

## CUBA AND FREEDOM.

### SPIRITED PROCLAMATION BY REVOLUTIONISTS.

Claims Made That the Deliverance of the Island from Spanish Domination Is Already Assured — Two More Provinces Are in Revolt.

Tampa, Fla., June 15.—The following proclamation, translated from the revolutionary committee of Havana, has been received from Cuba:

To the Cuban People: Maximo Gomez is in command with 2,000 men. The Marquis de Santa Lucia, with the cry of "Cuba Libre," has joined him with 1,500 men. Twenty of the most noted gentlemen of Puerto Principe accompany the worthy son of Camaguey. There is no hope for Spain. Remidos has protected the landing of Roloff and his 230 men. He brings munitions of war and 10,000 pounds of dynamite. The landing of Yero and Seraphin Sanchez is confirmed. They bring American pyrotechnics. Santa Spirite has already seven armed bands. General Maceo, with his 6,000 Macheteros, is destroying and burning everything he finds in his way. Liberal Spaniards have nothing to fear. Lives and property will be respected while assistance is not rendered to the government.

The autonomist party says that insurrection in arms is necessary to force the government to favor autonomy. Shame to these false patriots who live on miserable bread that the despot throws to them! Soldiers from Mahon, a Spanish province, have gone over to the insurgents' ranks. The daily expenses of Spaniards run up to \$175,000. Martinez Campos has lost already 10,000 men. Soldiers die of fever in the streets of the city of Manzillo. Famine spreads through the province of Cuba. In Baraco and Guantanamo there are 18,000 insurgents in arms.

"Liberal Spaniards, the sons of Ringo and Pinto, are here for liberty. To arms and down with the metropolitan government and tyranny! Hurrah for Maximo Gomez!"

Cuban advices received here are to the effect that 11,000 Spanish troops will land at Neuvitas, in the northern coast of Cuba, today, being the second installment of troops dispatched to Campos by the home government.

News by steamer is that the provinces of Siguia and Gibara joined the revolution on the 11th and 12th inst., respectively. The volunteers have been ordered out, under the leadership of veterans. The volunteers refuse to respond unless under their own leaders. The majority of Marco Garcia's guerrillas of Santo Spirite have deserted to the insurgents. Reports are that Maceo is in full possession of the seaport near Manzanillo; that he cleared two ships of sugar loading for the United States last week.

### TALKS FOR SILVER.

#### Bimetallist Addresses the Conservative Association of Belgium.

Brussels, June 15.—M. Alphonse Allard, who was delegate from Belgium to the international monetary conference of 1892, in an address to the conservative association asserted that the protective policy of Belgium is the result of the currency difficulty, which he declared has divided the world into hostile camps and developed changes absolutely opposed to the interests of the gold countries and in favor of the silver currency nations. M. Allard also said that the fall in the prices of commodities is not due to overproduction, but to the scarcity of money caused by the demonetization of silver in 1873.

### TAYLOR'S RETURN.

He Will Arrive in Pierre Tuesday Morning—The Conditions.

Pierre, S. D., June 15.—Attorney General Crawford talks freely in regard to Taylor's case and the final result, stating that Taylor will leave Chicago Sunday night and arrive in Pierre Tuesday morning. The terms on which he comes are forced by the attorney general and are \$100,000 cash, all the property of Taylor in South Dakota, Illinois, New Mexico, and other states, property to be valued by Land Commissioner Lockhart, Attorney General Crawford, and Governor Sheldon and bondsmen to make good to the state any deficit yet remaining on the total sum. Taylor is to plead guilty and take sentence.

### BOOM IN BRAZIL.

#### Cotton to Be Manufactured Extensively by Our Southern Neighbor.

Washington, June 15.—There has been more building in the past twelve months in Bahia, Brazil, than for the same period in any previous year and much more is projected for the ensuing year, writes United States Consul McDaniel. The most important improvement to commerce, he says, is a coaling station capable of storing 10,000 tons of coal. The station is to be equipped with the latest appliances for loading and discharging coal and will be completed in August or September. The consul further says the manufacture of cotton is becoming a very important industry in Brazil. A company has just been formed in Bahia with a paid-up capital of \$1,600,000, which will soon have a factory, the largest in Brazil, designed to contain 2,000 looms. Of these 1,200 will be used for weaving calicoes, and light domes-tics, and 800 for colored cloths, cotton checks, stripes, heavy cottonades, etc. At present 720 looms of the factory are in operation and about 450 hands are employed, the production being about 150,000 yards of cloth per week. The company has also built 300 houses, which it rents to employees at about 50 cents per week. The output of three other factories is given and shows that the industry is flourishing.

### ROBBED A MAIL CAR.

#### Postal Clerk Ordered to Jump, and Is Badly Hurt.

Galveston, Texas, June 15.—The mail car on train No. 4 International & Great Northern arrived at Palestine last night without a postal clerk. A masked man crawled into the car just after leaving Tucker and at the point of a revolver demanded the safe keys. Upon their surrender he ordered the clerk to jump out. Clerk Orrin Davis was badly hurt by the jump. Eight registered packages are known to have been taken.

### NO UNCERTAIN SOUND.

#### Silver Convention at Memphis Adopts Strong Resolutions.

Memphis, Tenn., June 15.—When the silver convention was called to order for the afternoon session Thursday Senator Jones of Arkansas, as chairman, presented the report of the committee on resolutions, which was unanimously adopted. The resolutions advocate the free and unlimited coinage of gold and silver at the ratio of 16 to 1, declare that international co-operation is not necessary, and attribute the recent hard times entirely to the demonetization of silver. They continue:

"Be lieving that it is absolutely necessary to reverse the present iniquitous and ruinous financial policy, we therefore resolve:

"That we favor the immediate restoration of silver to its former place as a full legal tender, standard money, equal with gold, and the free and unlimited coinage of both silver and gold at the ratio of 16 to 1 and upon terms of exact equality."

"That while we should welcome the co-operation of other nations, we believe the United States should not wait upon the co-operation of other governments or the pleasure of creditors, but should themselves proceed to reverse the 'grinding process' that is destroying the prosperity of the people, and should lead by their example the nations of the earth.

"That the rights of the American people, that the interests of American labor, and the prosperity of American industry have a higher claim to the consideration of the people's law-makers than the greed of foreign creditors, or the avaricious demands by 'idle holders of idle capital.' The right to regulate our own people is right which no free government can barter, sell or surrender. This reserved right is a part of every bond, of every contract, and of every obligation. No creditor or claimant can set up a right that can take precedence over a nation's obligation to promote the welfare of the masses of its own people. This is a debt higher and more binding than all other debts and one which it is not only dishonest, but treasonable to ignore.

"We therefore appeal to the plain people of the land, with perfect confidence in their patriotism and intelligence, to aroise themselves to a full sense of the peril that confronts them and defend the citadel of their liberties with a vigilance which shall neither slumber nor sleep."

The following resolution was also presented and adopted:

"Resolved, That a committee composed of one member from each state be appointed by the delegates thereof in this convention, whose duty it shall be to correspond with the representatives and advocates of bimetallism and bimetallic societies in the different states of the union, and devise measures to advance the cause of bimetallism throughout the United States. This committee shall have power to call a national conference of bimetallists whenever, in the opinion of the committee, the cause of bimetallism can be advanced thereby. Said committee shall have power to fill all vacancies."

The platform as it was originally intended it should not, the call being strictly non-partisan, contains no mention of any party. The convention adjourned after speeches by W. J. Bryan, A. J. Warner and Senator Wolcott of Indiana.

#### Contesting Fred Douglass' Will.

Rochester, N. Y., June 15.—Efforts to settle the Frederick Douglass will contest out of court have failed, and Mrs. Nathan Sprague, a daughter of Mr. Douglass, will commence a suit to enforce her rights. The action will be against Mrs. Douglass, the widow; her brother and Lewis H. Douglass, who are the administrators of the estate. It is claimed by Mrs. Sprague that by the most recent arrangements Mrs. Douglass is to get all of the estate that is in sight.

#### TRIED IT ON A FRIEND.

### BEAUTY OF THE BENCH.

#### A Pretty Girl Once Sat with California's Supreme Court.

"Few people are aware that a woman once sat on the supreme bench in California," said ex-Secretary of State Thomas Beck. A look of incredulity overspread the features of his listeners. "It is a fact, nevertheless," continued Mr. Beck. "It was in—well, never mind the year, but I was then secretary of state, and court was being held in Sacramento. Judge Wallace was on the bench, and among those in the capital city during the session was Col. Shafter and a number of his officers. The colonel was accompanied by his daughter, a very young, bright and handsome girl.

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#### Puzzled by a Poison, the Professor Gets Petie to Taste It.

A well-known Bohemian visited his friend, Prof. Price, at the latter's laboratory yesterday, says the San Francisco Post. The professor was examining a dark brown substance spread on a paper.

"Say, Petie, would you kindly let me place a little of this on your tongue? My taste has become so viatated by tasting all sorts of things."

"Certainly," responded the ever-accommodating Petie, thrusting out his tongue.

The professor took up a little of the substance under analysis and placed it on Petie's tongue. He worked it around for fully a minute, tasting it much as he would a fine confection.

"Not any effect?" inquired the professor.

"No, none."

"It doesn't paralyze or prick your tongue?"

"Not that I can detect."

"I thought not. There are no alkaloids in it, then. How does it taste?"

"Bitter as the dickens."

"Um-m; all right."

"What is it, anyway?" inquired Petie, as he spat out the hold-over taste.

"I don't know. That's what I'm trying to find out. Some one has been poisoning horses with it out in the Mission."

Petie rushed to the telephone and called up a veterinary surgeon.

#### FAVORS HOMESTEADERS.

#### Important Decision by Secretary Smith as to Land Payments.

Washington, June 15.—Secretary Hoke Smith has rendered a decision that will be of interest to many Western homesteaders. The case in question was that of J. A. Wells of the Alliance land district, Nebraska, who requested an extension of time for making payment on his preemption claim. The land office refused the request on the ground that such extension could be granted only in cases where inability to pay existed by reason of failure of crops. In his decision Secretary Smith reversed this ruling, and calls attention to a recent act of congress which extends the time of final payment for ten years in cases where the entryman is unable to make payment on account of any cause which he is unable to control.

#### Gall Hamilton Improving.

Washington, June 15.—Representative Hilt is still confined to his bed. There was no marked change in his condition. Miss Abigail Dodge continues to improve. She is able to take more nourishment than formerly. It is thought that if the improvement continues she may be able to removed to her home in Salem, Mass., within a week or ten days.

#### Indianapolis, Ind., June 14.—The Indiana tax law was again upheld in the Federal court yesterday by Judge Baker, who decided against the Western Union Telegraph company in its suit for an injunction against the state auditor to prevent him collecting the full amount of taxes assessed by the state commissioners.

#### To Succeed Hazleton.

Washington, June 15.—The president has made the following appointments: Allen Thomas, consul-general, to be United States minister at Venezuela. Emory Best of the District of Columbia, to be assistant commissioner of the general land office.

#### Advertising Pays.

If you intend to secure the trade of,

let us say, 65 people, \$2 would not be an unreasonable expenditure, would it?

If it appeared to be succeeding, you might put out \$1 more—possibly \$5.

The proprietors of Cottolene have started out to gain the patronage of 65,000,000 people. They are getting it, too! and their expenditures for advertising have not yet reached \$2,000,000. This is a great country! Look at the Royal baking powder business.

### FOR BOYS AND GIRLS.

#### HEALTHY READING FOR YOUNG MINDS.

The Doctor for Sick Dolls—Blossom's Revenge—Her Triumph—Time for Bible Reading—A Happy Plan—Youthful Smiles.



ROCK-A-BY, BABY, on the tree-top; Papa will warble your weeping to stop,

Mamma is anxious to vote like a man,

And we've got to hustle that we can.

Rock-a-bye, baby,

on the tree top;

Mamma is busy electing a pop;

Sister is hunting the pattern she'd like

For bloomers, and grandma is riding a bike.

Rock-a-bye, baby, and when you're asleep,

Father his dates at the office will keep;

For his place he will lose if too long he delays,

And he'll tend babies the rest of his days.

—Washington Star.

#### Sick Dolls.

Up a rickety flight of stairs, over a shop in this city, is a hospital for dolls, says the Washington Star. The physician in charge is a small man, with red whiskers and a kindly eye. There is nothing that has to do with the anatomy of a doll which he does not understand. What in medical parlance is termed a compound fracture is a trifile to his science. A lost leg he quickly replaces; internal disorders are "pie" to him, while at a pinch he will put a new head in place of an old one. Thus every year hundreds of dolls are brought to him and placed in his charge for treatment. It must be a very bad

case that he pronounces hopeless.

Yet there are injuries that occur to dolls which are past mending.

For example, a melted face cannot be restored and it is difficult to supply a new eye that will fit an empty socket. But a broken head—why, bless you! the doctor thinks nothing of patching it up with cement so that it is just as strong as ever. A most difficult job is to restore a jointed doll that has become unstrung. Dolls of this kind are apt to suffer from a sort of locomotor ataxia—at all events, the symptoms are similar. They are strung together with rubber strings and to reorganize the constitution of a mankin of this description is a tedious task, requiring no little skill. To most folks, especially grown-up people, one doll is pretty much like another. If the mankin is broken the easiest thing is to get another in its place. But to their child owners dolls have a very distinct individuality. The loss of one that has been long beloved is a positive bereavement. Thus it is a fortunate thing that the services of a physician can be obtained. His fee is variable, running all the way from 50 cents up to \$5 for treating an expensive French doll. Most of the patients have parted with a leg or an arm. Another frequent form of injury is rupture, part of the internal sawdust escaping. This is not difficult to remedy. Sawdust is considered the best stuffing for dolls, though raw cotton and tow are used to some extent. The doll doctor does not have enough business of this kind to make a living and so he supplements it by mounting all sorts of dead pets.

#### DOLLY.

the stage on which is nightly performed the last act but one in the oft-repeated tragedy of the life of an unfortunate; from there she leaps into the dark waters of the Thames, where the fifth act of despair and death is played out, amid, only God knows, what struggles and what prayers, till at last, "dead and dripping," she is dragged out from the river, to the bridge from which she had just wildly sprung, and is looked upon merely as "a poor thing," a corpse, a curiosity, a something for the police, the passer-by, and the gay and midnight demi-monde whose turn has not come, to wonder at, or to smirk at.

#### Time