Hamilton county \$6,000 court house.

his left eye. causing a painful injury, and one which the physician thinks will cause the loss of the eye.

OVER THE STATE. THE York county farmers' institute will be held August 14.

THE Dodge county fair will be held from September 18 to 21 inclusive. WAYNE has a division of the uniform rank K. of P. with a membership of thirty.

THE Baptists of Nebraska City are about to let the contract for a new

THE drug store of J. D. Rainey, of Beatrice, was closed under chattel mortgage.

Some portions of Pawnee county got a good rain. Other sections went entirely dry.

Some farmers in Cass county have cut their corn for fodder, and others propose doing so.

Two WAYFARERS have been selling cheap jewelry on long time to farmers of York county.

A NEW lodge known as the Knights and Ladies Security has been instituted at Pawnee City.

THE Woodmen's pienic, which was to have been held at Aurora August 23, has been abandoned.

THE ball players of Bellwood are jubilant over the fact that they haven't lost a game this year.

convinced that it will pay to vote \$30,-000 and build a court house. A LANCASTER County woman wants Governor Crounse to issue a proclama-

tion setting a day for general prayer A HALF dozen prominent citizens of

Hastings paid fines for violaton of the city ordinance governing the use of water. CHANCEDLOR CANFIELD is expected to

deliver the oration at the old settlers' picnic at Lord's grove, Polk county, ALL of the counties in the western

end of Nebraska are now earnestly and openly in favor of the inauguration of irrigation enterprises. YORK county reports that corn will

not yield to exceed five or ten bushels to the acre. The drouth seems to have done its work effectually.

THE corn outlook in Polk county is highly discouraging, and as a consequence farmers are getting rid of all marketable hogs and cattle.

MANY Boyd county farms are changing hands this dry weather. Investors are coming in and taking advantage of the depressed values to buy cheap farms.

JUDGE SNELLING of North Platte, lately deceased, was insured in the A. O. U. W. and his wife received a check tor \$2,000 less than thirty days after his death.

A TEAM belonging to Albert Wilson of Jefferson county ran away last week. His daughter Ella, was severely injured. Small hopes are entertained for her recovery. CHICKEN thieves, while robbing a

roost in Sarpy county, dropped a pocket book containing \$350. It is considered ample recompense for the 100 chickens they stole. THERE are 856 saloons in Nebraska

and they dispense yearly \$3,424,000 worth of drinks, or \$3.22 for every man, woman and child constituting the state population of 1,058,910. GEO. COE, a half-breed Indian.

Miss Evangeline Kelley, both of Chadron, were married last week. For some time past both have been clerking in Chadron stores.

A LITTLE child of Jackson Bunnell of Burwell drank the water out of a plate wherein a leaf of fly paper was soaking. There was enough cobalt in the liquid to cause its death.

APPLICATIONS for aid from Lincoln county are being rapidly placed on file, and it is thought a very large number will have to be taken care of until another crop can be raised.

THE most destructive fire that ever visited Clarks occurred last week. Nearly an entire block of the business portion was destroyed. Lightning is supposed to have originated the fire.

In Pawnee county two farmers named Schultz and Abbott had a difficulty about trespassing hogs, which culminated in both parties being killed. Two of Schultz's sons were wounded in the fracas.

THE crop of wheat in this county, says the Ainsworth Journal, will of necessity be a very light one, but the reports are that what there is bill be of first class quality. Corn is looking excellent. PROF. D. R. LILLIBRIDGE, of national

reputation, has connected himself with Prof. F. F. Roose, president of the Omaha business college. Prof. L. was formerly with the State University at Lincoln.

THE residence of J. N. Plummer in Belvedere Heights, Beatrice, was struck by lightning during a storm. The inmates were prostrated by the shock, but escaped serious injury. The house was badly damaged.

ARTICLES of incorporation of the S. M. Gunsaul company of Omaha have been filed with the secretary of state. The object of the company is to engage in the business of operating a planing mill and brush factory.

Money will never be very plenty in Nebraska as long as people send all their money outside the state for their supplies. Factories are employing labor put money in circulation. Farrell & Co's brand of syrups, jellies, preserves and mince meat; Morse-Coe boots and shoes for men, women and children; American Biscuit & Manufacturing Co., Omaha, crackers.

WHILE repairing a pump on George Loucks' place, north of Arapahoe, Alfred d'Allemand met with quite a serious accident by which he lost five teeth, sustained a severe cut on the chin and

had his left wrist badly sprained. FRED STIGLEMAN, a Dodge county

farmer, died last week from sunstroke. THE Blair Canning company has cancelled its orders for empty cans and concedes the loss of nearly its entire erop by the protracted drouth and the unprecedented hot winds. The pack for the season will be less than half that of the preceding years, and without rain within the ensuing week practically nothing will be done.

Work has been commenced on the

RAY MOLLER, son of Leopold Moller of Fremont was watching his brother driving a nail when the nail flew into

CHRIS CORNELIUS, a saloon keeper of irand Island, was found dead in his place of business the other day. There was a revolver in his hand and a bullet nole in his head, indicating suicide. Deceased leaves a wife and seven chil-

THE Woodmen of the World recently erected a handsome monument over the grave of J. B. Ogden of Elk Creek, a deceased member, who was fully insured in the order. Over 500 people were present at the unveiling of the same.

ALBERT JACOX, living south of Basset, Rock county, has a flowing well ninety-five feet deep that puts out 300 gallons of water per hour through a one and one-quarter inch tube. It is on a small rise and he irrigates twenty

acres of garden and orchard from it. BURR TAFT, whose farm is near the river, south of town, said to a reporter or the Norfolk News that he figured that his corn crop was about one-fourth gone. He enriched his fields last spring with over 1,000 loads of fertilizer, and on this ground the corn still stands green and fresh, with prospects of at least three-fourths of a crop.

While riding his range, says the Mc-Pherson County News, Paul Jensen cameupon a large coyote that was making a meal off one of his calves. Paul was mad, so took down his rope and THE farmers of Wayne county are put spurs to his horse. Soon he had the coyote by the neck and shoulder, thus preventing choking. But Paul was bound to have revenge, so dragged the brute into the pend near by and drowned it.

WHILE raking hav the 16-year-old daughter of Mr. Sprague, living near Butte, was accosted by three young ruffians. They came along on horse-back and being repulsed by the young lady they struck her horse sharp blows with their whips, causing it to run away. She was thrown under the rake and received serious injuries. The miscreants made their escape and are unknown.

THERE has been a great deal of seining in the vicinity of Ashland of late and the authorities have decided to put a stop to it. Fish Commissioners May of Omaha, and Oakley of Lincoln were in Ashland last week looking after the matter. The trial of J. C. Simmons, Jack Robbins and M. English for seining in Salt creek resulted in each being fined \$25 and costs, amounting in all to about \$150.

THE date for holding the Grand Army of the Republic reunion of the Southeastern Nebraska district at Tecumseh is August 13 to 17, inclusive. The district includes the counties of Lancaster, Cass, Otoe, Saline, Jefferson, Gage, Nemaha, Pawnee, Richardson and Johnson. Workmen are busy clearing off the grounds and staking out the camp, which has been named Camp Washington.

MRS. CATHERINE RIGG, mother of ex-Postmaster C. M. Rigg of Beatrice, re-ceived \$5 of conscience money from her old home at Pomeroy, O. The family left there nearly thirty years ago. The letter inclosed with one of remittances says that a short time before the family came west the sender cheated Mr. Rigg, the elder, out of 35 cents in the sale of a load of hay and the \$5 is in payment therefor.

Stoux Indians on the Ogalalla reservation were in Chadron last week and dispensed a great deal of money which Uncle Sam had just paid them. On stated occasions Uncle Sam opens his treasury and with a liberal hand gives out to the Sioux Indians who live on the Ogalalla reservation in South Dakota, with headquarters at Pinc Ridge agency, \$10 for every buck, squaw and pappoose on the reservation.

A QUARTET of sneak thieves, giving the names of George Baxter, Charles Henick, Tom Brown and John Delaney were captured at Beatrice in the act of stealing a hat from a clothing store. Subsequently a raid was made on their rendezvous and several new pairs of pants and two new suits of clothes were found. The articles were not identified by Beatrice merchants and they are evidently the proceeds of a robbery elsewhere.

J. B. Cash was expelled from the Fremont Normal school. He wrote a letter to the American of Omaha reflecting on the patriotism of President Clemmons, accusing him of not allowing the stars and stripes to float over school building either on the 4th of July or on decoration day. Mr. Clemmons says the article is basely false, and that the reason the flag was not raised over the building was because the flag staff could not be used.

THE W. H. Butterfield ranch, four miles southeast of Wausa, caught fire at 2 o'clock the other morning, burning twenty-seven head of valuable horses including three draft stallions, also ten head of cattle. The buildings, which were extensive and included barns, granaries, corn cribs and cattle sheds. also a quantity of grain and some farming implements, were a total wreck The estimated loss is \$30,000, with insurance on the buildings only. Origin of the fire is unknown.

CLIFTON EVES, living in Lincoln county, seven miles north of Maywood, while riding home from a neighbor's on a spirited horse, in some way lost control of his horse and it being about 12 o'clock at night and very dark the horse with its rider ran into a canyon filty feet deep, both rider and horse being killed. The body was not found for thirty-six hours.

WHILE the business men of Du Bois were shooting anvils and guns in hopes of making it rain the 10-year-old-boy of Editor Backus of the Item ran about half a mile to town and becoming overheated, fell to the ground and died soon

THE Platte Valley Irrigation company of Lincoln and Dawson counties has filed articles of incorporation. The company is composed of Gothenburg, Cozad and Lexington business men and will build a ditch thirty miles long.

The Hon. Hannis Taylor at present Minister to Spain, and a well known writer on Constitutional questions, contributes to the August number of the North American Review a valuable paper entitled "The House of Representatives and the House of Commons" his article being in some respects a rejoinder to the paper on the same topic which Secretary Herbert contributed to the March number of the Review.

WHAT CONGRESS HAS DONE.

A REVIEW OF THE WORK OF THE SECOND SESSION.

IMPORTANT BILLS WHICH PASSED.

Repeal of the Federal Election Law-Admission of Utah to Statehood-Labor Day Made a National Holiday-The Behring Sea Arbitration — Appropriation Bilita—Chinese Act.

Washington, Aug. 7 .- A review of the legislation which has been accomplished by the second session of the Fifty-third congress, up to and including August 3, shows much that has been done aside from the engrossing tariff struggle, which has largely diverted public attention from matters which would, under other conditions, have been considered of great importance. One of the most important acts of the session, which passed both houses by a strict party vote, being in fulfillment of a plank of the Democratic platform, was the act repealing all laws creating federal supervisors of elections or defining their power. The act to enable the people of Utah to form a constitution and state government and to be admitted into the Union on an equal feoting with the original states provides the machinery by which the territory will be admitted, probably in Dec mber, 1895, by adopting a constitution providing a republican form of government and insuring against the supremacy of any church; the government ceding it much public land for charitable and educational

institutions. The act making the first Monday in September a legal holiday, to called Labor day, was passed largely at the instance of labor organizations, while scientific societies urged that the act to define and establish the units of electrical measurement be made law. Three bills were passed to give effect to the award of the tribunal of arbitration at Paris which adjudicated the seal fisheries disputes; that act prohibiting seal fishing from May to July 31 of each year and establishing conditions under which the fishing can be carried on outside of the closed season, with penalties for violating such law and the machinery for its enforcement. Several measures were enacted in accordance with the recommendations of the Dockery commission for improving and amplify-ing the methods of doing the govern-

ment business. First entitled to mention are the appropriation bills for the expenses of the government which form an important part of the regular work of every session, although generally the last to be finished. The postoffice de-partment bill authorized the postmaster general to allow postmasters of first and second class postoffices to disburse at their discretion the amount ailotted for their offices and admitted to the mails periodical publications published at least quarterly by benevolent and fraternal societies and other organizations as second class mail matter.

In the agricultural bill were provisions governing the distribution of seeds by the department. Incidental to the sundry civil is a provision granting 1,000,000 acres of the surveved arid public lands to each of the states to which the desert land law is applicable-Nebraska, Kansas and the territories of Arizona, New Mexico, Oklahoma and Utah-to selected within ten years. One of the deficiency bills contained legislation relating to the suspension of pensioners from the rolls. It was forbidden to suspend them without thirty days' notice and notification of the charges against them.

Two resolutions appropriating \$50,-000 and \$10,000 for enforcing the Chinese exclusion act were approved December 7, 1893, and April 4, 1894. As most of the appropriation bills had not passed at the beginning of the fiscal year, July 1, it was necessary to extend by resolution all appropriations for the necessary operations of the government for pensions and for the District of Columbia.

Much legislation relating to public lands was accomplished. One act extends to January, 1897, the time with in which persons may purchase rail road grant lands .forfeited to the government by the act of September, 29, 1890, under the conditions of pur-chase in that act. The reservation of section I3 in each township of the Cherokee outlet, Tonkawa reservation and Pawnee reservation lands in Oklahoma, for educational purposes, and of section 33 in each township for public buildings, was ratified and conditions fixed for the lease of the lands

by the territory. An act was signed providing for the allotment of certain lands on the reservation of the Confederate Otoes and Missouri Indians of Nebraska and Kansas, amending the act of March 3, 1881. The commissioner of the land office was authorized to issue patents as evidence of title for all valid locations made with land scrip issued pursuant to degrees of the supreme court, which valid locations made prior to the approval of the aforesaid act, the same manner that patents are now issued under the provisions of section 2 of act of June

As a measure of relief to the West during the business depression, the requirement that on each mining claim locate | not less than \$100 worth of labor or improvements be made each year, under penalty of forfeiture, was suspended for the year 1894. An act was passed disqualifying registers or receivers of land offices from hearing cases in which they were interested, and providing that the secretary of the interior shall designate

special agents to hear such cases The time for making final proof and payment for all lands located under the homestead and desert land laws was extended for one year, and the time for final payments under the pre-emption act when entrymen are prevented from making payment from causes beyond their control.

OMAHA STRIKE IS LOST.

The Butchers Have Offered to Arbitrate, But Will Be Met With Refusal.

OMAHA, Neb., Aug. 7 .- The South Omaha strikers have so far receded from their position as to be ready to arbitrate their differences. They had several large meetings Saturday. There was considerable agressiveness, but little riotous demonstration. After much discussion of the situation, the strikers agreed to trust to arbitration and appointed a committee to confer with the packing house people and arbitrate the scale of wages. The strikers called on the managers of the packing houses, and after some preliminary skirmishing, they were told that they would be given an answer to-day.

From other sources it is learned

that the answer will be a positive refusal to meet the arbitration committee and to refuse any terms except those first proposed—a complete sur-render and a return of the men at the

THE STRIKE IS NOW OFF. Chicago Labor Unions Held a Meeting

and So Declared Officially. Chicago, Aug. 7 .- After a struggle of forty days against the united rail-roads, the American Railway union in Chicago, has declared off the strike inaugurated in behalf of the Pullman employes. Beginning this morning, each member of the union who responded to the order to strike was at liberty to resume work. The strike is off in Chicago except

the employes of the Santa Fe and Chicago and Eastern Illinois. By today the strike will be declared off along the entire systems of railroads affected by the recent movement.

At a meeting of the delegates of the twenty four local labor unions affiliated with the A. R. U. yesterday afternoon, it was voted, to declare the strike off in Chicago except on the Santa Fe and Chicago and Eastern Illinois. The action was purely local and the declaration does not even af-fect Pullman. Neither President Debs nor any of the A. R. U. national officials were present at the meeting. In fact President Debs had left the city for Terre Haute before it oc-

British Officers Jumped Overboard. LONDON, Aug. 7. — Dispatches received at the foreign office from Shanghai confirm the Times' dispatch as to the testimony given by Colonel Von Hannekin.

The official advices show that some of the British officers of the Kow Shung jumped overboard from the vessel and were rescued by boats from the Japanese warship.

The government has received no confirmation of the report that the emperor of China has deprived Viceroy Li Hung Chang of the yellow jacket.

Serious Riots in Japan and China.

London, Aug. 7.-A dispatch received in this city from Shanghai reports that serious riots have occurred at Kobe, Japan, and Taku, China. In the latter place the Chinese openly insulted members of the Japanese embassy, who were returning to Japan from Pekin. The American agent at Takn, it is added, has forbidden the steamer Smith to land ammunitions of war intended for transhipment to Formosa. The ship is a Chinese vessel flying the American flag.

Remarkable Find at Cripple Creek. CRIPPLE CREEK, Col., Aug. 7.-The

discovery on Mineral hill of lead carbonate, the ore which gave Leadville its great boom, is regarded by mining men as the most remarkable and im portant ever made in the Cripple Creek district. The vein is four feet in width and it is all pay. An assay returned \$40 in gold, 260 ounces silver and 33 per cent lead.

A Fire at Nowata, Ind. Ter.

COFFEYVILLE, Kan., Aug. 7.-Nowa ta, twen'y-three miles south of here, in the Indian territory, was visited by a destructive fire. Almost the entire business part of the town was burned. The fire is supposed to have been the work of an incendiary. The loss will reach nearly \$50,000, partly covered by insurance.

Champ Clark to Speak.

Washington, Aug. 7.—Congressman Champ Clark has accepted the invita-tion to speak at the Third congressional district convention to be held at Richmond, August 22.

Fatti Rosa Dead. NEW YORK, Aug. .- Patti Rosa, the well known soubrette, died yesterday. She was the wife of John W. Dunne

NEWS NOTES.

Henry A. Tedger committed suicid€ at Osawatomie, Kan.

Governor Flower will stump New York state for the Democracy. A White Supremacy league has been

Fire at the Chicago west side baseball park during a game caused a panie and several people were in-

organized in St. Landry parish, Louis-

THE MARKETS.

The Kansas City.

KANSAS CITY, Mo. Aug. 7-Quotations for cars lots by sample on track at Kansas Chy were nominally as follows: No 2 hard 45%: No 3 hard, 4.444 No. 4 hard 42c rejected, 40c. No 2 red, 45 c. No 3 red, 41c No 4 red 42c, rejected 39.440c Corn—No 2 45\\(\frac{45}{60}\) 45c No 3 mixed. 41\(\tilde{45}\) 6 No 2 white corn, 49\(\tilde{65}\) 50c No 4 white, 40c Oats—No 2, 28\(\tilde{6}\) c No 3 white oats, 32c. No 3 white 33\(\tilde{62}\) 6 No 3 white 33\(\tilde{62}\) Live Stock.

@4.3) stockers and feeders, \$1.50 @3 10 cows and heifers, \$1.15 @2 55 Texas and Indian steers. \$2.35.43.10: Texas and Indian cows, \$2.52.10 mixed, 11.40 /2.25 Hogs-Receipts since Saturday, 3,873 shipped Saturday, 2.191. The market for hogs was strong, common dull and weak. The top was \$5.19 and bulk of sales \$1.8.15 to \$5, against 85.10 for top and \$4.85 to \$4.95 for bulk Satur

Cattle-Dressed beef and export steers. 83 15

Sheep-Receipts since Saturday, 2,677 shipped Saturday, 25) The market was dull and about steady The following are representative sales: Wt. Price No. Wt Price

 No
 Wt. Price
 No.
 Wt. Price

 31
 90
 38 > 41
 75
 385

 751
 62
 35) 50
 mut
 95
 285

 111 mut
 71
 275
 491
 56
 265

 98 mut
 87
 200
 8 mut
 88
 175

 Horses-Receipts
 since
 Saturday
 330
 ship pel Saturday, 1 The market was quiet

HIM WHOLE. MADE

PHYSICIANS PUZZLED OVER A MIRACULOUS RECOVERY.

SOUTH SIDE CITIZEN GETS WELL AFTER BEING GIVEN UP TO DIE OF BLOOD POISONING.

RemarkableStory Fully Investigated by "The Dispatch" and Found to Be Absolutely True in Every Particular— Mr. Roehrlg Tried the Most Famous Medical Men of Europe and America and After All Hope Had Fled Came Home and Was (und by the Cook Remedy Company.

[Cor. Chicago Daily Dispatch.]
In these days of fraud and deception
it is a pleasure to find in any business
concern an absolute regard for truth. Probably in no line of business has deception been practiced as in medi-cine. For this reason any concern which lives strictly up to its promises deserves the thanks of everybody. Such a concern is the Cook Remedy company, which is located in suite 307

Masonic temple in this city.

The standing and reliability of this company has heretofore been tavorably commented upon by the Dispatch, and just now it comes to the front with a cure so remarkable that an account of it will be found of unusual interest to the reading public. The case in question has been fully investigated by the Dispatch, and the following recital of it can be vouched for as absolutely true in every particular.

A Truly Marvelous Core. The case in question is that of M.

Rochrig, a prosperous young German-American of 55 East Twenty-fifth street Mr. Roehrig inherited a predisposition to skin disease. When 6 years old he suffered much from eczema, but that in time was cured. Some time ago he contracted blood poison. The symptoms became alarming and physician after physician was con-sulted. All th ir ministrations, however, seemed only to aggravate the disease. After almost every promi-nent specialist in Chicago had tried in vain to alleviate his suffering Mr. Roehrig acted upon the advice of his parents and went to Germany for the express purpose of being treated by the most eminent physicians of Europe. At Coburg he put himself un-der the treatment of Drs. Kuhn and Martinet, recognized by the medical profession as authorities on diseases of the skin and blood. They succeeded no better than the many Chicago doctors who had tried to cure Mr. Roehrig's awful ailment. Meantime the condition of the sufferer became simply appalling.

They Could Not Cure Him.

When the most learned savants of Europe were found unable to benefit him Mr. Roehrig was ready to give up all hope. Relatives brought him back to America to die. Resigned to what threatened to be a most horrible fate, he came back to his Chicago home and took to his bed. He had been dosed, drugged and covered with salve; one physician recommended the amputation of his toes, and his resi-dence was full of bottles that had contained medicines prescribed by orthodox practitioners and more modern specialists, but as he constantly grew worse Mr Roehrig was willing to quit trying. Relatives, however, insisted that efforts to cure be continued and he again called numerous expert specialists. The result of their treatment was the same as before the trip

to Europe. The condition of the unfortunate sufferer was at this time truly pitiable. Life was worse than a burden, not only to himself but to his relatives and all who came in contact with him. would be difficult to imagine the measure of the mental and physical torture that he underwent while in the grasp of the dread poison. Death not only seemed imminent but the sufferer was ready to welcome it as a relief.

Somebody Suggested Magic Cyphilene. About this time somebody suggested trying the Cook Remedy company. Expecting no benefit, but ready to try anything Expecting no benethat promised relief, Mr. Roehrig put himself under the treatment of the Cook Remedy Co, 307 Masonic temple, Chicago, Ill., who have made a specialty of treating this disease for nearly ten years. When he began treatment in December last he was one mass of disgusting, mattery sores. The physicians connected with the Cook Remedy company say his was the worst case that ever came under their notice. He had long been unable to wear shoes and was in every way about as sorry a looking specimen of humanity as was ever seen.

It was about six months ago when Mr. Roehrig began to take their treatment. Since beginning he has followed instructions carefully and to-day is one of the most healthy men in all Chicago. When he first began the Magic Cyphilene treatment he weighed 100 pounds, and now since cured by this magic remedy he weighs 208 pounds and is a Sandow in appearance. Every sore has healed, and the unsightly scabs that disfigured him have given way to healthy cuticle.

The Case Carefully Investigated. As a natural result of the facts narrated Mr. Roehrig is a staunch admirer of the Cook Remedy company. He told his story to the Dispatch reporter who was sent to investigate the case, believing that the recountal of his experiences may be the means of saving the lives of others who may be so unfortunate as to be afflicted with blood diseases of any kind.

The truthfulness of the reporter's statements in the above article are vermed by the following affidavit of Mr. Roehrig:

I hereby testify that the statements made regarding my case in the above article are true. State of Illinois, Cook county, ss: Subscribed and sworn to before me, a notary public in and for said county, this 14th day of June, 1894. M. W. Johnson,

[Seal.] Notary Public. Many other remarkable cures are accredited the Cook Remedy company. This particular case has come under the observation of the Dispatch. The man made whole through the efficiency of this wonderful remedy is a resident of the city and known to be reputable and responsible, and the story of his wonderful cure may be verified by any one who will call at his residence.

Deserving of Confidence.

The old-time orthodox physicians are slow to give credit to any secret formula for the cure of disease. This is owing to the fact that so many of them are really rank frauds, gotten up wholly for gain. It is a well-known fact that the public is easily hum-bugged when it comes to purchasing nostrums, but the many successful cases treated by the Cook Remedy company offer evidence than can not be successfully disputed and the oldtime doctors are compelled to admit that at last an absolute specific forblood diseases, both hereditary and acquired, has been discovered. Magic Cyphilene has made a fortune for its owner, saved many a life and alleviated more suffering than any secret formula for the cure of blood diseases known to the world

Magic Cyphilene was originally compounded at Omaha in 1879. In 1893 the business had grown to such an extent that it was removed to this city and the Cook Remedy company was organized under the laws of Illinois with a capital stock of \$500,000. Its financial standing is strictly firstclass, as a reference to the commer-cial agency reports will show, and it is a corporation deserving the confidence and patronage of the people. The Dispatch is as ready to give credit to deserving enterprises as it is to expose frauds, and it has seen indisputable proof of the merits of the medicine compounded by the Cook Remedy company.

The Cook Remedy company treats every case under a positive guaranty to cure or return the money. As nu-merous other cases attest, the medicine given effects a permanent cure in a short time. In the most advanced cases of blood poisoning or syphilis Magic Cyphilene has effected numerous truly marvelous cures, many of which have attracted the attention of the medical profession, which had almost invariably pronounced the cases hopeless.

No reputable journal can afford to commend an enterprise that is not deserving. The Dispatch knows the Cook Remedy company to be exactly what it is claimed to be, and the services it has rendered to suffering humanity entitle it to unlimited commendation. The Roehrig case is not a matter of hearsay. It is positively known to be a matter of fact.

Beware of Imitators. Their reputation for quick and per

manent cures in all stages of the disease and even when all other remedies fail, has become so wide-spread that several imitators have come to light, some even going so far as to copy their printed matter advertising, and one concern which is liable to deceive the public has assumed a similar name, calling themselves "The Original Dr. Cook Cure company." Magic Cyphilene is owned and controlled only by the Cook REMEDY Co., Chicago, Ill.

BITS OF INFORMATION.

THE only rainless region in South America is on the coast of Peru.

THE first steam fire engine known in this country was built in New York in 1840.

THE police force of New York city numbers 2,550. There are 2,126 men on patrol duty. The Valley of the Mississippi contains

500,000 square miles, and is the largest valley in the world. CAPE HORN was so named by Schonten, a Dutch mariner, who first rounded He was born at Horn, in North Holland, and named the cape after his native

town. The first printing press was established in America in 1639. The "Bay Psalm Book" was printed on it during the following year. Now a very rare and costly book.

MARRIAGEABLE age in different countries:

 Be g uni.
 18

 Austria.
 14

 Spa n.
 14

 France 18
Greece 14
Portugal 14
Russia 13

By a "Galway jury" is meant an independent jury, neither to be brow-beaten nor led by the nose. In 1635 certain trials were held in Ireland respecting the right of the crown to the counties of Ireland. Leitrim, Roscommon, Sligo and Mayo gave judgment in favor of the crown, but Galway stood out, whereupon each of the jury was fined £1,000.

THE stone that suggested Wilkie Collins' novel, "The Moonstone," was the Orloff diamond which originally served as one of the eyes of an idol in Seringham, India, but was stolen about 150 years ago by a French soldier, who fled with it to Madras, where he sold it to the commander of a British man-of-war for \$9,400. It was finally sold to Catherine II., of Russia, for \$418,500 and an annual pension of \$18,600.

Ir you want to fix in your memory the order of succession of the monarcus of Eagland since the Conquest, get the following "by heart:"

First, William the Norman, then William his son; Henry, Stephen and Henry, then Bichird and John; Next, Henry the Third; Edwards one, two and

it. Henry the Thire, Essay three three; three; three; the after Richard, three Henrys we see, to Edwards, third Richard, if rightly I guess, to Henrys, sixth Edward, Queens Mary a. d Bess; ten Jamie the Scott; then Charles whom they slew; ten followed Cromwe I, another Charles, too, axt James, called the Second, a confed the throne; ten William and Mary together came on; if Anne, Georges four and four th William all past, od seat them Victoria, the youngest and las.

When one Englishman or American

When one Englishman or American meets another the usual inquiry is, "How do you do?" The Frenchman would ask, "How do you carry yourself?" The Italian, "How do you stand?" "How goes it?" and "How do you find yourself?" is the German interrogation; "How do you fare?" is the Dutch; "How do you perspire?" asks the Egyptian. The Chinaman wants to know "How is your stomach?" "Have you eaten your rice?" The Pole, "How do you have yourself?" The Russian, "How do you live on?" while the Persian salutation is, thy shadow never be less," and that of the Mexican is, in the morning, "How did you pass the night?"

Mothers, Save Your Children:

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