

A HIGH OLD TIME.

A STOR. IN THE FRENCH CHAMBER OF DEPUTIES.

THREE DUEL CHALLENGES ISSUED.

High Government Officials Charged With Unlawful Bribery in Connection With the Panama Canal Scandal—Members Call Each Other Thieves—Boulangists Make a Demonstration.

PARIS, Nov. 23.—There was a scene of wild excitement yesterday in the chamber of deputies. Jules Delahaye, the Boulangist deputy from Chiron, raised the question of the Panama canal prosecutions.

He denouced the government in the severest language, stating that the authorities had wholly neglected their duty, and had permitted the gravest and most colossal crimes to go unpunished. He demanded that justice be done speedily, and that the men of influence and wealth, accumulated by fraud, be brought to exposure and punishment.

There was a clamorous scene while Delahaye was speaking, some applauding and others denouncing his utterances. Angry recriminations followed, and deputies charged each other in express terms with a desire to protect the guilty. One speaker claimed he could point out men in the chamber who had shared in the spoils. A dozen deputies rose in an excited manner to ask whom he meant. The answer was lost in the clamor and confusion. Members shook their fists in each others faces and several tried to climb the tribune at once. The president rapped for order, but nobody seemed to heed. The melee was more general and disgraceful than any witnessed in the chamber during the present republic. Deputies called each other thieves and followed the insulting words with a challenge to the death.

No less than three challenges were given for duels. M. Alexis de Launay, moderator and deputy for Beauvais, challenged Antoine Germaine, deputy for Trevois and member of the Left Center; Boissy d'Anglais, member from Ardeche, challenged M. Delahaye, and Paul Deroudele, the noted Boulangist, challenged M. H. Land, of Seine-et-Oise, anti-Boulangist.

It was a bitter struggle and the first really signal demonstration of the Boulangists since the downfall of their party. It was useless for the government to oppose the onset, and so the ministry yielded by consenting to the appointment of a preliminary commission to inquire into the charges of corruption in connection with the Panama canal, and especially the charges affecting the public officials, members of the chamber and others connected with the public service.

The commission is to be named to-day and will begin the inquiry forthwith. It is rumored that gigantic scandals will be unearthed and that other suicides may be looked for in addition to Baron de Reinach, who was one of the men deeply involved in the alleged scandals. The baron left an immense fortune of about 300,000,000 francs, much of it accumulated in connection with the Panama enterprises.

There is great excitement in Paris, and the scene in the chamber of deputies and the Panama inquiry are the leading subjects of discussion everywhere. The police are said to be keeping a quiet surveillance over several wealthy men mentioned in connection with the Panama frauds, and who are suspected of a design to leave France in order to escape prosecution.

TO DIVIDE KANSAS.

A Rumor That Politicians Are Figuring on Another New State.

TOPEKA, Kan., Nov. 23.—It was announced yesterday that a number of leading Republican politicians of Western Kansas had organized for the purpose of dividing Kansas into two states. The matter will be urged upon the Kansas legislature at the coming session, and it is believed that body will favor the plan.

A committee of Democrats and Republicans will go to Washington early in the session and lobby for the scheme. The object is to make a Republican state out of the western counties and leave the Populists in control of the eastern counties.

They propose to divide the state on the west line of Jewell, Mitchell, Lincoln, Ellsworth, Rice, Reno, Kingman and Harper counties, making West Kansas 200 miles square. The vote of this part of the state at the recent election shows a Republican majority of 5,000, and if the scheme goes through they figure on population sufficient for three congressmen, who they claim will be Republican no matter how the new state is districted.

Perkins, member from Finney county, and one of the originators of the scheme, is making his canvas for speaker on this issue and the further fact that the West saved the house to the Republicans.

THE VOTE OF MISSOURI.

After Many Days the Official Count is at Last In.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., Nov. 23.—The returns from the recent election in this state have at last been received. They show that all the Democratic nominees were elected. Mr. Cleveland's plurality is over 41,000. The vote for Governor is as follows: Leonard, 265,154; Warner, 235,424; Leonard, 37,202. For judge of supreme court division No. 2, Judges Sherwood and Burgess, Democrats, are elected. The official vote is: Sherwood, 266,260; Burgess, 265,735; Kirk, 264,817.

Blown Up With Dynamite.

SEABY, Ark., Nov. 23.—The jewelry store of A. A. Ballard was blown up by dynamite, causing a loss of \$25,000. The court house also suffered several thousand dollars' damage. The building of J. J. Crow was destroyed by fire at the same time.

ALL PARIS MADLY EXCITED.

The Panama Canal Scandal Causes Highly Sensations in the Gay Capital.

PARIS, Nov. 23.—The sudden death of Baron Reinach, one of the wealthiest men of France, and one of the most deeply concerned in the Panama canal venture, under such circumstances as to make it more than probable that he committed suicide, added to the excitement caused by the mad scenes in the chamber of deputies yesterday, has stirred Paris to a greater extent than at any time since the last war. Every one looks for the exposure of gigantic scandals and a series of sensational suicides of men concerned in the Panama bubble is confidently expected.

The speech of Deputy Jules De la Haye, Boulangist from Chiron, gave the strongest hint of the scandals to be expected in connection with the canal investigation and caused a great sensation, which was still further increased when the announcement was made that Reinach, who was referred to by the deputy as "the evil genius of the Panama company," had died suddenly from apoplexy.

Reinach was the head center of a syndicate of press and parliamentary wire pullers for the Panama canal company, who are charged with having got away with nearly \$16,000,000 of Panama canal funds. He had destroyed all compromising letters, but a book containing copies is known to have been stolen, and under the French law copies are held to be as good as the originals. The day before his death he was summoned before the court of appeals with De Lesseps and others, but he had been examined by a magistrate and was greatly worried thereby and at the possibility of being again examined. Besides being a great business man he was an accomplished musician. Just before his death he was engaged in composing a ballet for an opera.

The report that Baron Reinach died from apoplexy is generally disbelieved. The family refuses to allow the police commissioner to view the remains. The baron had a hobby for studying poisonous poisons, to which, it is alleged, he fell a victim. The theory of murder may be dismissed as without the range of probability.

At a plenary meeting of the Republican members of the chamber of deputies to-day it was decided that the commission to inquire into the affairs of the Panama canal company should consist of 23 Republicans, 9 Conservatives and 1 Boulangist. The summons issued to M. de Lesseps and other defendants charge them with having by means of fraudulent tactics, and with the view to inducing belief in the existence of a chimerical event and imaginary credit, dissipated moneys raised by issues of stocks entrusted to them for a determined use, thus swindling others out of their fortunes.

It is reported this afternoon that M. de Lesseps is very ill.

THE PROSECUTION A FARCE.

No Case Made Out Against an Alleged Interstate Commerce Law Violator.

CHICAGO, Nov. 23.—In the United States district court to-day the case of the United States against Thomas Miller, the first of the many cases against Messrs. Swift, Egan, Spriggs and the commercial magnates and railroad officials under indictment for violating the anti-discrimination clause of the interstate commerce law, was called. An imposing array of counsel was present both for the government and the defendant.

The defense waived an address to the jury and the examination of witnesses was at once begun, the first being Thomas A. Wright of the firm of Wright & Hoy, Chicago.

At the first vital question the defense suggested that the court admonish him as to his constitutional rights, and Judge Bunn said: "The witness need not answer any question tending to incriminate himself."

After a similar experience with C. B. Hoy, the next witness, and with others, including Vice President Feasby, of the Burlington road, the district attorney said with a sigh: "That is our case."

The court immediately instructed the jury to find a verdict of not guilty. District Attorney Milchrist thereupon entered a nolle pro in the cases of Egan, Johnson, Firminich and the Swifts. The case against Spriggs was continued on the ground that there was better evidence against him.

Attorney Safford, who represented the interstate commerce commission, said as a result demonstrated the immediate duty of congress to change the law.

FOUR TRAIN MEN KILLED.

The Overland Flyer and a Freight Train Collide in Omaha's Yards.

OMAHA, Neb., Nov. 23.—At 10:40 this morning a freight train which had been doing some switching pulled out of the yard when the overland flyer rounded a curve and the two trains crashed together. Both engines were wrecked. The baggage and postal cars were telescoped and the cars piled on top of the mass. The killed are: Engineer A. J. Barrett, Engineer B. McDonald, Conductor J. W. Keeker, and Fireman Owens. Two trainmen were badly hurt, but the passengers escaped without serious mishap.

Mrs. Deacon May See Her Child.

PARIS, Nov. 23.—The first chamber of the court of appeals to-day handed down its decision in the Deacon case. Judgment was for Mrs. Deacon, and it was ordered that the child, Gladys, be returned to a convent where both parents should be allowed to visit her. Deacon was ordered to pay the costs.

Hanged Before Ten Thousand People.

HUNTINGTON, W. Va., Nov. 23.—Allan Harrison was hanged for the murder of Bettie Adams, April 2 last, this afternoon in a field two miles from the jail. The procession to the scaffold was in carriages. More than 10,000 people witnessed the hanging.

Against Prof. Smith.

CINCINNATI, O., Nov. 23.—The presbytery voted 19 ayes, 43 noes on the motion to declare the first charge against Prof. Smith in the heresy case insufficient. This makes a trial on the first charge certain.

BLOWN TO ATOMS.

Terrific Explosion of Powder—Twenty-Five Men Killed and 100 Injured.

STREUBENVILLE, O., Nov. 23.—A terrific powder explosion occurred shortly after noon yesterday at the Blanch coal mine, located at the west end of Colliers, W. Va. Twenty-five kegs of powder exploded, causing the instant death of three miners and the serious wounding of eight others, three of whom will probably die. The names of those who are killed are as follows: John Poisky, Wesley Anderson, colored; Michael Choker.

The explosion occurred as the men were returning from dinner, which was providential, for had it occurred ten minutes later the destruction of life would have been something awful. The force of the explosion was fearful, the ground being shaken as though by an earthquake. Wesley Anderson's body was blown through the air a distance of over 100 yards. It is supposed that the explosion was caused by a piece of fuse which became lighted in some manner and conveyed the fatal spark to the boxes in which the powder cans were kept.

Ticket Office Robbed.

KEYTESVILLE, Mo., Nov. 23.—The depot at Keytesville station was robbed yesterday morning about 3 o'clock. Two masked men entered the waiting room and one of them tapped on the wooden window of the ticket office. Night Operator Baker raised the window, supposing someone wanted to buy a ticket, and both of the robbers leveled their revolvers at the operator and told him to disgorge, which he lost no time doing. The robbers secured about \$26.

Arrested for Malpractice.

GARDEN CITY, Kan., Nov. 23.—Dr. Mary Cartright of this city was arrested yesterday on a warrant charging her with wilfully and carelessly causing the death of Mrs. Abigail Gregory, who died on the 10th of last month from the effects of a dose of corrosive sublimate administered by the doctor. The coroner's jury at the time found the cause of death to be criminal carelessness through ignorance on the part of the doctor. She gave bond for her appearance for examination on Saturday next.

Powderly Re-Elected.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Nov. 23.—The Knights of Labor elected the following officers: Grand Master Workman, T. V. Powderly; General worthy foreman, Hugh Cavanaugh; general secretary-treasurer, John W. Hayes; general executive chairman, A. W. Wright, John Devlin, John Davis and T. R. McGuire. All of the foregoing except Mr. McGuire are re-elected.

Appointments by the President.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 23.—The president has appointed Manning M. Rose, of Ohio, to be assistant commissioner of the general land office. He is the present chief clerk of the office. William C. Anderson, of Tennessee, the present chief clerk of the coast and geodetic survey, will be appointed to fill the vacancy caused by the promotion of Mr. Rose. Willard G. Stanley, of Oklahoma, was appointed as register of the land office at Beaver, Ok.

Wheat in Store at Minneapolis.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Nov. 23.—The Northwest Miller reports the stock of wheat in private elevators of Minneapolis at 1,640,000 bushels, or 62,000 bushels more than last Monday. This gives Minneapolis and Superior and Duluth a total of 17,404,139 bushels, an increase for the week of 1,359,823 bushels. A year ago the stock at the three points was 10,845,000 bushels.

THE MARKETS.

Kansas City.

Prices were quoted as follows: No. 2 hard wheat, 58¢@59¢; No. 3 hard wheat, 57¢@58¢; No. 4 hard wheat, 56¢@57¢; No. 1 soft wheat, 45¢@46¢; No. 2 red wheat, 62¢@63¢; No. 3 red wheat, 61¢@62¢; No. 4 red wheat, 60¢@61¢; No. 1 red wheat, 59¢@60¢.

New Corn—Seemed a little firmer, but old corn was difficult to sell at any premium, particularly white corn. Shippers were fair buyers. The local trade was dull. Much of the new No. 3 corn sold at 33¢, though a few cars with very poor river billing sold at 31¢@32¢. Closing cash prices were: No. 2 white, 35¢; No. 3 white, 33¢@34¢; No. 2 mixed, 34¢@35¢; No. 3 mixed, 33¢@34¢; No. 4 mixed, 32¢@33¢; No. 1 mixed, 31¢@32¢; No. 2 mixed, 30¢@31¢; No. 3 mixed, 29¢@30¢. Rye—At steady; No. 2, 47¢; No. 3, at 45¢; No. 4, at 43¢. Flaxseed—Steady, 95¢@96¢, according to billing on basis of pure small lots to local buyers; 96¢@97¢, according to billing, 100-lb sacks. HAY—Receipts, 29 cars; market steady. Quotations are: Timothy, choice, \$8.50; good, \$7.50@8; clover mixed, \$5.75 per ton; fancy prairie, new, \$7.50; good to choice, \$6@7; low grade, \$4@6.

OATS—Were steady. Cash prices were: No. 2 mixed, 28¢@29¢; No. 3, 27¢@28¢; No. 4, 26¢@27¢; No. 2 white, 30¢@31¢; No. 3 white, 29¢@30¢. RYE—At steady; No. 2, 47¢; No. 3, at 45¢; No. 4, at 43¢. Flaxseed—Steady, 95¢@96¢, according to billing on basis of pure small lots to local buyers; 96¢@97¢, according to billing, 100-lb sacks. HAY—Receipts, 29 cars; market steady. Quotations are: Timothy, choice, \$8.50; good, \$7.50@8; clover mixed, \$5.75 per ton; fancy prairie, new, \$7.50; good to choice, \$6@7; low grade, \$4@6.

ST. LOUIS.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Nov. 23.—Receipts, wheat, 65,000 bu; shipments, 34,000 bu; corn, receipts, 87,000 bu; shipments, 13,000 bu. Wheat—November, 68¢; December, 68¢; May, 70¢; cash, 68¢. Corn—November, 39¢; December, 38¢; May, 43¢; cash, 39¢. Oats—November, 31¢; May, 35¢; cash, 31¢.

KANSAS CITY LIVE STOCK.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Nov. 23.—Cattle—Receipts, 9,606; calves, 381; shipped yesterday, 1,871; market, 21¢; market generally was dull; steers weak to 10¢@15¢ lower; cows steady to 10¢ lower; feeders steady; Texas cattle lower.

Dressed beef and shipping steers, 43.30@44.5; and cows and heifers, \$1.50@3.25; Texas and Indian steers, \$2@2.55; stockers and feeders, \$2@3.20; mixed, \$1.70@3.25.

Hogs—Receipts, 15,621; no shipments. The market opened steady and closed dull and 10¢ lower.

Sheep—Receipts, 572; shipped yesterday, 120. The market was steady. The following are representative sales: No. 1 lambs, 75 5/8; No. 2 lambs, 73 5/8; No. 3 lambs, 71 5/8; No. 4 lambs, 69 5/8; No. 5 lambs, 67 5/8; No. 6 lambs, 65 5/8; No. 7 lambs, 63 5/8; No. 8 lambs, 61 5/8; No. 9 lambs, 59 5/8; No. 10 lambs, 57 5/8; No. 11 lambs, 55 5/8; No. 12 lambs, 53 5/8; No. 13 lambs, 51 5/8; No. 14 lambs, 49 5/8; No. 15 lambs, 47 5/8; No. 16 lambs, 45 5/8; No. 17 lambs, 43 5/8; No. 18 lambs, 41 5/8; No. 19 lambs, 39 5/8; No. 20 lambs, 37 5/8; No. 21 lambs, 35 5/8; No. 22 lambs, 33 5/8; No. 23 lambs, 31 5/8; No. 24 lambs, 29 5/8; No. 25 lambs, 27 5/8; No. 26 lambs, 25 5/8; No. 27 lambs, 23 5/8; No. 28 lambs, 21 5/8; No. 29 lambs, 19 5/8; No. 30 lambs, 17 5/8; No. 31 lambs, 15 5/8; No. 32 lambs, 13 5/8; No. 33 lambs, 11 5/8; No. 34 lambs, 9 5/8; No. 35 lambs, 7 5/8; No. 36 lambs, 5 5/8; No. 37 lambs, 3 5/8; No. 38 lambs, 1 5/8; No. 39 lambs, 1/2; No. 40 lambs, 1/4.

THE WAR LORD SPEAKS.

Germany's Emperor Calls on the Reichstag to Provide for More Soldiers.

BERLIN, Nov. 23.—The ceremony of opening the session of the reichstag took place in the knights' hall of the royal palace to-day amid the utmost pomp and splendor. Emperor William read the speech. In referring to foreign affairs, he said:

In view of the friendly relations with all the powers and the consciousness that in pursuing a common end we shall continue to enjoy the effectual support of the allied states, I cherish the hope that Germany will not be disturbed in her peaceful endeavor to promote her ideal economic interests. At the same time the development of the military power of other European states imposes on us the serious, nay, imperative duty of strengthening the defensive capacity of the empire by such going measures. In the face of these developments it is only by carrying out the tried principle of universal military service that we may expect those qualities in our army on which its strength and glory are based to be maintained. In order to lighten these burdens so far as possible, the period of service in the army will be reduced to the extreme limit which, from a military point of view, can be conceded. At the same time, while modifying the existing laws, we will endeavor to secure the necessary training and the employment of younger men for the military service will not only lessen the much felt inequality in the fulfillment of military service, but will also diminish the economic military disadvantage of the older class of men being called to serve. This class will get more relief than they enjoy under the existing system.

In order to enable the federal states to make budgetary provisions for the means required to strengthen the army, it becomes necessary to open up new sources of revenue. With this object bills will be passed before the bundsrath for the further taxation of beer and brandy and also for the further taxation of bourse transactions. In inviting you to enter upon your labors I know that an appeal to you that you consent your deliberations in a patriotic spirit is not necessary. The firm will of the nation to safeguard the inheritance of our fathers, to secure peace and to preserve for the fatherland its most cherished possession, I feel convinced, lead to your agreement to the course proposed by me and my high allies. Should this come to pass then the empire may regard the future without an anxiety, trusting in God and its own strength.

Critchlow's Case Being Argued.

PTTSBURG, Pa., Nov. 23.—In the Critchlow Homestead strike murder case to-day Critchlow was put on the stand and denied that he fired a shot of any kind on the morning of July 6, or that he was on the company's grounds. Mrs. Critchlow testified that on July 6 she reached her home at 4 p. m. and found her husband as expected. The defense rested here and the prosecution called several witnesses in rebuttal whose testimony was unimportant. The law arguments were then begun.

Burned in Their Beds.

PTTSBURG, Pa., Nov. 23.—About 4:30 o'clock this morning the house in Sharpsburg, on the outskirts of this city, occupied by H. E. Dannehower, and his wife and child were burned to death.

Shot by a Song and Dance Woman.

NEW YORK, Nov. 23.—News has been received in this city that Viola May, a well known singer and dancer, shot and killed a companion named Carrie Rogers at Calispel, Mont.

Flagellator Corbett Buys Property.

NEW YORK, Nov. 23.—Champion Jim Corbett yesterday purchased eleven lots and a row of houses on Jerome avenue, near Highbridge, for \$33,000.

NEWS IN BRIEF.

Spain owes France about 4,000,000,000 francs.

Arizona offers \$5,000 for "Kit," the Apache renegade, dead or alive.

At Mount Sterling, Ala., a merchant waited for burglars, killed one and captured two.

William P. Anderson, a crippled farmer, was assassinated while asleep near Dallas, Tex.

The bride's dress burned just before the wedding at Marshall, Mo., but the festivities went on.

Squire Jones of Taney county, Mo., is said to have been ordered by controlling Bald Knobbers to leave the county.

The Spanish cabinet has decided to ask the cortes for \$150,000 for the Spanish exhibition at the world's fair at Chicago.

Hungarian laborers on an Ohio railroad locked their boss in a tool chest and were burning him when he was rescued.

The French troops under General Dodds, have conquered Dahomey and are now in the capital, King Behanzin having fled.

The Grand Rapids, Mich., folding chair and table company's factory burned. Loss on stock, \$30,000; on building, \$40,000.

The Confederate veterans' association of Atlanta, Ga., has resolved to buy a United States flag under which to march hereafter.

The Rev. John Brown, one of the pioneer Methodist preachers in Illinois, died at Bloomington at the age of 91 years. He was a native of Virginia.

The shopkeepers of Lisbon have decided to close their shops for twenty-four hours if a British fleet visits there in the interest of a renewal of the alliance.

Catholics generally regard the decision reached by the Catholic archbishops' conference at New York as a vindication of Archbishop Ireland's Fairmount school plan.

At Lotus, Ind., arsenic was put in the well on the Crawley farm, and failing to kill the family, poison was next put in the flour barrel. Mr. Crawley and a son have died.

The poor house of Christian county, Illinois, was burned and very little was saved except an organ and a few small things belonging to Warden Garden. There were several narrow escapes.

Chamberlain's Eye & Skin Ointment.

A certain cure for Chronic Eye Sores, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Old Chronic Sores, Fever Sores, Eczema, Itch, Prairie Scratheches, Sore Nipples and Itch. It is cooling and soothing. Hundreds of cases have been cured by it after all other treatment had failed. It is put up in 25 and 50 cent boxes. For sale by George M. Cheney, Nov. 23-1 year.

Lucky Numbers.

Humphreys' specifics may well be called lucky numbers, and lucky indeed, are the persons who use them. The thirty-five specifics cover all diseases from infancy to old age.

Dr. Henley's English Dandelion Tonic cures indigestion and constipation and tones up the entire system.

Thursday the lordly turkey had its day. And it was all-day with the turkey.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Winter's chilly grasp is gradually tightening.

First publication October 21, 1892. LAND OFFICE AT McCOOK, NEB., October 21, 1892. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of her intention to make final proof in support of her claim, and that said proof will be made before Register or Receiver at McCook, Neb., on Saturday, November 26, 1892, viz:

ANNA M. LUND, who made P. E. D. S. 886 for the southwest quarter of sec. 4 in town 3, N. of range 29, W. of 6th P. M. She names the following witnesses to prove her continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: Walter Hicking, Lyman S. Miller, John Shaw and Henry H. Mitchell, all of McCook, Neb. J. P. LINDSAY, Register.

First publication October 21, 1892. LAND OFFICE AT McCOOK, NEB., October 21, 1892. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of her intention to make final five year proof in support of her claim, and that said proof will be made before Register or Receiver at McCook, Neb., on Saturday, November 26, 1892, viz:

CHRISTINA L. REEVES, who made H. E. 502 for the S. E. 1/4 of sec. 28, in town 4, N. of R. 29, W. of 6th P. M. She names the following witnesses to prove her continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: Walter Hicking of McCook, Neb., Charles E. Verrier of Box Elder, Neb., Stephen Boles of Box Elder, Neb., Alexander W. Campbell of Box Elder, Neb. J. P. LINDSAY, Register.

First publication November 11, 1892. LAND OFFICE AT McCOOK, NEB., November 9, 1892. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Register or Receiver at McCook, Neb., on Saturday, Dec. 17, 1892, viz:

WILLIAM E. KETCH, D. S. No. 657, for the S. W. 1/4, Sec. 22, Twp. 5, N. R. 29, W. 6th P. M. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz: Hubert Beach, of Box Elder, Nebraska, Matthew Stewart, of Box Elder, Nebraska, Severn House, of McCook, Nebraska, Anfin House, of McCook, Nebraska. J. P. LINDSAY, Register.

First publication October 21, 1892. LAND OFFICE AT McCOOK, NEBRASKA., October 20, 1892. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Register or Receiver at McCook, Neb., on Saturday, November 26, 1892, viz:

MARTIN HOGAN, who made D. S. No. 659 for the W. 1/2 S. W. 1/4 Sec. 28, in town 3, N. of range 29, W. of 6th P. M. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: Anfin House, Porter Maddox, John J. Foley and James T. Foley, Sr., all of McCook, Neb. J. P. LINDSAY, Register.

First publication Nov. 25, 1892. LAND OFFICE AT McCOOK, NEB., November 21, 1892. Notice is hereby given that the following lands to-wit: E. 1/2 S. W. 1/4, sec. 10, Twp. 3, S. R. 29, W. 3, sec. 3, Twp. 4, N. of range 29, west of the 6th P. M. will be offered at this office at public sale, at not less than \$1.25 per acre, on December 31, 1892, at 9 o'clock a. m., central standard time.

Homestead Notice.

In the county of Red Willow county, Nebraska, in the matter of the estate of Meane Macho, deceased, To the heirs at law and all persons claiming an interest in the following described real estate in Red Willow county, viz: The N. E. 1/4 of section 12, town 3, north of range 29 west. You will take notice that W. T. Henton, county treasurer, Geo. W. Roper, county clerk, and August Droil, a freeholder, have been duly appointed by the judge of this court to appraise the above described tract of land as being the homestead of Mathias Macho, deceased, and to make return thereof to the judge of said court on the 5th day of Dec. A. D. 1892, at the hour of one o'clock, P. M. And at 2 o'clock on the same afternoon, the judge of said court will make an order in said matter as required by law. All objections, motions or suggestions must be in writing and on file on or before the 3rd day of December, 1892.

Witness my hand and the seal of said court this 23rd day of November, 1892.

CHARLES W. BECK, County Judge.

Dr. Hathaway,

The Leading Specialist of the United States in His Line.

Private, Blood, Skin and Nervous Diseases. Young and Middle Aged Men: Remarkable results have followed my treatment. Many YEARS OF SUCCESSFUL EXPERIENCE in the use of curative methods that I alone own and control for disorders of MEN, who have weak or undeveloped or diseased organs, or who are suffering from errors of youth, or nervousness, or who are nervous and impotent cases.

Female Diseases cured at home without instruments; a wonderful treatment. Catarrh, and Diseases of the Skin, Blood, Heart, Liver and Kidneys. A complete cure guaranteed. Unnatural Discharges promptly cured in a few days. Quick, sure and safe. This includes Gleet and Gonorrhoea.

MY METHODS. 1. Free consultation at the office or by mail. 2. Thorough examination and careful diagnosis. 3. That each patient treated gets the advantage of special study and experience, and a specialty is made of his or her disease. 4. Moderate charges and easy terms of payment. A home treatment can be given in a majority of cases.

Send for Symptom Blank No. 1 for Men. No. 2 for Women. No. 3 for Skin Diseases. Send for 64-Page Reference Book for Men and Women.

All correspondence answered promptly. Business strictly confidential. Entire treatment sent free from observation. Refer to banks in St. Joseph and business men. Address or call on J. N. HATHAWAY, M. D., Corner 6th and Edmond Sts., St. Joseph, Mo.

NOTICE.