape, says Wallace's Farmer. They suffer less from cold than any other animal, and more from wet and mud. The ewes are most likely to get out of proper condition by being improperly fed. Most farmers think timothy hay is the best, because it commands the highest price in the market. It is not the best for sheep; in fact, Minnesota. I may say that we have very nearly the worst, for the reason that it is constipating in its character regards the productives of the soil, I and the breeding ewe must be kept from becoming constipated. Corn fodder is better, but only because it is loosening in its character. It does not have the proper elements for the proper development of the young lamb. | not get along here and make a good In short, it is too carbonaceous to furnish the proper amount of muscle. Corn is too heating, and most farmers give their ewes too much of it, to the I have got good water on my place injury both of the ewe and the wool. The forage above all things to be desired is good clover or alfalfa hay, and if the farmer has plenty of this his ewes will require comparatively little wanted it, and I think any one else grain. He can feed corn somewhat liberally in cold weather, provided he has the hay to feed with it, and bring the flock up to the critical period of lambing in fine condition. When he feeds corn fodder, the ground being dry, he can very well afford to feed it some distance from the sheds, and thus compel the ewes to take exercise. Plenty of water should always be on hand, with salt, and if these conditions are observed and the ewes not allowed to run through narrow gates so as to endanger abortion, there is no reason why he should not have from 100 to 125 per cent of lambs, and with this per cent he cannot fail to make money. He should have a lamb which at a year old is worth \$4 and at least \$1 worth of wool. He should keep three ewes to the acre, and this will afford him a better profit than he is likely to get from any other department of the farm and with less trouble.

#### For Eggs or Feather.

At a recent convention attended by the writer the question of eggs versus feathers came up. One man gave his experience in breeding Barred Plymouth Rocks. He declared that his finest feathered birds were not doing the amount of laying that birds did that belonged to the same breed but were off feather. Others cited similar cases. He asked if it would be advisable to use these "off birds" for breeding, or whether the standard feathered birds only should be used. It appears to us that it will depend on the purpose for which he wishes to use the birds. If a man is producing eggs for the market, and has no other object in view it would pay him best to breed entirely from the best layers, independent of whether they had some offmarkings or not. It is a little singular that the best marked birds should be poor layers. But this may be due to the fact that the off-marked birds were lighter in weight, possibly due to the fact they had not developed the flesh-forming habit enough to make them conform to the standard. Currants.-Any rich clay loam is good for this fruit; and while the currant will flourish in a rather moist location, yet ground that is naturally dry or properly underdrained will prove best for a term of years, says Colman's Rural World. If well cared for the bushes should produce average crops for fifteen years or more. Set the plants in rows not less than six feet apart each way, so that all cultivation may be done with a horse. Make holes for plants that are two years old at least two feet in diameter. Set them a trifle deeper than they were in the nursery row, pressing the earth firmly about the roots and stalks. Then mulch with straw, coarse manure, or other litter, as that in case of drouth there will be no appreciable cessation of growth. Satsuma Plum .- Mr. Hale writes to Rural New Yorker concerning the Satsuma plum. He says: "The criticisms that have been made by many in relation to the Satsuma plum not fruiting freely, have seemed to apply to that, as the trees of this variety grow older, they are inclined to become very productive, in some cases so much so as to surpass nearly all others. It is a wonderful plum in its keeping and shipping qualities, and nothing can compare with it for canning purposes. I predict that, within a few years, Satsuma will take a much higher place in the opinion of orchardists than at the present time," The Japanese are among the most ingenious gardeners in the world, and their skill has been in no way more strikingly illustrated than in their treatment of a native Japanese fern known as Davolia. They take moss and tie it into any desired shape-balls, rings, ships, etc. This moss is then covered with the roots of Davolia. The roots are about a quarter of an inch in diameter and many feet long. These forms are kept moist and in a short time are covered with pretty green fronds. These plants are very beautiful hung in conservatories, or on poches, and are decidedly picturesque.

#### WINNIPEGOSIS LETTER.

## Austin, Minn., March, 1898.

Winnipegosis, Man., Jan. 23, 1899. Benjamin Davies, Esq., Canadian Government Agent, St. Paul, Minn., Dear Sir:-I have great pleasure in writing you these few lines to let you know how I like my new location and how I have been getting along since I left Southern Minnesota. I like this country well, the climate agrees with me and my family at all seasons, and taken all around it is away ahead of not had one storm yet this winter. As consider it beats Southern Minnesota. I am a practical farmer, but have never seen such vegetables in my life as I have seen raised here. As regards grain of all kinds, I have seen splendid yields, in fact any man who canliving cannot do it anywhere.

We have abundance of wood for fuel, timber for building, and lots of hay. about 24 feet. I have a good class of neighbors around me, and have been well used by everybody. I have been able to get lots of work for myself and team at fair wages, whenever I can do the same. I would not care to return to Minnesota. I am, sir, yours very truly,

DENNIS TWOHEY. (Signed) The government has agents in several of the states, any of whom will be pleased to give you information, as to free homestead lands to those desiring it.

Michael D. Wild has been made secretary of the Baltimore and Ohio South Western Railway, succeeding Edward Bruce, and assistant secretary of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, with headquarters at No. 2 Wall st., New York. For several years Mr. Wild has held a very responsible position with the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad in Baltimore, and the change is a promotion and recognition of his valuable services.

TEALTH and beauty are the glories of perfect womanhood.

Women who suffer constantly with weakness peculiar to their sex cannot retain their beauty. Preservation of

pretty features and rounded form is a duty women owe to themselves. The mark of excessive monthly sufering is a familiar one in the faces of young American women.

Don't wait, young women, until your good looks are gone past recall. Consult Mrs. Pinkham at the outstart. Write to her at Lynn, Mass.



MISS EDNA ELLIS, Higginsport, Ohio, writes: "DEAR MRS. PINKHAM-I am a school teacher and had suffered untold agony during my menstrual periods for ten years. My nervous system was almost a wreck. I suffered with pain in my side and had almost every ill human flesh is

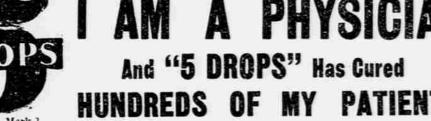
heir to. I had taken treatment from a number of physicians who gave me no relief. In fact one eminent specialist said no medicine could help me. I must submit to an operation. At my mother's request, I wrote to Mrs. Pinkham stating my case in every particular and received a prompt reply. I followed the advice given me and now I suffer no more during menses. If anyone cares to know more about my case, I will cheerfully answer all letters." MISS KATE COOK, 16 Ad-

dison St., Mt. Jackson, Ind., writes: "DEAR MRS. PINKHAM-I am by occupation a school teacher, and for a long while suffered with painful menstruation and nervousness. I have received more benefit from Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound than from all remedies that I have ever tried."



A Ranch that Pastures 120,000 Cattle .- The X. I. T. ranch, in the extreme northwest corner of the Panhandle of Texas, the largest ranch in the world,

There is only one day in a year, that is: today.



well-known Physician and Surgeon of Kearney, Neb. His letter, with others,

Oxford, Chenango Co., N. Y., March 20, 1899.

Oxford, Chenango Co., N. Y., March 30, 1827. Dear Sir:—I thought I would write a statement of my case and how I was when I commenced using your wonderful "5 DROPS." I had Rheumatism so bad I had to give up. My little girl had to comb my hair as I could not move my arms. I could not turn over in bed without my wife's help. Then I got the La Grippe and gave up hope of ever getting well. All the doctors I had did not do me any good. Since I began taking your "5 DROPS" I have been getting better every day and though I could not work for four months I can now do my chores and tend to my stock without any help. "5 DROPS" is the best medicine I ever used or heard of, and I am thankful for what It has done for me. Yours very truly, CHAS. D. KENYON.

Mr. S. H. Preston, of Cuba, Ill., writes us March 16th, 1899.

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**New Playing Rules** Send for Catalogue of Base Ball and Athletic Goods. 31,000. Surprising as it may seem, all A. C. SPALDING & BROS. the work on the ranch is done by 125 Chicago Denver New York men, one man to every 24,000 acres.-February Ladies' Home Journal.

WANTED-Case of bad health that R-I-P-A-N-S will not benefit. Send 5 cents to Ripans Chemical Co., New York, for 10 samples and 1,000 testimonials. grit. They must have it.

Mr. S. H. Freston, of Cuba, HL. writes ds March 1610, 1895. Gentiemen: This is to certify that I have worked at blacksmithing for forty years. Am now sixty-four years of age. Thought I was past work being all broken down with **Kidney Trouble**, Neuralgia, Hay Fever and Asthma. Suffered intensely with pain almost constantly throughout my whole body. Took La Grippe which iaid me up badly. I tried almost all kinds of remedies, but gradually grew worse until I tried '5 DROPS." Used your inhaler also. In three weeks' time I must say after using '5 has an area of five thousand square miles. Its herds of cattle aggregate 120,000 head, beside 1,500 horses, and DROPS" I feel like a new man. Pain all gone, appetite improved wonderfully. I can sleep all right and am gaining strength right along. Am now working every day in my shop. Success to your great pain remedy, "5 DROPS." the calf crop branded in 1897 exceeded

and an gaining strength right along. All now working every day in my hope "Detector point great pain remedy, "5 DROPS." If you have not sufficient confidence after reading these letters to send for a large bottle, send 10 cents for a sample bottle, which contains sufficient medicine to convince you of its merits. This wonderful cura-tive gives almost instant relief and is a permanent cure for Rheumatism. Sciatica, Neuralgia, Dys-pepsia, Backache, Asthma. Hay Fever, Catarrh, Sleeplessness, Nervousness. Nervous and Neuralgic Headaches. Heart Weakness. Toothache, Earache, Croup, "La Grippe," Malaria. Creeping Numbness. Bronchitis and kindred diseases. "FIVE DROPS" is the name and dose. Large bottle (300 doses), 81.00. Six bottles \$5.00. 25 cent comple bottle, prend dynamic and out a Sold only by us and our accents. Agents annothed in

sample bottle, prepaid by mail, 10 cents. Sold only by us and our agents. Agents appointed in Give the young chicks plenty of fine new territory. SWANSON RHEUMATIC CURE CO., 167 DEARBORN ST., CHICAGO, ILL.

a

Scientific American.

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A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest cir-culation of any scientific journal. "Terms, \$1 a year: four months, \$1. Sold by all newsdealers. MUNN & CO. 361Broadway. New York Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

