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Occasions arise for its use almost every day. All druggists and dealers have it

40 TO 2000 ACRE TRACTS. \$5 TO \$15 PER ACRE. Send stamp for Price List and Descriptive Circular of Southwestern Nebraska to S. H. COLVIN, McCook, Red Willow Co., Neb.



District Court Proceedings.

CASES CONTINUED. Nebraska & Kansas Farm Loan Co. vs. Wm. Nutt et al, equity. Burnham Tulleys & Co. vs. George E. Mayo

Western Loan & Investment Co. vs. John Green et al, equity. First National Bank, Ainsworth, Neb., vs. Edward Price, appeal. The Anglo-Am. Loan & Trust Co. vs. Wm.

et al, equity.

Y. Johnson et al, equity. Nina A. Smead vs. George C. Roberts et al. report of referee. Gilmore & Rhul vs. Henry Crabtree et al.

replevin Nat Bruen vs. Harrison National Bank et al,

The Anglo-Am. Mortgage & Trust Co. vs. John P. Reiter et al, equity. Susan B. Van Vliet vs. Allen R. Mitchell et

Phelps & Bigelow Windmill Co. vs. Mary F. Gray et al, equity.

T. H. Rider vs. Sam'l Young et al, equity. Emma J. Lane vs. Mary Leonard et al,

J. H. Ludwick vs. J. H. Bennett et al, re-William C. Metcalf vs. Home Fire Ins. Co. of Omaha, appeal.

The Citizens Bank of McCook vs. R. C. Orr, Samuel R. Smith et al vs. Laura V. Marker

et al, equity. Lewis B. Korns et al vs. Red Willow Co. Live Stock Association.

Citizens Bank of McCook vs. E. R. Banks et al, appeal. Great Western Watch Co. vs. John W. Wolt, appeal.

Mass. Mutual Life Insurance Co. vs. Aifred Carter et al, equity. E. C. Popejoy vs. Thomas Real, appeal. Minnie C. Ballard vs. John Green et al,

Nebraska Mortgage Co. vs. August Kreidt et al, equity. A. M. Beveridge vs. Ellen Burdick et al

Helen T. Campbell vs. Sarah R. Snavely et al, appeal. Augusta Schultz vs. Henry Schneider et al,

equity. John A. Thomas vs. Chas D. Cramer et al Newman Dutcher vs. Albert Stegman et al

Great Western Watch Co. vs. Charles H Liston, equity. McKinney, Hundley & Walker vs. O. M Knipple, revivor of judgment. Franklin W. Eskey vs. Chas F. Woehner, ap-

The American Investment Co. vs. Richard G. Mitchell et al. equity. David Fisher vs. Chas. W. Beck, appeal. Chas. C. Ely vs. Francis M. Burt et al, equi-

Mary N. Clark vs. Isaac S. Shirey et al, The State of Nebraska vs. C. B. Thompson,

People's Building Loan and Savings Association vs. Samuel R. Smith et al, equity.

Michael Walch vs. George Nicholson, ap-The Great Western Watch Co. vs. A. P. Bodwell, appeal,

The Great Western Watch Co. vs. J. F. Black, appeal. Edward H. Ogden vs. Stephen S. Brown et ix, equity. B. M. Vincent vs. George S. Cundiff et al,

Howard H. Shields, administrator, vs. J. M. nman's estate et al, equity. Esther G. Shaw vs. C. J. Higgins et al, equity. S. L. Sticther vs. W. H. Williams et al,

W. U. Bullard & Co. vs. Nettie B. Moore et al. The State of Nebraska vs. John L. Rouch

grand larceny. Charles Nash vs. Allen Bartley et al, equity. American Savings Bank vs. Ella M. Piper,

G. H. Warring, Jr., Trustee, vs. A. H. Or Susan Cutting vs. Santord McGriff et al, Garwood H. Atwood vs. Louis Mather et al.

St. Joseph Loan & Trust Co. vs. Annie Hill et

Warren O. McClure vs. H. M. Asbmore et

al, equity. Ruth W. Lathrop vs. Wm. Anderson et al,

Charles C. White, Receiver, vs. Ida M. Fisk, confirmation of sale.

CASES DISMISSED. Edward Pierce, executor, vs. Chas. D. Cram-Agnes E. Smillie vs. A. H. Bowdish et al,

equity. B. B. Davis & C. H. Jones vs. The Co. Red Willow, appeal. Kate W. Doty vs. Thos. M. equity. F. S. Smith vs. H. Schlæsser et a John W. Vandike vs. C. B. & Q

Angelo P. Welles vs. Geo. Huggins at the peal and attachment. Emily M. Reed, executor, vs. J. mond et al, equity. John W. Hart vs. Elizabeth A. Hart

People's Building Loan & Savings Ass'n Geo. W. Short et al, equity. Arthur W. Evans vs. Edward B. Brown, at

Jennie Pierce vs. J. B. Teeters et al, equity. Joseph A. Webster vs. Mrs. T. Boyd et al, equity. DECREES OF FORECLOSURE,

Herbert E. Vail vs. O. S. Vandoren et al. equity, due \$528. V. D. Reed vs. J. A. Cordeal et al, equity, due \$677.75.

The Phœnix Ins. Co. vs. Wm. Knape et al, equity, due \$1,103.33. Ezra Crowell vs. W. O. Russell et al, equity, due \$670, 66.

Edinburg Lombard Investment Co. vs. Mary Lang et al, equity, due \$368.18. Ellen Law vs. J. Morgan et al, equity, due

Smith Bros. vs. Elizabeth Lyon et al, equity, A. M. Beveridge vs. Wm. W. Gerver et al,

equity, due \$642.41. Arthur A- Hyde vs. Robert S. Cooley et al. quity, due \$1,631.45.

Mary J. Cole vs. Stephen Tuttle et al, equi-

et al, equity, due \$295.85. Wm. J. Parkinson vs. Wm. H. Gerver et al.

equity, due \$860. due \$631.35. R. Frunson & Co. vs. W. M. Nutt et al, equity, due \$1,207.70.

Montgomery Bennett vs. J. C. Morgan et al, equity, due \$860.35.

Mattle G. Wood vs. Nichols Marey et al, equity, due \$571.

John J. Shepherd vs. Elisha Royce et a equity, due \$837. Nancy Socum vs. Elizabeth Joy et al, equity, due \$410. Charles Slocum vs. Elgenna Pearson et a

equity, due \$1,039.

H. G. Brainard vs. Sadie Bates et al, equity, due \$732.60. Lillian M. Whish vs. John N. Lucas et al, equity, due \$719.

S. G. Edmonds vs. Chas. A. Dibble et al. equity, due \$883. Charles N. Griffin vs. W. E. Winslow et al.

equity, due \$674.50. Mary E. Bliss vs. James A. Houchin et al equity, due \$579.75. M. E. A. Van Vliet vs. Deatrick Blake et al,

equity, due \$752.15. George Hocknell vs. James W. Speer et a equity, due \$103.17. Martha A. Farrington vs. Samuel Ellis et al,

equity, due \$659. J. L. Moore, Trustee, vs. Wm. Relph et al equity, due \$415.05. J. A. Harris vs. John N. Yarnal et al, equity,

MISCELLANEOUS CASES.

Western Loan & Inv. Co. vs. Swan Peharson et al, equity, consolidated with West vs Peharson

Charles F. Elliott vs. J. H. Bennett, judg ment for defendent to amount of \$132.90. Eli C. McMillen vs. Garner, Brown & Friend paint company, attachment, attachment sue tamed, due \$5.415.98.

Eugene A. Rose vs. A. D. Ashley et al, equity, motion for new trial withdrawn, decree last term. Edna E. Briggle vs. Albert Briggle, divorce, divorce granted.

Laura Cole vs. Rufus A. Cole, divorce, divorce granted without further alimony. Joseph S. Holmes vs. Januette Holmes, divorce, set for trial at chambers. Robert H. Thomas, contestant, vs. Vocances

Franklin et al, contestee, at request of con | reading tariff literature lately), we should testees case continued and restraining order issued against county officers. State of Nebraska vs. Earl Kelley, incorrig-

school at Kearney. Frees & Hocknell Lumber Co. vs. Robt. H. Thomas, confirmation of sale, taken under advisement.

bility, found guilty and committed to reform

Ann Huff vs. Samuel A. Shaffer, confirmation of sale, settled. McCook Co-operative Building & Saving Association vs. Sweeney Munson, confirma

tion sale, taken under advisement. Petition to sell real estate in the matter of the estate of Geo. H. Starbuck, deceased, hearing set for December 3d, 1892, at chambers at Cambridge Neb. In the matter of the estate of Frank H.

Fowler, deceased, petition to sell real estate, of curtains had not been raised in that set for hearing at chambers at Cambridge, Neb., December, 2, 1892. CASES CONFIRMED.

A. Newkirk, deceased, confirmation of sale. et al, confirmation of sale. Clark & Leonard Investment Co. vs. Jennie

Walters, confirmation of sale. Edward Pierce vs. Palmer Way, confirma-Huddleston Lumber Co. vs. J. Byron Jen-

nings, confirmation of sale. Joseph Menard vs. Susan Farley, confirmation os saie.

Thomas Lonergan vs. Stanton Rolly, confir mation of sale. A. M. Doty vs. Geo. W. Koons, confirmation of sale, deficiency \$5.86. Jennie Bush vs. Adolph Schamoni, confir-

mation of sale, deficiency \$1,017.98. Harriet Coomer et al vs. A. J. Pate et al confirmation of sale. Margaret Mullen vs. John F. Buskirk, con-

George Hocknell vs. J. A. Brewer, confirmation of sale, deficiency \$938. Geo. A. Kelsey vs. Jesse D. Welborn, con firmation of sale.

J. W. Dolan vs. Mary E. Goodrich, confirma tion of sale, continued. Nebraska Loan & Trust Co. vs. James R. Gilstrap, confirmation of sale. Phœnix Insurance Co. vs. Henry C. Schroeder, confirmation of sale, deficiency \$262.63.

Cyrus Eastman, trustee, vs. Austin B. Wilson, confirmation of sale, deficiency \$598,63. Martha A. Wilson vs. William Fruin, confirmation of sale. Jas. H. Clark & Jos. C. Glenn vs. Daniel

Dollar, confirmation of sale. Elizabeth S. Brayton vs. John Peake, confirmation of sale, deficiency \$257.43. George A. Kelsey vs. Almond Gustin, confirmation of sale.

David A. Boyer et al vs. Katherine K. Boyer, confirmation of sale. Phœnix Insurance Co. vs. Jacob Schaffert, for their services, and if one employer Sen., confirmation of sale. New Home Machine Co. vs. John G. Winsor,

confirmation of sale. Lillian M. Whish vs. Rarvey Z. Jessup, confirmation of sale. Lillian M. Whish vs. Joseph A. Hays, confirmation of sale.

Lillian M. Whish vs. Chas, A. Dibble, confirmation of sale, deficiency\$325.08. W. V. Jones vs. George Ray, confirmation

L. Brown et al vs. Jas. C. Lafferty, confirion of sale, settled. te T. Van Zandt vs. Dennis St. Germain, mation of sale. Rankin vs. Corintha Conklin, con-

of sale. Bastman, trustee, vs. Francis A. , confirmation of sale. \*\*EKinley-Lanning Loan & Trust Co. vs. Zeri H. Sherman, confirmation of sale.

Eleanor G. Little vs. Thos. F. Coward, confirmation of sale. Elsie C. Prichard vs. Mary J. Gore, confirmation sale, deficiency \$328.48. John E. Arthur vs. Western Farm Mortgage Co., confirmation of sale. Powell Bros. vs. S. A. Brown, confirmation

C. H. Fargo & Co. vs. Hiram W. Johnson. K. W. Griswold vs. Jas. A. Everist.

Fifth congressional district will not cast a single vote to the discredit of the district, of the state if Grover Cleveland should be elected E. M. Leach vs. George Leland et al, equity, or nation; but his opponent, Mr. The tariff would be changed, and that McKeighan, will, just as he did at would make it so hard for people who the last session. We Andrew i work "by the day." Every woman ought the last session. Mr. Andrews is to realize that and influence her husba Nebraska Loan & Trust Co. vs. Kate Thomas | for America and American institu- | to vote for the party that cares for the tions. Mr. McKeighan is for W. happiness of laborers. A. McKeighan first, last, and all whether Marshall Field and Mr. O'Neill whether Marshall Field and Mr. O'Neill Mary Spier vs. John Janeck et al. equity, the time. District, state or nation direct their clerks to belie the effect of are not in it, so far as any effort he may make for their advancement.

Here of Common development advancement. —Harvard Courier.

#### SHE BUYS CURTAIN

DOROTHY SELECTS WINDOW DRA ERIES FOR HER BACK PARLOR.

And with Her Little Feminine "Fist" She Drives a Large Sized Splke Through a McKinley High Price-Any Other Woman May Be as Enterprising.

Dorothy had determined to have only "real" things in her home, you know; but when it came to lace curtains for her prospective back parlor, she had to draw the line. They cost several hundred dollars a pair, and Dorothy's ship has not come in. While we were considering the matter I saw a private letter from Marshall Field, the great Chicago dry goods merchant, in which a clerk said that such curtains as Dorote wanted cost "thirty-five cents more yard than they did before the McKinley

"And I don't believe it." said L.

"Neither do I." said Dorothy. "Let's look it up," we both said. Upon which we made up our minds that we wouldn't buy a stitch from anybody who lied to us about "McKinley high

My official tariff book (you can get one yourself by writing to Washington for it) tells me that the duty on lace curtains has been raised from 40 to 60 per cent

by the McKinley law. "Why was it raised? What was the result of it?" Dorothy and I wanted to know. If we liked the answers we would buy the curtains. If it was to make "the rich richer" and "the poor poorer," as the Democrat papers claimed (I have been certainly not be a party to that sort of thing. If, as the Republican papers said, this advance in duty was really a benefit to the men and women who work at curtain making and to the people who buy them I should do everything in my power to let the women of the country know what unprincipled, selfish people Democratic McKinley tale fabricators

We went to O'Neills on Sixth avenue first. They had such curtains as we wanted, but the price was eighteen cents a yard higher than before the McKinley bill. We didn't deal with them.

Next we went to Simpson & Crawford's. A polite man said that "the price store anyway by the McKinley bill." He laughed in a funny little way when we asked the question, and seemed to Nebraska Loan & Trust Co. vs. F. J. Bush- have something in mind which was a ong, confirmation of sale, deficiency judg- good joke on somebody. Then he said, 'No, indeed, we can't raise the prices on Nebraska & Kansas Farm Loan Co. vs. Julia | Sixth avenue; the people would get after

us if we did." "Then it isn't necessary to charge more?" persisted Dorothy.

"I wouldn't like to answer that, miss. The wholesale people can tell you all about prices." Then he gave us the address of Mills & Gibbs, of Broadway and

Grand street. "Yes, the duty has been raised, and there was good reason for it," said the salesman at that store. "There are a large number of factories trying to establish themselves here, and they could not compete successfully with imported curtains made by laborers who work for paid. By raising the tariff the curtain manufacturer can and does pay his workmen enough to live comfortably, even luxuriously, as American citizens should live. At the same time he can compete with the imported curtains, even though the labor on them costs the

foreign maker but one-third as much." "Why, that is as clear as daylight," said Dorothy. "But when I come to think of it we who buy lace curtains have to pay that extra duty, don't we?" "No; the foreign maker lowers his

workman's or workwoman's wages enough to pay that duty." "Well, what keeps the American man-

ufacturer from charging too much?" "Competition, miss; sharp competition, such as is stimulated by a fairly high protection."

"Well, then," I put in, "why are not the American workers' wages lowered by this competition?" "Because there is a constant demand

doesn't do the right thing by a man be can go to another." "Well, I think that tariff is the best thing I know of for working people, and I don't care if it does make the rich employers keep their eyes wide open. It seems to me that Mr. McKinley has made the poor richer and the rich a

trifle more energetic," I added. "Now finally," Dorothy went on, "1 want to know the truth. Is curtain muslin more expensive than it was before the McKinley law went into ef-

"No, it is as cheap, and in many instances cheaper. For, as I told you, the foreign manufacturer pays that extra

"Well, then," Dorothy replied triumphantly, "please show me some white lace curtains of fine net, with a fern pat-

We found what we wanted at four dollars a pair; they had been a trifle higher two years before. And Dorothy had another treasure for that "home."

On our way to the station we stopped at Mr. Horner's gorgeous furniture store on Twenty-third street to see about some furniture, and Mr. Horner himself told us that he knew of a very large concern "on the other side" that is coning to this country if Mr. Harrison is CANDIDATE ANDREWS in this big elected. That would mean another big factory here with employment for ever

GRACE ESTHER DREW.

HEY TELL WHY THEY SUPPOR HARRISON FOR PRESIDENT

Some Important Suggestions Which Es German Voter Will Bead - View Many Prominent German-America:

The following letter addressed to " voters of German descent" has been i sned by a large number of leading ties man-American citizens of New York:

Recognizing the great commercial and industrial importance of the approaching prest dential election to our adopted fatherland, and being fully convinced that the Republican party not only tepresents the best interests of the nation, but is ever most actively engaged to further them, the undersigned citizens of German descent have constituted themselves a committee to work for the election of the standard bearers of that party. We have a active connection with politics, but as citizenand business men who realize that the prosperity of this country is due to the wise com mercial policy of the Republican party, we consider it our duty to give energetic expression to our convictions, and to oppose the vague theories of the free traders, which have no substantial basis in fact.

The Republican party has, true to its traditions, declared itself for the protection of our industries and for honest money. The Democratic party has declared itself for unlimited free trade and for a return to that dangerous system of state banks which in times past affected our commerce so disastrously. It was the small business man and the workman who were chiefly injured by that system, and it is these men who will be injured if it is reintro. duced.

Both free trade and protection have been sufficiently tested. The direct consequence of the free trade legislation of 1833 was the marked decline in our national prosperity, which culminated in the great commercial crisis of 1837. Protection took the place of the tarm for revenue only; the country recovered, commerce and industry thrived, till in 1846 the tariff was again reduced and the terrible panis of 1857 was the result. Again the people of the United States declared for protection. The consequence was a development of all our national resources beyond the wildest expertation and a general prosperity such as the world had never seen before.

When Grover Cleveland, true to the reactionary principles of the Democratic party, declared himself for free trade in his message of Dec. 6, 1887, the people, mindful of the bad experiences which it had made in the past with free trade, rejected the Democratic party and again intrusted the government of the nation to the Republican party.

Never was the balance of trade so favorable to us as now; never was the prosperity of the whole country so general; never were the wage earners so well off.

The legislative activity of the Fifty-first cocgress and the shameful inactivity and uncertainty of the Fifty-second congress sufficiently illustrated the difference between the parties. Both the presidential candidates have been tried by the people; both have served a full presidential term; their administrations belong

Every reason given in the year 1888 for the election of Harrison is valid today, only in a higher degree. Through his firm stand on the silver question he saved the country from a reat linancial crisis.

Disdaining grandiloquent promises and preferring to gain the respect of his fellow citizens by a blameless administration, President Harrison has fearlessly defended the honor and dignity of the nation, and has once more forced from foreign nations that respect for the stars and stripes which had been almost entirely lost under Cleveland. Under President Harrison civil service reform has been a reality, while his appointments to the most prominent offices are admitted even by his most bitter political enemies to be unassailable. If we compare with this the administration of Grover Cleveland, we find that in spite of bombastic promises of reform in the civil service, the spoilsmen never since the days of Jackson raised their heads so boldly as when one-third of what our curtain people are Grover Cleveland, through Adlai E. Stevenson, deposed 44,000 postmasters who had honestly and faithfully administered their offices to make room for the Democratic place hunters who were to help him to a second term of the presidency. Not only has Mr. Cleveland been untrue to all his pledges of reform, but as a matter of fact he has ever yielded to the worst elements of his party whenever his personal interests were at stake. and in this very campaign we find him allied in the closest possible way with Tamman;

> The letter is signed by Dr. William Balser, C. F. Balzer, Julius Bien, Julius Bien, Jr., S. Bachman, Emil Berolzheimer, Blumenthal Bros. & Co., Dr. P. A. E. Boetzkes, Julius Brunn, Gustav Blum & Bros., Henry Brennich, Herman Cantor, George Dennerlein, Leopold Deutchberger, Alfred Dolge, Frederick Flaccus, P. Goepel, William F. Grell, F. W. Holls, Charles Horn, C. A. G. Intemann, Max Jaegerhuber, Gustave L. Jager, Gustave H. Jaeger, Sit. Carl Kapff, Dr. Hermann Kudlich, Adolph Kuttroff, William H. Klencke, S. J. Lesem, Lucius N. Littauer, Joseph Loth & Co., Charles Maurer, Paul H. Mehlien, Henry Merz, Carl Merz, Dr. N. W. Muller, C. W. Neuling, George Rau, William Reichman, Henry W. F. Schulz, Nicholas Schultz, Charles Splitdorf, Charles Stahl, Moritz Seckal, Ralph Traufmann, Edward Vorster, William Vigelius, Dr. H. J. Wackerbarth, William Wicke, Wurzburger, Goldschmidt & Co., Henry Zimmerer; from Newark, Dr. Edward J. Ill, Fred Kuhn, J. L. Kufer, Herman Lehilbach, Carl Lentz, Paul Roder, Carl F. Seitz, Julius Stapff, R. G. Salomon, and from Brooklyn, Louis Bossert, Herman Liebmann, Charles Naeher, John Rueger and H. C.

vails in nearly every state except those of the south is not popular with farmers and workingmen, and has thus kept thoo. sands of Republicans away from the poli-The Republican leaders should at once establish Australian ballot schools, so that every Republican voter may be at the polls and vote intelligently. Business men should remember that a

The Australian ballot which now pre-

vote for Cleveland means a vote to chang the general business system of the country. and will certainly result in great business uncertainties and irregularities for the next four years. Democratic success means Democratic control of senate, house and presidency, and full reign of the free trade pertiment.

If your business has been built up during the past thirty years a change in the tariff system under which it has prospered would at least result in great uncertainties and irregularities in the next four years. Your vote and that of your arquaintances may decide the condition of your business in th near future.

Republicans should remember that in five states having seventy-five electoral rotes a change of 1 per cent. of the votes will reverse the result of 1888 in those