## STATE NEWS.

NEBRASKA MISCELLANEOUS MATTERS. Scarlet fever of malignant form

has broken out at Venango. -A revival meeting in Sterling has made over one hundred conversions. Jane Charlton, one of Cass coun-

ty's oldest citizens, died last week. -Ninety conversions have resulted from the revival services at Sterling. -A militia company of fifty members has been organized at Venango. -Out of 8,113 arrests made in Omaha 5,013 were dismissed by the

-A great deal of sickness prevails in the vicinity of Thedford, and a physician is badly needed.

-The cash clothing store, P. E. W. Spargur, Chadron, has failed for \$21,-000; assetts said to be \$18,000.

-The Citizens' State bank of Peru begins business February 1. Lieutenant Governor Majors is one of the directors.

-The Central City bank has filed articles of incorporation with the secretary of state. The capital stock is \$20,000. -fire destroyed the Union Pacific

coal chute at Valley. All the cars except one were run out and saved. The loss is not over \$2,000. -L. R. Hosford, four miles west of

gun shot last week. He has been unable to find who fired the shot. -Mrs. Chris Peterson of Wymore died very suddenly early the other morning, having gone to bed appar-

ently in good health the night before. -A petition is being circulated amongst the attorneys of Box Butte county, asking the appointment of another judge in the Twelfth judicial dis-

trict. -A bit of a school war has broken out in Ponca. The question in controversy is whether the course of study laid down by the school board is obligatory on pupils.

-M. S. Hubbell of Lincoln, has commenced suit against E. T. Huff for \$20,000 damages, on the ground that Huff has alienated the affections of Hubbell's wife.

-A lively row has been raised in Cedar precinct, Boone county, over a bunch of cattle belonging to Michael Lamb, which are reported to be affected with Texas fever.

-The revised count of the county of Wayne, as given by Superintendent home for the friendless, at Lincoln, of Census Porter, gives the county a and appropriating \$200,000 for the population of 6,171, instead of 6,124, same; to provide for the adoption, puras previously reported.

-A lively row has been raised in Cedar precinct, Boone county. over a in favor of the bill compelling the railbunch of cattle belonging to Michael Lamb, which are reported to be affected with Texas fever.

-George Osborne, a small boy, while engaged with playmates rolling an old wagen down a hill at Osceola. fell from the vehicle and received probably fatal injuries about the head.

-First Lieutenant Bamford of the Omaha guards has become so fascinated with military life that he has decided to immediately join the regular army and take the necessary examination for promotion.

-The new \$10,000 school house erected at Sterling last fall was finished up and seated last week and is now being occupied. It is one of the finest and most commodious school buildings in southeast Nebraska.

The Wood River Farmers' Ailiance Business association has filed articles mittee then took up house roll 81, the of incorporation with the secretary of | bill providing for the issue of \$100,000 state. The capital stock is \$20,000. Robert Gillespie and eight other farmers are the incorporators.

-As the special train passed through Crawford with the Seventeenth infantry, on their way to Ft. Russell, a soldier by the name of Schasuerhom of G company fell from the train, was run over and instantly killed.

-Dr. Ewh, company surgeon for the M. P. railroad at Talmage, was called to Avoca the other day to attend Frank Kipser, a brakeman who fell off a bridge, sustaining serious injuries of the spine and shoulders.

-While his parents were absent at church last Sundey, says a Stuart dispatch, a son of Nelson Erickson, living on the reservation, aged fourteen, while fooling with a revolver accidentally killed his four-year-old broth-

-The protracted meetings at the Presbyterian church at Brownville, under the auspices of the Seventh Day Adventists, are meeting with great success, and the instigators justly feel pleased over the flattering prospects for the future.

-Mrs. Ferdinand Beiket, of Paxton, a German woman about thirty-five years of age, gave birth to triplets, two girls and one boy. The little ones weigh seven, six and a quarter and five and a half pounds respectively, and are doing nicely.

The roll of pupils of Bellevuc college was increased two last week by the arrival of Leo Woe and Jua Chee, two Chinamen from Omaha. They are under the supervision of the junior class. Leo can read and write, but Jua is in his a b c's.

-The daily average number of inmates of the insane hospital at Lincoln the past year was 344; the percentage of recoveries to the whole number treated 19.39; percentage of recoveries to the whole number admitted, 38.09; cost of maintenance, \$150,387; average daily cost per capita, 68 cents; average weekly cost, \$4.24. Dr. Knapp estimates the insane of the state at 1,200, about 700 of whom are in the hospital. | corporated under the laws of the state

## HELP FOR SETTLERS.

BILLS IN TRELEGISLATURE IN THEIR BEHALF.

A Movement to Recount the Ballots For and Against the Amendment Provision for State and County Funds-A Request in Regard to Prohibition of Lotteries-The Matter of Constitutional Amendments-A Record of Other Proceedings in the Nebraska Legislature.

THE NEBRASKA LEGISLATURE.

RECORD OF PROCEEDINGS IN BOTH BRANCHES.

SENATE. - in the senate on the 26th Senator Moore moved that a committee of two be appointed by the chair to confer with the committee of two appointed by the house concerning the information and suggestions to be offered by ex-Governor Thayer. Carried. Senator Switzler moved hat a committee of two be appointed to wait on Governor Boyd to ascertain if he has a message to deliver and appoint a time to hear it, and that the house be asked to appoint a similar committee. Carried. The chair appointed Senator Thomas a committee to confer with a house committee, who were delegated to correspond with the legislatures of neighboring states relative to concerted action in the passage of usury laws. Among new bills introduced were the following: For the Australian ballot system, based on the Massachusetts and Montana laws. To repeal the Aurora, lost a good horse by a stray sugar bounty. To repeal that provision of the liquor law which enables a party lilegally prosecuted to recover from the prosecutor double the amount of his costs. Providing for a uniform system of school books. Each county is to vote for a series of books for a term of five years. A series shall be selected by a committee of school directors and teachers. The books are to be bought by the districts and loaned to the pupils. House. - In the house resolutions of

> condolence with Hon. C. W. Hennice in the death of his son by accident were passed and spread upon the records. Bills were introduced: Requirvillage; fixing the rate for official printsertion and 25 cents for the second, be- | fee book and accounted for. ing about one-half the prevailing rates; to provide for the building of sanitary sewers for the capitol building, insane asylum, state penitentiary, and the chase and payment of school books. The committee on railroads reported roads to build passageways where the embankment is five feet high and over: also the bill introduced by Vandeventer, requiring at least one farm crossing where land is owned on both sides of the railway by one party. The house went into committee of the whole with Stevens of Furnas in the chair for the consideration of bills appropriating money for the relief of the drouth-stricken sufferers. Howe opappropriating \$100,000 direct from the treasury and claimed that it was not bill, house roll 81, which provides for the issuing of \$100,000 bonds, drawing 41 per cent interest. Shrader combatted the idea that the committee bill is not constitutional, but said he was in urer. Watson sent up an amendment favor of both measures. The bill was recommended for passage. The comin bonds, and the proceeds to be used for the relief of the drouth sufferers. The bill was amended to conform with house roll 79, except in the first two sections, which provide for the issuing and sale of the bonds. The committee rose and reported back both bills with the recommendation that they be passed. The recommendation was agreed to, and the house adjourned.

SENATE. - In the senate on the 27th the committee on federal relations recommended the passage of the memorial to congress asking for an appropriation of \$1,000,000. The committee has amended it by striking out the names of counties on the theory that it will stand a better show of passage without designating a particular district, and has increased the estimate of the number of needy persons to 200 .-000. Bill's were introduced: Regulating the descent of estates; regulating the descent of the estates of married women; regulating the sale of homesteads; prohibiting an undertaker from putting embalming fluids into the stomach of a person who had died under suspicious circumstances, and providing for permit by county attorney. This was suggested by the Sheedy murder. Amending the charters of

cities of the first class; to repeal the law providing for state oil inspector. House. - In the house Dickerson presented a petition from the county offisupplies of grain for feeding purposes. A resolution was adopted denouncing the force bill and urging its defeat in congress. Bills were introduced: To establish and locate a 'girls' industrial school for juvenvile delinquents" at Geneva, Neb.; to provide for the government, duties of officers and methods of commitments and transfer; to make appropriation for erection of necessary buildings and to provide for letting contracts therefor; restricting nonresident-aliens and corporations not in-

of Nebraska, and to restrict their right of Omaha, signed by C. C. Clendenin, to acquire and hold real estate in Nebraska. The bill allows non-resident aliens ten years in which to dispose of their lands; to create and regulate public warehouses, the warehousing, shipping, weighing and inspection of grain; making incurably insane for five years a good cause for divorce; to provide for the payment of incidental expense incurred during the twenty-second session of the legislature, and appropriating \$75,000 for that purpose; to prohibit the selling, giving, or causing, or permitting to be given, sold or furnished, any malt or intoxicating drink to habitual drungards or minors, defining habitual drunkards, and providing penalty for its violation. Mr. Shrader then offered the following, which was agreed to: Whereas, The lion and the lamb have at last lain down together in harmony in this house, "with malice toward none and charity to all," I move that the democratic lamb be offered a place on this side of the house, with a request that they be invited to vote with us to the end. 'Let us have peace." The resignation of ex-Governor Thayer as a member of the state relief commission was received and accepted. An effort was made to call up the bills for the relief of western settlers, but the clerk stated that the bills were not yet printed, so action on these bills was postponed until tomorrow.

SENATE. - A communication from the anti-lottery league of Louisiana was read. It asked the Nebraska legislature to use its influence for an amendment to the federal constitution to prohibit lotteries. Among the bills introduced was one by Stevens fixing a schedule of maximum freight rates, freight, within the limits of every inand one by Coulter reapportioning the | corporated village in the state through state into congressional districts. The senate in committee of the whole re- that the electors of the state of Necommended the passage of Wilson's braska, to vote at the general election, bill providing that there shall be no to be held in said state, in the year stay of execution on judgments for wages due for labor. Also Switzler's holding of a convention to alter, rebill exempting the supreme court from writing out its opinions when they of the state. The house went into merely cover points already settled in committeee of the whole on the relief previous opinions. Also the memorial bills. On motion of Watson the figto congress asking for \$1,000,000 for ures \$200,000 were struck out and the drouth sufferers, with amendments \$100,000 inserted in the bill making omitting the names of counties and in- the appropriation from the state treascreasing the estimate of the destitute urv, and the bill reported back for to 200,000 persons. Also Beck's passage. amendment to the law on swamp lands, ing a majority vote or petition for sa- empowering county commissioners to loon licenses in townships which do levy a 1 mill tax for the digging of not contain an incorporated town or ditches and the removal of obstructions. Also Randall's bill providing that the buyer of a promissory note ing in the local papers. The rate named | that the fees for making tax lists shall | must take it subject to any deffense is 50 cents per square for the first in- be entered by the county clerk on the

House. - In the house the committee

on constitutional amendments reported in favor of the bill introduced by Mr. Moan providing for the election of railroad commissioners by the people. Mr. White offered the following: "I move a committee of two be appointed to act with the committee appointed by the senate to wait on Governor Boyd and inform him that the legislature is now organized and ready to receive communications." Schappel (rep.) moved | for the drouth sufferers. Brown, Matthe resolution be laid on the table. So tes and Switzler voted against it. In ordered by a vote of 53 to 43. Schappel (rep.) introduced a resolution de- bills were approved: Requiring railclaring it the sense of the house that roads to maintain crossings on all United States senators should be elected by direct vote of the people, and requesting representatives in congress to favor the submission of such an amend- under township organization to divide posed the bill drafted by the committee ment to the national constitution. Adopted. McKesson moved to insert | tion districts. the name of Speaker Elder on the reconstitutional. He favored his own | lief commission in place of ex-Governor Thayer, resigned. Carried. An amendment by Breen provides that the commission shall elect from their number a president, secretary and treasmaking the county clerk and board of use the proceeds of the same for the supervisors responsible on their official | benefit of the western sufferers. Howe bonds for the proper distribution of the and defied anyone to show him wherein the bill is unconstitutional. The amendment was adopted. The was reported back with the the enacting clause be stricken out. Felton (ind) thought the full \$300,000 tained in his view by Shrader (ind). siderable discussion Mr. Watson withdrew his motion to strike out the enpending further consideration of the lief of the drought stricken sufferers seed. was ordered engrossed, and the house

SENATE. - In the senate on the 29th bills were introduced: Providing that state and county funds shall be deposited in approved banks. For a constitutional amendment providing that whenever a petition signed by not less than 40,000 electors shall be presented to the governor asking any new legislation or the repeal of any existing cials of Sherman county certifying that law, it shall be the duty of the govthere were 100 families in that county | ernor to submit the proposition at the that must be supported by the state next general election. If it receive a and 400 farmers that needed seed and majority of the votes cast it shall become a law the same as though passed by the legislature. Before submission the petition must have been published four times in a paper in each county. | type writer operator employed at his Chairman Poynter announced that he had been served with notices of contests for the seats of Senators Collins (ind.), Starbuck (rep.) and Wilson (rep). At his suggeston the contests, with the evidence sent to him, were referred to the committee on privileges and elections.

petition from the Methodist ministers | days.

president, and F. W. Brass, secretary, asking for a recount of the votes cast on the prohibitory amendment. Bills were introduced: Providing for the recount of the ballots cast for and against the amendment prohibiting the manufacture, sale and keeping for sale of intoxicating liquors as a beverage; for and against the amendment. "That the manufacture, sale and keeping for sale of intoxicating liquors as a beverage in this state shall be licensed and regulated by law;" for and against the amendment . relating to the number of supreme judges," and for and against the amendment "relating to the salary of judges of the supreme and district court" on November 4, 1890, and to declare the result; requiring all the wires and cables used for the purpose of furnishing light or heat, or power for the running of street cars or other machinery and erected over the public streets, avenues, viaducts or alleys, or over any public highway in the state of Nebraska, to have guard wires placed over them, wherever telegraph, telephone or other wires cross over said wires or cables, and also requiring the posts which support said wires or cables to be painted a red color. To provide for the appointment of a veterinarian and assistants, to regulate their powers and duties and to provide for their compensation. Providing that the official oaths and bonds of township officers shall be approved by the town board and filed with the township clerk. Requiring all railroad corporations owning or operating lines in Nebraska to erect and maintain passenger stations and switches and side tracks for the handling of which said railroad passes. Providing 1892, shall vote for or against the vise, amend or change the constitution

SENATE. - In the senate on the 30th, on recommendation of committee, the senate killed Randall's bill providing that might have been made against the original holder; also Dysart's bill making it the duty of grand jurors to indict a misdemeanor for assessors to undervalue real estate; also Poynter's bill for the relocation of county seats. The senate passed Switzler's bill to relieve the supreme court from writing out opinions on points that have been settled in previous cases; also Randall's bill requiring county clerks to account for fees for making tax lists; also the memorial to congress asking \$1,000,000 committee of the whole the following highways; owners of land to associate. issue bonds and borrow money thereon; authorizing supervisors in counties any township into two or more elec-

House.-In the house passage of the resolution fixing the time for hearing contested cases was recommended. The committee then took up house roll 81, the bill introduced by Church Howe to issue \$100,000 in bonds and moved to reduce the interest from 41 supplies. Carried. Watson moved to per cent to 4 per cent. Carried. On strike out \$100,000 and insert \$200,000, motion of McKesson the name of Speaker Elder was added to the commission in place of ex-Governor Thayer, resigned, and the bill reported back for passage. The concurrent resrecommendation that it do pass. | olution fixing February 17 as the day House roll 81, by Howe, to issue \$100,- | for hearing the contest cases was or-000 in bonds and use the proceeds for dered engrossed. The relief bill apthe benefit of western sufferers, was propriating \$100,000 for the western then taken up. Watson moved that sufferers was taken up and put on final passage. Stevens of Furnas moved to indefinitely postpone the bill introshould be appropriated, and was sus- duced by Waldron providing for a recount of the votes cast on the prohib-Howe still contended that the only way | itory amendment. Carried, 81 to 12. to obtain any money for the drought | The committee on privileges and elecsufferers was to issue bonds, as was tions reported in favor of the passage contemplated in his bill. After con- of the Australian ballot bill. The following passed by 87 to 5: A bill by Howe providing for the issue of \$100, acting clause of house roll 81, and | 000 in 4 per cent bonds to run five | reading. Mr. Gardner of Douglas said years, the proceeds to be used in remeasure the committee arose. The lieving the necessities of the drouth

LEGISLATIVE NOTES.

The republicans of the house put themselves on record as solidly in favor of the Lodge bill.

Senator Moore of Lancaster is the conceded leader of the republicans on the floor of the senate. Mr. Bredeson of Polk has introduced

a bill making state and county officials

ineligible to more than two consecutive Every independent except Soderman, Stevens of Furnas, and Eaylor of Butler voted to condemn the Lodge elec-

Church Howe is the only farmer member who keeps a stenographer and own expense.

A canvass is being made of the two houses of the legislature for the purpose of ascertaining the number of old soldiers there are in the legislature. A new railroad bill is being quietly

prepared. embracing the principal features of the Iowa law, which will be House. - Speaker Elder presented a sprung upon the legislature in a few

signed by the governor.

Mr. Taylor of Johnson county has introduced a bill which provides that wholesale houses shall sell goods to farmers' clubs or individuals who offer to the retail trade.

Dr. Funk of Beatrice emphatically denies that he has dropped his contest against Senator Collins in consideration of favors to a political friend in Gage county. The case will be called up at an early day.

The attempt to hold sessions on Saturday is not a brilliant success. No sooner is the journal read until "I desire to be excused till Monday" is heard all over the house, and nearly onefourth of the seats are soon empty. There is a rumor affoat that Governor Boyd has intimated that unless

he is formally recognized by the legis-

lature in the usual way he will not sign any bills or the concurrent resolution providing for hearing the conpendent members of the senate committee on railroads are at work pre-

maximum freight rates. It will pro-

rates, but Senator Stevens says it will

House roll, No. 58, a resolution introduced by Moan of Dakota county, providing for the election of railway commissioners by the people, has been considered by the committee on railroads and it is reported on good authority that the committee will recommend its passage.

A bill has been introduced providing that a special committee, consisting of five from the house and three from the senate, shall be appointed, who shall proceed to make a recount of the votes. beginning March 1 and closing by the 15th. This measure is in the interest of the prohibition party.

disadvantages, due, in part, to the inexperience of employes. Complaint has been made several times of a failure to supply senators with printed

heres to this ruling the relief bills will have to be pigeonholed until after the answer my constituents." contest cases are finally decided.

The delivery of General Thayer's message to the legislature is improbable. He had prepared a communication and it was stretched to an unusual length by the consideration of the Indian outbreak and the relief needed in the drouth stricken district. It is estimated the message contained from 30, -000 to 35,000 words.

Under existing laws a saloon license may be issued in a township containing no incorporated town or village, on a petition signed by thirty free-holders. Mr. Faxon of Gage has introduced a bill requiring a majority vote in such townships, or a petition having the signatures of more than onehalf of the legal voters.

Two years ago the senate had 111 emploves on its pay roll, and the legislature passed a law limiting the number in future to sixty-six. Already, if reports are true, the senate has exceeded the legal limit. Senator Dysart openly charges that there are seventy-five employes and he has instituted an invest-

A petition from the anti-lottery league of Louisiana, signed by W. G. Vincent, president, and Frank McGloin. chairman of the executive committee. has been laid on the desk of members. asking the legislature to take action in favor of submitting an amendment by congress to the national constitution forbidding the establishing or legalizing of lotteries.

The bill introduced by Bredeson (ind) of Polk, limiting the amount of land that may be held by one owner to 320 acres, never got beyond second he did not believe in spending the state money in printing such bills, and bill appropriating \$200,000 for the re- stricken sufferers and for purchasing | the house taking the same view of the matter, the bill was hustied off the

House bill, No. 76, introduced by Waldron of Adams, provides for the repealing of sections 1 to 11 inclusive of chapter 30 of the laws of 1887. The purpose of this bill is the abolition of the office of the deputy commissioner of the bureau of labor and industrial statistics. The present incumbent is Mr. John Jenkins, who has held the office since the time the office was cre-

The state relief commission, which has charge of the expenditure of the state fund for the relief of western sufferers, is composed of ex-Governor Thayer, Rev. L. P. Ludden, Hon. John Fitzgerald, R. R. Greer, Louis Meyer, A. J. Sawyer, J. W. Hartley, C. W. Mosher, W. N. Nason and George L. Martin. Rev. L P. Ludden is the chairman of the commission, with headquarters at Lincoln.

There are seventy-nine employes in the lower house of the legislature. This is four more than the legal limit fixed by statute two years ago. The house has discharged its committee on employes and authorized the speaker and chief clerk to appoint such addi- Hogs-Mixed ...... 300 @ 3 55

The legislative appropriation has tional help as they may deem necesgiven out, and no salaries can be sary. The speaker-is daily beseiged drawn or even postage stamps until by a swarm of applicants, and no one the sundry expense bill is passed and can tell how far the list of employes may be extended before the session

closes. State Treasurer Hill sent in the following estimate of the financial condition of the state: Amount on hand, to pay cash, just as cheap as they sell \$392,500; due from county treasurers, \$106,000; total available funds, \$498,-500. He figures the expenses of the current year and legislative expenses at a total of \$797,000, without the extra appropriation of \$100,000 for the drouth sufferers. This would indicate that the state is about \$200,000 behind in her fiscal account.

Senator Coulter's bill for reappor. tioning the state into congressional districts names the following divisions: First district-Cass, Lancaster, Otoe, Nemaha, Johnson, Pawnee and Richson counties. Second district-Douglas, Sarpy, Saunders. Third-Hall, Howard, Merrick, Nance, Platte, Colfax, Dodge, Washington, Burt, Cuming, Stanton, Madison, Pierce, Wayne, Thurston, Dakota, Dixon, Cedar Fourth-Gage, Jefferson, Saline, Seward, Butler, Polk, York, Fillmore, Chairman Stevens and other inde- Thayer, Nuckolls, Clay, Hamilton, Fifth-Webster, Adams, Kearney-Franklin, Harlan, Phelps, Buffalo. paring a bill embodying a schedule of Dawson, Gosper, Furnas, Red Willow. Frontier, Hitchcock, Hayes, Lincoln. pose a radical reduction from existing | Perkins, Keith, Chase, Dundy. Sixth -The remainder of the state.

Senator Randall's bill to amend the The speech of Hon. Church Howe interest law provides: "If any greater on the constitutionality of making an rate of interest than is hereinbefore aiappropriation for the relief of suffering lowed [the legal rate] shall be consettlers, as contemplated in house roll | tracted for or received or reserved by No. 79, and in support of issuing the the lender, shall on conviction therebonds of the state was one of the clear- of by indictment, be fined a sum equal est and most straightforward efforts of to the principal and interest on such note or contract, which shall be paid into the general school fund of the county where the conviction is had. Provided, the acts and dealings of an agent in loaning money shall bind the principal, and in all cases where there is illegal interest by the transaction of an agent the principal will be held thereby as if he had done the same in person. Where the same person acts as agent for the borrower who obtains the money from the lender, he shall be deemed to be the agent of the lender

Denied by Mr. Blaine.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1. - Representative Baker of New York addressed the The senate is laboring under some following to Mr. Blaine: "It is reported in the newspapers of Canada and along the northern border of my state, where my constituents are deepbills. On the consideration of a bill | ly interested in the subject, that negothe other morning Senator Switzler tiations are going on between Great usurers; also Randall's bill to make it had to enter the same old complaint. Britain and this country with a view Speaker Elder made a ruling today | to partial reciprocity with Canada, into the effect that the house having cluding natural products only and not once voted not to recognize Boyd as manufactures, and it is stated that Sir governor and made it a matter of rec- | Charles Tupper is on his way here as ord, no resolutions of this character a commissioner to negotiate for such will hereafter be in order. If he ad- modification of our tariff. I would be very glad if you would enable me to

Secretary Blaine made the following

Dear Mr. Baker:

I authorize you to contradict the rumors you refer to. There are no negotiations whatever on foot for a reciprocity treaty with Canada; and you may be assured that no scheme for reciprocity with the Dominion of Canada, confined to natural products, will be entertained by this government. We know nothing of Sir Charles Tupper's coming to Washington.

JAMES G. BLAINE.

McKinley a Candidate.

Washington, Feb. 1.-Prospects as to Windom's successor occupies a good deal of attention. It is generally believed that Congressman McKinley will be selected. His thorough familiarity with financial matters and prominent association with legislation of this character point to him as especially fitted for the position, while his personal popularity, national and international reputation, and thorough accord with the administration in every detail, add to his strength as a probable choice. His prospective retirement from public position on March L coupled with the probability that he will forge to the front through the gubernatorial fight in Ohio in time to be a presidential factor in 1892, unless bottled up in the cabinet, adds to the probability that he will be offered the

LIVE STOCK AND PRODUCE MINERIES. Quotations from New York, Chicago, St. Louis, Omaha and Elsewherd.

OMAHA. Butter-Creamery.... Butter—Ureamery 21 52 58
Butter—Dairy 16 65 15
Mess Pork—Per 551 11 01 6611 56
Eggs—Fresh 11 01 6611 56 

waterstand a factor of some of some control of		6	6%		100	
Chickens-dressed		9	65		***	
Turkeys-Dressed		6				
Geese-dressed		2	9		9	
Ducks-Per ib	-	7	64			
Oranges	4	0.8	60			
lamous	.9.	(i)	6/1			
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Ontons-Per bush	30	412	0			
Beans-Navies	ಾಸ್ತರ.	150	60			
Wool-Fine unwashed per Ib		14.	66		11	
Potatoes	1	100	116	1	3)	
Beets-Per bu	1	30	6%	1	25	
Annies Per hal	4	50	6%	3	0)	
Huy-Per ton	7	13	en.	7	50	
Hay—Per tou	-72	25	W.	3	45	
Loge Hanty watchts	700	369 K	100	7	120	
Beeves-Choice steers	-	750	600	4	50)	
Sheep-Natives	48	0	63	1	5.00	
succep-Matrices	-		450	-	No.	
NEW YORK.						
Wheat-No. 2 red	1	17	68	1	08	
Oorn-No. 2		613	0		63	
Dats-Mixed western		50	60		54	
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CHICAGO.			~	-	-	
CHICAGO			~		-	. 2
Wheat—Per bushel Corn—Per bushel Dats—Per bushe		88	10		22	2
Corn-Per bushel		425	10		495	٤
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Pork	3	80	6		35	
Hogs-Packing and shipping	3	60	100	3	70	1
Lard Hogs—Packing and shipping Cattle—Prime steers	4	50	64	5	30	ř
Chang Matient	1.55	275	63	5	10	100
ST LOUIS.						
Wheat-Cash		82	64		981	۵
Corn—Per bushel		49	G.		491	ō
Oats-Per bushel			6		453	ž
Uais—ref Ousier		m			50	
Hogs-Mixed packing	3	0/1	100	2	40	
Cattle-Feeders	•	43	49	٠	40	
KANSAS CITY.		ur.s	1120		Cat	
		5.00	2.40			