

The McCook Tribune.

By F. M. KIMMELL.

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

For Governor,
L. D. RICHARDS.
For Lieutenant Governor,
T. J. MAJORS.
For Secretary of State,
J. C. ALLEN.
For Auditor,
THOS. H. BENTON.
For Treasurer,
J. E. HILL.
For Attorney General,
GEORGE H. HASTINGS.
For Commissioner Public Lands and Buildings,
GEORGE R. HUMPHREY.
For Superintendent Public Instruction,
A. K. GOODY.

Republican Congressional Ticket.

For Congressman, 2d District,
N. V. HARLAN.

Republican Senatorial Ticket.

For Senator for 29th District,
JAMES BURKE.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY TICKET.

For Representative,
SAMUEL ELLIS.
For County Attorney,
J. BYRON JENNINGS.
For Treasurer,
W. T. HENTON.
For Commissioner, 1st District,
RICHARD JOHNSTON.
For Commissioner, 2nd District,
G. W. BARTLETT.

THE management has decided not to hold a fair in Harlan county, this year, "on account of almost total failure of crops."

"PROHIBITION don't prohibit," but when the President signed the Wilson bill the vendors of original packages shut up shop with surprising unanimity.

OUR next congressman, Hon. N. V. Harlan of York, will address the people of Hayes county, October 3d, the third day of the Hayes county fair. Mr. McKeighan is expected to speak on the 2d of the month.

MR. HARLAN is everything that the most ardent anti-monopoly republicans in the Second district have asked. They will scarcely vote for McKeighan who is the only alliance nominee with moss enough on his back to command democratic endorsement.—Call.

REPRESENTATIVE QUINN of New York has offered a resolution in the house instructing the judiciary committee to inquire, and report by bill or otherwise, what legislation within the province of the federal government may be proper and necessary to prevent corporations engaged in interstate commerce from employing unjustifiably large bodies of men denominated "detectives," but clothed with no legal functions. The notice thus taken of the employment of the Pinkerton forces by the New York Central corporation is timely, and it is to be hoped the judiciary committee of the house will give the subject submitted to it in the resolution the prompt consideration which its importance merits.

THE Hastings Tribune, quoting from the Register the items stating that "Harlan is not a Laird in point of oratory, not a Hastings in dash and brilliancy, nor a Laws in political methods," wants to know "what he is." Well, sir, to begin with, he is the man who will represent the second district of Nebraska in the national congress, after January 1st, 1891. The fact that he is a "good citizen and an honorable man," which the Tribune has to admit, is his first recommendation. He is a man who has the courage of his convictions and has dared to stand for them in face of the opposition of other leaders of his party. His record is clean and he stands before the people as a pure, consistent republican, who asks not sympathy for his weaknesses, nor does he complain of his failures. He is a more intelligent man than McKeighan, and his past record, which is public property, stands out pre-eminently on the side of the people. No mistake will be made by electing Harlan to congress.—Minden Register.

A CLASS PARTY.

In the coming struggle the power and influence of the farmer is conceded. He holds the balance of power and standing together his forces are invincible. But it would be a dangerous power. Not that the farmer is less able or less worthy to legislate than any other class of citizens, but legislation by any class, exclusively, would be dangerous to the country. The charge has been made that legislation in Nebraska has been entirely in the interests of the money power, and there is too much truth in the assertion. Railroads and other corporations have carried a high hand and the farm has had to suffer from it. But the farm has not been the only sufferer. Business of all kinds has suffered with the farmer. Indeed, trade has been an equal sufferer, and yet it would not be right to organize all trade avocations to fight all other avocations. The farmer must not forget that he cannot stand alone, but that all trades and avocations that depend upon him should be his allies in forming laws that must affect each, so that they may bear equally upon all. A party composed entirely of farmers or of any other avocation would not be a representative party, and it would not be a just party any more than a party composed entirely of railroad men. Such a party is not in harmony with the spirit of our institutions, and it would naturally be despotic. The Flail sympathizes with the farmer in the present fight, but as it has often said, it believes that its only show is in working through parties represented by all classes and conditions.—Fremont Flail.

ASSESSMENT REFORM.

Among the subjects of chiefest interest to the people is that of assessments, and no man not pledged to work to modify the outrages practiced, by stringent laws, should be elected to the legislature on any conditions. The Flail proposes to make this a test of every nominee, and no man will get its support that will not pledge himself to a radical assessment reform. Nebraska led the way to high license through the Slocumb law, and the legislature that passed it work a great and permanent benefit to the state. Now let Nebraska lead in the tax reform. As at present practiced, the poor man bears the burden of taxation. The bondholder, the mortgagee and the capitalist hide and cover and skirk, while the man with a little homestead, a cow and a horse is assessed to pay their proportion of expenses in running the government. Let railroads, financiers, mortgagees and capitalists be brought into the harness to pay their just proportion of tax, or let them suffer a just and severe penalty. The present practice is an outrage on the common people and stigma on our institutions. The practice must be remedied.—Fremont Flail.

THE PROSPECT INVITING.

The meeting of the congressional central committee at Hastings, Wednesday evening, disclosed an encouraging condition of affairs in the Second district. Reports were had from every county in the district, and they were almost unanimously favorable to a greater or less degree. It was the opinion of the central committee, publishers and prominent republicans present from all over the district that the active and aggressive campaign shortly to be inaugurated will make doubly certain Mr. Harlan's election, and will result in the overwhelming discomfiture of Mr. McKeighan. With the right kind of work performed Mr. Harlan's majority will reach handsome proportions. And the Republicans of the Second district propose to do effective work, this year.

BETTER THAN EXPECTED.

THE corn crop of Nebraska a month ago was anything but encouraging. Corn had not matured and a prevailing drouth caused farmers to entertain grave fears that almost an entire failure would be the result. But the reports for the last two weeks have been encouraging, and as corn has advanced to that stage where a reasonable estimate can be made, it is everywhere manifest that the yield will be much larger than was expected in midsummer. It is true that there will be a shortage in Nebraska, but in exceptional cases only will there be utter failure. The acreage is larger than last year, and with total failures in other sections, the price received will more than make good the shortage. The Nebraska farmer who this year raises twenty or twenty-five bushels of corn to the acre will receive as much money for it as he received last year for his sixty bushels. Hogs and cattle will increase in price, and taken as a whole, it is safe to predict that the shortage of corn will not be materially felt. Oats have not yielded as many bushels as in preceding years, but careful estimates show that there will be more than enough for home consumption, and with the possible exception of the potato crop the product of Nebraska will be worth as much in dollars and cents as formerly. Were it not for the professional agitators who are shrieking about poverty and shedding crocodile tears for the farmers of Nebraska, who are doing very well compared with many other states, the nightmare of hard times would haunt no one. Public improvements in the towns and cities are going on; individual capital is invested; laborers find ample employment at good wages, and taken as a whole Nebraska is enjoying an evening of prosperity that few western states can equal.—Bee.

MARRIED—Thursday evening, August 14th, at the residence of the bride's parents in Omaha, Mr. Democratic Party to Miss Whis Key, the Rev. Peter Iler, officiating. The high contracting parties are well known throughout the state and the ceremony was witnessed by a large circle of friends and relatives of the bride and groom. It was a very delegate affair, but the conventional rites were observed with appropriate zeal. James E. Boyd as first groomsman escorted the groom to the (h)alter where the bride was given away by Omaha Delegation. The only circumstance that marred the sanctity of the ceremony was the attempt of one, Calhoun, to forbid the bans. He was promptly retired with the other foolish virgins who had no lie(r) in their lamps. After the ceremony a rare and riotous collation was spread for the assembled guests, the liquors dispensed being the feature of the feast.—Tecumseh Chieftain.

THE McCOOK TRIBUNE gets mad tears its hair and scratches its face every time a paper in this district dares to hint, even, that G. L. Laws is after the registership at McCook. If THE TRIBUNE did not get so frantic and red in the face, over the matter, we might think Laws did not want the plum, but the very agency of its denial carries conviction of the truth of the charge. Laws has his eyes on that McCook registership and don't you forget it.—Curtis Record.

THE TRIBUNE has resented all efforts of a few disgruntled blackguards to maliciously belittle Congressman Laws by giving circulation to the above unfounded falsehood. We have not been aware of the cholera and self-mutilation above referred to, however. Mr. Vaughan may relieve his conscience somewhat by admitting his prevarication and throwing himself on the mercy of the court.

FROM THE COUNTY SEAT.

(BY OUR REGULAR CORRESPONDENTS.)

COUNTY COURT.

Samuel R. Smith vs. Sarah J. Ward and Clark Ward, plaintiff sues for \$362.35 attorney fee.

Frank Hazelton vs. H. A. and J. A. Barnhart, settled and dismissed.

Martha A. Heckard has been appointed guardian of Lester and Harvey L. Heckard.

Application has been made to have James Winter appointed administrator of the estate of Dotie F. Heckard, deceased.

Mathias Droll has been appointed guardian of Bertha, Theresa, Johanna W., Johan A. and Matilda R. Droll.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Mr. Frank York, 22, Indianola.

Miss Elizabeth McIntire, 16, Indianola.

William M. Wright, 30, Temple, Texas.

Miss Anna Hoag, 20, Indianola, Neb.

Mr. Harrison J. Hackett, 32, Dresden, Kan.

Miss Ellen A. Gaston, Sheridan, P. O., Kan.

The above couple were married by County Judge Keyes, at Indianola, August 23d.

DISTRICT COURT.

898. Nebraska Mortgage Co. vs. Daniel E. Eikenbury, August 22, petition to foreclose mortgage.

899. W. C. Bullard & Co. vs. Wm. Hines et ux, August 22, petition to foreclose M. L.

900. Lydia F. Taylor et cons vs. Sarah J. Ward et cons, August 22, petition, injunction.

901. Mina A. Smead vs. Geo. C. Roberts et al, August 23, petition, accounting.

902. The German Insurance Co. vs. Bertha Meyer et al, August 23, petition, cancel policy.

903. Rose Pinney vs. Benj. L. Pinney, August 27, divorce.

J. A. Wilcox of McCook, Neb., formerly one of our merchants, who recently joined his wife in a visit to relatives and friends in Washington, Fairbury and this vicinity, has been renewing old acquaintance here the past week. He has increased wonderfully in avoirdupois, making him almost unrecognizable. There is nothing the matter with Nebraska climate and living, if Mr. Wilcox is a sample of the product. He says that the present drouthy season is the first of the kind they have had for ten years, and may be the last, and that his faith in a grand future for the state is as strong as ever.—Gilman (Ill.) Star.

The Democrat is glad to state that the article that appeared in its columns in a late issue reflecting upon the character of Miss Engel of McCook was not warranted by facts, and was an extravagant misrepresentation. The Democrat was misinformed in regard to the matter and deeply regrets that the article referred to was published.—Benkelman Democrat.

NEBRASKA is out of debt. Nebraska is one of only two states in the nation that is out of debt. MORAL—continue the G. O. P. in power, says the Fremont Flail.

THE FAMOUS CLOTHING CO.

Fall Styles, 1890.

The Latest in Soft and Stiff Hats

are now ready to which we call your attention.

WE CONTINUE OUR

GREAT CLEARING SALE

We are giving very liberal discounts from Regular Prices on all

Spring & Summer Goods

Don't fail to look through our stock before purchasing anything

For Men's and Boys' Wear.

Our Prices Are at the Bottom Notch.

JONAS ENGEL, Mgr.

McCOOK, NEB., August 8th.

OUR ENTIRE STOCK

OF

DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, HATS AND CAPS.

Having decided to retire from the DRY GOODS and CLOTHING business we offer our entire stock at cost and less than cost. No such opportunity has been offered the people of Western Nebraska in years to purchase good, reliable DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, HATS & CAPS at LESS THAN WHOLESALE PRICES. Everything must go, be the price what it may. Nothing will be reserved. Are you in want of anything in Dry Goods or Clothing, if so take advantage of this

GREAT CLOSING OUT SALE

AND BUY YOUR GOODS AT

Less - Than - Wholesale - Prices!

Remember we are positively going out of the Dry Goods and Clothing business, and everything must be sold and at once. Visit us and look at our prices. Respectfully Yours,

J. C. ALLEN & CO.

Store building, lot and fixtures for sale.