

STATE NEWS.

NEBRASKA MISCELLANEOUS MATTERS. —Burglars have become quite numerous of late in Beatrice. —The Platte river valley is a great feeding ground for all kinds of stock. —T. B. Wisdom of Hastings had a team of horses stolen from his barn. —Dr. Coffman recently sold a tract of 400 acres near Arlington for \$100,000. —Prairie fires burnt up one hundred tons of hay for Joe Miller the other day. —A trotting horse breeders' association has been organized in Cheyenne county. —Display of Madison county products at the Sioux City palace drew great attention. —F. C. Grable of Omaha has purchased the opera house corner in Beatrice for \$60,000. —Thieves broke into the barn of John Connor at Lincoln and stole a horse worth \$110. —The Third congressional district contains a population of 372,173, a gain of 244,161 since 1880. —The Nebraska City board of education has resolved to enforce the compulsory educational law. —Rev. Mr. Campbell of Scotia has returned from conference and will remain in that place another year. —Tramps threatened to shoot Ernest Smith, a farmer in Dodge county, because he refused them something to eat. —Several ladies from Ponca complain of having their pockets picked while attending the Sioux City Corn Palace. —The Christian church at Plattsmouth is having a very interesting revival under the direction of Rev. D. C. Henselman. —Burglars entered Drucker & Co's store at Scribner and secured a quantity of cheap clothing and some silk handkerchiefs. —The Nebraska City manufacturing company, which has been closed for some time undergoing repairs, is again in operation. —J. B. Allen, a York county farmer, bought 13,000 bushels of corn the other day of Wirt Bros. and paid 40 cents per bushel, cash in hand, for it. —L. W. McCluhan, an old resident of Saunders and Dodge counties, was thrown from a wagon at North Bend and severely, if not fatally injured. —A reading circle for mental improvement has been organized by the scholars of the Sixth street and Second avenue schools of Nebraska City. —Miss Edna Meinhart, recently cashier of Penard & Wells bank in Oakland, has resigned to accept a lucrative position in a bank at Burlington, Wis. —J. M. Boland of Syracuse raised 500 bushels of apples from his young orchard this year. He has disposed of half the crop at 75 cents per bushel. —There is talk of closing some of the schools in Omaha on account of prevalence of diphtheria. The disease is spreading in that city to an alarming extent. —Jim Ward and Jim Clark, a brace of silk thieves, were last week sentenced in the district court of Lancaster county to two and a half years each in the penitentiary. —Blaine county smiles because of the exceptionally good hay crop, fair corn, small grain and vegetable crops this year, and good healthy horses, cattle, hogs, poultry, etc. —Joseph Murray, a railroad, who had only a short while before been paid off, got drunk at Beatrice and fell in with a gang of toughs who robbed him of the remainder of his cash, \$25. —The population of Madison county, according to the census taken this year, is 13,640, a gain of 8,051 in ten years. But three counties in the Third congressional district make a larger gain. —The desk recently built by Architect Thompson of North Platte for the district clerk's office is one of the most complete, beautiful and substantial pieces of furniture ever made in the state. —Mrs. Sarah G. Lisco of Lincoln has had to bring suit against the Bankers' life insurance company of Nebraska to recover \$2,000 insurance on the life of her deceased husband, John Lisco. —Anna Etough, who teaches at Prairie Island, Platte county, fell and broke her arm the other day. Notwithstanding this she keeps right on with her school and carries her arm in a sling. —More than a score of years ago 'Pap' Ayers traded a yoke of cattle for two town lots in Beatrice. He sold the half of one lot the other day for \$3,000 and the other seventy-five feet for \$7,500. —W. R. Kelley of Omaha, general attorney of the Union Pacific, was in Lincoln last week conferring with General Manager Robinson of the St. Joe & Grand Island on the matter of erecting an elevator and depot at West Lincoln. —J. Keefe of Sioux City, Ia., met J. McGuire of South Omaha in a saloon the other day and a discussion took place. McGuire is now in the hospital, minus his nose, and Keefe is a wanderer again. —The report of the superintendent of the home of the friendless, Mrs. Soel, is as follows: Number of inmates, 100; adults, 9; children, 91; received during the year, 185; returned to friends, 88; died, 28.

—The local lodge of I. O. O. F. of Beatrice are making elaborate preparations for entertaining the grand lodge I. O. O. F. of Nebraska which convenes in Beatrice for a four days' session, October 14 to 17, inclusive. —The stock yards at Omaha have received since January 1 last 468,951 cattle, 1,236,191 hogs, 117,098 sheep and 3,299 horses and mules. In comparing the receipts with last year there is a large gain in cattle and hogs and a falling off in sheep and horses. —W. D. Thomas leased his yards north of North Bend to J. B. Long to feed probably 10,000 sheep. Mr. Long formerly fed at Beatrice, but he moved to Dodge county to get a better supply of corn and hay. The Platte valley is an excellent feeding ground. —The Sidney Telegraph says that the display at the county fair of agricultural productions was far ahead of what was expected this dry year. Several individuals made a showing that would do credit to any year. Especially was this noticeable in the vegetable line. —The Stanton county fair commenced September 30 and continued four days. The exhibit of horses, cattle and hogs were good, though only three herds of cattle were exhibited. They numbered about seventy-five head. The speed races were not as good as last year. —H. O. Batty, bookkeeper at the Hastings hospital for the incurable insane, will resign that position in a few days, and accept the position of delinquent clerk in the office of commissioner of public lands and buildings, made vacant by the resignation of Mr. Webb Wheeler. —The state university cadet band is reinforced this season with five new recruits, making twenty-four pieces in the band. Among the new students there has been discovered to be a tuba player, a skilled manipulator of the piccolo, a performer on the E flat clarinet and two cornetists. —Receiver Neaves of Sidney returned Monday from a trip to Curtis, Col., where his sons are interested in mining. He says that the country about Fort Collins is a veritable garden, that water does it and that such a change can be effected in western Nebraska by irrigation. —Frank Wilson of Humboldt was celebrating the fifty-first anniversary of his birth and his neighbors were assembling to do him honors. In high glee he went out to help some of them put up their teams and, while passing near one of the horses he was kicked in the ribs, breaking several of them. —James Warren of Belvidere was waiting for a fuel thief in his coal shed the other night. He had a club and was going to pulverize him. After he had waited some time a skunk walked right into the shed, when Warren flailed it to death with the club. It was a victory for Warren, but a costly one. —At the convening of an adjourned term of the district court of Adams county Judge Gaslin overruled the motion for a new trial in the case of the state against Theodore Dewitt of Roseland, for shooting with intent to kill his daughter, and sentenced him to ten years at hard labor in the penitentiary. —John Eggleston, aged twenty-five years, brakeman on the Kansas City & Beatrice railroad, fell under the tender of a switch engine in the Rock Island yards at Beatrice and had both arms frightfully mangled. It was found necessary to amputate both arms, one at the shoulder joint and the other near the shoulder. —John Bennett, a well digger was overcome by gas while cleaning a well on James Overstreet's place northeast of Leigh. An attempt was made to save his life, but he fell head foremost into the well and before he could be brought to the surface again was dead. He leaves a wife and three children in poor circumstances. —Joseph White, a well known grain merchant of Pickrell, Gage county, was engaged an evening or two since in loading a shotgun with the muzzle of the weapon resting on his foot. The gun was accidentally discharged and Mr. White's foot badly lacerated in consequence. The injury was such as to necessitate amputation. —Miss Lillie Loney of Stanton was putting coal oil in the wash water the other day when the oil took fire, the can exploding. Her father was near and succeeded in extinguishing the flames from her burning clothing before she was seriously hurt. After that he had hard work to save the building from burning up. —Beginning October 14, and closing Thursday evening, there will be held in the Congregational church of York a state meeting of the ladies' home and foreign missionary societies. Some of the ablest speakers in the country will be present and address the convention. Dr. Creagan of Boston and Rev. Mr. Gutterson of India will speak. —Albert Calvert, one of the oldest residents of Hastings, committed suicide last week by shooting himself through the lungs with a 38-calibre 'Bull dog' revolver. Calvert represented the St. Paul flour mills in that city and was short in his accounts \$741. He leaves a wife and nine married children, who are highly connected. —Between two and three o'clock Friday morning the barn and corn cribs of J. C. Flor, just north of Fremont, were destroyed by fire. The loss of grain, implements and buildings will be about \$900, insured for \$500. How the fire originated is a mystery, although it is believed to have been accidentally set on fire by some one who went into the building to sleep. The fire was under such headway when noticed that it could not be stopped, and as it could spread to nothing else the fire department was not called out.

AT THE COAL PALACE.

PRESIDENT HARRISON WELCOMED TO IOWA. Public Ceremonies of the Day Take Place in the Presence of an Enthusiastic Audience of Ten Thousand—An Address of Welcome by Gov. Boies, to Which the President Responds at Some Length—The Chief Executive at the Tomb of His Ancestors. Iowa Welcomes the President. OTTUMWA, Iowa, Oct. 10.—The presidential party reached here at 8 o'clock yesterday morning. In this city besides the president's older sister, Sally, the wife of T. J. Devirs, John S. Harrison, the president's gray-haired old brother of Kansas City, met the party here, and from the depot he and Mr. Devirs escorted their distinguished relative to the Devirs residence, where the family breakfasted together. At 2 o'clock in the afternoon the public ceremonies of the day took place, in the presence of an enthusiastic audience of about ten thousand people. After the preliminary address of welcome to the president, Hon. P. G. Ballingall introduced Governor Boies, who formally welcomed President Harrison to Iowa in a short speech. He said: "Mr. President: In behalf of the people of Iowa it is my pleasant privilege to welcome you to our state, to extend to you the hospitalities of her citizens, and assure you of the appreciation of the distinguished honor you confer upon us in consenting to become our guest for a brief period. Permit me to say in your presence to the audience that has assembled to greet you, that they are favored with an opportunity enjoyed by the subjects of no other government in the same degree—the opportunity to meet upon equal terms the chief magistrate of a mighty nation who derives his position from no accident of birth nor the result of devastating strife; but instead, thereof a voluntary offering from free, independent and intelligent people of whom they have the honor of being part. [Great applause.] It is to me, Mr. President, a source of sincere delight to be able to call your attention to the evidences of cultivated taste and superior skill displayed in the erection and adornment of this beautiful palace in which we are able to entertain you. You will observe, in the generous exhibits of agricultural and mechanical products with which the palace is filled, evidence of that prosperity for which we as people are sincerely thankful, and of such we are justly proud. [Applause.] Assuring you of loyalty of citizens of any state to principles of government of which you are the recognized head, and of the high regard for you personally as well as politically, I now have the pleasure of introducing you to the large assemblage of our people. Ladies and gentlemen, it is my distinguished privilege to present to you at this time the president of the United States. [Applause and cheers.] After the enthusiasm which greeted the president's appearance had somewhat subsided, he responded to Governor Boies' address in a brief speech, thanking the Iowans for their hearty welcome and assuring them of the pleasure it afforded him. He said it would be unappreciative and indeed ungrateful if he were not moved by the generous and spontaneous welcome which had greeted him in this brief western trip. He saw in the welcome tendered him the loyalty and respect of the great American people for that government of which they were the only sovereigns and which had attained such high rank in the galaxy of nations. The president congratulated the people of Iowa on the phenomenal progress which they had made as a state within the past decades, and was gratified by the evidences of prosperity which he observed on every hand. In the unique and magnificent structure (the coal palace) which was justly the pride of the city of Ottumwa he saw demonstrated not only the inexhaustible mineral wealth of the state of Iowa, but also an architectural triumph and artistic culture which were a credit to the ever advancing Hawkeye state. [Applause.] The president said that if he should attempt to interpret the lesson of the coal palace he would say it was an illustration of how much that is artistic and graceful is to be found in the common things of life. "And if I should," said he, "make an application of the lesson it would be to suggest that all our homes and all neighborly intercourse the same transforming spirit. The common things of life, touched by a loving spirit, may be made to glow and glisten in the common intercourse life, touched by friendliness and love, may be made to fill every home and neighborhood with a brightness that jewels cannot shed. And it is pleasant to think that in our American home life we have reached this idea in a degree unexcelled elsewhere. I believe that in American homes, whether in the city or on the farm, the American father and mother in their relations to children are kinder, more helpful and benignant than any other. [Cries of 'Good, good,' and cheers.] In these homes is the strength of our institutions. Let these be corrupted and the government itself has lost the stone of strength upon which it securely rests."

in which Benjamin Harrison first saw the light and but a few yards from the white shaft that marks the tomb of his illustrious ancestor, ex-President William Henry Harrison. The occasion was not one for words, and as the president passed to the rear platform he was unaccompanied by the rest of the party, who delicately left him to the solemn memories that the scenes of his childhood and youth called forth. After a brief stay the train passed on, but the president was visibly affected by the sight that brought so many tender memories to the mind, and when the little town of Lawrenceburg was reached his voice was heavy with emotion as he addressed the crowd of old neighbors and friends that thronged to meet him. "My friends," said the president, "I want to thank you very cordially for this greeting. All the scenes about here are familiar to me. This town of Lawrenceburg is the first village of my childish recollections, and as I approached it this morning, past the earliest home of my earliest recollections, the home in which my childhood and early manhood were spent, memoirs crowd in upon me that are very full of interest, very full of pleasure and yet very full of sadness. They bring back to me those who once made the old home very dear—the most precious spot on earth—and I have passed with bowed head the place where they rest. We are here in our generation with the work of those who have gone before upon us. Let us see, each of us, in the family, in the neighborhood and in the state, that we do at least with equal courage and grace and kindness the work so bravely, kindly and graciously done by those who filled our places fifty years ago. Now, for I must hurry on to these old friends and to these new friends who have come in since Lawrenceburg was familiar to me, I extend my hearty thanks for this welcome, and beg in parting to introduce the only member of my cabinet who accompanies me, General Tracy, secretary of the navy."

A PARALYTIC STROKE

JUSTICE MILLER OF THE SUPREME COURT STRICKEN. The Whole Left Side Paralyzed, but the Justice Able to Recognize Those About Him—The Annual Report of Land Commissioner Groff—Total Sales During the Fiscal Year—What is Said on the Subject of Forests of the Public Domain. Justice Miller Stricken. WASHINGTON, Oct. 11.—Yesterday afternoon Justice Samuel Miller of the supreme court of the United States was stricken with paralysis and is now in a serious condition. Justice Miller was returning from the supreme court room to his residence about twenty-five minutes to 3 o'clock. He was on the west side of Thomas street, within sight of his residence, No. 415 Massachusetts avenue. John Woodford, his servant, who was standing in the doorway of the house, saw the justice approaching. Then he was startled at seeing him suddenly raise his hand to his heart, then reel and fall on the car tracks, which he was crossing at the time. Woodford hastened to the spot and found the justice speechless and apparently in a stupor. He at once secured a coupe from a neighboring hack stand and with assistance placed the suffering man in it and had him borne to his room. Dr. Cook, who resides in the neighborhood, and Dr. Lincoln, who fortunately was passing at the time, were soon in attendance at the bedside. They found the whole left side of the justice paralyzed, but he was still able to recognize those about him. Judge Miller has been suffering nearly all summer from an attack of dysentery, but at no time was his illness severe enough to prevent him from attending to his judicial duties while on the annual circuit in the west. He returned to Washington last week, feeling much better, though somewhat weak. This morning he was feeling unusually well. The justice, in telling Mrs. Miller of his fall, said he felt his knee giving away from under him and his legs felt so heavy that he could hardly lift them. Thinking it was a sudden return of rheumatism which he had often before felt, he made another effort to step forward and as he did so either tripped on the car track or slipped and fell forward on his face and left side and arm, at the same time cutting his forehead slightly and causing an abrasion of the skin on the nose. John Woodward, the justice's servant, was standing near him at the time, and saw him fall. He immediately ran to his assistance, and with the help of some bystanders, raised the judge to his feet, and helping him into a cab, soon conveyed him to his home. At 1 o'clock this (Saturday) morning it is stated that the justice is resting quietly, and the family thought that he was a little better. Land Commissioner Groff's Report. WASHINGTON, Oct. 11.—The annual report of Commissioner General of the Land office Groff shows the number of agricultural patents issued during the fiscal year ended June 30 was 111,127, embracing 18,759,520 acres, as against 76,141 issued in 1889, with an aggregate area of 11,220,560. Of mineral and mill site patents 1,407 were issued, showing an increase in the year of 494. Of coal patents 224 were issued, increase, 69; patents representing 15,376 acres. Of state school selections the aggregate is 539,709 acres. The selections for the previous year aggregated only 132,350 acres. The acreage of swamp lands patented to the several states during the year was 109,351. There were patented, or certified under the law for the benefit of railroad companies during the year, 363,863 acres. This is a decrease for the year of 61,183 acres. The total cash sales during the fiscal year were 3,302,846 acres. Original homesteads, timber culture, state selections, school and swamp, railroad selections and others of a miscellaneous character, 9,362,685 acres. The Indian lands disposed of aggregate 133,305 acres, making a grand total of 12,798,837 acres. The total cash receipts of the office from various sources during the fiscal year was \$7,780,517. Of this amount \$6,349,174 were received from cash sales. On June 30, 1889, there were 276,751 final entries of all kinds pending, and at the close of the fiscal year 1890 there were 298,269 pending, showing a decrease, as compared with the previous year, of 68,687 entries. Railroad selections amounting to 39,776,955 acres were pending at the close of the year, an increase over the previous year of 232,704 acres. There were also Oregon wagon roads selections pending to the amount of 304,986 acres. The ex parte mineral entries are in arrears about two and one-half years. The contest cases, quasi contests and ex parte coal entries are up to date. The mileage of the land grant railroads actually constructed up to the close of the last fiscal year was 18,070 miles. Surveys have been accepted after examination in the field of 4,462,291 acres, including Dakota 929,692, Nebraska 23,039. Upon the subject of the forests of the public domain, the commissioner finds the most valuable timber on public lands is being rapidly exhausted, and laws relating to the subject are utterly inadequate to properly protect either the public forests from unlawful appropriation or the interests of the settlers. Over \$88,000 was received last year from timber deprecations. Provision should be made for the legitimate procuring of timber from the public lands by the mill men and lumber manufacturers for sale, to an

extent necessary to supply the community in the location in which they operate with lumber and other timber products needed in the settlement thereof but the exportation of public timber should be prohibited as also should the removal of timber from any of the reserved lands and from the mountainous regions and other wood lands at or in the vicinity of the head waters or sources of streams which for climatic, economic or public reasons should be held permanently as forest reserves, exception being made in favor of settlers or miners for their personal necessities. Will Furnish Work for the Courts. WASHINGTON, Oct. 10.—The new tariff bill will give the courts plenty to do and will keep the board of general appraisers very busy for several years hence. In fact this new board of general appraisers is going to give the greatest degree of satisfaction to the merchants of the country because they can have the disputed questions involved in the new tariff decided promptly if they choose to do so. But a great many of them will insist upon carrying their cases to the courts, no matter how the appraisers may decide. Assistant Secretary Spalding of the treasury department, who has charge of the custom business, is buried with telegrams and letters from all parts of the country asking conundrums with reference to the new tariff bill. They come not only from officials of the government, but from merchants, lawyers, custom house brokers and even from editors of newspapers and statistical works. There has been a string of telegraph boys carrying messages to the Western Union office across the street from the treasury department since the bill was passed. Secretary Spalding is answering those telegrams in a very diplomatic manner, because the questions involved are generally complicated ones, and he does not wish to prejudice the rights of the United States in the courts, to which the cases may ultimately be appealed. PERSONAL AND OTHER NOTES. Mr. Gladstone has a library of about 25,000 volumes. E. P. Roe is to have a public monument at Cornwall, N. Y. A son of W. W. Dudley was ordained deacon in Baltimore last Sunday. The crown princess of Sweden must go to Egypt this winter for her health. Although he now has \$200,000 a year, General Butler, it is alleged, once made chairs for \$0 cents a day. The best literary critic in New York is said to be Miss Lillie Hamilton, who at one time wrote the book notices of the Commercial Advertiser. Mother Bennett lives near Greenville, Mass., and her age, by the best of witnesses, the family Bible, is 115 years. She did not unite with any church until her 112th year, and was then immersed according to the Baptist rites by a young minister scarcely 22 years of age. Chauncey M. Depew is to be a candidate for United States senator this winter, according to a reported interview with General James W. Husted, and if any man in the state ought to know Mr. Depew's intentions it is the general. Mme. Patti's voice has undergone a distinct impairment as to its flexibility, and has lost something of its once dazzling purity and freshness, but she is engaged this season for St. Petersburg and Moscow at a bigger salary than has heretofore been publicly stated, \$6,250 for each performance. Strikers Ordered Back to Work. ST. LOUIS, Mo., Oct. 13.—The trouble which lately occurred on the Houston & Texas railroad, growing out of the refusal of Receiver Dillingham to discharge negro switchmen, has been satisfactorily settled. After a long consultation with the railroad officials the supreme council of the railway employes' federation concluded that the strikers had made a mistake, that the color line could not be made an issue, and after a promise on the part of Receiver Dillingham that the strikers would be reinstated the conference ended and the men will return to work. Population of Joliet, Ill., 27,407; increase, 15,750. LIVE STOCK AND PRODUCE MARKETS. Quotations from New York, Chicago, St. Louis, Omaha and elsewhere. OMAHA. Wheat—No. 2 red, 84 1/2 @ 84 3/4; No. 2 white, 82 1/2 @ 83 1/4; No. 3 white, 81 1/2 @ 82 1/4; No. 4 white, 80 1/2 @ 81 1/4; No. 5 white, 79 1/2 @ 80 1/4; No. 6 white, 78 1/2 @ 79 1/4; No. 7 white, 77 1/2 @ 78 1/4; No. 8 white, 76 1/2 @ 77 1/4; No. 9 white, 75 1/2 @ 76 1/4; No. 10 white, 74 1/2 @ 75 1/4; No. 11 white, 73 1/2 @ 74 1/4; No. 12 white, 72 1/2 @ 73 1/4; No. 13 white, 71 1/2 @ 72 1/4; No. 14 white, 70 1/2 @ 71 1/4; No. 15 white, 69 1/2 @ 70 1/4; No. 16 white, 68 1/2 @ 69 1/4; No. 17 white, 67 1/2 @ 68 1/4; No. 18 white, 66 1/2 @ 67 1/4; No. 19 white, 65 1/2 @ 66 1/4; No. 20 white, 64 1/2 @ 65 1/4; No. 21 white, 63 1/2 @ 64 1/4; No. 22 white, 62 1/2 @ 63 1/4; No. 23 white, 61 1/2 @ 62 1/4; No. 24 white, 60 1/2 @ 61 1/4; No. 25 white, 59 1/2 @ 60 1/4; No. 26 white, 58 1/2 @ 59 1/4; No. 27 white, 57 1/2 @ 58 1/4; No. 28 white, 56 1/2 @ 57 1/4; No. 29 white, 55 1/2 @ 56 1/4; No. 30 white, 54 1/2 @ 55 1/4; No. 31 white, 53 1/2 @ 54 1/4; No. 32 white, 52 1/2 @ 53 1/4; No. 33 white, 51 1/2 @ 52 1/4; No. 34 white, 50 1/2 @ 51 1/4; No. 35 white, 49 1/2 @ 50 1/4; No. 36 white, 48 1/2 @ 49 1/4; No. 37 white, 47 1/2 @ 48 1/4; No. 38 white, 46 1/2 @ 47 1/4; No. 39 white, 45 1/2 @ 46 1/4; No. 40 white, 44 1/2 @ 45 1/4; No. 41 white, 43 1/2 @ 44 1/4; No. 42 white, 42 1/2 @ 43 1/4; No. 43 white, 41 1/2 @ 42 1/4; No. 44 white, 40 1/2 @ 41 1/4; No. 45 white, 39 1/2 @ 40 1/4; No. 46 white, 38 1/2 @ 39 1/4; No. 47 white, 37 1/2 @ 38 1/4; No. 48 white, 36 1/2 @ 37 1/4; No. 49 white, 35 1/2 @ 36 1/4; No. 50 white, 34 1/2 @ 35 1/4; No. 51 white, 33 1/2 @ 34 1/4; No. 52 white, 32 1/2 @ 33 1/4; No. 53 white, 31 1/2 @ 32 1/4; No. 54 white, 30 1/2 @ 31 1/4; No. 55 white, 29 1/2 @ 30 1/4; No. 56 white, 28 1/2 @ 29 1/4; No. 57 white, 27 1/2 @ 28 1/4; No. 58 white, 26 1/2 @ 27 1/4; No. 59 white, 25 1/2 @ 26 1/4; No. 60 white, 24 1/2 @ 25 1/4; No. 61 white, 23 1/2 @ 24 1/4; No. 62 white, 22 1/2 @ 23 1/4; No. 63 white, 21 1/2 @ 22 1/4; No. 64 white, 20 1/2 @ 21 1/4; No. 65 white, 19 1/2 @ 20 1/4; No. 66 white, 18 1/2 @ 19 1/4; No. 67 white, 17 1/2 @ 18 1/4; No. 68 white, 16 1/2 @ 17 1/4; No. 69 white, 15 1/2 @ 16 1/4; No. 70 white, 14 1/2 @ 15 1/4; No. 71 white, 13 1/2 @ 14 1/4; No. 72 white, 12 1/2 @ 13 1/4; No. 73 white, 11 1/2 @ 12 1/4; No. 74 white, 10 1/2 @ 11 1/4; No. 75 white, 9 1/2 @ 10 1/4; No. 76 white, 8 1/2 @ 9 1/4; No. 77 white, 7 1/2 @ 8 1/4; No. 78 white, 6 1/2 @ 7 1/4; No. 79 white, 5 1/2 @ 6 1/4; No. 80 white, 4 1/2 @ 5 1/4; No. 81 white, 3 1/2 @ 4 1/4; No. 82 white, 2 1/2 @ 3 1/4; No. 83 white, 1 1/2 @ 2 1/4; No. 84 white, 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 85 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 86 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 87 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 88 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 89 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 90 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 91 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 92 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 93 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 94 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 95 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 96 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 97 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 98 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 99 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 100 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 101 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 102 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 103 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 104 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 105 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 106 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 107 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 108 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 109 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 110 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 111 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 112 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 113 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 114 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 115 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 116 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 117 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 118 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 119 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 120 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 121 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 122 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 123 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 124 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 125 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 126 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 127 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 128 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 129 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 130 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 131 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 132 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 133 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 134 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 135 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 136 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 137 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 138 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 139 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 140 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 141 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 142 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 143 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 144 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 145 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 146 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 147 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 148 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 149 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 150 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 151 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 152 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 153 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 154 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 155 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 156 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 157 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 158 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 159 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 160 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 161 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 162 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 163 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 164 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 165 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 166 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 167 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 168 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 169 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 170 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 171 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 172 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 173 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 174 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 175 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 176 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 177 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 178 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 179 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 180 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 181 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 182 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 183 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 184 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 185 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 186 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 187 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 188 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 189 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 190 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 191 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 192 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 193 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 194 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 195 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 196 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 197 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 198 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 199 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 200 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 201 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 202 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 203 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 204 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 205 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 206 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 207 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 208 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 209 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 210 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 211 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 212 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 213 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 214 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 215 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 216 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 217 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 218 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 219 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 220 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 221 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 222 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 223 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 224 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 225 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 226 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 227 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 228 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 229 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 230 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 231 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 232 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 233 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 234 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 235 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 236 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 237 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 238 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 239 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 240 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 241 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 242 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 243 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 244 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 245 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 246 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 247 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 248 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 249 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 250 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 251 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 252 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 253 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 254 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 255 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 256 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 257 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 258 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 259 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 260 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 261 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 262 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 263 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 264 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 265 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 266 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 267 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 268 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 269 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 270 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4; No. 271 white, 0 1/2 @ 1 1/4;