

The McCook Tribune.

VOLUME IX.

McCOOK, RED WILLOW COUNTY, NEBRASKA, FRIDAY EVENING, AUGUST 29, 1890.

NUMBER 14.

MY MEN'S DRESS SHOES

I have a nice line of \$2.50 shoes.
I have a fine \$3.00 shoe.
I have an elegant \$5.00 shoe.

My Line of Boys' Shoes

is complete, from \$1 to \$3.

In Ladies' Fine and Medium Shoes

for the season, I have an elegant line, and the largest selection ever brought to McCook. Prices from \$1.50 to \$5.

QUALITY and PRICES

The QUALITY of my goods I keep up to high mark. My prices I keep down to the lowest mark. I deal with all alike: work for trade and appreciate it. Mail orders have my best and prompt attention.

Gilt Edge Ladies' Shoe Dressing is the Best.

Try it and you will want no other. I also have the oil dressing for Kangas-shoes.

GANSCHOW,

The Old Reliable Shoe Dealer.

SEMI-ANNUAL CLEARANCE SALE



H. LAWLER'S,

COMMENCING

Saturday, June 7th, 1890.

We have decided to REDUCE OUR STOCK before invoicing, July 1st, 1890, and we will offer our ENTIRE STOCK at a

SACRIFICE FOR CASH!

We must reduce our stock before July 1, 1890. Come and see the

Bargains we are Offering for Cash!

YOURS, THE RUSTLER FOR TRADE,

H. LAWLER,

MAIN AVENUE,

McCOOK, : : : : : NEBRASKA.

of some legal difficulties. As soon as your city officials were able to correct these points, we took up the bonds. I certainly hope the Prohibition Amendment will pass, not only for the interest of your state, both morally and financially, but that of the entire country. The stoniest enemy that this country has to contend with to-day is the liquor traffic.

Yours in the interest of good government and safety of this Republic,
S. A. KEAN.

Dictated, S. A. K.

This leaves the "business" branch of the Liquor Dealers' Confederation without a single plank to stand on. The clear cut business logic of Mr. Kean's letter, based upon the experience of a successful business career, ought to carry conviction to every reasonable and thinking man.

THE CITY FATHERS

Were in regular session, Wednesday evening, the Mayor, Clerk and Councilmen Allen, Boyd and Knights being present, and the following business was disposed of: Bills as follows were allowed on general fund:

Frank Carruth & Co., electric lighting,	\$176.00
A. J. Rittenhouse, legal services,	50.00
W. C. Ashwill & Co., publishing,	1.25
McCook B. & S. Co., printing,	25.00
W. A. Brown, battery jar,	.50

ON OCCUPATION FUND.

Frees & Hocknell L. Co., lumber,	\$ 3.00
A. McManical, salary,	40.00
J. H. Bennett, salary,	50.00
J. H. O'Neil, salary,	50.00
A. Ingram, street sprinkling,	14.85

Druggist's permit was ordered issued to A. McMillen.

Ordinance No. 47, entitled "An ordinance providing for the construction and repairing of sidewalks in the city of McCook and to provide for the levy of special assessments to pay the expenses of such improvements" was passed under suspension of rules, Allen, Boyd and Knights voting aye. (The ordinance appears in full elsewhere.) Adjourned.

McCook Public School.

Pupils holding promotion cards are requested to present them to the teachers of their respective grades on Monday, September 1st. Pupils entering after the school is organized must call at the office of the superintendent and be reassigned. WM. VALENTINE, Supt. City Schools.

Farm for Sale.

160 acres, 70 acres broke, good well and all the necessary buildings. Eight miles north and one mile west from McCook, 12-4-40. Will be sold cheap, small payment cash and balance on time. Inquire of Jacob Hajny or Frank Stock-lasa, Osburn, Neb. 13-5ts.

Palace Meat Market.

We are prepared to serve the public with the choicest meats of all kinds at the lowest living figures, and ask a trifle and share of patronage.

Main Ave. McCOTTER BROS.

FOR RENT.

A barn that will accommodate 30 head of horses. Buggy room, corral, well, and small house. Inquire of E. LINDNER, 11.

School Books and Supplies.

A complete line of school books and school supplies are carried in THE TRIBUNE'S stationery department. Prices to suit the times.

For Rent at Arapahoe, Neb.

Store building, 22 by 50 feet. Most desirable location. \$12.50 per month in advance. JAMES JORDAN.

LADIES!

We would call your attention to our new \$2.00 and \$2.50 Kid Button Shoes. BOWEN & LAYCOCK.

The band concert to-morrow evening will be the last for some time at least, owing to the absence of some members of the band from the city. The splendid performances of the band have met with enthusiastic popular approval and their weekly concerts have been the most attractive feature of the season. They will be missed.

THE TRIBUNE wants Judge Cessna to consider that the scurrilous articles that appeared in a city paper, last week, concerning him, are but the vapors of an individual who is incapable of expressing a sober conviction of his own, much less the sentiments of this people. The articles were baseless and uncalled for.

The Public Schools of this city are in better condition for the reception of pupils than ever before. The west building has been placed in thorough repair; new apparatus has been procured for all departments and a profitable year is to be expected.

Over fifty candidates for teachers' certificates took the examination before the county superintendent on Friday and Saturday of last week. Nearly all were successful.

A THUNDER-CLAP!

Special to THE McCOOK TRIBUNE.

LINCOLN, NEB., Aug. 26.—Every claim brought forward by the agents of the brewers and distillers during this Amendment campaign have been shown to be groundless or false. Their hirings have produced document after document, scheme after scheme, only to find the friends of prohibition ready to refute their slanders and check-mate their inventions.

The "Bankers and Business Men's" rotten organization has been shown to be a slander on decent business men. The views of well-known business men from Maine to California are against the Rum, Roggen and Rosewater conspirators against the State's welfare.

One of the most successful bankers in the United States is S. A. Kean, head of the great banking house of S. A. Kean & Co., Chicago and New York. Knowing that the desperate advocates of the liquor traffic had made use of the name of Mr. Kean's firm against prohibition, a letter of inquiry was despatched to that gentleman personally. The following is his reply in full:

ESTABLISHED 1860.

S. A. KEAN & CO., BANKERS.
115 BROADWAY, N. Y.
100 WASHINGTON STREET,
CHICAGO, August 9, 1890.

A. G. Wolfenbarger, Lincoln, Neb.:

DEAR SIR: I have your esteemed favor of the 6th inst., asking several questions in regard to prohibition.

In answer to your first question, "What is your opinion based upon the experience and observation as a business man, as to the influence of prohibition upon general business?" I am now, and always have been of the opinion that the influence of prohibition upon business is good. I do not see how it could be otherwise. Business based upon the liquor traffic, especially as now conducted, in my judgment, is immoral and dangerous, and will in the end honey-comb the moral foundations of business in this country if permitted to continue. Business not founded upon moral principles must fall of its own weight in due course.

Second question: "Do you believe that prohibition of the liquor traffic will result in the decreasing of real estate value, stopping immigration and decreasing the deposits in banks?" No, it will increase the value of real estate in the long run. There are even many drinking people who prefer a prohibition state because of the better surroundings; and hence the safety of their families, but those who are determined to carry on the liquor traffic, and the allies of the saloon, would leave a prohibition state, or keep away from it, but this number is comparatively small and their places would be more than filled with a more desirable class of citizens. If the whiskey traffic was out of the way, the same property, money and energy would all be used in other business and a larger number of men employed, which would increase rather than decrease values. Men who waste their money in drink do not as a rule have money to deposit in banks. It is true that the brewer and saloon keeper would have money, but these same men engaged in other business would also have money which they could deposit in the bank. I give the following incident by way of illustration: Some time ago, a certain manufacturer in the East paid his men \$1,000 on Saturday night, but before parting with his money marked it in order to ascertain where it would bring up. On the following Tuesday it was found that \$600 out of the \$1,000 had found its way into the banks through the saloon keepers and brewers. If these men had have spent that money in buying clothing and provisions for their families it would have gone into the banks all the same through the merchants, and the clothing and provision interests as well as the former, would have been advanced to that extent less the very small amount of grain which might have been rotted for the purpose of furnishing drink for these men.

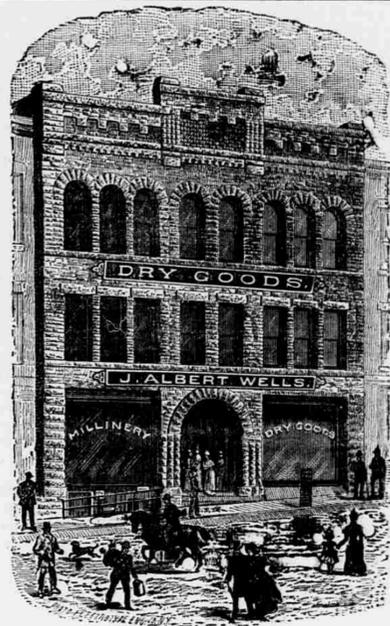
Third question: "Do you consider prohibition an injury or help to business in cities where the same has been tried?" Yes, a help in proportion as the law has been enforced. Atlanta, Ga. is a good illustration of this when they enjoyed prohibition there.

Fourth question: "If you were purchasing bonded securities, would the fact that the state in which these municipal bonds were issued was under Prohibitory policy in relation to liquor have a tendency to depreciate the value of such municipal paper?" No; other things being equal we should consider the fact of prohibition an advantage, rather than a disadvantage. You say an Omaha paper has used the name of our firm in connection with our refusal to take certain securities in Nebraska on account of prospective Prohibition. This is the first intimation I have had of any such use of our name and it is certainly as far from the truth as possible. We purchased some bonds of your city a while ago and there was some delay in our taking them up on account

J. ALBERT WELLS,

Dry Goods, Millinery and Carpets.

DRESS MAKING A SPECIALTY.



At this season, when summer days alternate with days of fall weather, the necessity of disposing of the remainder of SUMMER STOCK is constantly in the mind of the prudent merchant.

This is a time when buyers at my store have EXCEPTIONAL ADVANTAGES.

They can have the first choice of fresh FALL GOODS, and they can secure at extraordinarily low prices goods belonging to the waning summer season.

There is no time when I do not present a lower range of prices than any other house, but at present the concessions made on SUMMER GOODS are so greatly to the advantage of purchasers as to demand SPECIAL NOTICE.

It would be tedious to present in exhaustive detail the array of tempting prices at which the stock of the passing season is being offered,—as it would be superfluous to give an absolutely complete list of the new goods which will arrive shortly. It must be remembered that to adequately appreciate either THEY MUST BE EXAMINED.

In depts. in which the goods are of all seasons there will, as always, be found that established harmony of HIGH QUALITY and LOW PRICES which is the popular distinction of my store.

Attention, Farmers.

We are closing out our entire stock of Farm Implements at cost. Right now is the time to secure rare bargains. Call and be amazed at our prices. They must be sold at once.

HALL, COCHRAN & CO.