

M'COOK TRIBUNE.

F. M. KIMMEL, Publisher.

McCook, NEBRASKA

NEBRASKA.

A GREAT religious revival is in progress at Fifth.

DR. REYNOLDS of Trenton has been arrested charged with bigamy.

A POSTMASTER fight is on at Fairmont, there being two candidates.

THE Union Pacific is arranging for Sunday excursions into Omaha.

THIRTY-FIVE thousand bushels of corn were shipped from Syracuse last week.

HARVEY W. KENNARD of Polk county has answered to the call of the Great Commander.

THE Grand Island creamery turned out 48,000 pounds of butter during the month of July.

MRS. JESSIE W. PHILLIPS, the new postmistress at Table Rock, has entered upon her duties.

STOCK has been subscribed among the business men and farmers for a \$4,000 creamery at Tilden.

GRACE and Jettie Key, two incorrigible girls of Tecumseh, have been sent to the Kearney reformatory.

UNION PACIFIC pioneers picniced this year at Grand Island. It required fourteen coaches to accommodate the crowd.

INTEREST is again revived in the gold diggings about Crete. Stay away from Alaska and stand up for Nebraska.

THE Burt county fair will be held October 6, 7 and 8. Preparations are being made for a big agricultural display this year.

DRS. G. W. LAMBLEY and A. J. LAWS have been appointed members of the board of pension examining surgeons at Long Pine, Neb.

THE ten days' Methodist camp meeting at Clarks was largely attended. It is proposed hereafter to make the meetings permanent.

THE real estate men about Norfolk report that they are receiving many inquiries for farms from persons who are anxious to purchase.

THE bodies of the two little children swept over the dam at Crete were recovered after long search. One was found in thirty feet of water.

IT is estimated that 100 entries of public lands in the North Platte district, which have been abandoned, will soon be thrown open for re-entry.

J. R. PIERSON of Geneva, 20 years old, while attempting to break a vicious horse, was thrown off, breaking two ribs and seriously injuring his spine.

THE bicycle event to be held in Beatrice September 2 promises to be one of the biggest and best ever held in the state. Nearly \$400 will be hung up in prizes.

A YOUNG man who says his name is McDermott, is in jail at Seward on the charge of horse stealing. He was captured at Osceola by the sheriff of Polk county.

FRANK CANTON, who has been appointed United States marshal for Alaska, was for a number of years in the employ of P. B. Weaver at the Nebraska City packing company's plant.

HUGH BARNHART, 16 years old, son of D. A. Barnhart of Sidney, fell from a horse, striking the ground in such a way as to throw his left arm out of joint at the elbow and breaking the bone just above.

STATE TREASURER MESERVE has called in \$10,000 of university fund warrants to be presented August 25. This call brings in the warrants drawn against this fund which are outstanding more than two months.

A YOUNG colored man named Briley, whose home is in Hastings, in trying to board a train at Fremont, fell and had his right hand badly mashed under the wheels. Amputation will doubtless have to be performed.

JOHN STAPLETON, a carpenter employed by the Dulles plover company of Nebraska City, while working with a machine saw, had his right hand so badly lacerated that amputation may be necessary. His thumb and three fingers were entirely severed.

THE residence portion of the county jail at Red Cloud was entered by cutting away the screen over the door. The other door was opened with skeleton keys from the outside by some unknown persons. The keys to the cells were secured and several prisoners released.

ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF WAR MICKLEJOHN has made an order for the examination of J. B. Erion of Omaha for the position of superintendent of a national cemetery. Mr. Erion is well backed for the place and the possibility is that he will be appointed if he passes the prescribed examination.

THE mortgage record of Cass county and the city of Plattsmouth for July, 1896, and July, 1897, is as follows: In 1896, filed, \$41,531; released, \$39,787; Plattsmouth, filed, \$4,527; released, \$1,863. July, 1897, filed, \$12,538; released, \$26,037; Plattsmouth, filed, \$3,201; released, \$6,884. The showing for August will be still better.

THE extensions to the water works system at the beet sugar factory in Grand Island have been completed and the factory will be ready in a few days for the coming campaign. It is expected that work will begin on syrups about the first of September. Active work in the factory will this year very likely continue into January. The beet crop will not only be a large one as to tonnage, but an excellent one as to quality.

THE fireman's house at the water works in Norfolk had been insured just nineteen hours when it caught fire and was partly consumed. The loss of \$55 was adjusted ere before the agent had received the warrant for the premium.

WILL T. BRITTON has been commissioned postmaster at Bloomington, Neb., and Eli P. Farnam at Central City, S. D.

THE state bank of O'Neill has gone into voluntary liquidation. The capital stock of the concern is \$13,000, and the deposits of all classes amounted, according to the last statement, to about \$43,000.

SHAW IS NOMINATED.

NAMED FOR GOVERNOR BY IOWA REPUBLICANS.

Result Reached on the Fourth Ballot—Nomination is Made Unanimous Amid Much Enthusiasm—Completion of the Ticket—What the Platform Sets Forth.

Iowa Republican State Convention. For Governor—L. M. Shaw of Crawford county. For Lieutenant Governor—J. W. Millman of Harrison county. For Supreme Judge—C. E. Waterman of Sioux county. For Railroad Comptroller—C. L. Davidson of Sioux county.

For Superintendent of Instruction—H. H. Barrett of Mitchell county. The Iowa republican state convention at Cedar Rapids was largely attended. The gathering was called to order by Hon. John McMillan, chairman of the state central committee, who, after reading the call which brought the convention together, introduced Rev. John Barelay of Cedar Rapids, who invoked divine blessing. He thanked God for the evidences of returning prosperity and prayed that Cuba might be free. Hon. Charles M. Harl of Council Bluffs was then introduced as temporary chairman and made an address. This was followed by adjournment until 2 p. m.

Upon the reconvening the report of the committee on permanent organization, naming Major Samuel Mahon of Wapello county for permanent chairman and W. S. Kenworthy of Mahaska county for secretary, was adopted. The committee also announced that all nominations would be made by a call of districts and that no nominating speeches would be permitted. Chairman Mahon thanked the convention for the honor of his election and attempted to make a speech. After talking about four minutes the convention compelled him to desist, all being anxious for the fray.

The convention at once proceeded to the nomination of a candidate for governor. Seven candidates were placed in the field. On the fourth ballot, L. M. Shaw of Crawford county was nominated, receiving 752 votes. The ticket was completed as above given.



HON. L. M. SHAW.

Leslie M. Shaw, of Dennison, the nominee for governor, was born in Vermont. He came to Iowa in 1869, when he was but 21 years old. For a time he worked on a farm and by industry, perseverance and self-denial he worked his way through Cornell college at Mt. Vernon. Then he went to the Iowa College of Law and graduated in 1876. Immediately after he located at Dennison, where he now resides. He built up one of the best law practices in the state. In addition to his lucrative law practice he has banking interests in two towns in his county. Up to the present time he has never been an aspirant for public office, but has several times taken the stump in the more important political campaigns.

Chairman Harl, in his address before referred to, among other things said:

The commanding position of Iowa republicans imposes upon us a duty and responsibility far higher than that of merely selecting incumbents of the offices to be filled at the election next November. As trustees of the republican party of Iowa, we are charged with the duty of so conducting our deliberations that we shall strengthen the hands of the administration, encourage the hope and inspire the faith of all friends of good government and make success a certainty. A weakening in our position, faltering in our declarations, or lessening our majorities would be taken by friend and foe alike as an indication that the people were reconsidering the verdict of 1896. It would discourage the friends of honest money and good government and encourage to renewed assaults those who, however honest and sincere, are, through the measures they advocate, the enemies of everything in the way of national policy to which the republican party stands committed and by reason of which it has been entrusted with power. In the light of such responsibilities this convention has met to declare anew the principles and nominate the candidate of the party. In view of the history of Iowa republicanism there can be no question but that it will faithfully discharge the trust thus committed to its hands.

We have secured an administration which is identically republican, and, therefore, ideally American. A president who conducts himself with both dignity and the freedom which ought to characterize the chief official representative of a great and free people. Through unity of action and purpose, splendid results have been attained. Through unity of action and purpose alone can they be preserved. By that means and that alone can the principles of honest money and protection alike of American labor, institutions and citizenship be imbedded in the legislative policy of the nation. The battle of 1900 will be, as to the questions, the culmination of the conflict between wisdom and folly, and by courage, steadfastness and unity, the struggle for these great principles will be practically won and the golden doors of the twentieth century shall swing open for our waiting feet.

THE PLATFORM.

The report of the committee on resolutions was adopted without a dissent-

ing vote. The financial plank in full is as follows:

The republican party of Iowa reaffirms and adopts in every part the declaration of principles announced by the republican national convention of 1896, and it pledges for Iowa that the election in November next shall be a still more emphatic show of strength and justice of republican doctrines. It again especially declares for protection and honest money.

The platform declares that the republicans of Iowa view with the utmost satisfaction the result of the campaign of last year, and congratulate the whole people upon the election of William McKinley. It highly commends his wisdom and energy in directing the whole force of the administration toward an early and complete fulfillment of all the promises made. It lauds congress for its prompt action on the tariff, and refers with gratification to the part taken by Iowa senators and representatives in this legislation. It demands rigid economy in all government expenditures, to the end that the burdens of the people may be lessened, and insists that all individuals and corporations shall be so taxed that they shall not escape a fair and proportionate share of the support of the government. It declares that selfishness should be rebuked, avarice and the power of combination restrained, in order that all may have equal opportunities of advancement. It invokes the birth and history of the party as a guaranty of the pledge that it means only to do justice. The administration of Governor Drake is endorsed and the farmers are congratulated upon the selection of James Wilson as secretary of agriculture.

The platform closes with the following paragraph:

"We believe in the justice of those laws heretofore enacted by the republican legislatures securing to employees of railways the right of indemnity for personal injuries not resulting from negligence, and we favor such legislation as may be found necessary to perfect such right and prevent its impairment or nullification in letter or spirit."

Four Years Getting Wood.

Robert Winn, an old and eccentric character, died at his home on Hargis creek, this county, recently. "Uncle Bob," as he was familiarly called, lived to bury two wives, and, not wishing to slight either, on his dying bed he asked that his remains be buried by the side of his faithful old dog that had but a few days preceded him. The request was complied with. The death of "Uncle Bob" recalls an incident in his life that is decidedly out of the ordinary. During the opening scenes of the civil war "Uncle Bob" was anxious to join the confederate army. His wife was opposed to his doing so and used every argument and effort within her power to prevent it. One cold winter morning, after "Uncle Bob" had abandoned the idea, as Mrs. Winn supposed, of joining the army, she asked "Uncle Bob" to go to the woodyard and gather some wood with which to rekindle the fire. "Uncle Bob" started, but instead of "gathering wood" he walked to Mississippi and joined the army and for four long years fought for the cause of the confederacy. At the close of the war he returned to the home he had suddenly deserted. Entering by way of the woodyard, he gathered up an armful of wood and entering the room he found his faithful wife who had continued to remain at the old home. Walking up to the fireplace he carelessly threw down his armful of wood and looking into the face of his now dumfounded wife, he coolly remarked: "Here's your wood," after which he proceeded to make himself at home, as of yore.—Louisville Post.

It Saved Repetition.

It was on the 5 o'clock accommodation on the Boston & Maine. He was a green brakeman—greener than grass at this time of the year—and it was his first run over the road. At Somerville he woke old Sprettegrew out of his every afternoon nap by announcing "Chelsea!" and a little later, when they stopped at East Everett, he paralyzed old lady Pettijohn by proclaiming "Pride Crossing!" But the climax was reached when the train arrived at Lynn. When the veteran brake-twister on the front platform threw open the door with a bang and with a familiarly born of long experience rattled off: "Lynn, Lynn! Change cars for East Lynn, Swampscott, Phillips Beach, Beach Bluff, Clifton, Devreux and Marblehead! Lynn, Lynn!" the brilliant idiot on the rear platform poked his head in the other door and shouted: "Same here!"—Harper's Drawer.

The Knife as a Weapon.

The knife is a historic weapon in France. Henry III. and Henry IV. were killed with one; Louis XV. was wounded by a knife in the hands of Damiens in 1775, and it was with the knife that the duke of Berry, an heir presumptive to the French throne, was murdered by Louvel in 1820. Thus in using a knife against Carnot the anarchist assassin followed a long line of precedents set by regicides in France.—Exchange.

An Old Ever.

Northampton county, Va., has the unbroken record of its court from 1632 to the present time. This is believed to be the oldest complete court record in the United States. These are kept in the attic of the old court house on court papers bearing date before the settlement of Jamestown, and relating to the plans of the London company looking to that settlement.

Applied Christianity.

The one great need of our times is applied to Christianity. It is one that goes ahead of all others, and upon it depends the solution of three great problems of the world, limitation and distribution of wealth, suffrage and education.—Rev. G. P. Sewell.

Boarding Houses.

The meanest place on earth, outside of jail, in which to bring up one's children, is the average boarding house. There is in nearly every one a group of gossips who pry into everybody's business.—Rev. V. D. Talmage.

IS OVER ONE DOLLAR

WHEAT SELLS ABOVE ONE HUNDRED CENTS.

An Advance of Over Five Cents in the Chicago Market—At All Western Markets Wheat Sold for \$1 and Over—"High Rollers" Have a Big Game.

Wheat Continues to Advance.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Aug. 23.—Wheat sold at \$1 and at \$1.01 in the Kansas City market to-day. The Chicago September price reached \$1, and dollar wheat is now a realized dream in all the Western markets.

The dollar price was paid here for the soft variety. There was demand for all that was offered at that price. The No. 2 Kansas hard wheat, which makes up the bulk of Kansas City's supply, sold at 95 cents. The receipts were large and all classes of buyers wanted wheat. Some fortunate buyers made their purchases at 94 cents, before the final advance occurred.

The excitement in the wheat market leaped over into corn and oats to-day. Corn in Chicago advanced nearly 3 cents, September selling at 32 cents, against 31½ cents at the close yesterday. Prices of oats advanced nearly 2 cents.

The wheat market to-day was even more exciting than that of yesterday. The opening in Chicago was around 98 cents for September wheat. There was a momentary set-back to 96½ cents, but the price very quickly started up again. It struck 99 cents and rebounded to 98 cents several times. Toward the close it went above 99 cents with a rush, sold at \$1 once and closed at 99½ cents, making an advance of 6½ cents since the regular close yesterday.

So great was the uncertainty respecting possible happenings next week that "calls" for Monday sold at \$1.12 to \$1.14 and "puts" at 9½ cents to 93 cents—the farthest apart that they ever sold within the recollection of anybody. September wheat sold as low as 96½ cents and as high as \$1. The December price did not keep far behind. The trade was limited largely to the "high rollers." The ordinary scalper stood no chance at all.

Nearly all the European markets went up about as much as American prices advanced yesterday. The difference in time makes it impossible for foreign markets to keep on a parity with American on such advances as today's for the foreign markets are closed for the day very soon after trading begins in this country.

The exports of wheat this week were over 3,000,000 bushels. They are expected to be more than that next week. The movement out of the country is so large that no wheat is accumulating anywhere in the United States, and it is expected that the visible supply statement Monday will show a decrease of a million bushels.

Small traders stand no chance at all in such a market. It is entirely an affair of dealers who can afford to take great risks. Consequently there was very little miscellaneous speculative trading.

TRADE REVIEW.

Dun Reports That Business is Better Than for Years Past.

NEW YORK, Aug. 23.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review says:

"Not for five years have the telegraphic reports of the various cities in all parts of the country been so encouraging or shown so uniform improvement as this week. The markets are called 'crazy' by some, but fairly represent the people, whose confidence in the future is strong and increasing. Nothing appears to check it. Rumors of injury to the crops are not sufficiently supported to have much influence. The one temporary hindrance is the strike of bituminous coal miners, which interferes little with industries yet, and seems likely to terminate within a week.

"The greatest gain has been for agricultural sections. Corn has advanced a little in price, but is moving very largely, so that the last year's surplus may soon be marketed, unless the new crop turns out better than many now expect. Cotton declined an eighth because of an estimate promising the largest crop ever grown, but the dry goods market is decidedly improving, and some of the large mills, after a few weeks of suspension, have resumed work. Other farm products are doing well also. Wheat has advanced about 1½c for the week on actual transactions, with heavy purchases for export. The official estimate of yield is entirely disregarded, except as an admission that the crop will be larger than that of last year, and it is commonly assumed that the yield will be 550,000,000 bushels or more, though recent reports of injury, indicating the possibility of a somewhat smaller outcome, have helped the advance in prices.

Aeronaut Falls to His Death.

CHICAGO, Aug. 23.—Aeronaut Walter Allard fell 200 feet from his balloon to the earth at Electric park last night. The balloonist became entangled in a guy rope, was dragged from the parachute trapeze and fell to his death in the presence of several hundred persons. Every bone in his body was broken.

Angust Frost in Michigan.

DETROIT, Mich., Aug. 23.—All the cold weather records in the state were broken by the frosts of the past twenty-four hours. At Niles there was a frost, and the mercury registered 46 degrees. Oden, Washington county, also had a frost. Jackson county farmers fear that the buckwheat and beans on the low lands have been injured. In Mettammora the early risers found ice in the cabbage fields, and frost as far as they could see it. Like reports come from many of the lower peninsula counties.

COURTS HOTLY ATTACKED

Strike Leaders Issue a Bitter Appeal to Unions.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Aug. 2.—The national executive board of the United Mine Workers, which held a two days session here rejected the proposition to arbitrate the wages dispute in that district alone, but declared in favor of interstate arbitration. It was voted to continue aggressive work in all fields where mines are still open.

The following call for a general conference of leaders of all national labor unions at St. Louis August 30, with the avowed object of a general sympathy strike, endorsed by Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, and J. R. Sovereign, general master workman of the Knights of Labor, was issued:

"The great miners' strike has gone beyond a struggle for living wages. A crisis in the affairs of the nation has arrived, in which all patriotic people must determine whether they will accept and consent to live under the rule of an oligarchy of wealth or whether the institutions of free government, the rights of free speech and peaceable public assemblage are to be preserved.

"The tyrannical and un-American injunctions of the federal and state courts are revolutionary against the first principles of free government, and derogatory to the inherent rights of the masses, endangering the public peace and destroying the personal society and individual liberties of the common people.

"The courts have desecrated the temple of justice, and now stand for the defiant bulwark of confederated capital. Their arbitrary rulings have set up one standard of rights for the rich and another for the poor. They decree that capital is always right and labor is always wrong. They have made it unlawful for starving working people to appeal against tyrannical treatment, present grievances or propose just and peaceable terms for the redress of insufferable wrongs.

"The judiciary has assumed the indefensible claims of the operators, and the struggle is between tyrannical courts and the whole people. The courts, although under oath to serve the rich and poor alike, have volunteered to defend the sordid interests of the rich as against the God-given rights of the poor, and now threaten to turn the Gatling guns and the Winchester of criminals and thugs against all who dare to protest against their despicable restraining orders. The judiciary, prostituted to the bidding of oppressive capital, has placed the rights of property above the rights of persons, and has discriminated against the many in the interest of the few.

"And to the end that a just and equitable settlement of the differences between employers and employed may be effected, the public peace, the liberty of the masses, the sacred institutions of free government be preserved and the courts stopped from these outrageous perversions of constitutional rights, we appeal to that higher, more humane and patriotic court—the great people—who in times of trouble have always proven the just arbiters of differences between diversified interests and contending elements in the government of human society. We appeal to the liberty loving people of this great nation to send accredited delegates to St. Louis, Mo., where a mass convention will be held Monday, August 30, 1897. The object of the convention will not be merely to protest against the usurpation and tyranny of the courts, but to formulate plans to compel a return to the principles of free government and put said plans into practical operation."

MASS MEETING CALLED.

Kansas Miners Disturbed by Refusal of Some Operators to Sign Agreement.

WEIR CITY, Kan., Aug. 23.—Some of the largest coal companies operating here have refused to sign the agreement reached at the joint meeting in Pittsburg, and a miners' mass meeting will be held here Sunday afternoon to consider the advisability of a strike if they do not sign.

Married Secretly for Months.

LIBERTY, Mo., Aug. 23.—Logan Woodson, son of Colonel W. H. Woodson, prosecuting attorney of Clay county, and Miss Nellie Camron, daughter of Perry T. Camron, farmer, were married in Kansas City, Kan., January 29 by Judge Herr of the probate court but decided to keep the matter quiet, as their parents objected to the union. Their parents have forgiven them and they are at the bride's home. Camron had forbidden Woodson to come to his home two years before the marriage, but the young couple would meet in town. After their marriage they would only meet as before.

To the Klondike by Rail.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 23.—A special correspondent of the Bulletin, writing from Juneau, Alaska, under date of August 11, says that railroad communication between Juneau and Dawson will be one of the things of the near future. Next spring 5,000 men will be at work and the road will probably be completed before next fall.

Iron Workers Made Happy.

MCKEESPORT, Pa., Aug. 21.—The 3,000 employees of the National Rolling Mill company at this place received notice at noon to-day of a 10 per cent advance in their wages, to take effect September 1.

Pacificos Dying by Hundreds.

LONDON, Aug. 23.—The correspondent of the Daily Chronicle, in a letter from Cuba, tells of further cruelty and distress in that island. He says the pacificos are dying by the hundreds, "their bodies tainting the air close to a Spanish fort."

SULLIVAN FOR MAYOR.

The Ex-Fugitive Will Run Independent to Try to Beat Mayor Quincy.

BOSTON, Aug. 21.—John L. Sullivan will run as an independent candidate for mayor in the fall, with the avowed intention, if not himself elected, of defeating Mayor Josiah Quincy, who will be the regular Democratic candidate for re-election. This was because Mayor Quincy refused to shake hands with Sullivan at Ten Eyck's reception in Faneuil hall.

Hungary's Wheat Crop Light.

BUDA PEST, Aug. 21.—The official report of the recent floods in Hungary shows the most widespread and serious damage to crops, which this year are among the poorest on record within a decade. The total wheat yield is estimated at 24,470,000 metric hundredweight, a very large part of which is of inferior quality.

Choked to Death by a Cork.

OTTAWA, Kan., Aug. 21.—Lenora Pearce, the 8-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George Pearce of this city, died at about 11 o'clock yesterday as a result of strangling from swallowing a cork. While playing with some other children, she drew the cork into her windpipe and died in a few moments.

Another Klondike Steamer.

VICTORIA, B. C., Aug. 21.—The steamer City of Kingston left yesterday afternoon for Dyea and Skagway with another large contingent of Klondikers. She had as much freight aboard as she could comfortably carry and she was crowded with miners.

Files Claim for \$200,000.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 21.—Lewis Jerome Edward Blanc, an American citizen, has filed with the state department a claim against the government of Ecuador for \$200,000 for false imprisonment and ill treatment over twenty years ago.

Curious Inventions.



Amongst the old patents which have become public property may be found an inexhaustible fund of novel ideas. Above, for instance, are shown two curious gravity escapements found in two expired patents, which may be of interest to those handling machinery. In the first the levers or pallets are supported on an arbor and are raised by the simple central gear wheel which causes the projections shown in the lower end of the levers to check the movement of the larger wheel and come in contact with the teeth thereof. In the second the levers are weighted and separately support and alternately fall into the escapement wheel. A pendulum is necessary in each case to actuate the levers. Inventors and others desiring information as to patents should address Sues & Co., Patent Experts, Bee Building, Omaha, Nebraska, for free information.

Iowa Patent Office Report.

In the interests of inventors the commissioner of patents has promulgated the following: An applicant, or assignee of the entire interest, may prosecute his own case, but he is advised, unless familiar with such matters, to employ a competent attorney, as the value of patents depends largely upon the skillful preparation of the specification and claims. The office cannot aid in the selection of an attorney. An applicant may be represented by any person who at the date of approval of this rule is in good standing as a practitioner before the patent office; any attorney at law in the United States or in any of the states and territories thereof, any person of good moral character who shall show to the satisfaction of the commissioner of patents that he is duly qualified to act as attorney in the prosecution of cases before the office.

Valuable information about obtaining, valuing and selling patents sent free to any address. Printed copies of the drawings and specifications of any United States patent sent upon receipt of 25 cents.

Our practice is not confined to Iowa. Inventors in other states can have our services upon the same terms as Hawkeyes.

THOS. G. AND J. RALPH ORWIG, Des Moines, Ia., Aug. 14, 1897.

LIVE STOCK AND PRODUCE MARKET.

Quotations From New York, Chicago, St. Louis, Omaha and Elsewhere.

OMAHA.		
Butter—Creamery separator.....	14	66 15
Butter—Choice fancy country.....	10	66 12
Eggs—Fresh.....	11	66 12
Spring Chickens—Per lb.....	8 5/8	9
Hens—per lb.....	3 5/8	6
Pigeons—Live.....	75	60 90
Lemons—Choice Messina.....	3 50	65 25
Honey—Choice, per lb.....	14	66 15
Onions—per lb.....	85	60 100
Beans—Handpicked Navy.....	1 10	65 1 30
Potatoes—per bu.....	45	66 50
Broom Corn—Choice Green.....	2	66 2 1/2
Oranges—Per box.....	3 60	65 3 75
Apples—Per bu.....	1 65	65 1 85
Hay—Up-land, per ton.....	4 50	65 5 00
SOUTH OMAHA STOCK MARKET.		
Hogs—Choice light.....	3 75	65 3 80
Hogs—Heavy weights.....	3 65	65 3 75
Beef steers.....	3 50	65 3 60
Bulls.....	2 25	65 2 35
Stags.....	2 90	65 3 15
Calves.....	5 60	65 6 00
Western Feeders.....	4 00	65 4 35
Cows.....	2 00	65 2 00
Heifers.....	3 00	65 3 25
Stockers and Feeders.....	3 25	65 4 25
Sheep—Western Lambs.....	4 00	65 4 50
Sheep—Western—Grassers.....	3 25	65 3 65
CHICAGO.		
Wheat—No. 2, spring.....	87 1/2	89
Wheat—No. 2.....	85 1/2	86 3/4
Barley—per bu.....	2 1/2	2 1/2
corn—No. 2.....	8 55	8 60
oats—per 100 lb.....	4 32	4 35
Cattle—Native beef steers.....	4 37	4 40
hogs—Prime light.....	3 07	3 10
hogs—Lambs.....	3 50	3 55
sheep—Western.....	3 35	3 40
NEW YORK.		
Wheat—No. 2, red, winter.....	93	93 1/4
Wheat—No. 2.....	93	93 3/4
corn—No. 2.....	23	24 1/2
oats—No. 2.....	8 1/2	9 1/2
Barley.....	4 85	4 90
KANSAS CITY.		
Wheat—No. 2, spring.....	87	87 1/2
Wheat—No. 2.....	82	82 3/4
oats—No. 2.....	18 1/2	19 1/2
Cattle—Native Steers and Feeders.....	3 25	3 30
hogs—Mixed.....	3 75	3 80
sheep—Muttons.....	3 75	3 80