EFFORT TO PROTECT AMERICAN MERCHANT MARINE.

Old Discriminating Duty to Be Revived Against Foreign Imports-Policy That Covered Oceans with the Stars and



Senator Elkins, of West Virginia, who, by the way, is one among the real friends of Protection in the Senate who has repeatedly expressed a desire to see some legislation enacted by the present Congress in the interests of the falling industries of the country, is also making a good fight for the enactment of a shipping law that shall discriminate in favor of the shipping interests of the United States. Senator Elkins is a stalwart Protectionist, and he is ready to support any measure that will be beneficial to American interests, whether of the factory, the farm or of commerce. In reply to the question recently propounded by us to the Senators respecting their duty toward the Dingley Revenue bill, Senator Elkins replied promptly, and with great earnestness, that he favored pressing the bill to a vote at every opportunity, and that he had been of that opinion from the beginning.

The West Virginia Senator is equally in earnest with respect to the bill which he introduced early in the session, the object of which was to restore the discriminating policy as enacted by former legislation of Congress, by which American ships carrying goods imported from foreign ports are to be given an advantage over ships owned and sailed for foreigners. This policy is in line with the best Protection to American shipping, which is certainly entitled to every fair advantage that can be given by the laws of an American Congress.

Senator Elkins' bill is still quietly sleeping in the pigeon-holes of the Committee on Commerce, and although that committee is presided over by so good a friend of American shipping as is Senator Frye, of Maine, there does not appear to be any prospect of the bill being reported and favorably considered during the remaining few days of this session. Like the Revenue bill and similar measures that are designed to give more and better Protection to American interests from the tre mendous competition to which they are subjected by the cheap labor and low standard of living in the old world, the Shipping bill must wait until the Senators become awakened to a realizing sense of the duty of the bour.

It is creditable to Senator Elkins however, that in the face of the discouragements of the times he continues his fight for all Protective meas ures, and that he promises to stir up the Senate before the present session is ended with some vigorous talk and work for the Shipping bill and dis criminating duties in favor of our ship

The history of such discriminating duties, the levying of a 10 per cent additional duty on goods imported from foreign countries when they are brought in here in foreign ships, gives so much evidence of the beneficial effeets of that policy upon our shipping that it would seem that a mere reference to it should arouse even the Republican members of the United State: senate. Every time that policy was tried it resulted in splendidly stimulating the American merchant marine During the periods when the discriminating duties were enforced our shipping interests were materially revived. and the abandonment of the policy was promptly followed by a corresponding decline in our shipping interests. After more than half a century of donothing policy, and the competition of States.-The Builder, London, August the heavily subsidized shipping lines | 25, 1894. of foreign countries that are aggressive in their contests for trade, the result has been that American ships are carrying only 11 per cent of our foreign trade. Under the policy of Pretection to our manufacturing industries, and in spite of the vicious and unrelenting opposition of the Free Trade party, our industries have thrived and prospered until the present blight of the Free Trade administration. But, even during those years of continuous Protection to demestic industries, the American shipping interests were denied one of the simplest and safest means of securing to it Protective advantages by the adoption of a policy that would also afford additional Protection to Amerian industries, and put more money in the Treasury, where it is now so great-

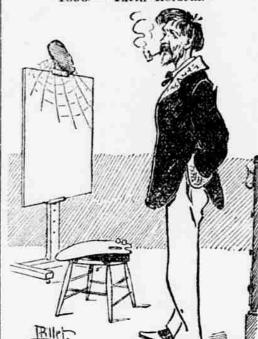
ly needed. We wish Senator Elkins success in his battle for more Protection to American shipping. He is so true a triend to Protection to all our industries that his labors in behalf of our shipping interests cannot but result in good fruits at no distant day. And the sooner the better. The policy he advocates is distinctly American in idea and spirit. In results, also, it would be distinctly of American advantage. Therefore we need it. And the more legislation of a be for the United States.

Try to give pleasure and you will receive more than you give.

ARTISTS ARE IDLE. "Tariff Reform" Increases Imports of Cheap Foreign Reproductions.

|   | Art Works-Imports.   |             |                      |  |  |
|---|--|-------------|----------------------|--|--|
|   |  | -Calend     | ar years-            |  |  |
| ī |  |             | 1895                 |  |  |
|   | Free   | \$2,411,053 | \$4,580,010          |  |  |
|   | Dutiable   | 730,887     |                      |  |  |
|   | Total  | 3,141,940   | \$4,580,010<br>Free. |  |  |
|   | From   |             | 1895.                |  |  |
|   | United Kingdom   |             |                      |  |  |
|   | France   | 1,135,231   | 2,513,376            |  |  |
|   | Germany  | 98,129      | 266,334              |  |  |
|   | Italy  | 128,584     | 274,650              |  |  |
|   | Other European   |             |                      |  |  |
|   | countries  | 72,912      | 173,788              |  |  |
|   | British North  |             |                      |  |  |
|   | America  | 184,051     |                      |  |  |
|   | Other countries  | 3,968       | 21,823               |  |  |
|   | Total  | \$2,411,053 | \$4,580,010          |  |  |
|   | The state of the s |             |                      |  |  |





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| 1  |                 | - /λ Ι       | 30       |
| Ģ. | Burt            | C. 1         |          |
| S  |                 | - The second | No.      |
| 5  | Fiscal Dutiable | Free         |          |
| 0  | years, imports. | imports.     | Dutie    |
|    | 1890\$1,796,372 |              | \$ 91,55 |
|    | 1891 2,014,510  |              | 287,80   |
|    | 1892 2,030,599  |              | 241,61   |
|    | 1893 2,366,765  |              | 339,26   |
| l  | 1894 1,484,184  |              | 162,91   |
| )  | Calendar years: |              |          |
|    | 1894 730,887    | \$2,411,053  |          |
|    | 1895            | 4,589,010    | *12,14   |
|    |                 |              |          |

\*Fiscal year It is mostly the cheap reproductions that are now imported for publication in American magazines. These can be secured at a trifling cost. Considering that the imports of foreign art works have so largely increased during the business depression in this country, it is evident that the quantity of foreign art works must have seriously interfered with the business of American

| artists. |             |             |           |
|----------|-------------|-------------|-----------|
|          | Art Work    | s -Exports. |           |
| Fiscal   |             | Fiscal      |           |
| year.    | Value.      | year.       | Value     |
| 1887     | . \$221,372 | 1892        | \$422,233 |
| 1888     | . 271,010   | 1893        | 210,893   |
| 1889     | . 694,413   | 1894        | 391,763   |
| 1890     | . 228,082   | 1895        | 471,10    |
| 1891     | 406,374     | 1895*       | 554.17    |

\*Calendar year, This is what England predicted when the Gorman law was awaiting the

president's pleasure: Painters and sculptors may fairly rejoice, since cil paintings and water color drawings, and statuary, which are at present subject to a duty of fifteen per cent., will in future be admitted into the United States free of duty. We cannot doubt that the withdrawal of the duty will tend to brighten the prospects of English and French artists in their relations with the

Senator Mitchell's Opposition.

unjust. It places this great industry me these little red buttons, for I think telegraph line was interrupted. The on the sacrificial altar and offers its they are bone." ashes as a sacrifice to the avarice of the foreign wool grower and to some extent the greed of the eastern manufacturer, and transfers finally by operation of law to their coffers the great bulk of the \$500,000,000 invested in it, and turns out of employment the 500,-000 men employed in carrying it on. A bill which vouchsafes protection to of which they make buckles and combs the mouse in the pipe. At first the the manufacturer and refuses to ex- and breast-pins and lots of things. You mouse refused to submit to what it tend it to those engaged in the other may know them by their red color. industry, which favors the foreign pro- | Very few people guess what it is." ducer, is one which discriminates unjustly, unnecessarily, mercilessly and cruelly against the agriculturist and in favor of the manufacturer, against the American and in favor of the foreigner.-Hon. J. H. Mitchell, United States Senator, of Oregon.

Study the Difference.

Under protection we derive a large revenue upon a comparatively small volume of imports of wool. Under Democratic tariff we derive no revenue from a very large volume. Under presimilar character that we can place tection the farmer commanded a good upon our statute books the better it will | price for his wool, and consequently was a large buyer of goods; under Democratic tariff he gets a low price, and therefore is a small purchaser .--Chicago Inter Ocean.

INTERESTING SKETCHES FOR OUR BOYS AND GIRLS.

Gifts of the Animals-Small Boys Abroad -A Good Sketch from the Ananias Argus-A Pretty Nursery - Song and Other Stories.



LUCK, CLUCK, cluck," said the 'Tis time this little chick went to bed. Or you'll live to be

a fowl Which in the night will prowl, And be taken for an owl," she said.

The chick went off to sleep, Soft tucked in its warm feather bed.

"Purr, purr, purr," said the cat, "Tis time this little kit went to bed, Or you'll grow to be a cat Which cannot catch a rat-And you wouldn't much like that," she

Then the kitten in a trice Slept, and dreamed of catching mice, Wrapped in fur in her basket bed.

Bow-wow-wow," said the dog, 'Tis time this little puppy went to bed, For playing in the dark

Will take away your bark, And you'll never make your mark," she said. Then the puppy stopped his play.

And went to bed straightway, Curled up on his clean straw bed. "Come, come, come," said mamma,

'Tis time this little boy went to bed, To sleep throughout the night, And with the morning light To awaken fresh and bright," she said. But that boy did tease and tease-"Let me sit up this once. please," And at last was carried pouting off to bed.

#### Gifts of the Animals.

"I have a new game for you," said Aunt Bella to the children one rainy day. "You must sit in a row upo. your little benches, and I will ask you questions. That does not sound very amusing, does it? But you will grow interested after awhile, and the one who answers the most questions shall order lunch for the party. I shall begin at once and not waste time. Polly, have you anything that the animals gave you?"

"Yes," said Polly, promptly. "I've got a sewatch wight on my arm that my pussy gave me when I wouldn't let her drink my milk." And she rolled up the sleeve of her apron to show it. They all laughed, and then Polly cried. Then they kissed her, and Aunt Bella

"No one laughed at the scratch, Polly, and you shall have another question. Try to think of something nice,

something that you like to have, that an animal gave you." "Not a single fwing," said Polly.

"Think, Polly," said Aunt Bella. What have you got on your feet?" "Shoes and stockings. My yamb'swool stockings and my brown kid shoes," said Polly, kicking her foot.

"Well, Polly, the little white lambs gave you the wool off their backs for the stockings, and the pretty kids gave their skins for the shoes."

"Oh!" cried Polly. "I never frought of tat! So tey did." Then she laughed, and the others felt they might, too, and Aunt Bella continued:

"Now the rest must answer in their turn, only they must not tell of the same gifts Polly has told of. What have the quadrupeds or birds or fish or insects given you, Tom?"

"Well," said Tom, with his hands in his pockets, "the tailor said my suit was 'strictly all wool,' so the cheep must have given me that, and my hat, too; and-oh, an alligator gave me my shoes-alligator skin, they are; and I've means of a prisoner's escape. The got a knife in my pocket that a shellfish gave me-the handle for it, at least, because it's mother-of-pearl, and that is the lining of a shell; and-I guess that's all I remember just row."

"Now, Tilly!" said Aunt Bella. "Oh," said Tilly, "I am under obligations to the silkworms for my dress, for it is made of Japanese silk. And a tortoise gave me my hairpin. And in This bill (the Wilson bill), in so far my pocket I have something a little as it deals with the sheep and wool blind mole gave me-a moleskin purse. industry is arbitrary, invidious, and I suppose some animal with horns gave graph wires are laid underground, a

"An animal gave them to you," said Aunt Bella, "but in a very curious way, Those buttons are made of bullock's blood. There is a great factory in some part of the country where they take all the blood that is gathered from the places where they slaughter beef. and turn it into something like bone.

"Now, Fanny?" collar," said Fanny; "and the feathers of which the workmen pulled the wire in my hat an ostrich gave me-oh, I through. have a little snake-skin pocketbook!"

"And you, Lilly?" asked Aunt Bella, "Oh, a monkey gave me my cape and muff," said Lilly, "and a kid gave me my gloves."

"Now, I am going to ask you all to look about the room and see what creatures have helped to furnish it."

"Of course, sheep have, for there is wool in the carpet," said Fanny; "and professed Christian who gets down on silkworms, for the curtains have silk in his knees and prays the Lord will close them."

there is a horse-hair sofa."

"An elephant helped," said Tilly.

CHILDREN'S CORNER. | portfolio on the desk is made of camel'sskin, and the paper-knife is ivory, and

fusks." "Oh," said Tom, "we've forgotten the big black bear who gave us that rug, though he lies there, head and claws and all; and the little white goat that gave us that small rug."

"Oh," laughed Fanny, "the roosters! does any one else?"

"The feather duster, of course," said glove securely in place. Tilly; "and a peacock gave us his tail for that screen."

my part, I cannot see another thing threads. that the birds and beasts and insects and reptiles gave us."

"I do," said Aunt Bella. "I see something that really and truly belongs to a duck. I do not suppose she intended to give it to us. I know she did not, in fact. But here it is."

"A duck!" cried all the children, looking about. "Where is anything a duck gave us?" "Under Polly's head," said Aunt

Bella. "That little cushion?" queried Tom.

"I thought that was silk?" "There is eider-down inside of it," said Aunt Bella. "When the eider duck makes her nest, she lines it with down from her own breast. The down hunters know that, and come in the night and steal it. The poor little duck is very sorry to find it gone, but she feather-bed over again for the duck babies who are to come out of her big, green eggs, and once more the hunters come and steal it. But she will have pulls all the down from her breast this | cooking. - New York Post. time. They let her keep that, and the poor little duck, with her breast bare and bleeding, is still glad that her babies are warm."

"Oh, poor little mamma duck!" said Polly, crying. "Take back the poor duck's fevvers!"

"Don't cry, Polly," said Aunt Bella. 'All her feathers grew again, no doubt, and she has made lots of nests for lots of little ducks since then."

And then, as they were all ready for lunch, they had it-cocoa, and jam tarts, and tongue sandwiches, and plenty of buns and plain cake.

#### Small Boys Abroad.

We didn't get into London until about seven o'clock Wednesday night, but it was fine traveling coming up from Southampton. You'd have thought the cars had rubber bicycle tyres on their wheels-see that word tyres? that's English for tires-I saw it on a sign. They rode along just as smoothly as a bicycle would on a tar pavement, and go-Jerusalem how they did go! That little toy engine when once she got started just leaped over the ground. You'd almost think you were traveling on a streak of lightning and in a packing box. That's all the cars are, just little packing boxes petitioned off into stalls and the guard-they call brakemen guards over here-the guard locks you in and off you go. It isn't a bit like traveling in America, and I don't know as I like it quite as much as the American cars with aisles down the middle of 'em because the broken mixed candy and banana boys can't walk through and sell you things! Haven't seen a broken mixed candy and banana boy over here, and it's all because their cars haven't any aisles. There aren't any comic paper boys either but I guess that's a good thing. Pop bought a copy of one of the English comic papers and he nearly rained his eyes trying to see the jokes, their points were so awful fine. - From Harper's Round Table.

# Ingenious.

From the Ananias Argus: There may be a basis of fact in the Oriental story of a beetle, with a thread tied to one of its legs, crawling to the top of a castle tower, and so becoming the service of the smaller creatures, by accident or strategy, in situations where human hands are helpless, forms an interesting and not unfrequent incident in common life.

The well-known power of an eel to find his way through mud has been utilized to clear out a clogged waterpipe, and in a story of a recent case of a similar kind we find that a mouse has been cleverly been made use of.

In a French town, in which the teleworkmen pulled out the wire and repaired it, but then discovered that they could not pass a wire through the pipe, by means of which they could pull the telegraph line back into place. A laborer, however, hit upon an ingenious way of overcoming the difficulty.

He caught a mouse and tied to its tail a very slender wire. Then he put perhaps regarded as an indignity; but when a big cat was brought, the mouse ran for dear life through the pipe, drag-"A seal gave me my cap and muff and ging along the slender wire, by means

Why Rum Rules.

B. Fay Mills, the well known evangelist, recently told how to destroy the liquor traffic and why it is not done. He

"I'll tell you what's the matter. It's corruption of the church. It is the up the bars and then deliberately goes "Oh, and horses," said Tom, "for to the polls and votes to perpetuate them-to throw them wide open."

"Oh, yes, and a camel, not exactly in | An oath on the lip shows that the furnishing, but as to pretty things. The | devil is in the heart.

The Season's Gloves.

With evening gowns the suede gloves ivory is made from an elephant's are worn. They come in all the delicate shades and match the costume in color, or form a pretty contrast. As to length, they are marvels. A novelty for holding them in place is the new glove fastener. It is a tiny jeweled butterfly, concealing a convenient little clasp, which is attached to the glove. From this is a ribbon, the same shade What did the rooster give us? I know; as the glove, arranged that it may be sewed to the sleeve and thus hold the

Gloves for calling are in glace kid, and are given a distinguished air by an embroidery in silver or gold. Pearl "A deer took off his head and antlers | gray gloves have silver stitching and so that we could have that rack that silver buttons, and canary colored Our plan is plain and practical. Address holds grandpa's rifle," said Tom. "For gloves are embroidered with gold for particulars.

> Hall's Catarrh Cure Is a constitutional cure. Price, 75c.

Rhubarb and Orange Jam.

As soon as rhubarb is a little lower in price and before oranges are gone, every housewife who is fond of either fruit should make a few pots of the delicious jam that combines them both. Wipe the rhubarb until clean and dry, and cut it into fine pieces without peeling. Peel half a dozen oranges, cut away all the white underskin, take out the seeds, and divide the oranges into quarters. Open each carpel that holds the pulp and take that out, being careful to save all the juice. Put the rhubarb, orange pulp and juice with a pound and a half of granulated sugar, stir until the sugar is melted, then cook slowly until a fine mass. When it begins to thicken cool a little in a saucer. Put away in tumblers pulls out more down and makes the and cover with waxed or oiled paper. A very good jam of the rhubarb is also made without the oranges. Use one pound of sugar to each pound of the fruit, and flavor each pound with the "The best, of course," you grated yellow rind of half a large the ducklings comfortable, and she lemon. Stir and skim frequently while

#### Rutabagas for Fodder.

It is gratifying to see so many American farmers putting their waste places or spare pieces of land into rutabagas and turnips for early fall or long winter feeding. They are getting the European idea of root crops. There the turnips and rutabagas are sown broadcast as are almost all grains, and if not desired as roots, the foliage then is used for green food. Just imagine the results of a twenty-acre oatpatch treated in this way! Think of the tremendous amount of green fodder, magnificent ing hot August and September. Why, a field of rutabagas and turnips, there, for cattle food is worth almost as much as the oats gathered therefrom! Another good plan is to sow rutabaga seed, especially the variety known as Salzer's LaCrosse, Wis., Mammoth Russian variety, or his Milk Globe turnip sort, at the rate of one-half pound per acre, into the cornfield, just before the last cultivation. This will give you two good crops-one of corn, the other of roots from the same land! One advantage of the rutabaga is that it can be sown at any time of the summer for green food, while a sowing the latter part of July is the best in northern states for big, sweet, juicy roots for winter storage and use.

# All About Western Farm Lands.

The "Corn Belt" is the name of an illustrated monthly newspaper published by the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy R. R. It aims to give information in an interesting way about the farm lands of the west. Send 25 cents in postage stamps to the Corn Belt, 209 Adams St., Chicago, and the paper will be sent to your address for one year.



With a better understanding of the transient nature of the many physical ills, which vanish before proper efforts-gentle efforts-pleasant effortsrightly directed. There is comfort in the knowledge, that so many forms of sickness are not due to any actual disease, but simply to a constipated condition of the system, which the pleasant family laxative, Syrup of Figs. promptly removes. That is why it is the only remedy with millions of families, and is everywhere esteemed so highly by all who value good health. Its beneficial effects are due to the fact, that it is the one remedy which promotes internal cleanliness without debilitating the organs on which it acts. It is therefore all important, in order to get its beneficial effects, to note when you purchase, that you have the genuine article, which is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only and sold by

all reputable druggists. If in the enjoyment of good health, and the system is regular, laxatives or other remedies are then not needed. If afflicted with any actual disease, one may be commended to the most skillful physicians, but if in need of a laxative, one should have the best, and with the well-informed everywhere, Syrup of Figs stands highest and is most largely used and gives most general satisfaction.

Hegeman's Camphor les with Glycerine, Cures Chapped Hands and Face, Tender or Sore Feet, hilbiains, Piles, &c. C. G. Clark Co., New Haven, Ct.

It is a sign of age for a women to rave about the good looks of a boy.

Piso's Cure for Consumption has been a

God-send to me. Wm. B. McClellan, Chester, Florida, Sept. 17, 1895. Irrigated Land Excursions.

Every week, cheap homes, your own terms, sure crops, good markets. Join one of our colonies, 100 new houses building, new town,

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CHANDLER & Co., Kosota Block, Minneapolis, Minn. Be careful where you step, and the man

who follows you will not stumble so much. As people grow old, their ideal women becomes one who is a good nurse.

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Sarsaparilla Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists \$1,

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tell your dressmaker, and trust to her using the

BIAS VELVETEEN SKIRT BINDING Why don't you tell her to use it or, better still, buy it yourself?

If your dealer will not supply you we will. Samples showing labels and materials mailed free. fodder too, coming into full play dur- Emma M. Hooper, of the Ladies' Home Journal.

telling how to put on Blas Velveteen Skirt Bindings Sent for 25c., postage paid. S. H. & M. Co., P. O. Box 699, N. Y. City.

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A POSITIVE CURE CUARANTEED Solousness, Constipation, Liver and Kidney Diseases, Nervousness, Headache etc. Mr Edward Wood of Primghar Iowa, who formally lived near La Porte and who is widely and very favorably known in northern Iowa writes on March 9th '96. "The have taken Dr.Kay's Renovator and it has cured me of dyspepsia of about ten year standing. I was so bad off that everything I atc soured on my stomach. I can now east anything. I am seventy one years old and I shall recommend it to others for the good it has done me." It renovates and invigorates the whole system and purifies and

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NERVE TONIC known. Very pleasant and easy to take. It is made from the structure of the str occentrated extracts, in tablet form and has 2 to 4 times the doses that liquid rem-bedies have. Sold by druggists or sent by mail on receipt of price 25c, and 3l. SENDS STAMP FOR FREE SAMPLE AND OUR BOOKELT it treats nearly all dis-