RELIEF IN NEBRASKA

WORK OF THE STATE COMMISSION DRAWING TO A CLOSE.

No More Supplies to be Sent Except Upon Special Request-Some Strange Phases of Human Nature-New Orleans Witnesses Bribed to Leave the City-The Second Trial of Plenty Horses at Sloux Falls, South Dakota -War on Kansas Mortgage Shylocks.

State Relief in Nebraska.

LINCOLN, May 28 .- The work of the state relief commission is drawing to a close. Word was sent Saturday to the desks of clerks of all counties receiving aid that after this week no supplies would be sent except on special request. Today the commission has made out its last order for supplies except such as may be needed for special cases. The order calls for flour in lots of 4,000 and 6,000 pounds, corn meal in lots of 2,000 and 4,000 pounds, meat in lots of 500 and 1,000 pounds, | Wounded Knee, he killed Casey to save beans in six and twelve bushel lots, rice, hominy and oatmeal in one and two barrel lots. These supplies will be shipped within a day or two to the following places: Mason City, Custer county; Eddyville. Dawson; Benkelman, Dundy; Curtis, Frontier; Arabahoe. Cambridge and Oxford, Furnas; Franklin and Riverton, Franklin; Burnwell, Garfield; Wallace and Brady Island, Lincoln: McPherson, McPherson; Loup City and Hazard, Sherman: Thedford, Thomas.

The commission has seen some very strange phases of human nature. On the recommendation of Bishop Bonacum and John Fitzgerald it sent a supply of corn and about \$125 worth of day night Jonas Kendiesperger, a tenother articles to Eddyville, a small town in the northern part of Dawson county. The commission received two anonymous kicking letters. The authors have ocen hunted down and to Joseph Bennett, the original owner found to be transient residents. One of the place, who had been ejected by signed of littens in and around Eddy- the sheriff on foreclosure proceedings. ville," was written on a letter head Bennett had borrowed money through obtained surrentitiously from the post- | a loan agency to improve his farm and master and read as follows:

The aid is a carse to the country."

The other letter, signed "Suffering Humanity." tries to be facetious: "We are very thankful for the relief

you have already sent us, and now if you can only send some tobacco, a few suits of summer clothing, a few hammocks, one dozen fishing tackle and a little of Paddy's eye water and other necessaries of life you will confer a great favor."

commission investigated the matter. looks very pale and has not been in meeting of the general synod of the It found the people deserving relief and the supplies were properly distri- expressed himself this morning as conbuted by M. D. Billmeyer, who was appointed by the county officers.

Noticing that C. P. Thompson, arrested near Benkleman for moonshinof relief supplies. Secretary Ludden to find that he had received any supplies from the commission. The dis-

Important Witnesses at New Orleans Eribed to Leave the City.

NEW ORLEANS, La., May 28.—Some torney, was indicted as one of the men who attempted to "fix" the Hennessy jury. After Armant had been indicted White, a deputy sheriff at the parish prison and a brother-in-law of Sheriff Villere, was indicted for trying to persunde a witness not to testify.

It was developed that the witness whom White desired not to testify was Leon C. Burthe, the tales juror whom

the subject of his son's departure, said: became quiet. She arose to her feet ·Leon has been out of work for a year. and saw him stretched out motionless. He did not have a cent of money on Before assistance reached him he had Sunday so far as I know."

.Why did he go to St. Louis?" .Why, I think that it had been family and children to the penitentiary don't know where he got the money to pay his passage and expenses."

White, who wants a speedy trial, baimed this afternoon. to-morrow. Leon Burthe, the main Wednesday afternoon at 1 o'clock from witness, will nor be there.

The shipping away of the principal witness in the White case is regarded as strong circumstantial evidence against the accused.

Testimony in the Plenty Horse Trial

all In. SIOUX FALLS, S. D., May 28.—Plenty Horses' trial is gradually coming to a close. Yesterday the government Down an uncle of the prisoner. Ri- that organ and was the cause of his tablishment and put in a place of safe- which, he says, there is a vast amount card, the half-breed son-in-law of Red | death.

Cloud, all of them eye witnesses of the THE GROWING CROPS. murder. Tom Flood, the official interpreter at Pine Ridge, testified that the prisoner could speak and talk English like a native. Broken-Arm amused the spectators when he was asked on cross-examination, of whom he obtained his tickets for rations.

"The soldier father game them to us," responded the dusky savage. "Who gave them to you previous to the trouble at Pine Ridge?" was

"Ugh, a little short man, no good poor soldier," said Broken-Arm.

"The large audience immediately understood that the Indian meant Dr. Royer, whose flight from Pine Ridge is known to the public. D. E. Powers delivered the opening address for the prisoner, declaring that Plenty-Horses never denied killing Casey. The law-

yer completed his address by saying: "While Plenty-Horses and Casey were riding together. Casey dropped some remark from which the prisoner inferred that the Indian camp was to be attacked and its members killed. To save his people from such a fate, as a patriotic act, crazed by the wild orgies of the ghost dance, driven mad by the terrible recollections of his own people. Place the responsibility of Casey's blood where it belongs, not upon this deluded child of the forest, but upon the damnable system of robbery and treaty violations which brought it about."

American Horse, a sub chief of the Ogallalas, and William Thompson of Fort Keogh, were the only witnesees examined by the defense.

War on Shylocks.

Topeka, Kas., May 27.-News has been received here which shows that the farmers of Jewell county have taken the laws governing mortgage foreciosure into their own hands. Sunant representing a law firm in Jewell City, was surrounded in his home by forty masked men and forced at the muzzle of revolvers to give possession "The committee here do not demand | When the mortgage was foreclosed he | chinch bugs ravages are reported from | 2 north, ranges 26 and 27 east, thence | tion. The doctrine of escheat was much of the state aid as you are refused to give possession and it was sending here. Most people that are necessary to have the deputy sheriffs getting aid live nearer Lexington and remove him. Saturday last he swore other towns than they do here and a that he would regain possession of the great many never have anything more | place and Sunday night came with his than they have this season. They do | mob of forty men. The mob was easinot raise a crop if the season is good. ly gathered on account of the feeling are good for more than an average amongst farmers concerning money lenders.

Plenty Horses' Case a Second Time Before a Jury.

SIOUX FALLS, S. D., May 26 .- The warrior accused of murdering Lieutenant Casey of the regular army on January 6 last, was opened in the United States court in the presence of a large Adopting its established policy, the crowd of spectators. The accused good health for several weeks. He Lutheran church a proposition was fident of his acquittal. The entire day was taken in the selection of a jury, which was accomplished after having valued at \$100,000 and \$50,000 cash examined seventy-five of the panel. A provided the Lutheran church raised ing, was reported to be a distributor remarkable feature of the examination \$150,000 by July 1, 1892, to build in was the prevalence of prejudice against Omaha and maintain there a theologiwent through all the records but failed | the defendant or the Indian as a race. | cal seminary of that faith. He further The jury complete is composed of eight offered to pay half the expenses necfarmers, one hardware merchant, an essary to canvass the church for the tributor for the precinct in which insurance agent, a harness maker and funds. Thompson lived is W. J. Barney. a druggist. Lhe defense made the The proposition was unanimously ac-Thompson may have handled private claim of having secured new and addi- cepted at the afternoon session and in donations, but he distributed no state | tional evidence which will give the an hour \$25,000 were raised among been subpornaed than at the last trial sum will be raised with little effort ing American Horse, the bravest and logical seminary building of the Evantime ago Ferdinand Armant, an attor- strongest advocate of civilization in gelical Lutheran church. the Indian race to-day. His testimony The general synod of the Evangeli-

may give a new turn to the trial. Nebraska's First Governor Dead.

ernor David Butler dropped dead at dowed. J. S. Detweiller, D.D., of his home, three and one-half miles Omaha, president of the board, pre-Armant it was alleged, attempted to terday morning. He arose in his usual ular apportionments. The Carthage bribe. White was clamorous for an good health and ate a hearty break- college in Illinois is reported to be immediate trial and his case was called, fast and started out accompanied by again in a very prosperous condition. but Leon Burthe, the principal wit- his hired man to repair a fence close Churches were recommended to obness for the state, was not on hand. to the house. Needing some tool that serve aday of prayer for colleges. The Inquiry at his father's residence de- was at the barn he dispatched the hired veloped the fact that Burthe had to- man for it, remarking at the same day telegraphed to his father from St. | time that he felt tired, but would get Louis, saying: "Arrived safe." He a scythe and mow some grass and had been summoned and knew that he weeds that were beside the fence. was wanted as a witness against Mrs. Butler, who was working among her flowers close by, heard him make Burthe's father, in a conversation on a few strokes with the scythe when all breathed his last. He was carried to the house and Dr. Wright summoned, who pronounced his death due to heart for a long time, and rather than do turned and staggered a few steps be- of immigrants were laborers. The sec- were unburt. that he consented to leave town. I fore he fell, death being apparently painless, as his features were in no brother to Grand Master Workman way distorted. The body was em- Powderly of the Knights of Labor, who

> lis late residence. A kind husband and indulgent father and a true friend, his memory will

long be kept green. Death of a Congressman.

KNOXVILLE, Tenn., May 27 .- Judge Houk, representative in congress from this state, took by mistake a strong solution of arsenic. Antidotes promptly administered brought the judge around all right, so it was thought, rested its case after introducing the but yesterday morning he died suddentestimony of Broken-Arm, a Sioux In- ly. He had heart disease and the poidian policeman. Bear That Lays son and excitement following affected

THE OUTLOOK GENERALLY OF AN ENCOURAGING CHARACTER.

In Some Sections Drouth and Insects Have Worked Slight Injury-The Condition Good in Nebraska and Iowa-Generous Offer of an Omaha Man Toward a Church-The Immigration Problem-Antics of a Montana Man in the Streets of New York,

The Crop Outlook.

CHICAGO, May 28.—The Farmers' Review in this week's issue will say: Throughout the country the condition of winter wheat has not greatly changed. In some sections drouth and insects have produced a small apparent decline, but this decline has been largely offset by recent copious rains. In Illinois seventy-three correspondents show the prospects for an abundant crop of winter wheat are still good. The condition is considerably above the average. The Hessian fly has done considerable damage in some counties, more trouble from this cause being reported than from any other state.

Indiana reports show that the general condition of the wheat crop is good. None of the correspondents mention the Hessian fly.

The prospects in Ohio are good, only a few correspondents reporting damage from drouth and late freezing. Winter wheat in Kentucky has been damaged by some cold weather, rust and drouth. Larue county reports damage from Hessian fly. Fifteen correspondents, however, report the con-

dition equal to or above the average. Michigan crops promise to be about up to the average. The condition of white winter wheat has been lowered by dry weather; but the late rains will undoubtedly have a beneficial effect. According to present appearances it

will be nearly an average crop. In Kansas the condition has fallen considerable since last reports. Alcent dry weather. Hessian flies and and 2 north to corner townships 1 and itself in a somewhat embarrassing posi-Dickinson, Butler, Montgomery, Riley, Sedgwick, Woodson, Labelle and Gray

sian fly is reported, but the prospects

In Nebraska and Iowa the condition is good. Des Moines county in Iowa is the only one reporting damage from the Hessian fly.

second trial of Plenty Horses, the Sioux Indiana, Ohio and Kentucky. In Ne-Oats are looking badly in Illinois, braska and Iowa the crop is in good condition and promises a full yield.

Generous Offer to a Church.

LEBANON, Pa., May 28 .-- At the made by August Kountze offering the synod ten acres of ground in Omaha,

case more prominence and interest the members of the general synod than before. More witnesses have towards the \$150,000. The remaining by the defense, among the number be- and Omaha will soon have a fine theo-

will be on the war theory, and as he cal Lutheran church at the morning was the go-between of the contending session took up the board of education forces at Pine Ridge, it is possible he business. The special purpose of the board is to establish new colleges and other schools for the church and aid PAWNEE CITY., May 26 .- Ex- Gov- new schools until they are amply ensented the report. The receipts were board is steadily growing in value to

> the general synod. The Immigration Problem.

Washington, May 28.—It is reported that some very advanced steps will be recommended to congress for the checking of immigration when the tour of Europe and reported upon the ond member of the commission is a last member, Dr. Hempster, is a German-American from Wisconsin, which has almost if not a majority of foreign blood, and probably he will counsel caution in the report which is to embody the results of a thorough investigation as to the character and volume

of our immigration. Dumped Silver Into the Gutter.

New York, May 28.—Over \$6,000 for the people." worth of silver bullion was lying in ty. The owner of the silver weighs of smuggling.

considerable over two hundred pounds | KANSAS WILL RATIFY and his name is Phillips. He hails from Montana and is said to own the THE PEOPLE'S PLATFORM ADOPTED big silver mine that produced the silver bullion. Mr. Phillips hired a cab and started out to visit the bar-rooms of the Broadway hotels. He wanted to find out who sold the best liquor. He lugged the four silver bars worth about \$1,500 each in there and began his sampling expedition at Forty-second street and worked down to Fourteenth street, where he has been lostsight of. Every time he left the cab to go into hotels he would first take the silver bars from the cab and place them lengthwise with each other in the gutt er. Cabby tried to have Phillips allow the silver to remain in the cab, but he insisted that the precious metal would be safer in the gutter than in the cab. After repeating this experiment in front of the different Broadway hotels at which he stopped for the sub-alliances of the state of the refreshments, he reached the Hoffman house and again put the silver in the gutter while he visited the bar. Phillips had been a guest at this hotel and the porter felt it incumbent upon him to remove the silver from the street to of the alliances this week and next. the hotel and have it locked up. He The alliances have been requested to did so, and Phillips, after protesting, take up the work done at the conferproceeded to visit other Broadway ences, discuss it carefully, and take a Horn in the Black Hills of my state, hotels.

To Accommodate Settlers.

Washington, May 27 .- For the better accommodation of settlers in Newlin county, South Dakota, the president has issued the following order, changing the boundary line between the Pierre and Chamberlain land dis- the party in this state may be recorded. was killed, and that they the young

Let the eastern boundary of the Black Hills land district from the White river to the Big Chevenne river be changed from 102d meridian west from Greenwich to the range line between ranges 17 and 18 east of the Black Hills meridian, which line shall also form the western boundary of the Pierre and Chamberlain land districts between the White and Big Cheyenne rivers. and the boundary between the Chamberlain and Pierre land districts shall be as follows: Beginning at the corner of townships 1 and 2 north, ranges | Christ of Latter Day Saints, otherwise though the crop will be a good one, it | 17 and 18, Black Hills meridian, thence has been injured considerably by re- east on the line between townships I | escheated to the United States, it found between ranges 79 and 80 west of the devoted. The court therefore, instead fifth principal meridian; thence north | of sending its decree down, withheld ard parallel to the east bank of the having failed to adopt the suggestion, Missouri river; thence with the eat- the court through Justice Bradbank of the Missouri river to the point | ley, yesterday made its final order where said east bank is intersected by | in the case and modified in some of the fifth principal meridian.

Benjamin Harrison.

Courting Under Difficulties. CHEYENNE, Wyo., May 28.—Alexander Brae was up before the grand jury today charged with horse steal-Nebraska line. One evening he took any of the personality as successors of he was in a hurry to keep an engageher home he turned the horse loose, expecting it would return home. but it didn't and was found only after a very long search in The decree finally directs that the the hills. No explanations would be [accepted and Brae was arrested. He was admitted to bail, and in the meandown on the indictment.

The Sioux Commission.

Washington, May 28.—Senator Pettigrew of South Dakota, now in the city, has been notified by Chairman Dawes that the senate committee anpointed to investigate the cause which | ber of the contracts went to South Daled to the recent Sioux Indian outbreak | kota people. These contracts will winter's Indian war, where there will that the committee will report in favor vation, providing against seditions ut-

A Disastrous Wreck. Denver, Col., May 29.—Engine No. 255, attached to a Denver & Rio Grande freight train, while going commission, of which ex-Congressman through Brown's canon this morning Grosvenor is chairman, has made its ran into a rock which had fallen on River A. M. Bowile, 33 buils at kansas river. Brakeman David Me- at \$23.33 each; William S. Woods, 350 necessities in the way of remodeling our Comas was caught in the wreck and immigration laws. He said today that one ear torn off and his skull frac- A. M. Johnson, 120 heifers at \$14.78 dinned into his ears that if he was put failure. It seems, from the marks of inflow of promiseuous foreigners must tured. His injuries will prove fatal. each; A. N. Johnson, 120 cows at \$28 on the stand he might send a man of the scythe on the grass, and the posi- be stopped; that it was working hard- Fireman Lyn Roberts had an ankla each; A. M. Bowdle, 7 cows at \$28 tion of the body. that he must have ships upon our laborers, since the bulk fractured. The rest of the train crew each; —A. M. Bowdie, 5 bulls at \$55

Third Party Leaders.

Washington, May 27.—The leaders is in favor of very stringent laws of the third party movement here prcwill be called before section B again The funeral services will take place against immigration, but the third and fess to have direct assurances that to put himself at the head of their his great fortune simply as "steward | joint session was called to order the

Special Agent Scanlan of the treasthe gutter in front of a Broadway ho- ury department has made a recommentel last night. Finally it was picked dation for a more thorough customs from the street by a porter of that es-

AT CINCINNATI.

The Meetings to be Held at the Regular Places of the Alliances-The Mormon Church Property and What to Do With the Same-The Government Somewhat Embarrassed-Beef Contracts Awarded-Some Talk of the Third Party-Senator from Florida.

Kansas Will Ratify.

TOPEKA, Kan., May 27 .- The Kansas farmers' alliance will inaugurate the campaign on the national people's party platform adopted at Cincinnati last week by a general ratification by action taken by the national conference in organizing a new party. These ratifications will be in the form of a publie jubilee, and will be quietly conducted at the regular meeting places plete voice of the farmers' branch of nigh unanimous in favor of the new was a simple slaughter of the solilers. party and of the nomination of candi- and the Sioux in the last campaign dates for president and vice president thought it was proper to kill soldiers.

Mormon Church Property.

Washington, May 27 .- When the supreme court at its last term upheld the constitutionality of the Edmunds law, by which the property of the late corporation of the church of Jesus known as the Mormon church, was Coffey, McPherson, Marion, Reno, north on the line between ranges 26 quite unknown in this country and no Falls, my home city. Plenty Horses 2 and 3 north, ranges 26 and 27 east; of a similar nature to that for which thence east on the line between town- | the property was formerly used was In Missouri some damage by Hes- ships 2 and 3 north, to the range line known to which the property could be on the line between said ranges 79 and it, a strong intimation being conveyed come great among his people. He 80 west to the second standard paral- of the desire of the court that congress lel of the fifth principal meridian sur- should by law direct the disposition to be a soldier. So he went into the veys; thence east on said second stands be made of the property. Congress camp one day, and got into a converthe line between ranges 73 and 74 west respects the decree it entered at the last term. The modification made recites that as the Mormon corporation has been dissolved there does not now exist any trusts or purposes within the head, at a distance of less than twenty objects and purposes for which the personal property was originally acquired, could be used or dedicated that It was murder. But Plenty Horses ing. After he had told his story 'not are not in whole or part opposed to defense was that the killing was in a true bill" was endorsed on the com- public policy and public morals, and war, and the defense stood, and of plaint. Brae lived at Pine Bluffs and | furthermore, that there does not exist | course was acquitted. was courting a girl living over the any person or corporation entitled to a horse that didn't belong to him, as the late church. The decree then says that the personal property having de- it impossible for the Indian to have ment with the girl. When he reached | volved to the United States, it should | arms. Without arms they cannot be devoted to such charitable uses, lawful in character, as may most nearly correspond to its former destiny. property and all accumulations remain in the custody of the receiver until ing. The grand jury promptly sat court is directed to take the necessary proceedings.

Cattle Contracts. Washington, May 27.—There were on the Sioux reservation. Quite a num-500 cows at \$25.80 each; Martin Olson, 500 heiters, at \$14.23 each. Cheyenne heifers at \$14.90 each. Crow Creekheifers at \$14 each.

Florida Elects a Senator.

TALLAHASSEE, Fla., May 27. - Fifty- Michigan, has made a rate of one face four votes were east in the joint ses- for the round trip to the annual enmovement with all that is therein im- sion of the legislature for United States campment of the Grand Army of the plied and that he will be the standard senator, of which Call received 51. Republic, to be held in Petriot in Aubearer of the alliance or the people's | He was elected. Nearly all the anti- gust. party in 1892. Some claim to be au- Call senators left the city to break a thorized to make public the fact that | quorum if possible. The sergeant-at-Senator Stanford considers he holds arms was sent after them. When the anti-Call men refused to answer to their names, but on roll call fifty-four legislaters responded.

auses of the Recent Sloux Outbreak. Washington, June 1.—Senator Petigrew of South Dakota is a member of the special committee of the senate appointed last winter to visit Nebraska and the Dakotas during the summer and investigate the causes of the reent Sloux outbreak and suggest laws to prevent Indian wars in the future. The senator knows all about the Sioux, having lived near them for almost a quarter of a century, and watched closely the moves which led up to the war last winter.

"The Sioux started in to whip the soldiers," said he to your correspondent yesterday, "and they would have done it if they had had anything like a fair opportunity. Yes, the weather was bitter cold, but they had plenty of provisions and were full of fight. The surroundings were bad for them. The Sioux are powerful in physique, and will fight anything. We have seen, since the trouble has blown over, and it will never come up again, that none of the settlers were disturbed. The Indians did not intend to hurt settlers. They were after the soldiers, whom they detest. The battle of the Little Big vote of members before it approves or 'nearly twenty years ago, in which disapproves it as they think proper. General Custer was slaughtered, has The expression of the full membership been pointed out to the young bucks of the order is to be obtained in this as one of the greatest epochs in the way, and the result is to be forwarded life of the Indian nation. The young by each sub-alliance secretary to the men were told by the old ones that state secretary, that the full and com- their fathers had distinguished themselves on the battlefield where Custer Of course the leaders expect that the Indians-would never amount to anyresult of these ratification meetings thing till they also killed some soldwill show that the farmers are well jers. The battle of the Little Big Horn as they were hired by the government to be killed, and they could not be punished for it. "After all there is a great deal of

deep cunning about the Indian. He knows perfectly well that if he can make an outbreak appear to be a war he is not likely to be arrested and hung for his murders, and that to make war you must involve the sordiers. Simply to kill settlers is not to make war. This has been well demonstrated in the trial of Plenty Horses at Sionx was educated at the Carles dian school and almost as soon as he returned to his people he threw off his civilized citizens' clothing and donned a blanket. When the last outbreak began he took it Into his head to bewanted to kill his man, and he must sation with Lietenant Casey. The officer had no idea the Indian had murder in his heart. When the conversation ended Lieutenant Casey turned about and started to walk away. Plenty Horses took from under his blanket a revolver he had concealed and shot the officer through the back of the feet. There was no fighting, no excitement at the time. Was that war?

"No," said the senator, in conclusion. "there will be no more Indian wars if we do our duty. We will make

Rumors Concerning Noble.

Washington, June 1. - A great deal of comment is made in political circles upon the announcement that Secotherwise ordered and that out of it retary Noble, who is now at St. Louis. time married the girl, who, of course the costs of the suit and receivership is stated to resign despite his positive knew he was not guilty of horse steal- shall be paid. The Utah supreme assertions to the contrary, and that if Secretary Proctor becomes Senator Edmands' successor, as now seems probable, Minister Robert T. Lincoln will be asked to give up his post in awarded yesterday by the Indian bu- London and take the war portfollor or rean a number of contracts for cattle | should this not be done that General Noble may go as minister to St. Po. tersburg. The rumor was generally looked upon as plausible, although in South Dakota and Nebraska will make a demand for fat eattle in that with Seretary Noble do not believe be meet and organize at Chicago on July part of the country which is near intends to resign. No official statewest of this city, at 8:35 oclock yes- \$10,237, mostly from churches on reg- 6, then proceed to the scene of last enough to the reservation to allow the ment is made atom the subject. The stock to be driven to the Indians. The repeated reports that Secretary No see be a thorough inquiry. It is believed bids also show the prices of stock when was likely to retire from his mostion furnished in large numbers. Pine are one to the rumors constantly in rise of disarming all Indians on the reser- Ridge—B. Pickard. 325 heifers at \$16. - enlation that the personal difference 90 each; John Brall, 400 heifers at between the officers in the pension, interances before them by any one, and \$16.90 each; John Strange, 50 bulls at dian, land and patent offices, were very for giving the savages lands in sever- \$32.33 each; John Strange, 50 bulls at anneying to him and that he wis bull \$33.33 each. Rosebud-W. B. Jor- to be relieved of the responsibility dan, 500 cows at \$23.71 each; W. B. resting upon him as supreme chief of Jordan, 200 heifers at \$17.41 each. these branches of the department. The Standing Rock-Joseph Roach, 50 announcement today that Patent Combulls at \$34.10 each: Joseph Roach, missioner Mitcheli was about to rethe gave prevocation for the report that Secretary Noble may go out. Comthe track and was thrown into the Ar- \$65 each; William C. Woods, 350 cows office with a view of holding it long. missioner Mitchell did not take the He wants to retire to his large any

MEUN NOTES.

The French exhibition in Moscow has proven to be a complete fiasco.

each. Lower Brule-A. M. Bowdle, 5 In the Southern Presbyterian assembulls at \$55 each; A. M. Bowdle, 120 bly a resolution was adopted declaring cows at 23 each; A. M. Bowale, 120 | church fairs and festivals not proper means of raising money.

> The central traffic association embracing Indiana, Ohio, Illinois and

Before the adjournment of the legislature of Pennsylvania the report of the conference committee on the world's fair bill was agreed to by both branches. The appropriation is \$100 -

It has been practically decided to The (symers' union conference at extend the 41 per cent toan at 2 per Columbia, O., defeated the proposition cent and to give the holders of those to non-inate state candidates by a vote | bonds the necessary ninety days no.