M'COOK TRIBUNE. F. M. KIMMELL, Publisher,

NEBRASKA McCOOK. . .

NEBRASKA

The money has been raised to build and operate a creamery at Ogalalla.

The St. Paul creamery will be in operation by the middle of the month. Miss Alberta Post, daughter of Judge Post of Columbus, died a few days ago.

It is feared that some of the winter wheat in Gage county is entirely frozen out.

A good deal of property is changing hands in York county all at enhanced prices.

The \$50,000 residence of Hop. George L. Miller, of Omaha, was totally de stroyed by fire.

Three of York's leading churches are holding revivals and a number of conversions are reported.

C. F. Johnson, living near Bertrand, fell from a windmill, receiving injuries that are likely to prove fatal.

The Burlington railroad depot a Newark, the first station east of Kearney, was completely destroyed by fire. Origin unknown.

A large increase in the acreage or sugar beets in Platte county is promised owing to the establishment of the new factory at Ames.

The North Nebraska Teachers' association will be held at Norfolk April 5 to 7. A rate of one and one-third fare has been granted by the railroads. The barn and carpenter shop of

Frank Goras, Columbus, are among the things that were, but are not. Children with matches did the damage.

Triplets, two sons and one daughter, were born at the home of Robert Van Fleet, an employe of the Burlington & Missouri at Plattsmouth. Stand up for Nebraska.

By the accidental discharge of a shotgun in the hands of her husband Mrs. James Blake living near Beaver City, had a leg so badly mangled that amputation was necessary.

John Wright, a well known and prosperous cattleman, living in Sheridan county northeast of Rushville, was arrested on the charge of incest and his preliminary hearing resulted in his being bound over to the district court in the sum of \$2,000.

After a third of a century Alvah Highley has yielded up his postoffice commission at Decatur and retired at a ripe old age. Thirty-three years ago he took charge when Decatur was



Senate.

Prseident pro tem Talbot occupied upon passage was 26 to 4. the chair at the session of the senate on the 6th. Several petitions were received endorsing the pure food bill. H. R. 137, the Pollard revenue bill, was given its first reading.

S. F. 312, 311, 309, 307 and 306 were recommended to pass. They are the tional by the supreme court a considthe badge of insignia of certain orders if not a member.

S. F. 68, 138 and 169 were passed. S. F. 68 repeals section 1 of chapter 58, 1897 statutes.

S. F. 138 repeals sections 39, 40 and 41 of chapter 28.

S. F. 169 repeals section 17 of chapter 86. H. R. 106 and S F 317 were indefi-

nitely postponed. H. R. 106, by Clark, related to the forfeiture of insurance policies upon change of ownership of the property insured. S. F. 317 is one of the numerous in-

surance bills. Other bills cover the ground.

In committe of the whole S. F. 105, the Schaal resolution relating to the "Anglo-American" alliance, received considerable attention. His resolution was as follows:

Be it resolved by the senate and house, That we as representatives of the state of Nebraska, do, in justice to and in defense of the ancestral bequest of liberty we now enjoy ask our congress at Washington not to detract or depreciate the glory of our national freedom by forming any foreign alliance with a nation such as Great Britain, whose only evidence of power is the starvation and robbery of her own subjects and the oppression, plundering and murdering of the weak and unwarlike, who by bribery, betrayal and 189. and invasion unfortunately come in

her power. The substitute reported by the "mining committee" was as follows :

Be it resolved by the senate and house, That we as representatives of the state of Nebraska, do, in justice to

and in defense of the ancestral bequest of liberty we now enjoy, ask our connational freedom by forming an alli- est bidder.

ance, offensive or defensive, with Great Britain or any other foreign nation.

statutes of the legislature. The vote

S. F. 161, by Fowler, is the bill providing for the transfer of the funds collected under the provisions of the 1895 free high school act into the county high school fund. Before the act of 1895 was declared unconstituerable amount of money had been collected under its provisions. This bill places the funds thus raised at the disposal of school boards to carry out the provisions of the new free high school bill that has passed the senate. S. F. 165, by Dunn, provides that road overseers shall see that the weeds are mowed upon the public

highways. S. F. 195, by Prout, reduces the max-

imum interest to be allowed upon bonds voted for school building purposes to 6 per cent instead of 7 per cent as the law now stands.

S. F. 223, by Crow, relates to paving in Omaha.

A call of the house was neessary to get enough votes to pass S. F. 39. which came up on third reading in the afternoon. After considerable delay the absent members were brought in and the bill passed by a vote of 23 to 9. This is the bill introduced 1_ Giffert of Cuming to provide for the organization of "stipulated premium plan" insurance companies in this The friends of this bill say state. that under strict insurance laws solid and substantial insurance companies can be built up in Nebraska, as has been the case in Iowa and other states. Other bills passed during the afternoon were as follows: S. Fs. 197, 61

S. F. 197, by Halderman, provides for the laying of permanent sidewalks sult. in cities of the second class.

S. F. 61, by Fowler, relates to removing state bank receivers by the court upon the request of the state board of banking.

S. F. 189, by Reynolds, relates to the management of school lands, the pringress at Washington not to detract or cipal amendment to the present law depreciate the pride and glory of our relating to leasing lands to the high-

In the senate on the 9th H. R. 118 Farrel of Merrick moved that when was indefinitely postponed. Senator the committee arise it report this sub- Fowler said this bill was useless withstitute resolution for passage. Currie out H. R. 157, which was killed yesterof Custer, as an amendment, moved day. The bills required all city, town, at the resolution be indefinitely precinct and school district of notify the auditor of all payments that to call on election in an irrigation district a majority of the number of acres must be represented on the petition. After the reports of the standing

committees the house went into the committee of the whole, with Prince of Hall in the chair, to consider bills on general file. S. F. 33, by Talbot, another curative

bill, was indefinitely postponed. H. R. 306, by Fisher of Dawes, an act

to amend section 7 of chapter xxvi. of the compiled statutes of 1897, was recommended for indefinite postponement. The bill changed the elections of the county officials, making the term four years instead of two.

In the afternoon the house went into committee of the whole, with Prince of Hall in the chair, to consider the salary appropriation bill. A motion to increase the salary of

the deputy land commissioner from \$1,500 to \$1,600 was defeated. About one-half of the bill having

been considered, Pollard of Cass moved that the bill be recommended for passage as so far amended. This motion was defeated. A motion to reduce the amount al-

lowed the judges of the suprems court for stenographic assistants was defeated.

A motion to increase the salary allowed the bailiffs of the supreme court to \$1,000 each, the same rate as allowed two years ago, was adopted, and a motion to reduce the salary of the supreme court stenographer to \$800 was defeated.

A motion to strike out the salaries of the supreme court commissioners, as well as many other motions, -elating to the supreme court and state library, was defeated.

The bill as prepared by the committee provided for a salary for one secretary of the state board of transportation. Fisher of Dawes moved to amend and allow salaries for three secretaries.

The amendment was defeated and the section providing salary for but one secretary was left unchanged. The committee arose without finishing the bill and the house adjourned.

Four ballots were taken for United States senator, all without definite re-

When the house met on the 7th it went into committee of the whole, with Milbourn in the chair, to consider H. R. 444, the general salary bill.

The item of salaries of teachers and employes of the state normal school was placed in the bill at \$40,000 and the committee increased it to \$41 800. At the Hastings asylum a female physician was added with a salary or \$1.200 per year.

When that part of the bill relating to the State university was reached Easterling of Buffalo moved that the tem of 242,000 for instructors and employes be reduced to \$200,000. The motion was supported by Taylor of Custer and Cunningham of Harlan, who with Easterling made a persistent fight against what they termed an extravagant appropriation. Clark of Lancaster and Pollard of Cass spoke at some length in opposition to the motion, but the amendment was adopted by a vote of 55 to 15. A motion by Wyman of Buffalo, to increase the salary of the physician of the Kearney school from \$600 to \$800, was defeated. A similar motion to increase the salary of the matron at Geneva was defeated. At this point the committee arose. A petition came in favoring the passage of H. R. 451, the food commission bill; also a report from the standing committee placing on general file H. R. 511, the bill appropriating \$8,000 to build a wagon bridge across the Niobrara river between Holt and Boyd counties. After recess, on motion of Milbourn, H. R. 330, 363 and 501 were made a special order for tomorrow afternoon. Of these bills, 330 appropriates \$50,000 for two normal schools, the location of which is to be left to the selection of the state normal board; H. R. 363 is by Myers, being a general amendment of the school laws; H. R. 501 is the general appropriation bill.

alty for its violation, was recommended to pass. H. R. 89, by Weaver of Richardson,

curative act, was indefinitely postponed. S. F. 65, by Prout of Gage, a curative

act, was indefinitely postponed. S. F. 72, by Talbot of Lancaster, a curative act, was indefinitely postponed.

S. F. 52, by Talbot of Lancaster, a curative act, was indefinitely postponed.

H .R. 308, by Wilcox of Lincoln, an act to prohibit the selling of beef and veal carcasses without exhibiting the hides to the purchaser and providing for the preserving of said hides for inspection of any person on demand, and providing penalties for the violation thereof, was recommitted back to the standing committee.

The special committee appointed to confer with the like committee of the senate reported in favor of an adjournment from Thursday until Tuesday at 11 o'clock.

The report was not adopted, the members showing a disposition to put in every day.

The house had a protracted squabble over the question of adjournment and half a dozen motions were made. Finally a motion by Prince was adopted which provided when adjournment is taken next Friday it be till the following Tuesday.

In the house on the 9th the standing committees reported to the general file H. R. 336, 374, 410, 533, 543, 516, 557, 577, 581, 585, 592, 594, 598, 604, 605. 610, 613, 406, 135, 587, 483, 557. 597, 540, 541, 349, 553, 547, 548, 434. 417, 561, 550 and S. F. 15, 120, 133, 136, 87, 20, 100 and 132. S. F. 103 was ordered engrossed for a third reading. The following bills were indefinite ly postponed: H. R. 547, 512, 555, 395, 549, 208, 616, 226, 440, 451, 463, 427, 476, 569, 529, 552, and S. F. 86 and 101. These reports added forty-three ad-

ditional bills to the general file running the full number up to 251 that must be considered or otherwise disposed of.

After recess the house took up bills on third reading and passed the following:

H. R. 20, the bill by Mann of Saline, requiring mortgage companies to maintain agencies within the state to whom payments might be made; H. R. 264, the bill appropriating \$35,000 for an addition to the state normal school at Peru.

S. F. 103, by Steele of Jenerson, an act to amend section 16 and section 19 of chapter vii of the compiled statutes of 1897 was passed by a vote of 78 to 1. The bill requires county attorney to follow the case where change of venue is taken and provides for payment of expenses.

"Out of Sight Out of Mind."

In other months we forget the harsh winds of Spring. But they have their use, as some say, to blow out the bad air accumulated after Winter storms and Spring thaws. There is far more important accumulation of badness in the veins and arteries of humanity, which needs Hood's Sarsaparilla.

This great Spring Medicine clarifies the blood as nothing else can. It cures scrofula, kidney disease, liver troubles, rheumatism and kindred ailments. Thus it gives perfect health, strength and appetite for months to come.

Kidneys - "My kidneys troubled me, and on advice took Hood's Sarsaparilla which gave prompt relief, better appetite. My sleep is refreshing. It cured my wife also." MICHAEL BOYLE, 3473 Denny Street, Pittsburg, Pa.

Dyspepsia - " Complicated with liver and kidney trouble, I suffered for years with dyspepsia, with severe pains. Hood's Sarsaparilla made me strong and hearty." J. B. EMERTON, Main Street, Auburn, Me.

Hip Disease-"Five running sores on my hip caused me to use crutches. Was confined to bed every winter. Hood's Sarsaparilla saved my life, as it cured me perfectly. Am strong and well." ANNE ROBERT, 49 Fourth St., Fall River, Mass.



Hood's Pills cure liver ills, the non-irritating and the only cathartic to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

He-So you visited Pompeii? She-Oh, yes. He-How did you like it? She-Well, I must say I was awfully disappointed in the place. Of course it was beautifully located and all that, but it was dreadfully out of repair .--Tib-Bits.

A coroner's jury in a gural district of Georgia returned the following verdict: "That the deceased can e to his death by tryin' to light his pipe with an electric light, which can't be done successfully."

MRS. COOPER.

The Most Famous Sculptress in the World, Entirely Cured by Pe-ru-na.

promising town of Nebraska. March 1 he stepped out by his own desire.

The spring opens in Chase county with a splendid rain, which in addition to the moisture from the heavy snows of January and February, places the ground in splendid condition for farming. There has been more snow on the ground this winter than any winter since 1891.

The four-year-old boy of Mr. and Mrs. Bert Silver, who live near Holdrege, was terribly burned while left alone for a few minutes at the home of his grandparents. The child set fire to some paper, from which its caught. His death occured soon after clothes caught. His death occurrred was overruled. The resolution was insoon after the accident.

Hugo school of Columbus has just completed a perfect model of the Union Pacific "700" engines in wood. The engine is forty inches long and fifteen high; drive wheels seven mcnes; driving rod ten inches; and cylinders three by one and one half inches. The model works smoothly and is attracting much attention.

A Washington dispatch says that Brad D. Slaughter of Lincoln will receive one of the thirty assignments as paymasters, authorized under the army reorganization act. The pay is \$2,500 a year, with allowances for travel and dwelling, besides an accountant and other benefits. The appointment was asked for by Senator Thurston.

Fire destroyed the residence and contents of A. F. Nelson at Tecumseh. The explosion of a gasoline stove caused the fire and but for the timely action of a neighbor Mrs. Nelson would have lost her life. The explosion caused her such a shock that she fainted in the burning building. Building and household goods were value dat \$900; insurance, \$400.

Appropriate services were held in the Baptist church at York to the memory at Privates George M. Andrews and Edward D. Day, both of Company A. First Nebraska volunteers, who died at Manila, from wounds received in an engagement with the Filipinos. Addresses were made by all of the ministers of the city, and also by Dr. J. B. Farley on behalf of the G. A. R., who attended the meeting in a body.

Washington dispatch: Frank M. Hultman of Omaha has been appointed school clerk at the La Pointe agency, Wisconsin, at \$720 per annum. Harry Lucas of Wisconsin has been appointed engineer and electrician in per annum. James O. Hoggsett, Augustus L. Wilheit and D. W. Corkins positors in the government printing office.

chased his master several times around the house and when he ran upon the porch at the residence of J. E. Cobbey the children ran out to see the fun. from a fate worse than that. In an instant the two dogs were struggling

postponed. Newell of Cass offered the following made on bonds and coupons so that substitute:

Farrell made the point of order that

the substitute was not germane, but

In the senate on the 7th S. F. 281,

Barry's miltary reorganization bill.

ate: S. F.'s 203 110, 89, 170 and 22.

of city marshal and attorney to the

elective list in cities of the second

S. F. 110, by Noyes, relates to the

creation of new school districts. It

provides for the consolidation of two

or more districts upon petition of one-

S. F. 89. by Noyes, allows school dis-

trict boards until the third Monday in

July to report to the county superin-

tendent the amount of taxes levied by

S. F. 170, by Fowler, amends section

189 of the civil code to conform with

recent court decisions. It relates to

S. F. 2, by Noyes, provides that

county commissioners shall be elected

by a vote of the entire county in coun-

ties having over 70,000 inhabitants.

The bill relates especially to the elec-

tion of commissioners in Douglas

county. The fusionists voted solidly

against the bill. Ia was passed by a

S. F. 127, the amendment to the Lia-

coln charter pertaining to paving, was

recommitted. The bill was amended

objections being filed to surety under-

third of the legal voters.

them for the current year

S. F. 203, by Newell, adds the offices

the American people.

definitely postponed.

10

class.

takings.

vote of 20 to 10.

he could keep an accurate record of Resolved by the senate and nouse of the same. The auditor was also rerepresentatives of the state of Nebras- quired each year to notify all such offika That we have the utmost confi- cers of the bonds falling due the curdence in the patriotism and ability of rent year so that they might levy a President McKinley and his cabinet, in | tax to meet the same.

our senators and representatives in S.F. 177, by Farrell, requiring the net congress and believe they will act quantity contained in any box, cask. wisely; that we will leave the matter keg, barrel, etc., to be stamped on of a foreign alliance with them to dis- the package, and providing penalties pose of as in their judgment they for failure to do so or to misrepresent think will be for the best interest of the quantity, was recommended for passage.

S. F. 202, by Rocke, was recommended to pass. This bill seeks to remove the 3 per cent minimum limit that county treasurers may receive from the banks for use of the county's money. It provides that interest may be paid upon deposits in such amount by Prout, to provide medals for all as the treasurer and bank may agree members of the three Nebraska volun- upon subject to the county board. In teer regiments and Troop K of the support of his bill Mr. Rocke said it cavalry, was reported upon favorably was impossible for the county treasby the committee. This is General urers to get any interest upon county funds, as the banks would not pay 3

The following bills passed the sen- per cent. S. F. 239, by Allen, was indefinitely postponed, although he made a hard fight to have his bill favorably received. The bill sought to amend the law relating to the normal school to permit the school to issue the same kind of certificates to graduates of the kindegarten course as other couress, and included the giving of life certificates to teach. Mr. Allen said this bill was unanimously endorsed by the State Teachers' association and he believed the senate should heed their desires upon educational matters. Senator Currie opposed giving life certificates to teach. He believed the best interests of education demanded frequent examinations of teachers.

Van Dusen of Douglas made an 'omnibus" motion that S. Fs. 153, 163, 164, 167, 177, 179, 180, 181, 182 and 207 be recommended to pass under suspension of the rules. He explained that he had examined all these bills carefully and that they were curative meas-

ures. His motion prevailed. S. F. 139 was indefinitely postponed upon motion of its introducer, Senator Prout. He had discovered that the bill would repeal a section relating to volunteer fire companies, which he believed ought not to be repealed.

Before taking the noon recess the committee on public lands and build-

Senator Allen endeavored to amend

The senate adjourned at 4 o'clock

on the 7th reported as follows:

The house went into committee of the whole to consider H. R. 444. Rouse of Hall was in the chair.

A motion was made to strike out the item providing for the salary of the steward of the Institute for the Feeble-Minded at Beatrice. 1t was explained that this was at the request of the superintendent of the institution. The idea was to make provision in the general appropriation bill of all the salaries of employes, leaving same be agreed to by three-fifths of the selection of the employes to the superintendent.

Some of the members spoke against this amendment. They were in favor of keeping the appointing power in the hands of the governor or the state board. The motion was defeated. An addition was made to the bill

by providing for a matron at the Geneva institution at \$600 per year. The salary of the surgeon at the Milford Soldiers' home was raised from

\$300 to \$400. Wright of Nuckolls moved that the item of \$400 per year for a matron of the home be strichen

a bill to appropriate \$35,000 to build a chaper and library building combined for the normal school at Peru, was recommended to pass.

H. R. 270, by Wilcox of Lincoln, a bill to permit cities to appeal from judgment without giving bond, was passed by a vote of 75 to 1.

H. R. 168, by Fisher of Dawes, an act to require public officers having charge of public funds to publish aunual financial statement, was defeated by a vote of 25 to 50.

H. R. 240, by Detweiler of Douglas. an act to amend section 21 of subdivision 17, chapter lxxix, of the compiled statutes of 1897, relating to schools, was passed by a vote of 68 to 4.

H. R. 155, by Wilcox of Lincoln, an act to amend section 19 and section 24, chapter vciii, article 3, of the compiled statutes of 1897, was passed by a vote of 74 to 4.

H. R. 109, by Flynn of Douglas, provided for a board of arbitration to settle and grievance or disputes of any nature that may arise between any employe and his employer. A call of the house was ordered, but the bill was lost by a vote of 39 to 33.

At this time, with the unanimous consent of the house, Houck's motion that the committee on public lands and buildings visit the differet state institutions during the vacation was laid on the table.

At 5 o'clock the house adjourned till Tuesday at 11 o'clock.

LEGISLATIVE NOTES,

Among the measures that are reaching the top of the file is the concurrent resolution of Senator Crow, which provides for submitting to the people at the next general election the following amendment to our state constitution: Section 1. Either branch of the legislature may propose amendments to this constitution and if the the members elected to each house such proposed amendment shall be

entered on the journales with the yeas and nays and published at least once each week in at least one newspaper in each county where a newspaper is published for three months immediately preceding the next general state election, at which election the same shall be submitted to the electors for approval or rejection. If a two-thirds majority of electors voting at such elections for or against the same adopt such amendments, the same shall become a part of the constitution. When ted at the same election they shall be to vote on each amendment sep-

There was a meeting of the deficiering house roll No. 267, the bill pro-067.45 to pay the two beet sugar factories the amount of bounty claimed by them for sugar made from beets in 1895 and January, 1896. R. B. Schneider, chairman of the republican state central committee, appeared bebill with the recommendation that it be passed was voted down in the committee, and the matter was dropped for the time. The bill thus remains in the hands of the standing commit-

Mrs. M. C. Cooper of the Royal Acad emy of Arts, London, England, is undoubtedly one of the greatest living sculptors. She has modeled busts of half the nobility of England, and is now in Washington making busts of distinguished Americans. Mrs. Cooper has just completed a bust of Mrs. Belva Lockwood, which is now in the



Mrs. M. C. Cooper.

Corcoran Art Gallery. Ruskin, the great artist, placed Mrs. Cooper as one of the greatest sculptors and painters of this century. Mrs. Cooper is an ardent friend of Pe-ru-na and in a letter dated January 26, written from Washington, says the following: "I take pleasure in recommending Pe-ru-na for catarrh and la grippe. I have suffered for months and after the use of one bottle of Pe-ru-na am entirely well."-Mrs. M. C. Cooper.

Send for a free book on catarrh entitled "Health and Beauty." This book is written especially for women, and will be found to be of great value to every woman. Address Dr. Hartman, Columbus, O.

Don't put your left stocking or shoe on first when dressing in the moraing or you will put your foot in it some way during the day.

