

The McCook Tribune.

By F. M. KIMMELL.

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

For Governor,
L. D. RICHARDS.
For Lieutenant Governor,
T. J. MAJORS.
For Secretary of State,
J. C. ALLEN.
For Auditor,
THOS. H. BENTON.
For Treasurer,
J. E. HILL.
For Attorney General,
GEORGE H. HASTINGS.
For Commissioner Public Lands and Buildings,
GEORGE H. HUMPHREY.
For Superintendent Public Instruction,
A. K. GOUDY.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY TICKET.

For Representative,
SAMUEL ELLIS.
For County Attorney,
J. BYRON JENNINGS.
For Treasurer,
W. T. HINTON.
For Commissioner 1st District,
RICHARD JOHNSTON.
For Commissioner 2nd District,
G. W. BAFFLETT.

Republican Senatorial Convention.

The Republican electors of the 26th Senatorial district of Nebraska are requested to send delegates from their several counties to meet in convention in the city hall at McCook, Neb., on SATURDAY, AUGUST 16TH, 1890, at one o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of placing in nomination a candidate for state senator of the 26th district, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the convention. The several counties are entitled to the following representation:

Chase	8	Gosper	5
Dundy	8	Hitchcock	7
Frontier	8	Hayes	7
Furnas	10	Red Willow	9

It is recommended that no proxies be admitted to the convention, and that delegates present be authorized to cast full vote of delegation. Your committee further endorse the finding of the state central committee in the matter of the contest from Red Willow county.

C. T. HAWKIN, Chairman.
JOHN C. HAYES, Secretary pro tem.

This is a good year for republicans to vote straight.

McCook, Neb., is in ecstasies over her prospects for an irrigating ditch. We hope she will get it.—Herndon Courant.

CHASE county has a candidate for state senator of the 26th district in the person of Judge Burke, county judge of that county.

BLAINE's pulse seems to beat in unison with the great heart of the Nebraska republicans. The plumed knight has never been more popular in the west than just now.

BOTH Harlan and Bostwick were promised the "rump" delegation from this county on condition that it be seated in the place of the regular delegation. Marvelous gall to be sure.

GO AWAY from home to get reliable news: "RED WILLOW county's senatorial delegates are instructed for J. W. Dolan of Indianola for state senator from this district."—Culbertson Republican.

THERE is a widespread and unmistakable sentiment among the republicans of Nebraska that future party conventions be held in the day time. The night and all-night session nuisance should have been abated years ago.

THE political situation up in the 67th representative district is growing in interest as the convention date (August 7th at Benkelman,) approaches. Dundy county has instructed for O. E. Butterfield of Haigler. The Hayes county delegation is for E. D. Glaze.

THE nomination of L. D. Richards of Fremont for governor will meet with a hearty and solid support from the republicans of Nebraska. Mr. Richards is a clean, able and dignified gentleman. He will give the state an honest, dignified administration of its affairs.

MARK the prediction. Next year, C. J. Dilworth will stand up in the Adams county republican convention and ask to select his own delegation to the state convention as a candidate for supreme judge. Mark still further. He will name the delegation.—Hastings Democrat.

CANDIDATES for state senatorial honors in the 26th are rather modest and retiring,—taking the backwardness of the ambitious gentlemen in announcing themselves as basis of judgment. Take the track, boys, and let the people note your merits and short-comings and decide "whom they will have to rule over them" in that capacity.

JOHN C. ALLEN.

The republican nominee for secretary of state, was born at Honesburgh, Vt., on February 1, 1860, and received such advantages in the educational way as the public schools of his native village could give until he was old enough to enter the Honesburgh academy, where he spent several terms. He finished his education in New Haven academy, after which he joined his father in the lumber and harness business in his native town. He came to Nebraska in the spring of 1881 and engaged with Raymond Bros. and Co., wholesale grocers, and from that time until the close of 1886 was a traveling man for that house. In January, 1887, he opened a stock of general merchandise in McCook, where he has since resided. He has been president of the council for three years. On August 2, 1881, he was married to Miss Abbie Stapleford, a niece of General C. J. Dilworth. They have one child. Both on the road as a traveling salesman and as a merchant at McCook, he was very successful and made hosts of friends.—Lincoln Call.

WHEN there are leaks in a vessel the thing to do is to go manfully to work to stop them instead of declaring that they don't exist. Whether Church Howe made an "unfortunate remark" or not, he certainly made a truthful one. The principal leak was stopped when Richards was nominated for governor. The nomination of Majors for lieutenant governor plugged another. *** The party's representatives assembled at Lincoln made a strong declaration of principles. The platform demands, as to rates, all that has been demanded by the people. The republican ticket, standing on that platform, can make a good fight for success; but it will have to make a harder fight than has ever been necessary before. The Hub believes, however, that the republican party of Nebraska will pull out a great victory this fall, and that every one of its pledges will be fulfilled.—Kearney Hub.

THE directors of the world's fair are having a hard time of it to decide on a location. As between the city council of Chicago, and the agriculturists of the northwest, they are, figuratively speaking, between the devil and the deep sea. If they use the lake front for a site for a part of the show, Jackson park must be used for the stock and agricultural exhibitions. Such a division of exhibits will not satisfy the people who are expected to make a pilgrimage of many miles to see it, nor the farmers of the country, who expect their states to make creditable exhibits. Iowa has already sent in her ultimatum. If the fair is to be divided the Hawkeye state will make no exhibit. What will Nebraska do?—Republican.

POWERS, the sore head candidate for governor, has been masquerading as a tired republican all around the state for the past six months, and has been exhorting his "fellow republicans" to come out of that corrupt and rotten party with him. But it turns out that Powers hasn't voted a republican ticket since '71. He went out with the Greeley move in '72 and has been everything he could think of but a republican for eighteen years. And he hasn't been missed that anybody knows of.—Journal.

CHIEF CLERK CRAMER reported the following changes in railway postal circles, last Tuesday: H. H. Beal of Shelby appointed mail agent between McCook Junction and Fairbury, vice C. J. Lindstrom, transferred to Pacific Junction and McCook run, vice S. A. Easterday resigned. Mr. Easterday is a resident of Red Cloud, but will probably move to the Pacific Coast in the near future.

How pitiful to hear those papers that offered to sell themselves out to Turner, now sorrowfully declaring, as does the McCook Democrat, that "The Voice has worked a positive detriment to the cause of Prohibition in Nebraska!" We are never so happy as when whiskey-boodle papers think we are "setting the cause back 50 years," and creating all sorts of havoc and disaster.—Voice.

HON. N. V. HARLAN of York had everything his own way at the second district convention at Hastings, Wednesday, being nominated by an almost unanimous vote on the first ballot. At the request of Congressman Laws, his name was not placed before the convention. The nominee, Mr. Harlan, is a clean, upright man of good, substantial ability. He is widely and favorably known over the district and will prove a popular and successful candidate.

PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, A joint resolution was adopted by the legislature of the state of Nebraska, at its twenty-first session thereof, and approved March 30th, A. D. 1889, proposing an amendment to sections two, (2) four (4) and five (5) of Article six (6) of the constitution of said state, and that said section as amended shall read as follows, to-wit:

Section 1: That section two (2) of article six (6) of the constitution of the state of Nebraska, be amended so as to read as follows:

"Section 2: The supreme court shall consist of five (5) judges, a majority of whom shall be necessary to form a quorum or to pronounce a decision. It shall have original jurisdiction in cases relating to revenue, civil cases in which the state shall be a party, mandamus, quo warrant, habeas corpus, and such appellate jurisdiction as may be provided by law."

Section 2: That section four (4) of article six (6) of the constitution of the state of Nebraska, be amended so as to read as follows:

Section 4: The judges of the supreme court shall be elected by the electors of the state at large and their terms of office, except as hereinafter provided, shall be for a period of five (5) years."

Section 3: That section five (5) of article six (6) of the constitution of the state of Nebraska, be amended so as to read as follows:

Section 5: "At the first general election to be held in the year 1891, and after the adoption of this amendment to the constitution, there shall be elected three (3) judges of the supreme court, one of whom shall be elected for the term of one (1) year, one for the term of three (3) years and one for the term of five (5) years, and at each general election thereafter there shall be elected one judge of the state supreme court for the term of five (5) years. Provided, that the judges of the supreme court whose term have not expired at the time of holding the general election of 1891, shall continue to hold their office for the remainder of the term for which they were respectively elected under the present constitution."

Section 4: That each person voting in favor of this amendment shall have written or printed upon his ballot the following:

"For the proposed amendment to the constitution relating to the number of supreme judges."

Therefore, I, John M. Thayer, Governor of the state of Nebraska, do hereby give notice in accordance with section one (1) article fifteen (15) of the constitution, and the provisions of an act entitled "An act to provide the manner of proposing all amendments to the constitution and submitting the same to the electors of the state," Approved February 13th, A. D. 1877, that said proposed amendment will be submitted to the qualified voters of the state for approval or rejection at the general election to be held on the 4th day of November, A. D. 1890.

In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused to be affixed the great seal of the state of Nebraska, Done at Lincoln this 26th day of July, A. D. 1890, and the twenty-fourth year of the state, and of the independence of the United States the one hundred fifteenth.

By the Governor, JOHN M. THAYER.
BENJAMIN R. COWDERY, Secretary of State.

PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, A joint resolution was adopted by the legislature of the state of Nebraska, at its twenty-first session thereof, and approved February 13th, A. D. 1889, proposing an amendment to the constitution of said state, and that said amendment shall read as follows, to-wit:

Section 1: That at the general election to be held on the Tuesday succeeding the first Monday of November, A. D. 1890, there shall be submitted to the electors of this state for approval or rejection an amendment to the constitution of this state in words as follows: "The manufacture, sale and keeping for sale of intoxicating liquors as a beverage are forever prohibited in this state, and the legislature shall provide by law for the enforcement of this provision." And there shall also at said election be separately submitted to the electors of this state for their approval or rejection an amendment to the constitution of the state in words as follows: "The manufacture, sale and keeping for sale of intoxicating liquors as a beverage shall be licensed and regulated by law."

Section 2: At such election, on the ballot of each elector voting for the proposed amendments to the constitution, shall be written or printed the words: "For proposed amendment to the constitution, prohibiting the manufacture, sale and keeping for sale of intoxicating liquors as a beverage," or "Against the proposed amendment to the constitution prohibiting the manufacture, sale and keeping for sale of intoxicating liquors as a beverage."

There shall also be written or printed on the ballot of each elector voting for the proposed amendment to the constitution, the words: "For proposed amendment to the constitution that the manufacture, sale and keeping for sale of intoxicating liquors as a beverage in this state shall be licensed and regulated by law," or "Against said proposed amendment to the constitution that the manufacture, sale and keeping for sale of intoxicating liquors as a beverage shall be licensed and regulated by law."

Section 3: If either of the said proposed amendments shall be approved by a majority of the electors voting at said election, then it shall constitute section twenty-seven (27) of article (11) of the constitution of this state.

Therefore, I, John M. Thayer, Governor of the state of Nebraska, do hereby give notice in accordance with section one (1) article fifteen (15) of the constitution, and the provisions of an act entitled "An act to provide the manner of proposing all amendments to the constitution and submitting the same to the electors of the state," Approved February 13th, A. D. 1877, that said proposed amendment will be submitted to the qualified voters of this state for approval or rejection at the general election to be held on the 4th day of November, A. D. 1890.

In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused to be affixed the great seal of the state of Nebraska, Done at Lincoln this 26th day of July, A. D. 1890, and the twenty-fourth year of the state, and of the independence of the United States the one hundred fifteenth.

By the Governor, JOHN M. THAYER.
BENJAMIN R. COWDERY, Secretary of State.

PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, A joint resolution was adopted by the legislature of the state of Nebraska, at its twenty-first session thereof, and approved March 30th, A. D. 1889, proposing an amendment to Section Thirteen (13) of Article Six (6) of the constitution of said state; that said section as amended shall read as follows, to-wit:

Section 1: That section thirteen (13) of article six (6) of the constitution of the state of Nebraska be amended so as to read as follows:

Section 13: The judges of the supreme court shall each receive a salary of thirty-five hundred dollars (\$3,500) per annum and the judges of the district court shall receive a salary of three thousand dollars (\$3,000) per annum, and the salary of each shall be payable quarterly."

Section 2: Each person voting in favor of this amendment shall have written or printed upon his ballot the following:

"For the proposed amendment to the constitution, relating to the salary of judges of the supreme and district court."

Therefore, I, John M. Thayer, governor of the state of Nebraska, do hereby give notice, in accordance with section one (1) article fifteen (15) of the constitution, and the provisions of an act entitled: "An act to provide the manner of proposing all amendments to the constitution and submitting the same to the electors of the state," Approved February 13th, A. D. 1877, that said proposed amendment will be submitted to the qualified voters of this state for approval or rejection, at the general election to be held on the 4th day of November, A. D. 1890.

In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused to be affixed the great seal of the state of Nebraska, Done at Lincoln, this 26th day of July, A. D. 1890, and the twenty-fourth year of the state, and of the independence of the United States the one hundred fifteenth.

By the Governor, JOHN M. THAYER.
BENJAMIN R. COWDERY, Secretary of State.

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McCOOK, NEBRASKA.
July 18, 1890.

JONAS ENGEL, Manager.

A CARD.

To our many customers and friends in Red Willow, Hayes, Frontier, Chase, Dundy and Hitchcock Counties, we wish to extend our thanks and appreciation for the liberal patronage you have given the firm of J. C. ALLEN & CO. the past years. We now offer our entire stock of DRY GOODS, NOTIONS, CLOTHING, and HATS and CAPS, at EXACT COST.

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