

M'COOK TRIBUNE.

F. M. KIMMEL, Publisher.

McCOOK, NEBRASKA

OVER THE STATE.

AUBURN has decided to celebrate on the Fourth.

The contract has been let for a creamery at Winside.

The Beatrice Chautauqua opened under most favorable circumstances.

JUNIATA is making preparations for doing honor to the day we celebrate.

JOHN HANEY, one of the oldest settlers in Platte county, died last week.

W. B. POITNER, JR., has been appointed postmaster at M'aryard, Cass county.

HON. G. M. LAMBERTSON of Lincoln will do the oration act at Auburn July 4th.

The scheme for a distillery at Fremont has fallen through for the present.

JOHN E. GILMORE, an attorney, has bought a controlling interest in the Murray bank.

A HANDSOME new depot is one of the improvements soon to adorn the city of Plattsmouth.

The Rocky mountain grasshoppers are doing some damage to crops in Deuel county.

The shoe store of Joseph Henninger of Edgar was robbed last week of \$100 worth of shoes.

ANDREW S. VAN KUBAN, freight auditor of the Union Pacific, died in Omaha last week, aged 52.

HOMER EDWARDS of Wymore has been adjudged insane and ordered to the Lincoln asylum.

The summer meeting of the state horticultural society will be held in York, July 22 and 23.

The mayor of Beatrice is very low with Bright's disease and his recovery is extremely doubtful.

The first annual convention of the Epworth League of North Nebraska was held at Fremont last week, lasting two days.

The next quarterly convention of the Sherman county Sunday school association will be held at Litchfield about September 1.

The fifteenth annual session of the Nebraska Chautauqua Assembly will be held on the Chautauqua grounds at Crete, July 3 to 15.

SOME stranger has been handing out a good deal of bogus silver at Plattsmouth and the authorities will endeavor to find him.

MAYOR DWYER of Beatrice has gone to the Battle Creek, Mich., sanitarium in the hope of finding relief from a protracted illness.

The union depot matter is again being talked up at Omaha, and high officials of the various roads have been looking over the ground.

NOTICE has been served on the boys in the Union Pacific shops at Grand Island that no work will be done on Fridays until further notice.

The residence of F. P. Wigton of Norfolk was badly damaged by fire as result of a gasoline accident. Loss on house is covered by insurance.

A YOUNG man named Mike Mugan, of Eustis, left home very suddenly to avoid having to marry a young lady who loved him more than he desired.

GEN. MANAGER HOLDREGE of the R. & M. has gone to Boston, and it is believed while there he will confer in regard to the Omaha union depot project.

AT the governor's office a handsome diploma has been received from the World's Fair committee of award for the educational exhibit of the state of Nebraska.

THERE was an election held at Bancroft for the purpose of voting water bonds, with the following result: Fifty-four for and twenty against water bonds.

The clothing store of William G. Whaley of Fairbury was burglarized last week, the thieves taking a quantity of clothing, shoes, neckties, the entire case of jewelry, etc.

PENSIONERS to Nebraskans have been granted as follows: Egbert Fox, Garrison, increase; Caleb Lobdell, Bellwood; Henry Bowerman, Fremont; John Bain, Harvard.

A FREE silver conference was held at Columbus, which was quite largely attended. The outcome of it is that a delegate convention will be held at Norfolk July 25.

JOHN A. CASTO, one of the oldest lawyers in Hastings died last week of cancer of the stomach. For a number of years he was conspicuous in local and state republican politics.

FRANK IAMS, of St. Paul, shipped two cars of heavy horses to New York over the Burlington. The horses will probably average 1,400 each, and the freight to their destination was \$200 per car.

THE petitions to the Grand Island school board respectfully requesting it to reconsider the action on cutting down the teaching of music and drawing, German and Latin, are being very numerously signed.

The annual picnic of the deaf and dumb of Nebraska will be held at Hanscom park, Omaha, July 4th. Representatives are expected from a number of states. Prominent speakers will be present to make addresses in the sign language.

JOHN WEBBER, a lad of 15, was run down by a switch engine on the Burlington at Nebraska City, and was so badly injured as to render necessary the amputation of both legs, one at the knee and the other at the hip. The boy was riding a spirited pony, which, taking fright at the train, became unmanageable and attempted to cross the track immediately in front of the engine. He cannot recover.

THE 2-year-old child of Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Farrar, residing one and one-half miles west of Davey, Lancaster county, died as the result of having eaten concentrated lye. While the mother was busily engaged in washing the child climbed upon a box and partook freely of the lye.

MRS. OSCAR NOALE, who lives five miles north of Table Rock, her two children and her mother were thrown from a wagon by the team starting up suddenly. The mother, Mrs. Ciple, was quite seriously injured and had to be taken home on a stretcher. One of the children was also quite seriously injured.

By the collapse of a scaffold at the artificial ice plant at Lincoln, two women, Lawrence Steiner and John Abbott, fell thirty feet and were terribly injured. The condition of both men is regarded as critical.

THE barn of Ernest Welch, in McCook, caught fire and burned to the ground. It was insured for \$200, part on barn and part on contents. It is supposed that the fire was caused by tramps who had gone there to sleep.

THE resolution introduced by Senator Allen extending time one year in which the settlers on the Otoe and Missouri lands may pay for their lands failed to become a law for the reason that the president has refused to sign it.

AS SENATOR ALLEN, en route home, passed through Omaha last week he was met at the depot by a delegation of local populists who were anxious to show their appreciation of the senator's work in congress for that city and the state.

THE people of Loup City are considering a proposition to build a new school house to cost \$7,000. A petition is being circulated and signed asking the school board to submit the plan to the voters with the idea of bonding the district.

SAMUEL SMITH was arrested in Lincoln on suspicion of being the party who has stolen cattle from different parties in York county. He was brought to York and two complaints filed against him, each charging cattle stealing.

A TRAINLOAD of stock, numbering seventeen cars, was shipped from Wilsonton for South Omaha. Charles McCombs headed the list with eight cars of cattle; A. W. Hunt, six cars of hogs; William Johnson, two cars of cattle, and Litson & Artz, one car of hogs.

TWO YEARS ago Charley Spry of Sherman county injured his hand in a corn sheller so that a portion of it had to be amputated. A few months later it was found necessary to make a second amputation, and the other day the offending member was entirely removed.

JAMES HUNT, a prominent farmer of South Branch, Otoe county, who was confined in the Asylum for the Insane at Lincoln and recently discharged, has become violent again, threatening the lives of his neighbors and frightening his family. He will be returned to the asylum.

F. M. RUSSELL, of Omaha, designer and manufacturer of the silver candelabra exhibited at the World's Columbian exposition, has received authentic information that a beautiful bronze medal and diploma have been forwarded to him as first prize and award for the finest display.

WALTER BREEN of Omaha has written to Secretary of State Piper, asking for the amounts of church property, untaxed in each county. Mr. Breen says that a committee was appointed by the last legislature to inquire into this matter and submit a report, but Deputy Secretary of State Evans says he never heard of such committee, and does not believe one was appointed.

FOUR miles northeast of Falls City lives John Falstead, a prosperous farmer, who has always been regarded as a good neighbor and a kind man to his family. Now he is the object of much sympathy, for his wife, 48 years of age, it is claimed, eloped with a 25-year-old German, Otto Blaufosse, who has been working for Falstead. She took a 10-year-old daughter with her.

THE medal awarded the Hastings public schools by the judges of the World's Columbian exposition has finally arrived. The merits of the award were: First, for careful harmony, neat arrangement, accuracy, power of analysis and good work in all grades; second, for marked attainments of pupils in drawing, penmanship and language.

WORD was received in Fremont the other day that Councilman L. P. Hanson of that city, who was seriously injured in New York City, was at the point of death and his recovery considered by the physicians impossible. Aside from the fracture at the base of the skull he received very severe internal injuries in his fall from the window of the hotel where he was stopping.

A NEW YORK CITY dispatch says: L. P. Hansen, 35 years of age, a crockery dealer of Fremont, Neb., fell from the fourth story window of the Hotel Denmark, this city, early this morning. His skull is fractured and his face badly lacerated. The doctors entertain no hope for his recovery. Hansen undoubtedly fell out of the window accidentally. He has a wife and several children in his Nebraska home.

A DISASTROUS wind occurred near Republican City. A messenger came from the farm of Thomas Duncan, six miles southeast of Republican City, bringing the news that his large new house was a mass of ruins. Mrs. Duncan was killed and all the rest of the family injured more or less. The injured were brought to Republican City. Mrs. Duncan was a prominent leader in the W. R. C., a very estimable lady and was beloved by all who knew her.

A SOUTH OMAHA correspondent thus writes concerning stock interests: Considering the high prices at which southern stockers were held this spring, the movement has been larger than anticipated. All of the cattle are in prime condition, and when they ripen on the northern and western ranges their beef will, it is said, excel the corn-fed critters. The total number of feeders purchased from southern ranges to be fattened on the northern ranges this spring was 94,700 head. A dispatch from Amarillo, Tex., received at the stock yards, stated that there was not a single 2-year-old steer left for sale of the tens of thousands brought there this season. There are very few yearlings and 3-year-olds. As a rule the cattlemen get more for their stock than they expected.

THE cut worm has badly damaged many fields of corn, says the Gordon Journal, and farmers have had to plant over again. So far we have heard no complaint as to Kaffir corn, and it may yet prove that this variety is the kind of small grain especially adapted to this high altitude, where moisture is seldom excessive.

JOHN GUMP, of South Omaha, who accepted a bribe while a jurymen, was given a year's imprisonment in jail and a fine of \$500. Judge Baker commented at length upon the serious nature of the crime of which Gump stood convicted, saying that if justice was to be sold to the highest bidder, the community was in a serious condition.

A. P. A.S MAKE THREATS

DEFECTION OF A MILLION VOTERS FROM M'KINLEY PREDICTED.

ORDER MUCH DISPLEASED.

National President Sellers Sore Because of the Ignoring of the Order's Declaration and the Election of Kerens - An Independent Ticket Hinted At - Convention Scored.

St. Louis, Mo., June 22.—E. H. Sellers of Michigan, president of the A. P. A. national council, and Congressman W. S. Linton of Michigan are deeply incensed at the refusal of the resolution committee of the Republican national convention to incorporate the declaration demanded by the order in the platform declaring for absolute freedom of all public schools from sectarian influence and civil inspection of all private educational institutions, for the absolute separation of church and State, for no more sectarian appropriations, for stringent immigration laws, for restriction of suffrage to citizens only, for ownership of lands to actual American citizens and against alien ownership, for prohibition of contract labor, for a national system of education and for the taxation of all but public property.

Colonel Sellers says the Republican party will lose a million votes, and will not be able to carry several states that they are now counting in the Republican column. He declares the party will lose 100,000 votes in Missouri alone, and that it will lose Illinois as a result of Mr. Hanna's stupidity or his intentional insult to the order.

"Why did the committee on resolutions take this action? One of two reasons can be given: Either the Republican party designed and intended, by leaving out this (non-sectarian appropriation plank) proposed portion of the platform, to placate the Roman Catholic hierarchy of this country, and by so doing make a bid for that vote; or, second, to insult the patriotic associations of the country and attempt to whip them into line and make them worship at the shrine of the golden calf. The action of the convention, through a committee, was an exhibition of the rankest cowardice coupled with motives of the most unparalleled corruption and dishonesty that ever emanated from the heart and mind of man.

"The election of Kerens, a pronounced Catholic, and a political advisor of Satolli, as a member of the national Republican committee, was a direct insult, and designed as such, to all our patriotic societies."

Colonel Sellers was asked if the A. P. A. would put up a ticket in Missouri. He said that that would be left entirely with the State organization, but he thought there would be an American ticket in nearly every State in the Union. He confirmed the story that Mark Hanna had received an ultimatum from the A. P. A. of this State, and that he had gone over to Kerens in defiance of the wishes of the order to keep Kerens out of the national committee.

"I am going from here to the Democratic convention in Chicago next month, and I will present the same plank to the resolutions committee of that body. While there I will consult with the supreme president of one of the largest patriotic associations in the country. I do not expect to receive any worse treatment at the hands of the Democratic convention than I received here.

"I will come here to the Populist and Silver party convention, July 22, and present the plank. If the result is the same, I believe it is the duty of the American people to prepare for the organization of an American party, pure and simple, based upon the original idea of our fathers."

Preparing to Honor Teller.

TOPEKA, Kan., June 22.—Great preparations are being made by the Kansas Silver league to receive Senator Teller as he passes through Topeka next Wednesday en route to Denver. Efforts are being made to have him start from St. Louis so as to be here one day. If his presence here can be definitely known forty-eight hours in advance, it is estimated that 20,000 people from surrounding towns will come in special trains.

A Castle Drummond Victim.

ARCHISON, Kan., June 22.—Miss Belle Bennett, sister of Mrs. R. H. Waterman of this place, is supposed to have been aboard the steamer Castle Drummond from South Africa which sank off the coast of France June 16. Miss Bennett had been a teacher in a Cape Town institution and had written her sister that she had engaged passage home on the lost steamer.

Accidentally Killed Himself.

MARION, Kan., June 22.—C. Neiderhauer, a prominent shoe merchant of this city, while oiling a revolver preparatory to killing a vicious dog, accidentally discharged the weapon, killing himself. Mr. Neiderhauer was prominent in business and social circles, and was a member of a number of secret societies.

McKinley May Tour Missouri.

St. LOUIS, Mo., June 22.—National Committeeman Kerens has had some correspondence with Mr. McKinley in regard to a tour of Missouri and he is of the opinion that people of the state will have an opportunity of hearing the Republican standard bearer before election time, probably in September.

Crops Ruined by a Storm.

MASON CITY, Iowa, June 22.—Over four inches of rain fell about here last night, accompanied by hail and wind, and crops for a distance of twenty miles, two miles wide, were destroyed.

AN APPEAL TO POPULISTS.

Leaders in the Party Start a Boom for Teller for President.

St. Louis, Mo., June 22.—People's party leaders have prepared an address to their followers throughout the country in which they will advise the Populists to make Henry M. Teller their national standard bearer. It will bear the signatures of H. E. Davis of Texas, M. C. Rankin of Indiana, Thomas M. Patterson of Colorado, John Hugh McDowell of Tennessee, John P. Steele of Illinois, Thomas Fletcher of Arkansas, Howard S. Taylor of Illinois, Homer Prince of Arkansas, J. W. Dollison and M. R. Coffran of Arkansas, J. H. Edger of Nebraska, R. A. Sankey of Kansas, Charles E. Palmer of Illinois, F. D. Eager of Nebraska, J. D. Hess of Illinois, A. L. Maxwell of Illinois, George M. Jackson of Arkansas, S. J. Wright of Texas, S. P. V. Arnold of Illinois, Eugene Smith of Illinois, W. J. Quick of Missouri, Calvin K. Relfsnider of Missouri, Frank E. Riechy of Missouri and W. J. Flatt of Tennessee. They will expressly disclaim any purpose or right to bind any party or person by their views, "but yield to an overpowering sense of duty in saying what they do to members of the People's party and all other good citizens, who, apprehending the approach of a momentous crisis in our country's life, are willing to avert it by acts of exalted patriotism."

LEADVILLE MINES CLOSE.

Owners and the Union Clash and Strike and Lockout Follow.

LEADVILLE, Col., June 22.—Unless a settlement shall be quickly reached between the mine owners and the Miners' union work is likely to be suspended at nearly all of the silver mines in the camp. The IbeX company, owners of the Little Johnny mine, shut down all of their properties today. All the miners were also laid off indefinitely at the Alps, Garbut, Yalk and other mines, where the men's wages were \$3 per day.

Although the trouble originated in a demand of the union for \$3 per day in silver mines, the owners of which claim they cannot pay such wages at the present price of silver, the owners claim that the real issue is whether the Miners' union shall be permitted to dictate the employment of only union men, and they will fight this to the end.

The streets are crowded with miners, but they are well behaved.

Bob Ingersoll Expelled From a Club.

NEW YORK, June 22.—According to C. P. Farrell, Colonel Robert G. Ingersoll's brother-in-law, the Ardley Casino club was organized last year with the colonel as a charter member and he subscribed for \$1,000 worth of stock. Later he sent a check for \$500 for half of his subscription, but the check was returned with the explanation that the colonel's name had been dropped. Treasurer Frank Eldridge said yesterday that he would not explain and Secretary Field Judson denied there was any religious obstacle to the continuation of the colonel's membership. Religion is believed to be at the bottom of the difficulty, however.

Republican College League Plans.

St. LOUIS, Mo., June 22.—The national committee of the American Republican College league of the United States held a meeting today to arrange for the coming campaign. It has a membership of about 30,000 college men throughout the country. It was decided that most of the work of the league during the campaign should be limited to explaining to the people from the stump the fallacy of the free silver doctrine. For this purpose branches will be established in every state in the union and the fight will be directed by a department manager for each state.

Internal Revenue Receipts.

WASHINGTON, June 22.—The monthly statement of the internal revenue bureau shows that during May the total amount from all sources amounted to \$11,464,490, as compared with \$10,768,400 during May, 1895. Spirits show an increase of \$748,963; tobacco a decrease of \$335,990; fermented liquors an increase of \$93,334; oleomargarine a decrease of \$7,923; miscellaneous a decrease of \$2,284. For the eleven months of the present fiscal year the receipts aggregated \$138,124,811, an increase of \$1,794,146 over the corresponding period last year.

Denver's Coming Ovation to Teller.

DENVER, Colo., June 22.—The reception by the citizens of Colorado to Senator Teller will be held July 4. The committee on arrangements had hoped that Mr. Teller would return next week, but as he telegraphed that he needed rest and would remain with his mother until about July 1, it was decided to have the reception on the national holiday. There will be a parade, followed by speeches and in the evening fireworks and an illumination.

Montana Democrats Indorse the Bolt.

BUTTE, Mont., June 22.—The Democratic State convention met here today. M. P. Parker of Jefferson county was chosen temporary chairman and said that the one great issue before the people was free and unlimited silver coinage. Referring to the bolt of the silver delegates at St. Louis, he said: "This action of men who regarded the attempt to saddle a gold standard on them will meet with the approbation of the people."

Dead in a Public Meeting.

TORSNOTO, June 22.—J. B. Robinson, ex-lieutenant governor of Ontario, fell dead while on the platform at the Massey music hall last night in attendance on a political meeting held by Sir Charles Tupper. He was 75 years of age.

Judge Shell of Mexico, Mo. Dead.

MEXICO, Mo., June 22.—Judge James H. Shell died last night. He was born in Sullivan county Tenn., August 6, 1818, came to Missouri in 1843 and was a veteran in the Mexican and Indian wars.

NATIONAL CAMPAIGN.

STANDARD BEARERS OF THE REPUBLICAN PARTY.

Success Attends Both Without Any Difficulty—McKinley's Vote Beyond the Expectation of His Friends—Vice Presidency Captured by the New Jersey Candidate on the First Ballot—The Platform in Full as Finally Adopted.

Republican Standard Bearer.

St. LOUIS, Mo., June 20.—The Republicans in national convention have named their principles to the masthead and placed in command of the ship which is to bear them on to fortune or disaster in November their popular idol, William McKinley of Ohio, and Garret A. Hobart of New Jersey.

The convention was held in session for ten hours to accomplish the work out for it, and the scenes at different times were tragic, dramatic and inspiring.

McKinley's Big Vote.

McKinley's vote exceeded the expectations of his friends, as he received 66 1/2, within a vote and a half of 200 more than a majority, and almost three times as many as his five opponents. The nomination was unanimously made, with enthusiastic speeches from the representatives of the opposing candidates, and there were the usual felicitations. Mark Hanna was obliged, in response to the calls, to address the convention.

The Vote in Detail.

States

No Delegates

Alabama

Arkansas

California

Colorado

Connecticut

Delaware

Florida

Georgia

Idaho

Illinois

Indiana

Iowa

Kentucky

Louisiana

Maine

Maryland

Massachusetts

Michigan

Minnesota

Mississippi

Missouri

Montana

Nebraska

Nevada

New Hampshire

New Jersey

New York

North Dakota

Ohio

Oregon

Pennsylvania

Rhode Island

South Carolina

South Dakota

Tennessee

Texas

Vermont

Virginia

Washington

West Virginia

Wisconsin

Wyoming

Arizona

New Mexico

Oklahoma

Idaho

District of Columbia

Alaska

Total vote cast, 322,665,845 58,615,315

*Cast no vote

**Cast blank for J. Donald Cameron.

Hobart for Vice President.

After the decision of the Platt forces in New York not to present the name of Governor Morton, owing to the war waged against him by the Warner Miller faction, the nomination of Hobart of New Jersey became a certainty. Mr. Hanna and the McKinley influence was thrown for him, and although there was an attempt to consolidate the West on Evans of Tennessee, the McKinley influence was too potent. Besides, it was the general sense of the delegates that the logic of the situation required the nomination of an Eastern man for Vice President.

The nomination speeches were brief. Buckley of Connecticut; Tipp, of Rhode Island, and General Walker, of Virginia, were also placed in nomination, but they only required one ballot to determine the contest. Hobart received 530 1/2 votes, 20 more than a majority. Evans, his nearest competitor, received 200 1/2. There were scattering votes for Reed, Thurston, Grant, Dewey, Morton and Brown.

Kansas voted solidly for Hobart and Missouri gave Evans 12 and Hobart 21. Committees of one from each state to notify the nominees were appointed.

Nathaniel Barnes, of Kansas; J. R. Haughwout, of Missouri, and John A. Beckler of Oklahoma are on the committee to notify McKinley; and Frank Vincent of Kansas; B. E. Leonard, of Missouri, and William Grimes of Oklahoma on the committee to notify Hobart.

REPUBLICAN PLATFORM.

Adopted in National Convention at St. Louis, June 18, 1896.

"The Republican of the United States, assembled by their representatives in national convention, appealing for the popular and historical justification of their claims to the matchless achievements of thirty years of Republican rule, earnestly and confidently address themselves to the awakened intelligence, experience and consciences of their countrymen in the following declaration of facts and principles:

"For the first time since the civil war the American people have witnessed the complete control of the government. It has been a record of unparalleled incapacity, dishonesty and disaster. In the administration it has ruthlessly sacrificed indispensable revenue entailed an unending deficit, it has cut ordinary current expenses with borrowed money, piled up the public debt by \$820,000,000 in time of peace, forced an adverse balance of trade, kept a perpetual menace hanging over the resumption of full, sound and permanent credit to alien influences, and reversed all the measures and results of successful Republican rule. In the broad effect of its policy it has propped up a public debt industry and trade with prolonged depression, closed factories, reduced working wages, halted enterprises and crippled American production, while stimulating foreign production for the American market. Every consideration of public safety and individual interest demands that the government shall be rescued from the hands of those who have shown themselves incapable of conducting it without disaster at home and dishonor abroad, and shall be returned to the party which for thirty years administered it with unequalled success and prosperity.

The Tariff.

"We renew and emphasize our allegiance to the policy of protection as the bulwark of

American industrial independence and the foundation of American development and prosperity. This true American policy taxes foreign products and encourages home industry; it puts the burden of revenue on foreign goods; it secures the American market for the American producer; it upholds the American standard of wages for the American workman; it puts the factory by the side of the farm and makes the American farmer less dependent on foreign demand and price; it diffuses general thrift, and founds the strength of a nation on the strength of each. In its reasonable application it is just fair and impartial, equally opposed to foreign control and domestic monopoly, to sectional discrimination and individual favoritism.

"We denounce the present Democratic tariff as sectional, injurious to the public credit and destructive of business enterprise, and we demand such an equitable tariff on foreign imports which come into competition with American products as will not only furnish adequate revenue for the necessary expenses of the government, but will protect American labor from degradation to the wage level of other lands. We are not pledged to any particular schedule. The question of rates is a practical application of the principle of the tariff, and the time and the place of production. The ruling and uncompromising principle is the protection and development of American labor and industry. The country demands a right settlement and then it wants rest.

Reciprocity.

"We believe the repeal of the reciprocity arrangements negotiated by the last Republican administration was a national calamity, and we demand their speedy restoration. Reciprocity such terms as will equalize our trade with other nations, remove the restrictions which now obstruct the sale of American products in the ports of other countries and secure enlarged markets for the products of our farms, forests and factories.

"Protection and reciprocity are twin measures of Republican policy and go hand in hand. Democratic rule has ruthlessly struck down both, and both must be restored. Protection for what we produce; free admission for the necessities of life which we do not produce; reciprocal agreements of mutual interests which gain open markets for us in return for our open markets to others. Protection builds up domestic industry and trade, and secures our own market for ourselves; reciprocity builds up foreign trade and finds an outlet for our surplus.