

Epileptic Fits, Falling Sickness, Hysterics, St. Vitus Dance, Nervousness. Hypochondria, Melancholia, In-

> ebrity, Sleeplessness, Dizziness, Brain and Splnal Weakness.

This medicine has direct action upon the nerve centers, aliaying all irritabilities, and increasing the flow and power of nerve thid. It is perfectly harmless and leaves no unpleasant effects.

Diseases sent free to any address and poor patients can also obtain this medicine free of charge. This remedy has been prepared by the Reverend Partor Keenig, of Fort Wayne, Ind., since 1976, and is now prepared under his direction by the

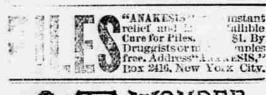
KOENIC MED. CO., Chicago, III. Sold by Druggists at \$1 per Bottle. 6 for \$5 Large Size, \$1.75. 6 Bottles for \$5.



Recently the following Notice appeared in the San Francisco Chronicle.

" Judge S- had been sick only about two weeks, and it was not until the la t three or four days that the malady took a serious turn.
At the beginning of his illness he suffered from
diabetes and stomach disorder. Later the
kidneys refused to perform their functions and he passed quietly away. Thus ended the life of one of the most prominent men in Cali-fornia." Like thousands of others his un-timely death was the result of neglecting early symptoms of kidney disease

- IF YOU are troubled with diabetes, gravet, or any derangement of the kidneys or urinary organs, don't delay proper treatment until you are forced to give up your daily duties; don't waste your money on worthless liniments and worse plasters, but strike at the seat of the disease at once by using the greatest of all known remedies, the celebrated Oregon Kidney Tea. It has saved the lives of thousands. Why should it not cure you? Try it. Purely by regenable and pleasant to take. \$1.00 a pack-





FOR LADIES ONLY, NO-STOMACH - DRUGGING: NI- 16 Wh. ME. · ORLY · ARTICLE · IN · THE · MATE TICKE · IT · ·PRICE \$2 - 921/7 - 11 · CHEMINA CHEMINA

THE MILD POWER CURES.

HUMPHREYS'

Dr. Humphreys' Specifics are scientifically and carefully prepared Remedies, used for years in private practice and for over thirty years by the people with entire success. Every single Specific a special cure for the disease named. They cure without drugging, purging or reducing the system, and are in fact and deed the Sovereign Remedies of the World.

-Teething; Colic, Crying, Wakefulness .25 -Diarrhea, of Children or Adults25 -Dysentery, Griping, Billous Colic.25 -Cholera Morbus, Vomiting.25

27-Kidney Diseases 29-Sore Mouth, or Canker

EXTRA NUMBERS:

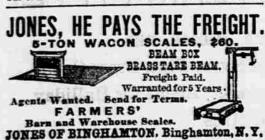
28-Nervous Debility, Seminal Weak-ness, or Involuntary Discharges.....1.00 32-Diseases of the Heart, Palpitation 1.00 33-Epilepsy, Spasms, St. Vitus' Dance...1.00

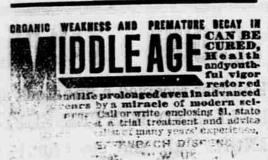
Sold by Druggists, or sent post-paid on receipt of price HUMPHREYS' MED. CO., 111 & 113 William St., New York. SPECIFICS

HUMPHREYS' WITCH HAZEL OIL "THE PILE OINTMENT."

For Piles—External or Internal, Blind or Bleeding; Fistula in Ano; Itching or Bleeding of the Rectum. The relief is immediate—the cure certain. PRICE, 50 CTS. TRIAL SIZE, 25 CTS. Sold by Druggists, or sent post-paid on receipt of price. HUMPHREYS' MED. CO., 111 & 112 William St., NEW YORK







DUSKY

For Farmers, Miners and Mechanics. A PERFECT SOAP FOR ALKALI WATER.

Cures Chafing, Chapped Hands, Wounds, Burns, Etc. A Delightful Shampoo. WHITE RUSSIAN SOAP. Specially Adapted for Use in Hard Water

WONDERFUL!

The cures which are being effected by Drs. Starkey & Palen, 1529 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa., in Consumption, Catarrh, Neuralgia, Bronchitis, Rheumatism,, and all chronic diseases, by their compound Oxygen Treatment, are indeed marvelous.

If you are a sufferer from any disease which your physician has failed to cure, write for in-formation about this treatment, and their book of two hundred pages, giving a history of Compound Oxygen, its nature and effects with numerous testimonials from patients, to whom you may refer for still further information, will be promptly sent, without charge.

This book aside from its great merit as a medical work, giving, as it does, the result of years of study and experience, you will find a ery interesting one.

Drs. STARKEY & PALEN, 1529 Arch Street, Philladelphia, Pa. 120 Sutter St., San Francisco, Cal. Please mention this paper.

Literary Note.

The November number of Romance is a voical American one. Here are grouped together characteristic stories by Nathaniel Hawthorne, Edger Allen Poe, Mary Hartwell Catherwood, Henry S. Brooks, Sherwood Bonner, Mary E. Wilkins and Harriet Prescott Spofford—the last of whom contributes a thrilling. Thanksgiving story. The east, the west, the north and the south are alike represented in the vigorous wholesome and picturesque narratives, among which are half a lozen uncommonly strong original ones, by Violette Hall, Granville Sharpe, W. Thomson, R. L. Ketchum and Fred M. Hopkins. dial adherence and support. I am thor-This is the third in the magazine's series of 'special numbers," illustrating the fiction of different nations, which are proving as popular as they are novel. Romance is issued by Romance Publishing Company, Clinton Half, Astor Place, New York. The price is 25 cents a copy; subscription, \$2.50 a year.

It is said that the good and useful are the first to die, and it is too bad, but it makes the rest of us feel safer.

The Name and Fame

Of Wisdom's Robertine is known from the Atlantic to the Pacific. The demand for this elegant toilet article has spread so rapidly that it can now be had in every city, town and hamlet in the United States, likewise in many foreign countries, a position it could never have attained did it not possess rare and unjuestionable ment. It beautifies and preserves the complexion, repairs the damages done by the use of the many dangerous compounds now in the market, and by its tonic and stimulating effect restores the skin to a natural, healthy action. Wisdom's Robertine is as harmless as the morning dew, as subtile in its action as the magic's wand, and as invisible-save the bloom and delicacy it gives to the cheek-as the air we breathe. Read the testimonials from famous artists, celebrated chemists and eminent physicians.

What does it profit a man to drink to drive away trouble? He simply exchanges one load for another.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for cuts, sores, bruises, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25c. a box. For sale by A McMillen. May23-1yr.

Shiloh's Consumption Cure.

This is beyond question the most successful ough medicine we have ever sold, a few loses invariable cure the worst cases of cough, croup and bronchitis, while its wonderful success in the cure of consumption is without a parallel in the history of medicine. Since its first discovery it has been sold on a guarantee, test which no other medicine can stand. If ou have a cough we earnestly ask you to try t. Price 10c., 50c. and \$1. If your lungs are ore, chest or back lame, use Shiloh's Porous laster. Sold by A. McMillen.

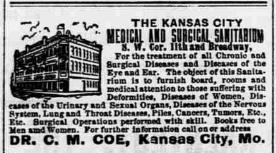
It is a question whether the pokerroom should be called the ante-room or the drawing-room.

Deserving Praise.

We desire to say to our citizens that for ears we have been selling Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Dr. King's New Life Pills, Bucklen's Arnica Salve and Elecric Bitters and have never handled remedies hat sell as well or that have given such universal satisfaction. We do not hesitate to guarantee them every time and stand ready to efund the purchase price if satisfactory results do not follow their use. These remedies have won their great popularity purely on their merits. McMillen, druggist. Nov. Imo. with the fifteen months ended March 31.

Isn't it funny that a lady can cut a rentleman dead without fear of being

Dr. Henley's English Dandelion Tonic cures indigestion and constipation and tones up the entire system.



Subjects need fear no longer from this King of Terrors, for by a most wonderful discovery in medicine, cancer on any part of the body can be permanently cured without the use of the knife.

MRS. H. D. COLBY, 2307 Indians Ave., Chicago, Jays. "Was cared of cancer of the breast in six weeks by your method of treatment." Send for treatise. Br. H. C. Bale, 35 14th St., Chicago.

SOUTHERN FRANKNESS.

Sample Sayings by People Who Speak for the Democrats.

I am for the brave Buffalo man who slapped the dirty pensioners, who are for the most part beggars, in the face. They were dirty and lousy rascals who came into this country, and who abused women, who burned homes, who stole all that was in sight, and today, without an honorable scar, are bleeding this country, and I am helping to pay for it. Let the hired Yankees howl! I am of the south and for the south. The penpalm-and when Cleveland struck the ham (N. C.) Globe.

by what is known as the "pocket veto." Because of this work Cleveland was de-

This drain of \$40,000,000 is exhausting the energies of the south, and, in connection with the tariff taxes, has retion of actual want. The continuation of Labor Commissioners at the assoof Benjamin Harrison in the presiden- ciation's convention in Denver. M1 tial chair opens the way for a still fur. Peck succeeded in that office the well pension bill will be passed before long It thus appears that the same high opinunless the people drive off the looters .-Memphis Appeal (Dem.)



The resolution of the convention in fa vor of bimetallism declares, I think, the true and necessary conditions of a moveoughly convinced that the free coinage of silver at such a ratio to gold as will maintain the equality in their commercial uses of the two coined dollars would conduce to the prosperity of all the great producing and commercial nations.-Harrison's Letter of Acceptance.

Another "Congratulation" on Maine. Chairman Manley, of the Maine Re publicans, evidently believes in the old adage that "he laughs best who laughs last." Anyway, he is now having his "laugh." Chairman Harrity, of the Democratic committee, sent out a congratulatory address to the Democrats on the result of the Maine election without waiting for full returns. Now that the votes are all counted Mr. Manley has his turn. He says:

"The Republican state committee de sire to congratulate the Republicans of Maine upon the full and complete victory achieved on Monday last. The Democratic party, with the best organization it has had for years, failed to poll as many votes by 6,000 as it gave to its candidate for governor in 1888, and did not cast as many votes as it gave its candidate for governor in 1884, in 1880 or in 1876. Complete returns show that the Republicans have elected Henry B. Cleaves governor by 12,300 majority over the Democratic candidate; have returned to congress Hon. Thomas B. Reed, Hon. Nelson Dingley, Hon. Charles A. Boutelle and Hon. Seth L. Milliken by large majorities; have elected thirty out of thirty-one senators, 110 out of 150 representatives to the legislature, and have elected a majority of county officers in every county in the state.

It was the Republican party, under the aggressive, progressive, wise and benignant policy of a generous tariff upon foreign importations for the protection of home labor primarily and the raising of revenue necessarily, that abolished slave labor and emancipated the American wage earner, of whatever color or condition, from the drudgery of pauper wages.

Effect of Reciprocity with Brazil. On the 30th of June the reciprocity agreement with Brazil had been in existence fifteen months, and the statistics show that the imports from that country into the United States increased \$56,-836,205, and the exports from the United States to that country \$1,764,483. The total exports to Brazil during that period amounted to \$18,044,452, being an inwith the fifteen months ended March 31. 1890. The items of exports were as follows: Breadstuffs (almost entirely flour), \$6,328,794; cotton manufactures, \$863,-777; chemicals, drugs, dyes and medicines, \$1,068,799; iron and steel and manufactures of, \$3,199,650; illuminating mineral oils, \$1,456,931; provisicas (mainly bacon, hams and lard), \$1,549,-912; lumber, \$1,016,288; all other articles. \$2,560,701.

It is Peck, the Democratic official-Peck, the Cleveland appointee-who reports a net increase in wages for 1891 over 1890 of nearly \$6,378,000. It is Peck, the Democratic official-Peck, the Cleveland appointee-who reports a net increase in production for 1891 over 1890 in sixty-eight industries, employing 285,000 persons, of \$31,315,130.-New York Tribune.

son that he resented the unlawful discrimination against Americans on the Welland canal.—New York Sun.

templete believed i best i servenia.

IT HURT.

DEMOCRATS WRITHE UNDER PECK'S REPORT.

They Make Unreasonable Dimands for the Purpose of Discrediting It-Demo cratic Truths Are Unpleasant to Them. Peck Undismayed.

The manner in which the report of Commissioner Peck, of the New York state bureau of labor statistics, has been sion fraud is a theft, and we repeat that received by the managers of Mr. Cleveno man can honestly defend it. The land's campaign strikingly proves the south has been taxed to death to pay familiar charge against the Democracy this Grand Army of rascals—those bottle- that it is essentially a calamity party scarred bums who reach in the empty Mr. Peck is a Democrat; he has always been a Democrat. He was appointed to beggars in the face he did a good busi- be commissioner of the labor bureau of nass job. We hope to God that he may New York on the date of its creation have a chance to hit 'em again. Va- April 4, 1883, by Grover Cleveland, who grants and mendicants should be both was then governor of New York. He vigorously slapped and kicked .- Dur- has performed the duties of his office so admirably as that each successive Dem-Cleveland vetoed over 250 pension ocratic governor has successively rebills and allowed a large number to die appointed him. In 1886 he received his second commission from David B. Hill: in 1889 Governor Hill renewed the comfeated four years ago, when he should mission, and last May Governor Flower have been re-elected.-Raleigh News appointed him for the fourth time. Mr. Peck's distinguished character as a statistician and the successful and important work he has done were recognized last May by his election to the office of duced the southern farmer to a condi- president of the American Association ther looting of the treasury. A service known statistician, Carroll D. Wright. ion of Mr. Peck's character, ability and record was entertained by his fellow commissioners of labor throughout the Union as has been expressed by Mr. Cleveland, Mr. Hill and Mr. Flower successively during the last ten years. What Peck Really Did Tell.

Three weeks ago Mr. Peck issued his ninth annual report. Necessarily it dealt with the conditions of labor in the state of New York since the McKinley bill went into effect. It is Mr. Peck's duty to asce tain from year to year how American orkingmen have fared in wages and production. He corresponded with 6,000 manufacturers in the state of New York and received from them statements of what had been going on in the various lines of trade and reported to the governor the simple facts, as he was in duty bound to do. These facts were summed up in his own language as follows:

"It appears that there was a net increase in wages of \$6 377,925.09 in the year 1891 as compared with the amount paid in 1890, and a net increase of production of \$31,315,130.68 in the year 1891 over that of 1890. Of the sixty-seven industries covered by these statistics 77 per cent. of them show an increase either of the wages or production, or both. There were no less than 89,717 instances of individual increases of wages during the same year."

Mr. Peck reported elsewhere in his summary statement these further facts: "Of the sixty-eight industries included, 75 per cent. of them show an increased average yearly earning in the year 1891, while the total average increase of yearly earnings of the 285,000 employees was \$23.11. The average increase of yearly earnings of the employees of the fiftyone trades showing an increase was \$43.96 in 1891 as compared with 1890. The total number of strikes reported for the year 1897 was 4,519 as against 6,255 occurring in the year 1890, a decrease of 1,740. Of the total number-4,519-2,375, or 53 per cent. of them, were in the building trades."

It Hurt Their Feelings.

Notwithstanding that Mr. Peck is a Democrat, a Democratic official, and was an appointee of Mr. Cleveland himself, these facts have dreadfully hurt the feelings of the Democratic party, and more particularly of land's managers. They frankly confess that they do not want wages and production to increase in the United States under a Republican administrationthey won't listen to Mr. Peck's figures. They say the figures are false—they utterly decline to believe them-they simply won't have the facts as Mr. Peck reports them. One would suppose that every American party ought to be patriotic enough to welcome the fact of increasing prosperity among the people, but the Democracy thrives and grows fat on calamities. It is happiest when the people are overburdened with debts -when the statistics of labor are statistics of mortgages and mercantile failures. This is a Democratic heyday, a condition that calls forth its fullest rejoicings. Mr. Cleveland's managers in New York have challenged Mr. Peck to a war of proofs. They propose that he shall submit his statistics to the examination of a committee of expert free traders, gentlemen who are always competent to make figures mean anything that suits their purpose. The announced intention of this committee is to take Mr. Peck's statements of increased wages and increased production and prove therefrom that American labor is worse off in New York than ever before, and that the saddest calamity which can befall an American workingman is to have more goods to sell than he used to have and to get more money for them.

It is my deliberate judgment that the prosperity of America is mainly due to its system of protective laws. I urge that Germany has now reached that point where it is necessary to imitate the tariff system of the United States .- Bismarck.

One sentence of President Harrison's letter of acceptance contains enough of high national doctrine for a dozen Republican campaigns. It is that in which he describes the party's principles as embodying "a policy of safe progression and development-of new factories, new markets and new ships."

The business man who recalls the days of wildcat banking will not vote to destroy a system which gives every state It was highly creditable to Mr. Harri- all the banking facilities it requires and makes every banknote in circulation as good as gold both at home and abroad.

CARLISLE ANSWERED.

Cost of Living Reduced by the McKinley

Sepator Carlisle's ingenious but not entirely ingenuous argument, in which he attempted to show that the cost of living had been increased by the McKinley tariff, has been ably answered by Senator Hiscock. That gentleman, in a speech in the senate on Aug. 1, completely swept away Senator Carlisle's arguments. He showed that the only increase in the cost of living in the twenty-seven months covered by the senate finance committee investigation was in prices of such articles of food as are produced by the farmers of this country On the other hand, in articles which pertain to daily life, such as clothing, fuel tools, lumber and building materials. house furnishing goods, drugs and everything of this character, there had been a decided reduction in cost. The advance in prices of agricultural products are of course largely due to the increased demand abroad, and the increased amount that the people of this country must pay for food cannot properly be charged to the tariff. On the other hand, Senator Hiscock shows from Senator Carlisle's own figures that there has been such a marked reduction in prices of other articles of daily use, and affected by the tariff, as to warrant the conclusion that the cost of living was reduced through the action of the McKinley law in the sum of over \$47,000,000 in the period between October, 1889, and September, 1891. Senator Hiscock's speech on this subject has been printed in full by the Republican national com-

STATE BANK NOTES.

The Farmers' Alliance Opposing a Return to Their Use.

The New York State Farmers' Alliance is much exercised over the Democratic proposition to repeal the prohibitory 10 per cent. tax on state bank issues. John Chamberlain, president of the Alliance, as representative of that organiza tion, has issued a circular to the farmers and laborers under the caption, "The Peril of the Nation."

The section of the Democratic national platform recommending that the prohibitory 10 per cent. tax on state bank issues be repealed stands, the circular says, as a dauger signal for the sons of toil to warn them that such repeal comprises a scheme to re-establish the wildcat fluctuating currency of a generation ago, when the state bank notes were of varying and uncertain value, and to the loss of the farmer, the planter and the laborer. The notes then were subject to a discount of 10 per cent. The circular continues: "Older men must look with dread upon this midnight madness movement to repail the state bank tax if they will recall the condition of the currency prior to the war, when the losses by counterfeits, broken banks and discounts were appalling, and when many of the state banks were started with the preconceived purpose of swindling the community by irresponsible and unscrupulous Wall street adventurers from whose offices the bills were issued, the nominal location of the banks being fixed at remote and obscure points difficult of access to prevent the presentation of such issues for redemption."

A Louble Faced Ticket.

How can you vote for a double action presidential combination like Cleveland and Stevenson? The team does not pull together. One is plowing in the political furrow of tariff reform, civil service and gold, while the other is pulling the old Democratic cart in the direction of free silver and spoils. Between them you do not know where you will fetch up. When of the city limits in Grand View, while there was honest, real patriotic work he registered from the Oriental hotel. to be done for the country they both hired substitutes. Don't vote for substitute candidates.—New York Recorder.

Under the first full year of the McKinley law importations of manufactures of wool, silk, hemp, cotton, iron, steel and tobacco were reduced \$46,692,454, thus giving increased employment to persons engaged in their manufacture in this country.

Republicans Must Not Neglect.

Republican prospects are bright. But that is no reason for neglecting the thorough work which is necessary to insure success. Repeatedly the great party to which the country owes so much of its prosperity within the last thirty years, after beginning a presidential contest with scanty confidence, has compelled victory by the magnificent energy of its workers.-New York

The country has been brought face to face with the question, Which is the better circulating medium, state or national bank bills? Every presidential vote cast n November next will be in answer to chat question. Evasion of it would be impossible. Mr. Cleveland has not intimated the slightest dissent from any part of the platform on which he stands.

The first full year of the McKinley law showed an increase of \$159,938,323 in sales of agricultural products to other countries as against the last full year of the old tariff.

Treasury officials state that the department has a balance of \$50,000,000,

Here it Is. Forty-nine counties in Nebraska, not including Douglas, give Crounse, for governor, a plurality over Van

Wyck of 5,000. The balance of the republican state ticket runs ahead of this. The same counties, many former independent strongholds, give Harrison over Weaver, 5,635.

Complete returns from three counties and incomplete from four give Bryan a plurality of 177. At democratic headquarters Bryan's election is claimed by 235 plurality, but not conceded by Chairman Boggs of the republican committee. The official count will probably be necessary to determine the result.

Mercer is elected in the Second district by upwards of 1,000; Meiklejohn in the Third: Hainer in the Fourth; McKeighan in the Fifth. In the Sixth district it will take an official count to decide between Whitehead and Kem. In the Seventeenth, Eighteenth. Twenty-fifth nd Twenty-ninth sena-

The returns show one democrat, J. E. Northof the Twelfth elected, and three independents.

torial districts the race is very close

with chances about even for republican

Forty republican house members are shown by the partial returns received to be elected, with a prospect of enough more to make up a majority on joint ballot.

Put Out by Marshals.

DAKOTA CITY, Neb., Nov. 10 .- Ad-

vices from Jackson show that a lively skirmish was had there between the election board and Deputy United States Marshal Harris and Special Deputies Reninger and Brewer. Deputy Sheriff Joseph Carney, who was in Jackson the entire day, says: "Marshal Harris arrived in Jackson about 8 o'clock in the morning, and went to the places intended for voting purposes, but the polls were not open and it was close onto 9 o'clock before the election board was sworn in and voting commenced. Immediately after the opening of the polls Marshal Harris and his deputies, followed by about forty citizens who anticipated trouble, went to the polling place, and the marshal and his assistants went behind the railing and were at once ordered out by the election board. The marshal stated by what authority he was there and stated that he intended to remain and follow out his instructions and see that no illegality took place. The judge of the election informed him that they were able to run their own elections and would not tolerate interference by United States marshals, or anybody else. Harris said he would leave only by force, and he was accordingly forced out of the building, as was also everybody else. Harris then deputized me as a special deputy, but I would not accept the office and refused to assist him in affecting an entrance by force. I tried to prevail on the board to let him in, but they refused flatly to let him interfere with their election. At one time it looked as though blood would be spilled, but cooler heads prevailed. Harris again made demands for admission but was refused."

Harris has taken the name of the election board and the deputy sheriff and will cause warrants to be issued for their arrest.

Purity of the Ballot.

LINCOLN, Nov. 10 .- O. E. Henderson, W. S. Fletcher and Jerry Leahy, the three men arrested at Yankee Hill voting place Tuesday for voting without possessing the necessary qualifications, were arraigned before United States Commissioner Billingsley and bound over for appearance next Saturday. Leahy got Patsy Mears as bondsman, who says he will vouch for his being qualified to vote at that preciact. Henderson and Fletcher worked for John Rawlins, and he gave bail for them.

Another arrest on a little different order was made yesterday. The man arrested was no less a personage than Professor L. E. Hicks, chairman of the board of public works. The charge made is that his real residence is out The professor claims that his wife is living at Grand View for her health, and that he has never removed his real residence from the city. He was taken before County Commissioner Billingsley and gave security for his appearance November 16th. It is thought by Professor Hick's friends that this arrest is prompted by jealousy of his official position, there having been some talk about his holding the office while residing outside the city. Professor Hicks does not seem to feel worried about the outcome of the affair.

Best of The Kind.

WEST POINT, Neb., Nov. 10 .- Last Sunday marked a memorable epoch in Catholicism in this section by the dedication of the large and handsome new church edifice which had cost the parishoners over \$20,000. This is the largest and finest church in the state outside of Omaha and Lincoln, and is a lasting monument to the zeal and enterprise of the pastor, Rev. Father Ruesing, as well as the congregation. The building was begun one year ago last spring, and one year ago last August the corner stone was laid with imposing ceremonies, and at which the bishop and president of Creighton college were present.

At the dedicatory ceremonies last Sunday the church's capacity was taxed to its utmost, as hundreds came from every section in northeast Nebraska to be present. Preaching was had in English, German and Bohemian. The and the revenues, notwithstanding the great feature in the erection of the loss of the \$60,000,000 on sugar, are in- | church is the fact that the \$20,000 excreasing at the rate of \$1,000,000 a pended there remains a debt of only month from customs alone. This rate \$2,000. The Catholics in this section of increase has been going on since are unusually strong and support their church in a loyal manner.