OVER THE STATE.

Horse thieves are desolating the barns of horse owners at Ponca.

AN eagle with seven-foot wings was caught in a wolf trap near Brady Island.

THE Merchants hotel at Wakefield has been reopened by a gentieman from THERE is a great deal of sickness

among the children of Thedford, Thomas county. A. Talbot, formerly postmaster at Brainard, died after a lingering illness

of diabetes. Johnson county proposes to expend

\$20,000 in bettering its roads and bridges this year. A wolf hunt with the wolves left out

was engaged in by the sports of Blue Hill and vicinity. CHEYENNE county commissioners estimate that it will take \$49,000 to run

the county the coming year. POSTAL INSPECTOR SINCLAIR, who has been investigating the business of the Traveling Men's Business Block of Lincoln, has reported that the evidence collected by him does not show that the company has been using themails

for fraudulent purposes. A MAD dog was shot in the south part of York county a few days ago. Several animals were bitten before the dog was shot.

In Greeley county the different precincts are holding meetings to devise ways and means to procure seed and feed next spring.

Two GRAND ISLAND wheelmen collided the other day, whereby great damage was inflicted upon the wheels, but root of the tree amen." the riders escaped uninjured.

An order of sale has been issued by virtue of a decree against the property of the Wilcox District Fair association, property located at Wilcox. The amount of the judgment is \$3,347.

THE Beatrice Starch company, which has been reorganized, filed amended articles of incorposation. The capital stock is now placed at \$200,000, with a paid up capital of \$90,000.

THE Pawnee Independent says J. C. Wood of Table Rock has filed a claim for the discovery of coal, and he claims to have twenty-six inch vein of workable coal. The prize is \$4,000.

THE stockholders of the Citizens' State bank of Wood River held their annual meeting. A dividend of 5 per cent, payable February 10, 1895, was The capital stock was reduced from \$21,000 to \$20,000.

FRANK O. KROH of Stella, oldest son of Ike Kroh, met with a serious accident. He was trimming a fallen tree with a very sharp axe and in some manner struck his foot squarely on the end, spliting it down about three inches.

THE bank of Wilcox was closed last week by State Bank Examiner Cline. The institution has paid up capital of \$75,000 and is owned by eastern capitalists. The deposits, which amount to \$18,000, it is thought, will be paid in

THE Douglas county charity work is assuming great proportions. Fuel to \$27,603.65, the net receipts for the year the amount of \$1,802 was distributed during December and groceries costing \$1,028. The labor test will hereafter be applied by making applicants

THE Kearney National bank, which was compelled to suspend under a run several weeks ago, will open its doors again, and President Downing says that the affairs of the bank have been put in good shape and the prospect is

BARNEY SECOY, who has been connected with Fremont hotels for several years, who was well known to traveling men, died last week after a lingering illness. His body was taken to his old home at Port Leydon, N. Y., for in-

Mr. Jenkins has introduced a bill in the legislature, cutting down telegraph charges to fifteen cents for the first ten words for all distances less than one hundred miles. The rate for any longer distance within the state is 25 cents for

HARRY MASON, who had been on a prolonged spree since Christmas, died suddenly at the American house in Table Rock. His death was caused, it is supposed, by alcoholism. He has wealthy relatives in New York city who were telegraphed for.

WILLIAM RICHTER, an old soldier of McCool Junction, while doing chores, came near freezing to death. His wife, with assistance of neighbors, got him to the house. They had at the time scarcely any fuel. A wagon load of day forwarded the following reply: coal was at once sent them.

J. F. STULL, who lives four miles northwest of Plattsmouth, was dangerously burned by the explosion of a hanging lamp last week. His beard and hair were singed close to the skin, the flesh on his face, neck, ears, chest and hands was literally cooked.

A POLLED ANGUS bull belonging to Hans Jacobson, near Plainview, fell into a deserted well and was not discovered for fifteen days. When taken out the animal was dazed for a few moments, but it soon started for home as though nothing had happened.

MRS. WARNEY THOMAS burned to death at her home at Bloomfield the other day. When discovered by neighboring women she had nearly extinguished the flames and got out of doors but was burned to a crisp from head to foot. Medical skill could only alleviate her suffering for about four hours. when death relieved her. It is thought that she had spilled gasoline upon her clothing, which had ignited from the

WILLIAM BONE of Gibbon, who with his wife have been spending the wingregation was being dismissed. He was of game warden. The proposed law

dren. PREPARATIONS are being made for the | tection of game and fish. purpose of irrigating a strip of country lying along the Niobrara river known | Senator Manderson that he is willing as the mirage flats. Mirage flats is a to contribute his entire quota of seeds perfectly level piece of land, twenty to the sufferers in the drouth belt, as miles long and ten miles wide. Engi- has also Congressman Hainer. Mr. neers are at work surveying, and work | Bryan replies that he sends one-half of on the ditch will begin in February if his allowance, and the other populists the weather continues favorable.

FRED ELLIS, a farmer living near Lynch was bound over to the district court last week for alledged "white

THE Elkhorn will abandon what is known as the Fremont-Ornaha local train for the reason that business does not warrant its continuance. This train is known as Nos. 23 and 24, No. 24 leaving Omaha for Fremont at 4:55 p. m. and returning arriving at Omaha a4 7:50 p. m.

A CHILD of Gust Anderson, a prominent farmer living two miles west of Stromsburg, was probably fatally burned. It seems that while the parents were doing chores, the child by some means set fire to its clothes. Before assistance came the skin on its arms and face was burned to a crisp. Little hope is entertained for its recov-

BURR & Co., who are boring the artesian well at York, are down 465 feet. They have passed through forty-five feet of magnesia lime stone and are now twenty-five feet into sandstone. They have just received new drills and will push the work as soon as the weather will permit. The parties from Iowa who are also drilling are down

THE comptroller of the currency has decided that the First National bank of North Platte, now in the hands of the bank examiner, is not to be permitted to resume business, but shall be placed in the hands of a receiver. Some time ago the comptroller offered to permit resumption if the stockholders paid up an assessment of 50 per cent on their stock to cover impairment of capital.

A CRANK named Hunter, has sent the following dispatch to the governor of Nebraska, under Washington date: 'Tidings! Tidings!-To the Governor of Nebraska: Thus says the lord-god it would have Been Better for the people of your State that they had Never Been Born for their dooms are fixed and ther damnations are Sealed come down Proud Rullers and lie in the dust for the axe is now lying at the

Considerable excitement prevailed in O'Neill when it was learned that Ben R. Cowdlery, state bank examiner, filed a complaint in the county court charging George H. Bowring, cashier of the defunct Stuart State bank, with forgery. The complaint alleges that the forgery consisted of the entry by Bowring on the bank's books as bills securable a promissory note for \$2,000 purported to be signed by William Krotter & Co., when in fact no such note was ever signed by that firm.

AT the session of the board of supervisors of Buffalo county a county relief association was organized by appointing two men in each township to act with the supervisor, who would be chairman of the committee. A central committee, with H. W. Trueblood as chairman, W. H. Hand secretary, and Rice H. Eaton, treasurer, was elected. Reports will be made by the various committeemen to the central committee. From these reports it can be learned definitely just who and how many are in need of help in Buffalo county.

At the meeting of the board of agriculture at Lincoln reports of the different officers were read. Secretary Furnas submitted a report of the business of last year. The first portion relating to the financial part of the state fair's business showed that the receipts during the fiscal year, including the balance on hand for 1893, \$2,978.58, were were \$24,594.07, the total expenditures being \$28,827.18, leaving a deficiency of \$1.123.53. This deficiency has been provided for by a voluntary loan by Austin Humphrey and all indebtedness has been paid in full to date. While the receipts were less than the average for late years the expenditures were more than correspondingly lessened by the board. Of the total amount expended \$13,923.69 was paid in premiums and \$14,903.49 for other expenses. The report recommends that to keep up with the progress of the day the board should issue monthly bulletins of information relating to crops, seasons, etc., but adds that the appropriation, \$2,000, is too small to admit of the publication.

Seed Donations to Nebraskans.

Governor Holcomb yesterday, says the Lincoln Journal, acknowledged the receipt of Senator Manderson's suggestion relative to field and garden seeds.

The proposition made by the senator military board of the Nebraska National appeared in the Sunday Journal's Washington dispatches. His plan in brief was that he and his colleagues in congress should lump their quota of seeds issued to them by the government for distribution and send them to Nebraska as a donation for needy farm-

ers in the western part of the state. A copy of Senator Manderson's letter was also tent by the senator to his colleagues asking them to unite with him in the plan. Governor Holcomb yester-

LINCOLN, Neb., Jan. 14, 1895.-Hon. C. F. Manderson, United States Senator, Washington, D. C .- My Dear Senator: In reply to yours of the 7th inst. allow me to express my appreciation of your valued suggestion relative to the distribution of the garden and field seeds which are at the disposal of the representatives in congress from this

It would doubtless be advisable to send these seeds to the Nebraska state relief commission for distribution among the needy in the drouth stricken portions of the state, as the members of this commission are possessed of the greatest amount of information regarding the wants of the people in he different localities. Very truly SILAS A. HOLCOMB,

Governor. A reply somewhat like the above was also sent to Congressman Bryan, who in the meantime had notified the governor of his willingness to donate onehalf of his quota of field and garden

ter in Kearney, died suddenly of heart | by the sportsmen of Lincoln in the fate failure in the United Presbyterian of the bill now before the legislature church the other night just as the con- providing for the creation of the office Robertson tested the spirit of the members 73 years of age and leaves three chil- makes the warden responsible for the enforcement of the laws for the pro-

CONGRESSMAN MERCER has notified will doubtless do likewise.

SOME MEASURES THAT ARE TO BE ACTED UPON.

Standing Committees in the House and Senate-A Text of Some of the More Important Measures Thus Far Introduced in the Upper and Lower Branches-Action to be Had First of All Upon Relief Legislation-The All-Absorbing Irrigation Question-Miscellaneous Notes.

The Nebraska Assembly.

SENATE.- In the senate on the 15th vote was taken for United States senator. The vote as announced showed that all the reoublicans voted for Thurston. The independents divided, Bauer, Crawford, Jeffres and Sprecher vo.ing for W. J. Bryan and Campbell, Dale and Stewart for trof. W. A. Jones. Senator Gray being sick and absent. As soon as the vote was announced John M. Thurston arose from his seat near Senator Crane, and with Mrs. Thurst n went to representative hall. The following bills were introduced and read the first time: To provide for the purcha e of grounds and the erection of buildings for an Old Ladies' home, and home for destitute and home for children and making appropriations there-for; to amend section 1390 of chapter 12 of annotated statutes of Nebraska, 1893, enti-tled "Decendents and state," and to repeal said section 1390 as now existing; to amend section 5165, title 17, annotated statutes of Nebraska, 1893, entitled "Costs," and to re-peal said section 5165 as now existing; to amend section 5913, chapter 17, annotated statutes of Nebraska of 1895, eneitled "Arrests and arraignment before magistrate," and to repeal said section 5913 as now existing; to amend section 343 of the compiled statutes of the state of Nebraska of 1891, entitled "Fees in excess of certain amounts;" to amend section 2943 of the consolidated statutes of Nebraska, and to repeal said original section; to amend sections 14 and 29 of an act entitled "An act to promote the in-dependence of voters at public elections, to enforce the secrecy of the ballot and to provide for the printing and distribution of ballots at public expense." House.—In the house interest centered in

the vote for United States senator. When

the vote was announced the result showed Thurston 72; W. A. Jones 15; Bryan 13. The announcement was followed by an outburst Recess was taken, and on reresembly the house was addressed by Rev. L. P. Ludden concerning relief matters. Mr. Ludden answered questions from members, which elicited the statement that orders we e being filled as rapidly as possible, and it was also shown that counties which were reported to have received little or no aid were well supplied. Mr. Ludden expressed the opinion that about 75 percent of the farmers of the drouth stricken district would be in need of seed grain. His statements relative to the condition of affairs was an agreeable surprise to many members, and it was very evident that he had created a good impression concerning the work of the relief commission. On motion of Munger of Lancaster a vote of thanks was extended to Mr. Ludden, and on motion of Valley the secretary of state was directed to supply the relief commission with all necessary stationery and stamps. The house finished up its share of the relief legislation by adoping in committee of the whole honse roll No. 1, introduced by Lamborn of Red Willow, authorizing county boards to issue bonds of their respective counties for the purpose of purchasing grain for seed and feed for teams used in culti-vating the land upon which the seed is planted. The bill was recommended for passage and the house hopes to finally dis-pose of it tomorrow. The bill provides that in such counties where relief is needed sdecial elections may be held for the pur-pose of voting bonds not to exceed 2 per cent of the assessed valuation. A majority of the legal voters voting at the election will authorize the bonds, which are to be paya-ble in ten years, optional in five, the interest not to exceed 2 per cent. The proceeds of the bonds is to be applied to the purchase of grain for seed and feed. The grain is to be sold to farmers with 7 per cent added for expenses. The purchaser is required to sign a contract binding himself to pay back the price of his grain in five annual installments, the contract to remain a lien upon the land until paid. Allen offered a resolution providing that immediately after the joint convention tomorrow the house adjourn until Thursday at 2 o'clock p. m., in order to give the members an opportunity to attend the reception tendered by the citzens of Omaha to Senator Thurston. Barry, izens of Omaha to Senator Thurston. Barry, leader of the populist contingent, took the floor, and in a speech begged that the courtesy asked by the republicans be granted by a unanimous vote. He therefore moved that the roll call just taken be expunged from the records, and that the journal be made to read that the resolution had been adopted unanimously. The motion carried unanimously and the house adjourned.

journed. SENATE-In the senate on the 16th after the approval of the journal, Smith sent to the secretary's desk a resolution providing for an adjournment immediately after the joint convention until tomorrow at 2 o'clock. The resolution was adopted. Mckeeby from the committee on joint rules, presented a report recommending the adoption of the joint rules of the session of 1888, with the ad-dition of a new rule providing that the joint rules may be altered, amended or suspended by a vote of two-thirds of the members present and voting thereon. The report was adopted. Six bills were introduced and read for the first time, as follows: Amend-ing the Omaha charter; amending the act for the government of the Home for the Friendless; to create a ditch fund in the several counties; to amend the law govern-

House.-In the house on the 16th the forenoon session of the house was s brief one, with but little business of any character. A communication from the secretary of state was read. The secretary of state wanted a messenger for his own use. The house didn't want him to have it, and after Davies had made a brief but pointed talk against the proposition it was tabled with a jar. The house, by common consent, drop-ped all matters of business until 12 o'clock. hen the senate appeared, and the two houses went into joint convention for the purpose of ratifying the election of John M. Thurston as United States Senator. Imme-diately after the joint convention the house, according to the resolution adopted yester-day, adjourned until tomorrow afternoon.

SENATE .- In the senate or the 17th Mr. Dale sent the following motion to the secretary's desk, and asked that it be read: Whereas, It is currently reported through the daily press of the state that this senate has already upon its pay roll 100 or more employes, and with a view to ascertain the truth of these statements, and further to conform to the statutory provi ions of the state, I move that a committee of three be appointed by the president to carefully look into the matter of employes and see if the number cannot be reduced to conform with the statute, section 2.117, page 557 of the Consolidated Statutes of 1893. Mr. Pope insisted on his original mot on au horizing the appointment of a supply clerk. Mr. Dale protested against any motion that pro-posed to charge up to the senate's account a clerk who served the house of representa-tives as well as all the state others, and who, for all that the senators might kn w, would be continued throughout the year. Pope's motion carried on a yea and nay vote.
Dale then renewed his motion, but Caldwell of Hall moved that it be laid on the table. It was so ordered. The senate then listened to the reading of new bil s. A num-b r of bills were also read the second time and referred. After the reading of bills Stewart moved that that the senate resolve itself into committee of the w ole to consider senate file No. 35 and other relief bills. McKeeby, chairman of the special commit-tee on relief, stated that the committee was CONSIDERABLE interest is being taken of the relief bills and he trusted the senator would not insist on his motion. Stewart's

motion was not agreed to. Adjourned. by introducing a resolution instructing the senators and representatives in congress from Nebraska to vote for the free and unlimited coinage of silver. A motion to table the same was carried by a vote of 62 to 24. Jenness of Lougias sent up to the clerk's desk the following: Whereas there are grave rumors to the effect that frauds are being perpetrated in the printing of house bills, therefore be it resolved that the house of representatives instruct the printing committee to investigate the same and re-port back to this house at its ear lest convenience. The resolution was adopted. A communication was read from State Auditor Moore regarding the pay- where the time scheme is worked.

LAWS FOR NEBRASKA.

ment of employes, following which came bills on first reading: to amend and repeal sections 5'05' and 5,0:1 of the Consolidated Statutes of 1893, of the state of Nebraska. entitled "Homestead and other peace of Nebraska." and Other Exemption." and to regulate ex-emptions of persons about to leave the state, and of the purchase money of personal property in the possession of the pur-chaser; to amend an act entitled, "An act to regulate the practice of pharmacy and sale of poisons and to prevent adulterations in drugs and medical preparations in the state of Nebraska, and to provide a penalty for the violation thereof," by) dding there-to three sections, and to repeal sections, 42, 4 and 44 of chapter vi of the criminal code; to amend section 53 of the criminal code of Nebraska, being section 5,632 of the Consoli-dated Statutes of 1893, and to repeal said original section, as now existing; to proer and interest in her husband's real estate by deed by her guardian, and the procedure therefor; re ative to the construction, maintenance and operation of irrigation works by cities and villages and to provide for the issue of bonds and levying of taxes therefor; to amend section 3,040, chapter xxxix of the Consolidated Statutes of the state of Nebraska of 1893, entitled "Grand and Petit

Jurors," and to repeal said original act. SENATE. - In the senate on the 18th, imme lately after the approval of the journal, Hahn offered a joint memorial to congress in reference to a matter in which the state s particularly interested. It asks Nebraska's senators and congressmen to use their endeavors to secure the passage of the pending bill to cede to the state the arid lands within the limits of Nebraska, and which still belong to the government. Pope, from the judiciary committee, reported back to the senate senate file No, 9, by Watson, sen-ate file Nos. 15 and 19, by Crane. with the recommendation that they pass. The long expected report on house roll No. 71, providing for the appropriation of \$85,000 for the payment of members and employes of the egisla ure, was handed in by Graham, from the committee on finance. A number of new bills were introduced and read the first time. Day called up his deferred motion of yester-day, asking for the appointment of a committee of three to investigate the pay roll. Graham offered a su stitute as follows: That a committee of five be appointed by the president to investigate the matter of senate employes and that it is recommended to the committee that it report against any employe receiving more than one day successive twenty-four hours and that said committee report to the senate concerning the necessary number of employes, and make its report not later than Monday, Jan-uary 21. The substitute was adopted by a straight party vote. The lieutenant gov-ernor announced the following five senators as the membership of the proposed commit-tee: Graham of Gage, Pose of Saline, Akers of Scott's Bluffs, Crawford of Holt and Watson of Otoe. The senate then adjourned until Monday noon.

House-In the house on the 18th three bills were passed, making five in all, the record of the first sixteen working days of the session. These bills were all by Robinson, and related to funds due, or in process of maturing in favor of the state uiversity. A bill by Griffith, house roll No. 76, was considered committee of the whole, and, when on he eve of its passage, was suddenly checked by Davies in the interest of economy, Smith's resolution to in-truct Nebraska's representatives in congress to vote in favor in the foreclosure of the Union Pacific railroad was the feature of the morning session. It was lost, 71 to 25. Mr. Chapman got his resolution passed to print 1,00) copies each of the late governor's message and the inaugural of Governor olcomb in the German and Bohemian languages. He introdue dit the first day, and it has been twice defeated. Barry sent up a resolution to request the relief committee to prepare a bill for immediate appropriation of aid to drouth sufferers. It was carried, following which came an influx of bills and bills on first reading, among them: To locate and esta lish a state normal school at Kearney, Buffalo county, Neb., to be known and designated as the State Normal school at Kearney, and to provide for receiving a donation of propperty for the same and to appropriate funds for the same; to equalize exemptions from sale on execu-tions, attachments or forced sale and to repeal sections 1,961 and 5,055 of the Consolida-ted Statutes of 1893 (Colby's); to authorize counties within the state of Nebraska to submit to a vote of the people of said coun-ties a preposition to issue bonds under the provisions of chapter xiv of the Consolidated Statutes of Nebraska, for the purpose of sinking or boring artesian wells, and to amend said chapter xiv by making and ad-ding additional sections thereto; to compel institutions transacting a banking business to keep a list of shareholders, etc., for the inspection of all shareholders and creditors of the association; to promote the development of water power for irrigation, manufacturing and other industrial purposes, and to amend section 2,450, Consolidated Stat-utes of Nebrasks; te appropriate money for the purpose of employing attorneys and to pay the expenses in prosecuting error to the United States circuit court, district of Ne-braska, through the United tates circuit court of appeals, and the United States su-preme court, in the case of Henry L. Higginson et al against the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railroad company, the State Board of Transportation of Nebraska et al.

House.-In the house on the 19th the relief committee reported house roll No. 113. the Conoway, which appropriated \$100,000 for the relief of drouth sufferers, and recommended that it pass. The house went into committee of the whole for the consideration of the bill and several minor amend-ments were made. The principal one being a proviso that not more than 10 per cen: of the total amount appropriated shall be distributed to any one county. Spencer of Lancaster offered an amendment reducing the amount of the appropriation from \$100,-000 to \$50,000. There was a lengthy discussion for and against the amendment. Sutton of Douglas thought that an attempt to pass an appropriation of more than \$50,000 would not be successful, and certainly would not be possed by the senate. Burch favored the amendment and said that there were not in 1890 more than 15 per cent of the population of the state in the counties now asking for aid, and not one-theird of these needed aid. Bacon of Dawson, Conaway of York, Harrison of Hall spoke against the amendment, utton of Pawnee, Sutton of Douglas and others in favor of it. The vote being on the subject of a motion to adopt the amendment a division was called for, and the motion was lost by a vote of \$5 to 31 The committee then arose and reported the bill back to the house with the recommendation that it pass as read and be engrossed for third reading. The report was adopted. A num-ber of bills were reported from the committee and placed on general file. One of these, house roll No. 53, by Scott, provides that in sales of real estate under exe-cution, the land shall be divided in small subdivisions, and the one on which the debt or's residence is located shall be the last sold, no more of the property being sold than is necessary to pay the execution debts. Than is necessary to pay the execution debts. The judiciary committee recommended that the bill be indefinitely postponed, but this report was amended by the house and the bill placed on general file. Scott's bill, house roll No. 52, providing that land sold under foreclosure should be sold for seven-eighths of its appraised value, was indefinitely postponed.

Hahn's Land Memorial.

The following is Senator Hahn's joint memorial, relating to government lands in Nebraska:

Whereas, A bill is now pending before the congress of the United States p oviding for the ceding to the state of Nebraska of all the government lands within the borders of said state, the title to which still remains in the United States, and
Whereas. The passage of said bill would
bring all said lands more pr mptly into the
market and encourage the development and
settlement of unoccupied portions of the

state and largely increase the taxable property of said state, therefore be it Resolved. By the legislature of the state of Nebraska in its twenty-fourth session assembled, that our englors in congress are hereby instructed, and our representatives requested, to use all honorable and reasonable efforts to accomplish and hasten

the passage of said act. Agreed on Seventy-four.

It has been practically agreed by the committee of the senate that the rule of the legislature of 1889, limiting senate employes to sixty-six, will not be regarded, but they will recommend that the force as now arranged will be materially reduced. Seventy-four, it is agreed, will be the number recommended as necessary and useful. The cuts will be ten clerks and copyists from the list of nineteen in the offices of the committee on engrossed and enrolled bills, two of the three custodians of the cloak room, five of the pages one night watchman and one cus-to ian of the senate chamber. The committee will go into comparison with the expenditures of previous sessions, and claim that seventy-four who draw one day's pay each during a single day of twenty-four The Senatorial Election.

LINCOLN, Jan. 17.-The formal ratification of the election of John M. Thurston of Omaha to be United Scates senator took place in representative hall at noon yesterday, in the presence of the densest throng of people that ever packed itself into the auditorium.

Shortly before 12 o'clock Senator Thurston, accompanied by Mrs. Thurston, his son and his sister, Mrs. Newman of Lincoln, entered the house and took the seats as-signed them with the Omaha delegation. The senator and party were welcomed with a hearty clapping of hands. A few minutes later Adjutant General Gage escorted Gov-ernor Holcomb and his private secretary to the seats that had been held in reserve for them, and the governor too received friendly and cordial greeting of applause from the audience. After Senator and Mrs. Thurston had taken their seats, Representative Benedict placed on the desk in front of the wife of the new senator one of the largest bouquets of roses and lillies ever presented on a similar occasion. The floral piece was given to Mrs. Thurston with the compliments of the Douglas county senators and representatives
At noon the sergeant-at-arms announced

the senate, and as soon as that body was seated Lieutenant Governor Moore called the joint convention to order. The journal of yesterday's proceedings in the two houses was read, and then the lieutenant governor formally declared Mr. Thurston the duly elected senator from Nebraska.

Supreme Court Commission.

In the senate several bills have been reported from standing committees and placed on the general file. The first is senate file No.9, introduced on January 3 by Watson. This bill provides for the continuance of the present supreme court commission for another period of three years. The com-mission was created by the legislature two years ago, and its tenure of office was limited to three years. The commission has not made such progress in the first two years of its existence as to warrant the assumption that it will enable the supreme court to catch up with the heavily overburdened docket in the year yet remaining. Watson's bill continues t e operation of the law over another three-year term, making no other change. It was favorably reported and goes to the general file.

Will Investigate Printing Bids.

The house adopted a resolution on directing the committee on printing to make a strict inquiry into the contract let by the old printing board with Jacob North & Co for the printing of the senate bills. The resolution was introduced by Jenness of Douglas and adopted almost unanimously. The printing committee is anxious to commence the investigation, and the matter is likely to be probed to the bottom. The fact that the contract was let for a price more than double the price two years ago, tog ther with the fact that five bids were within 2 cents of each other, leads to the conclusion that collusion was practiced among the bidders to raise the price. When asked in regard to the closeness of the competition in bidding for this work, one of the bidders said that of the five firms asking for the work, but two, the State Journal company and Jacob North & Co. were equipped to do the work. The other three would have to purchase new type, wire stitching machines, etc., in order to fill the contract should it be awarded to any one of them. Therefore he made his figures on the work and then added the new type, machinery, etc., necessary to do it. He presumed the other companies did the same. The fact that the three companies who had to add the price of several bundred dollars worth of new material to their bids were only a cent or two higher than North & Co., who were already fully equipped, leads to the belief that bids were too hi_h.

Location of Nebraska State Fair.

The state board of agriculture, in its session at Lincoln on the 16th, loca ed the state fair at Omaha for the coming five years.

The committee appointed to fill fourteen vacancies caused by expiration of membership reported, naming as such members R. W. Furnas of Nemaha county, R. H. Henry w. Furnas of Nemaha county, K. H. Henry of Platte, Martin Dunham of Douglas, E. A. Barnes of Itall, J. B. Dinsmore of Clay, Aus-tin Humphrey of Lancaster, E. A. Stuart of Washin ton, J. C. Warner of Webster, E. M. Searle of Keith, J. D. Ream of Custer, W. H. Barge of Thayer, J. H. Crowder of Sheridan, F. H. Briggs of Fillmore and Jud Holcomb of Polk The committee also recommended F. Polk. The committee also recommended F. B. Sheldon of Gage county to fill the vacan-cy caused by the removal of A. L. Saunders, The election of officers was uneventful, The election of officers was uneventful, save in a spirited contest over the selection of the first vice president. Three ballots were taken on this office. The rest were elected by unanimous voice of the board. They are: President, Eli A. Barnes, Grand Island; first vice president, W. A. Pointer, Boone county; second vice president, F. M. Rathbun, Cambridge, Furnas county; treasurer Edmund McIntyre Seward; servet respective. urer, Edmund McIntyre, Seward; secretary, Robert W. Furnas, Nemaha county. When balloting for location of the state fair was announced Mart Dunham inquired

if presidents of county societies present were entitled to cast a vote as such presi-dent in addition to the vote to which the county was entitled. He was informed that they would be so entitled. No proxies were allowed. Ninety-nine votes were polled with result: Omaha, 50; Lincoln, 41; Grand Island, 8.

Senate Officers and Employes.

The lieutenant governor has in his posses sion a letter addressed to him by Auditor Eugene Moore, in which the auditor calls the attention of the senate to the provisions of the statute limiting the number of senate officers and employes to sixty-six. The auditor will also ask the senate to trasmit to him a certified copy of all the officers and employes on the senate pay roll. He bases his position on a written opinion of Attorney General Churchill, which is as follows: To Hon. Eugene Moore, Auditor of Public Accounts: Dear sir-Your communication of even date has been received by me. I note that you refer to sections 11 and 12 of the Compiled statutes of Nebraska, 1893, and request the opinion of this department as to whether the senate or house of representawhether the senate or house of representa-tives can legally employ a greater number than sixty-six persons in the senate and seventy-five in the house; and also, could the auditor of public accounts legally issue warrants to pay a greater number of em-ployes than the number provided by law.

After examining the statute with refer-ence to employes in the house and senate. I am of the opinion the only way the senate can employ a greater number than sixtysix persons or the house a greater number than saxty-six persons or the house a greater number than seventy-five persons is to repeal ec-tions 11 and 12 of chapter xiviii of the Com-piled Statutes of 1893. I am also of the opinion that you as audi-

tor of public accounts cannot legally issue warrants to pay a greater number of persons than the number fixed by law.
Trusting that this covers the questions raised, I remain. your obedient servant, A. S. CHURCHILL,

Russian Thistle and Insurance Bills.

Attorney General.

There are many Russian thistle bills introduced in the legislature, but they are alike in most respects. In general, they provide a penalty for failure of property owners to destroy the thistles, and require the road supervisors to eradicate them from the highways. If the owners of land fail to destroy them, the supervisors may do so, and the cost is taxed to the land. O e of the bills requires the state university to issue a bulletin describing the thistle and giving the best means of destroying it.

There are three insurance bills in the

house Harrison's bill takes off the restric-tions imposed on insurance companies where such companies are confined to a class, profession, occupation or sect. Rouse's bill amends the statutes so as to allow mutual companies to pay their officers \$3 a day instead of limiting them to \$2 a day, as at present; to collect 50 cents premium on each policy issued; to levy a collection to create a reserve fund of not more than \$1,50) and to permit the employment of solicitors. provided they be members of the company. Jones' till provides for mutual companies to insure plate glass.

Provision for Bailiffs.

A bill favorably reported by the judiciary committee is senate file No. 15, introduced by Crane January 7. It provides that it shall be the duty of the district court at each term to appoint a competent number of balliffs to wait on the grand jury and court, who shall be allowed for their services \$2 per day. to be paid by the county. Provided, however, that in counties having over 125,-600 inhabitants each bailiff shall be appointed to serve one year from the time of his ap-pointment (unless sooner removed by the court, such power of removal being given) and shall receive for his services \$900 per year, to be paid monthly by the county. The latter proviso affects only Douglas county.

DOOLIN IS DONE FOR.

SHOT DEAD WITH THREE OF HIS OUTLAW BAND.

'Tulsa Jack" Bites the Dust at the Muz zle of a Winchester-Zip Wyatt and Sam Greene Also Given the Quietus-Two Others of the Outlaws Hotly Pressed by Officials-Two Officers Killed and Two Fatally Wounded.

HENNESSEY, Ok., Jan 21.-The authorities received notice last night that the Doolin gang was in camp near here and a special train was sent by the Rock Island company at midnight to the scene, while a posse rode from here.

At 3 o'clock this morning the officers surrounded the camp and found Doolin and five of his confederates. At daylight the shooting began.

Deputy Sheriff Abel Washburn shot and killed "Tulsa Jack" and Zip-Wyatt with a Winchester rifle.

Alexander Robinson, a posseman, shot and killed Bill Doolin, the notorious outlaw, who had robbed more banks than rny one man since the days of Jesse James and was a dead shot and a terror to this section, second not even to Jim Cook or Bill Dalton, his old partner.

Sam Green, an all-around desperado, met his fate at Deputy Sheriff Al

Burchett's hands. A desperate running fight is in progress with the other two members of the band, who are entirely surrounded with no hope of escape.

Late reports from the scene of the conflict are that Doolin was shot through the right lung, after Jack and Zip Wyatt were killed and two officers were mortally wounded. His companions picked him up and earried him away, while all the time he was using his Winchester.

Alexander Shorin and Dick Wilkinson, deputies of Okarche, were shot dead and soon afterward Doolin breathed his last.

This afternoon the bodies of the dead outlaws and posse men were brought here.

THE HOUSE AND THE TARIFF.

A Spirited Debate Expected Soon on the Sugar Differential Matter.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 21 .- Thus far this session the tariff discussion has been confined to the senate, where Mr. Hill's proposed amendment to the income tax brought out several speeches urging the grave emergency arising from the lack of revenue under the new law. This view is not shared by Mr. Wilson and his wars and means house. They feel that there is much misapprehension as to the seriousness of the revenue condition. Mr. Wilson has told his associates on the ways and means committee that the revenue requisite for the government will undoubtedly be sufficient when the new law is fully in operation.

An opportunity to present the house view of the subject will be given when Mr. Wilson reports the bill taking off the one-tenth of a cent differential on sugar coming from foreign countries paying an export bounty. The committee has already authorized the chairman to make a favorable report. It is expected that it will be presented early next week. Reports from the ways and means committee are privileged, so that Mr. Wilson can secure recognition at any

The action of the ways and means committee upon the bill to increase the tax on beer, which has been referred to it, will depend largely upon Secretary Carlisle's opinion of the needs of the treasury. Representative McMillin, chairman of the subcommittee, to whom the bill was referred, was at the house to-day after a few days' absence on account of sickness. He said that he intended to see the secretary of the treasury soon and talk with him upon the matter. "The question whether taxes would be placed upon any article not now taxed or whether it would be increased on any article already taxed," said Mr. McMillin, "depends partly upon Secretary Carlisle's view as to whether the decrease in the revenue, which it is evident this year will witness, will reach a point where any additional steps for raising revenue are unnecessary."

LIVE STOCK AND PRODUCE MARKETS

Quotations from New York, Chicago, St. Louis, Omaba and Elsewhere.

Living Ginana and Lis	C 17.111		
OMAHA			
Butter-Creamery print	19	57.	21
Butter-Fair to good country.	12	65	123
Lugs-Fresh	17	66	18
Eggs-Fresh Honey—i er D	17	96	19
Chickens-Dressed per th	5	66	56
Chickens-Dressed, per B Turkeys-Per Ib	7	64	73
Ge se-Per Ib	7	COD.	
Dineles-Por In	7	COX.	-
Ducks-Per lb. Cheese-Neb. & Ia. full cream.		5.06	12
Lemons-Choice Messinas	3 75	in 4	
Oranges-Messinos, per box	2 75	@ 3	
Petatore	100	0.5	
Potatoes S. potas. home grown, pe- bbl.	3.59		
Donne Nome grown, pe nor.	1 90		
Beans-Navy, hand-picked, bu	9.00		
Hay-Upland, per ton	8 00	92 1	
may-sudiand and lowishd	70	(15)	
Onions-Perbu	2 (0		
Carrots-Per bbl	7 10		
Parsnips Per bbl	1 75	95 1	1002
Reets-Per bbl	2 00	05 3	100
Rutabagas- er bbl	1 10	@ 2	
Hides-No. 1green	· - 10	40	
Cranberries-Cape Cod	8 50	95.9	
Apples Per bbl	2 50	85 2	
Hogs-Mixed packing Hogs-Heavy weights	4:00	6 4	
nogs-neavy weights	4 25	© 4	
Beeves-Prime steers	4 00	95 5	
Beeves Stockers and feeders.	2.00	95 3	25
Reef Steers	2.85	@ 4	4430
Eulls	1 85	90.2	
Strgs	1 75	20 3	
Caives	2 40	65.4	
steers-Fair to good		16 4	
Cows	7.5	95.3	
Heifers		Sc 3	
Western Cattle	1.50	55.3	
Sheep-Lambs	2.50	25, 4	
sheep-Fair to good natives	3 00	63	25
CHICAGO.			
Wheat-No. 2, spring	57	2	57%
Corn-Per bu	45	500	4500
Cats-, er bu	.29	E.G.	29%
Oats—, er bu Fork.	1 35	@11	50
Lard	6 875	500 15	1979

表现:"\$P\$ (\$P\$ (\$P\$) 中) 中国 (\$P\$)	- 51	****	100	
heep-Lambs	2	50	5. 4	44
sheep-Fair to good natives				
	200	90	120.00	100
CHICAGO.				
Wheat-No. 2, spring		57	2	573
Corn-Per bu		45	500	45
Oats-, er bu		90	N/E	963
Vats-1CI bu		75.00		4415
ork			@11	
Lard			3 15	90
Hogs-Packers and mixed	4	30.	10 4	35
attle-Com. steers to extra				
heep-Lambs				
heep-Inferior to choice	1	61	23	00
NEW YORK.				
Wheat, No. 2, red winter		61	Or,	611
orn-No. 2		210	200	OL
OFH-10. 4		23.74	(3)	91
)ats-No. 2	-23	34	15.	341
'ork	2	60	-12	50
ard				
ST. LOUIS.		ww.		93
31. 10013.		-		
Wheat-No 2 red, cash		522	6.0	523
orn-Porbn		40	4760	415-0

 Corn—Per bu
 42
 6
 425

 Oats—Per bu
 30
 6
 30

 Hogs—Mixed packing
 4
 40
 6
 4

 Cattle—Native steers
 3
 90
 6
 3
 25

 Sheep—Mixed natives
 2
 50
 6
 3
 50
 KANSAS CITY. Wheat-No. 2 hard.....

53 Ø 39 % 30 Ø Corn—No. 2 1 30 6 39/4 0 4 40 5 1 4 75