Vote on the Constitutional Amendments -Protection of Depositors in State and Private Banks-Me: 6 :res Favorably Recommended by Committees-Introduction of New Bills-Miscellancous Notes.

The Nebraska Assembly.

SENATE.-Mrs. Clara Becwick Colby was on the 2d accorded the privilege of addressing the senate for twenty minutes on the ques tion of woman suffrage. She urged the senate to pass the joint memorial requesting congress to submit a woman suffrage amend-ment to the constitution. Senate file No. 14, by Mr. Ransom, recucing the number of com-missioners of Douglas county from five to three was read the third time and passed.
Other bills passed were: Amending the law
relating to the summoning of juries in district courts. Its main provision is as follows: That section 601 of the code of civil procedure, being section 520 of the Compiled Statutes of Nebraska of 1805, entitled Juries, be amended to read as follows: "The clerk of the district court shall, on the day of the drawing aforementioned, issue an order to the sheriff deputy sheriff or coroner, as the the sheriff, deputy sheriff or coroner, as the case may be, commanding him to summon the persons whose names are drawn as petit jurors to appear before the district court at or before the hour of 11 o'clock, on the morning of such day of the term as the district judge of said district shall by written order direct, stating in the order the day of the week and month and the place of sliting of the court, to serve as petit jurors." The bill of Mr. Rasszom requiring street railway commies to vestibule their cars was passed The senate then adjourned.

SENATE. The senate on the 3d devoted one hour and fifteen minutes of the morning session to a discussion over a proposition to authorize the lieutenant governor to send a telegram to the mayor of Chicago in order to ascertain whether or not aid for the destitute of that city would be accepted if the freight is prepaid by the state. The proposition was finally agreed to. Mr. McGann from the committee on judiciary reported the following bills with recommendation for passage: Senate file No. 50, to provide for the payment of attorney's fees by counties in civil actions. Senate file No. 35, providing penalties for the destruction of fences, with the recommendation that it pass as amended The following were recommended for indefi-nite postponement: Senate file No. 39 affecting the property rights of married women. Senate file No. 29, to provide for the issuing of a certificate by county clerks as evidence o the satisfaction of mortgages. Senate file No. 173 was considered at length, but not concluded. The lieutenant governor read the following telegram from Mayor Swift of Chicago: Chicago, Iii., Feb. 3.—Hon. James E. Har-ris, State House: Answering your message. we sincerely thank the generous people of Nebraska for their proffer of donations of corn, but respectfully decline, as the response of our own citizens has been so abundantly generous as to give all the aid that will be required to meet the wants of the suffering. GEORGE B. SWIFT, Mayor

SENATE.-The senate on the 4th gave itself up almost entirely to consideration of Senator Johnson's bill for the protection of depositors in state and private banks. Mr. Ranson reported joint resolution No. 7, with the recommendation that it be passed. This resolution is in the interests of the Trans-Mississippi Exposition. It requests the governor to announce by proclamation that the exposition is to be held at Omaha between June 1 and November 1, 1898, and to extend to the people of the several states and to extend to the people of the several states and territories a cordial invitation on the part of the state of Nebraska to participate. Mr. Watson, from the committee on public printing, recom-mended the passage of senate file No. 133, by Dundas, to provide that the publishing of the county delinquent tax list shall be let to the lowest bidder; also, senate file No. 12, by Mr. Grothan by request, for the appointment of a state printer; also senate file No. 102, defining I newspaper. All three were sent to the general file. sidered. Th sidered. The bill proposing to levy a tax upon all state and private banks was discussed, but no definite action was taken. New bills introduced were: To amend the election law. To amend section 54 of the code of civil procedure. To provide for the publication of school tax books under the author ity of the state. To amend section 10, sub-division 13, chapler laxix, of the Compiler Statues relating to the State Normal school

SENATE. - The senate on the 5th transacted only routine work. Mr. Graham presented the report of the committee on universities and normal school, affecting the condition of the latter institution at Peru. Mr. Heapy, from the committee on agriculture, reported favorably on senate file No. 103, to provide for the payment of county aid to organized agricultural societies, without annual contributions or assessments. Among new bills introduced were: For submission to the electors of Nebraska of a proposition to call a constitutional convention. To define the term "packer," to fix the liability of packers and for the protection of their employes. To amend the code of civil procedure. To provide for the payment of the incidental expenses of the present session of the legis-

House.-The house on the 2nd passed the bill providing for a recount of the ballots cast for the constitutional amendments, voted upon at the last general election. The bill received seventy-one votes, or four more than the requisite number to make it a law. immediately upon its approval by the gov-ernor. The bill is now before the senate. Representative Baldwin, one of the newly seated members from Douglas county, ap-peared and was sworn in. The following bills were reccommended for passage: Reducing the salary of county commissioners to \$3 per diem when in actual session and providing that in counties of over 70,000 inhabitants the salary shall be \$1,200 per annum. Providing for the refunding of expenses incurred by a county in taking care of the insane of another county. Requiring the hides of meat cattle to be exhibited for ten days by purchaser or slaughterer. The joint resolution requesting Senator John M. Thurston to vote for all free silver measures introduced in the senate, was reported as correctly engrossed and en-rolled, and recommended for passage. House rolled, and recommended for passage. House roll No. 37, which requires proprietors of irrigation ditches to bridge roadways across which their ditches cut, and keep said bridges in repair, was recommended for passage, after prolonged debate and numerous amendments. Hull's bill, house roll No. 83, was reported from the committee with the recommendation that it go on the general

file. It was so ordered. House.-There was ninety-three members present as the house opened for business on the 3d. Phelps' bill, house roll No. i9, which provides for the repeal of the Russian thistle act of 1895 was passed by a vote of 80 to 10. House rell No. 89, Soderman's bill to reduce the salary of the superintendent of the Geneva Industrial school for girls from \$2,000 to No. 146, providing that precincts, townships. cities and villages may compromise their in-debtedness and issue bonds therefor, was passed 91 to 0. Reports being called from standing committees, a number of measures were recommended to pass. House roll No. 161, which provides for the punishment of hog thieves by making the crime a penitentiary offense, excited considerable debate, but the bill was sent to the general file. House roll No. 81, a bill providing for the punishment of bicycle thieves was the topic of considerable animated discussion. At the conclusion of the discussion, however, the bill was indefinitely postponed. Among bills on first reading were the following: Concerning the care of and to prevent the spread of contagious diseases among domestic animals; to provide for the appointment of a state veterinarian and assistants in connection with the United States experimental station. To regulate their powers and duties; to provide for their compensation and to provide for the building. equipment and the maintenance of union depots and connecting switches in villages and towns in this state where two or more lines transact a general railway business. Making the 12th day of February of each and Making the 12th day of February of each and every year a state legal holiday, and that said holiday shall be recognized and known as Lincoln's birthday. To establish a state board of charities and corrections for the state of Nebraska. To establish a military code for the state of Nebraska and to provide for the organization, government and compensation of the organized militia, and to repeal chapter 1, session laws of 1887, approved March 21, 1887, an act to establish a military code for the state of Nebraska."

House.-A resolution was adopted in the house on the 4th authorizing the speaker to murder in the second degree.

appoint a committee of three to investigate the condition of the state treasury covering the past two years, and to report upon the alleged illegal loaning of money to banks, A RESUME OF WORK IN BOTH
HOUSES.

HOUSES.

Passage of the Bill for Recounting the
Vote on the Constitutional Amendments

Here of the Bill for Recounting the Recounting the Resistance of the Bill for Recounting the Recounting the Recounting the Recounting the Recounting the Recounting the Recounting to district boards powers and duties recommended to the Recounting to district boards powers and duties. Relating to district boards, powers and duties. Prohibiting the playing of foot ball in the state of Nebraska and providing for the punishment of violation of the law by a fine of from \$20 to \$100 and imprisonment in the county jail. Providing for the punishment of body snatchers and the mutilation of corpses. A communication from Robert W. Furnas of the State Board of Agriculture, in regard to the appropriation asked for by the Furnas of the State Board of Agriculture, in regard to the appropriation asked for by the board, was read and referred to the committee on finance, ways and means. New bills were read as follows: To amend section 10, subdivision 13, of chapter lxxix, of the Compiled Statues of Nebraska of 1825, relating to the State Normal school and to repeal said section 19; to protect primary elections and conventions of political parties and punish offenses committed thereat.

HOUSE—In the house on the 5th house roll.

House.-In the house on the 5th house roll No. 23, providing that warehousemen, owning their own warehouse, may issue receipts for articles stored therein, which receipts shall have the same force and effect as receipts issued by public warehouses was recommended. Among other bills thus recommended are the following: Relating to the drawing of petit jurors. Relating to school lands. Relating to final decrees of courts. Raising the age of consent to 18 years. Bills on first reading: To authorize county courts to require ad-ministrators and administrators with will ministrators and administrators with will annexed to pay and deliver to said courts money and certain personal property remaining in their possession after the final settlement of their accounts. To prohibit the giving to or acceptance of passes or free transportation by members of the legislature, or any salaried officer of any city or county of the state, and providing penalties and disqualification for violation thereof. For the enification for violation thereof. For the encouragement of the agricultural, commercial and irrigation interests in the state of Ne braska, and to make an appropriation there for. To provide for a rehearing and reargument of cases in the supreme court and regulating proceedings therein. The house then

LYNCHERS UNDER FIRE.

The Ray County Grand Jury Making an Investigation-Confession Ramors.

LIBERTY, Mo., Feb. 6.-There is considerable excitement in the western part of Ray county over the report that a business man of Orrick has confessed that he was a member of the mob that lynched Winner and Nelson.

A large number of witnesses have been subpoenaed this week to appear before the grand jury. Judge E. J. Broaddus, in his charge to the grand jury when court convened at Richmond, was very emphatic and denounced the lynching in strong language. He questioned each grand juror as to his views on lynching.

WOMEN SUFFRAGE

The House of Commons Passes a Fran-

chise Bill to Second Reading. LONDON, Feb. 5.- In the House of Commons yesterday afternoon the women's parliamentary franchise bill passed its second reading by a vote of 228 to 157. The debate was conducted in a jocular spirit.

Santa Fe Defrauded.

PURCELL, Ind. Ter., Feb. 6.—Before United States Commissioner J. B. Thompson, A. S. Brown, night bill clerk for the Santa Fe at this place; J. M. Rearick, ex-station agent for the same road at Newkirk, Okla., and D. O. Wilson, grain dealer at Bolton, Texas, were called to answer to a charge of conspiracy to defraud the Atchison railway and were allowed bail in the sum of \$1,500 in the first case. There are thirty-seven similar cases pending against them.

Tammany Revolters Organize, NEW YORK, Feb. 5.-Henry D. Purroy and his supporters, who have organized a revolt against Tammany hall, began their work of organization in the various assembly districts of the city last night, when delegates were selected to a Democratic county general committee, which will meet here next Wednesday, when the movement will be fully organized. The general opinion of the district leaders is that there will be a full representation from all the districts.

Big Failure at Selma, Ala. SELMA, Ala., Feb. 6. - Maas & Schwarz, cotton factors, and Maas & Co., wholesale grocers, have made assignments as a result of the failure of the Commercial bank, which has rediscounted large amounts of paper of both firms with New York banks, who still hold it. Efforts to effect an arrangement with the banks whereby the firms could continue business proved futile. The liabilities will probably reach \$300,000.

New Trial for Durrant Probable. SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 6.-The Supreme court of California has handed down no decision on the appeal of Theodore Durrant, found guilty of the murder of Blanche Lamont twenty-one months ago. It is understood that the appeal has not yet been considered by the supreme justices, but many attorneys believe that the justices will grant Durrant a new trial.

Treaty Action Unlikely.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 5.-The understanding among Senators at present is that the general arbitration treaty will not come to a vote at this session of Congress. No one doubts that it will be debated, but the opposition makes no secret of its intention to consume so much time in discussion that a vote cannot be reached.

A Freight Steamer Long Overdue.

HALIFAX, N. S., Feb. 5 .- The sealing steamer Nimrod is still in the ice off the Newfoundland coast searching for traces of the missing steamer State of Georgia, now over a month overdue from New Fairwater in the Baltic, to Halifax, freight laden. She carried a crew of thirty-one men, nearly all of whom belonged in Aberdeen.

McKinley's Private Secretary. New York, Feb. 5 .- It can be definitely stated that J. Addison Porter of the Hartford, Conn., Evening Post will be private secretary to President Mc-Kinley. A private telegram from Mr. Porter to a friend in this city states that Major McKinley has appointed

him to that position and that he has

accepted.

Love Found Guilty of Murder. EMPORIA, Kan., Feb. 6.-Bob Love, who shot one side of his father's head off with a shotgun on Sunday, December 20, last, was declared guilty of

PLANETARY GOSSIP.

HOROSCOPIC READINGS OF PROBABLE EVENTS.

Instructions to Applicants for Free Readings in These Columns-Name, Address, Date and Hour of Birth Im portant Requisites.



HE free readings now being given in these columns are so popular that it will take some time before those on hand will be answered. Every letter sent in will be answered in its regular order.

Those who do not wish to wait their turn can get their readings by mail for twelve two-cent stamps. In all cases full name and address of applicants must accompany requests for free readings. Also place, date, hour and place of birth. If the hour is not known send two two-cent stamps for special instructions. Address all communications to Prof. G. W. Cunningham, Dept. 4, 194 South Clinton street, Chicago, Ill.

Following are the readings for this

Minnie W., Maukato, Kan-

According to the data you have the Zodiacal sign Virgo which Mercury rules with a lingering indication of laws had been made stringent so that the sign Leo, which the Sun rules rising at your birth, therefore, Mercury and the Sun are your ruling planets or significators.

You are medium height; medium dark complexion; hair and eyes.

You are rather of a studious nature and take delight in unraveling some mystery and are easily interested in chemistry and electricity. You are very intuitive at times, but your intuition works uneven or spasmodically. You will not generally be appreciated by people until they are well acquainted with you. Love affairs and marriage will not be more than average fortunate. You are liable to accidents and injuries to your fest. You will also be subject to some odd nervous ailment of the heart, this will not be organic or at all dangerous.

E. A. I. X., Owensville, Ind.

According to data furnished you have rules, rising at birth, therefore Mars is your ruling planet or significator. Saturn is on the ascendant, and is co- Gallinger and Mr. Gray exchanging significator. You are medium height, with a well-set, strong, plump figure; medium to dark complexion; dark eyes; a luxuriant growth of dark hair. The face is rather full and broad. You are one of the stirring, energetic kind of people, and have the desire and ability to push your business, yet you do this in such a quiet way that others will hardly know anything about it until it is all over. You are secretive and deliberate in your actions, and lay your plans first and work them out afterward. You are fond of chemistry, soldiers, firemen, and all kinds of military affairs. Love affairs never ran smooth with you long at a time. The last half of your life has been the most fortunate. You are under evil transits now, especially for health, and should be careful.

Miss Marie H., Detroit.

According to data furnished the zodiacal sign Aquarius, which Uranus rules, was rising at your birth, therefore Uranus is your ruling planet or significator. The sign Pisces, which Jupiter rules, was intercepted, and Mars was on the ascendant, therefore Jupiter and Mars are co-significators. You are of medium height, or slightly above; medium to light complexion, hair and eyes; when small your hair. was flaxen. You are quite energetic and ambitious, and do not like to be opposed; anyone that undertakes to and gave her all kinds of food and control your independent actions will talked religion to her until her mind be likely to get the benefit of your opinion of them. You are very independent in your ideas of dress, and will wear anything you think is right and proper, no matter if it suits the four hundred or not. You have a good intellect, and should make a great effort to overcome the obstacles that are hinwill be one of those bright, refined, kind and obliging men, with dark eyes, that have a peculiar sparkle and sharp sight; marriage will be far more than average fortunate.

Note.-Those who have sent in their cases where there is an apparent deonce and the mistake will be rectified.

The Number of Asteroids.

In October last a small planet, or ing been found between February, 1892. and October, 1896. Up to 1845 only discovery of one or more.

A Cure.

Jones-Sillibub has a medicine which ease. -Smith-Did it cure him? Jones of agriculture. The place will be about his heart .- Harper's Bazar.

Much More.

She-How do you account for the fact that a woman learns typewriting so has so much more in prospect,-Indianapolis Journal.

SENATE LIQUOR DEBATE.

Mr. Hill Opposed to Kemoving the Saloon From the Capitol.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.-The session of the Senate yesterday was one of unand vigorous speeches, which drew large crowds to the galleries. The ball was set rolling early in the day when Mr. Morrill endeavored to pass the bill prohibiting the use of intoxicents in the Capitol building. This aroused the opposition of Mr. Hill of New York, who denounced the busybodies and mischief-makers inspiring spoke for the fullest enjoyment of individual liberty consistent with the common good. The speech was not only notable for the vigor which Mr. Hill threw into it, but also for its effect in prolonging the debate until ? o'clock, when the bill was displaced by the Nicaragua bill.

Regarding the sale of liquor in the Capitol, Mr. Morrill said there was much feeling throughout the country against it. He had just received a letter stating that the writer had seen a man coming from the building drunk. While there was some misapprehension as to the existence of ordinary saloons in the building, yet as the publie felt that an evil existed, Congress should make a strict proposition.

Mr. Sherman asked if it was right that any part of this great public building should be used for the sale of liquor. Mr. Sherman did not believe that the public idea that saloons existed here was justified. There was nothing like an ordinary bar. But the when a man wanted whisky he would have to go outside the Capital to get it.

Mr. Hill came into the debate at this point. He had received many letters, he said, protesting against "this abomination in our national Capitol." Such statements were false. No such thing as a bar existed here. Mr. Hill read in sarcastic tones a letter appealing to him to aid in driving saloons from the Capitol and thus "raise the standard of our national honor.'

"Has our national honor come to this!" exclaimed Mr. Hill, "that it depends upon whether we take a glass of

ale or beer with our meals?" This appeal to national honor, he added, was becoming a common device every time some small question presented itself. But there was no question of national honor involved in this matte. "There are no saloons here; there is no drunkenness here; I have never seen a drunken man in the capitol. I state for the benefit of these agitators that it is a libel on Congress to say that saloons are here the zodiacal sign, Scorpio, which Mars and drunkenness exists here. It is absolutely false."

The discession next took a somewhat humorons turn. Mr. Chandler, Mr. sallies as to the effect of the bill in restricting the personal comfort of Senators.

The roll call on Mr Hill's motion to commit was followed with great interest. It was a tie at first, but the summoning of Senators defeated the motion. Yeas, 27; nays, 30. As the vote was announced, Mr Hill remarked: "And having brought the bill before

the Senate, Senators can now proceed to take a glass of beer." Mr. Hill talked up to 2 o'clock, when the bill was displaced and the Nica-

ragua canal bill was taken up. Mr. Lodge's motion to disagree to the conference report on the immigration bill was adopted without division. The debate on the Nicaragua canal bill was then resumed, Mr. Vilas speaking in opposition. Mr. Vilas had not concluded when the Senate adjourned.

CRAZED BY FAITH CURE.

Christian Science Makes a Maniac of an

Emporia Woman. EMPORIA, Kan., Feb. 6.-Mrs. Treadway, the wife of a carpenter, became violently insane last evening. Mrs. Treadway has been suffering from gastric neurosis, and had been improving slightly under the care of her physician, but as her recovery was slow the family became dissatisfied, dismissed the doctor and called in a Christian Science healer about three weeks ago. The Christian Scientist would allow her to take no medicine. gave way. The regular physician has again been called.

OREGON'S DEADLOCK.

The Present Session of the Legislature Likely to Be Entirely Wasted.

SALEM, Ore., Feb. 6.—There are now only thirty-eight members who are dering your education. Your husband | willing to elect a United States senator by means of a joint assembly. Representative Huntington of Wasco has given notice that he will withdraw from further participation. This is the first defection and it is expected to be followed by others. It seems probable that Oregon will have but one United States senator for the next stamps (26 cents) for readings by mail, two years, for it is said that the will usually be promptly answered. In | Mitchell men in the Legislature have determined to prevent the election of a lay the astrologer should be notified at senator if their man cannot be chosen. Writing a Note to a White Girl Costs

a Young Kentucky Negro His Life.

BOWLING GREEN, Kv., Feb. 6 .-Wednesday night, near Rockfield, a asteroid, discovered by photography in negro, Robert Morton, was hanged. Berlin, was set down in the list of these Morton wrote an insulting and insinbodies as No. 424. Since the applica- nating note to Miss Tommis Johnson, tion of photography to the stars the a popular young white woman, and discovery of asteroids has been very when it became known a posse went to rapid, no less than one hundred hav- arrest him. He ran and they gave chase, capturing him after shooting him several times. While the officers were guarding Morton a mob overfour asteroids were known. Since powered them and took the prisoner then not a year has passed without the out of their custody and, carrying him three miles from town, hanged him.

Find a Place for Coburn.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6. - Secretary Coburn of the state board of agriculture he declares is a sure cure for heart dis- of Kansas is to be assistant secretary -Yes; it gave him such a frightful at- formally tendered him very soon, and tack of indigestion that he forgot all it is quite certain that he will not refuse.

> No Mothers-in-Law Need Apply. own mother-in-law.

ABOUT RAILROAD TRAVEL.

What It Cost to Carry Passengers or

Western Roads. There is a surprising amount of misinformation among the people regarding the cost of carrying passengers on usual activity, with sharp colloquies railroad trains and to this condition as a public mind is doubtless due much of the sentiment in favor of lower rates, which is finding expression through bills for sweeping reductions in the legislature of many of the western states this winter.

Mr. P. S. Eustis, General Passenger Agent of the C., B. & Q. R. R., in argument before the house committee of the Missouri legislature last week on this class of legislation. The Senator | the two cent bill gave some valuable and surprising information about the passenger business in the west. His statements were based upon the reports of the Inter-state Commerce Commission and the Railroad and Warehouse Commission of Missouri and are therefore beyond question.

Mr. Eustis showed in the first place that the volume of passenger traffic on railroads is dependent upon the density and wealth of population in the territory through which it runs, and then compared the population of Missouri and the traffic resulting from it with the same figures in other states, thus clearly illustrating the theory of his point.

The following table showing the relative population and rates is interest ing in this connection:

Population revenue per square per mile \$ 977.00 M'ssouri 39 Illinois 68 2075,00 1951.00 4513.00 New York122 New England200 4422.00

Mr. Eustis made the statement that while the named rate in most of the western states was three cents per mile, the actual amount received is considerably less than that sum. This is due to the fact that the railroad having a long line between two points cannot charge more than the rate fixed by a road having a shorter line, and to excursion rates demanded by the people, all of which reduce the

average rate materially. But the most surprising assertion made by Mr. Eustis was that the western roads, with possibly one or two individual exceptions, carry passengers at an actual loss. The St. Louis, Keokuk & Northwestern was cited as an instance. Mr. Eustis produced a statement of the expense on that road to show that the cost per passenger per mile exceeded three cents, the legal

The report of the Inter-state Commerce Commission referring to the railroads of Illinois, Iowa, Wisconsin, Minnesota and that part of the Dakotas and Missouri lying east of the Missouri river shows that it cost the railroads two and three one-thousandths cents per mile to carry passengers exclusive of any charge for taxes, rents, interest on mortgages and other items of the kind. Mr. Eustis declared that a two cent flat rate in Missouri would reduce the average to one and three quarters cents if not lower.

It was shown that lower rates do not largely increase traffic and instances were cited where reductions from four cents and three and one-half cents to three cents per mile did not result in increased travel.

Answering the question as to whether or not rates in Europe were not lower than in this country, Mr. Eustis showed that while the third class rate on some European lines is lower, the second class rates, which are paid by the great traveling public, are higher than American rates. The conveniences of second and third class travel in Europe are not to be compared with those of America in point of comfort and convenience.

She Bent Her Husband.

Among the curious results of the recent battle of the ballots one of the most interesting from many points of view is the election of Mattie Hughes Cannon to the state senate of Utah by an immense plurality ever her opponent, Angus M. Cannon, who, alas for the future peace and quiet of the Cannon household, is the hasband of the senatoress-elect. The advent of Mrs. Cannon into the Utah state senate may, however, exercise a perturbing influence over a wider circle than that which circumscribes the domestic realm of Mr. Cannon.

The prospect of the election of women to the higher legislative assemblies has filled some apparently unprejudiced observers with alarm because of the paralyzing effect which it is feared their presence may have upon debates. The relations which nature and usage have established between man and woman would make rudeness impossible. Men would be restrained from saying what they might have to say in the manner to which they are accustomed among themselves. It would be difficult for a male debator to say folly is folly if the utterer of the remarks open to such criticism should happen to be a woman. Debate would cease to be an engine for the elucidation of fundamental truths and would become a mere series of decorous and inconclusive declamations.

People Do Read the Papers. From the Buffalo Courier: Some per-

sons wonder why engaged people generally prefer to keep their engagements as quiet as possible until the day of the wedding. Perhaps the reason lies in the results of a newspaper announcement. The other day an engagement was announced in one of the afternoon papers. It was in the last edition of the paper, but early the next morning several awning makers were at the home of the future bride's parents, soliciting the contract for supplying an awning when the event came off. On the same morning and in the first mail no less than half a dozen printers and engravers sent samples of their work, and quoted prices for which they would be willing to prepare the wedding cards, according to the latest dictates of fashion. During the remainder of the week milliners, caterers, dressmakers, liverymen and dry goods merchants made known their desire to supply the GUTHRIE, Okla., Feb. 6.-The House future bride and groom with all the rassed the marriage contract bill. It outfit they might need or imagine they prohibits the intermarriage of whites needed. The young folks are now much easier than a man? He-Gh, she and negroes or Indians, and especially waiting for bids from ministers who prohibits that no man shall marry his are willing to tie the knot at bargain prices.

Millions of Cook Books Given Away.

There is one large house in this country that has taken business on its turn and means to ride in on the rising tide. Alive to the signs of better times and to the best interests of the people, they are now circulating among families a valuable publication known as THE CHARLES A. VOGELER COMPANY'S COOK-EBY BOOK AND BOOK OF COMFORT AND HEALTH, which contains very choice information on the subject of cocking. Receipts for the preparation of good. substantial and dainty dishes, prepared especially for it by a leading authority, will be found in its pages. Much care has been taken in its preparation and distributation, with the hope that it will be just the thing needed for housekeepers, and just the thing needed also for the care of the health and household. As a Cookery Book it will be invaluable to keep on hand for reference. It also contains full information in

house, which provide against bodily ailments, especially the Master Cure for Pains and Aches, St. Jacobs Oil. To give some idea of the labor and expense of this output, more than 200 tons of paper have been used in its publication, and at the rate of 100,000 a day, it has taken several months for

regard to the great remedies of this

the issue. The book can be had of druggists everywhere, or by enclosing a 2c. stamp to The Charles A. Vogeler Company, Baltimore, Md.

A Mevolting Method.

The Austrian method of execution seems to be but a slight improvement on electrocution. The Austrians swing a halter over the neck of a murderer and string him up, while the executioner-in-chief, wearing white kid gloves, calmly beholds the victim wriggle, and two ponderous/ assistants pull him down by the legs.

The First Umbrelias.

Umbrellas were introduced by British officers into this country about the time of the revolutionary war. Parasols were then unknown. As a defence from rain, men wore rain coats." and women gamblets.". Gloves were introduced about the year 1685.

NO-TO-BAC FOR FIFTY CENTS. Over 404,000 cured. Why not let No-To-Bac regu ate or remove your desire for tobacco. Saves money, makes hea th and manhood. Cure guaranteed, 50c and \$1.00, all druggists.

Fossil Coral.

A new building material called . fossil coral" has been discovered in a small island in the Bay of Suva. Fiji. When it is first removed it is seft and easily cut into square blocks or any other desired shape, but when it is exposed to the air for some time it grows very hard and assumes some of the characteristics of fire brick.

Doubles the pleasure of a Drive. carriage doubles the picasure of driving. Intending buyers of carriage or harness can save dollars by sending for the , free catalogue of the Elkhart Carriage and Harness Mfg. Co., Elkhart, Ind.

Speed of Insects.

The rapidity with which insects travel is astonishing. The common house-fly makes 600 strokes per second when in the act of ordinary flight. that number of strokes causing an advance movement of twenty-five feet. Our best naturalists say that this can be increased seven fold.

We will forfeit \$1,900 if any of our published testimenia's are proven to be not genuine. THE Piso Co., Warren, Pa.

Frigidly Suggestive.

If the inauguration committee really fatends to practice economy, what is the matter with using the frieze on the Pension Office building in the preparation of the ice cream?-Washington

FITS stopped free and permanently cured. No fits after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Free s2 trial bottle and treatise. Send to Da. Kunz, 981 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Usually the charity that begins at home covers a multitude of sins.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY. Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All Druggists refund the money if it fails to cure, 25c

Where the wages of sin is death, there is no

70,000,000 People know Hood's formper la in the bern

medicine ever produced, because it cares when

all others fail. Seventy millions of people have on abiding confidence in the curative power of Hoods Sarsaparilla





