## ABOUT NEBRASKA.

The Tribune says there is a movement on foot, and it seems to be gaining good headway, in the interests of Mrs. Anna McPherson for postmistress for Fremont. She is the widow of a soldier who died soon after the war from the effects of wounds received in that bloody strug-

-Mrs. Eliza Owens from near Bloomington was before the examining board on the charge of insanity. The board decided that she insane. She will probably be sent to Lincoln.

-The Nebraska legislature will stand as follows: Senate, republicans, twentyseven; democrats, six. House, republicans, seventy-seven, democrats, twentyone, independent, one.

-The Madison Reporter says the county must have a better jail, the little 10x12, made of pine lumber, having almost become useless. The sheriff, it says, cannot be expected to guard all the prisoners day and night, in order to keep them, besides some one is liable to be

frozen during the winter in such a place. -A fatal accident occurred in the Burlington & Missouri yards at Plattsmouth last week, the victim being Charles Bubbell, a boy of 16, who, while crossing the track near the depot, stopped to play with his dog, when several freight cars were backed down unperceived by the boy, and which striking him from behind broke his arm and dragged him several yards, when the wheels ran over his left, completely crushing it. Physicians dressed the limb, but the poor boy died in a few hours after the accident.

-Herman Wachendorf, of Talmage, charged by the village board with selling liquor without a license, had his trial at Nebraska City before County Judge Mapes, and was bound over to the district court in the sum of \$500.

-Dug McGuire, one of the noted Quinlan gang of burglars, was found guilty of breaking into and carrying away from the Star clothing house of Crete, goods to the amount of about \$800. Judge Morris sentenced him to serve six years at hard labor in the penitentiary. This is McGuire's second trip to the pen.

-The twenty-third annual meeting of the Nebraska State board of agriculture will be held at the state university chapel in Lincoln, commencing January

-A passenger left his pocketbook, containing \$190, in one of the Burling. ton cars at Lincoln. The car was left at Lincoln while the owner of the pocketbook went on to Omaha. A telegram was sent to him that the missing article had been found, with all the contents intact. By his orders \$10 was given to Peter Nelson, the honest finder.

-It seems from the report of the meat inspector that Lincoln people eat \$1,000

beeves every thirty days. -The next meeting of the Nebraska state historical society has been fixed for January 7th and 8th. It will be held, as usual, in the chapel of the state university. The exercises promise to be more than commonly interesting. Papers will be presented by Prof. H. W. Caldwell, of the state university, Royal Buck and others. Prof. Caldwell's paper, it is said, will treat of certain features of our state university work, as compared with that of other states.

-John Miller, confined in jail at Geneva, charged with forgery, escaped last week. The sheriff had taken him home with him and during the meal he stepped into another room and escaped in the darkness. The sheriff and posse were out all night searching for him, but was not successful.

-Brownville has been infested for some time with a gang of footpads. A prominent citizen, Mr. T. A. Bailey, was held up on the street by three men and relieved of \$50 in cash, and notes to the amount of \$300.

-A man named Daniel Graves, who has been passing himself off at Plattsmouth as a Pinkerton detective, skipped out the other day, leaving the landlord of the Riddle house in the lurch for about \$85 of a board bill. He was subsequently nabbed at Omaha.

-Henry Walters, of Nebraska City, died on the 23d of December. Two days later he was to have been married. -Fifty head of hogs sold from the Saline county poor farm brought \$802.

-The Grand Island Independent says a revival has been in progress for six weeks at the Methodist church. Seventeen men have been saved from the tobacco habit. Twenty adults have been converted. Numbers have sought and found a clean heart, and family difficul- taining news of Emin and Stanley from ties and troubles of years' standing have the caravans, has sent a dispatch an-

-Two Omaha physicians, or alleged physicians, have been bound over at Stanley met Emin there about January Nelson, Nebraska, to answer the charge | 20. Stanley, the traders said, had about of having obtained money under false

-The Dairymen's Association at Gibbon passed congratulatory resolutions on the election of W. D. Hoard, an hon- Wadelai was due to difficulties enorary member of the association, as gov-

ernor of Wisconsin. -Frement is to vote bonds to the

amount of \$35,000 to erect two new school houses. -N. Barnes, ex-county treasurer of Merrick county and recently convicted hostile to Emin, who was obliged of embezzlement, decamped from Central City Christmas night, leaving a

-Doian's grocery at Grand Island. was cracked Christmas night and \$100 worth of clives, shoe blacking, mackerel | intention to subdue the whole country and other edibles purloined.

heavy judgment hanging over him.

-Governor Thayer dined on a onepound brook trout Christmas, captured at Bazile mills. The stream was stocked with brook fry in 1884.

-The Grand Island Independent says the pleasant weather has thus far this winter effected a saving of 50 per cent in coal bills to the citizens of that city.

-Organized labor in Omaha is making a move in the direction of ballot reform. One or two meetings have been held, to Wadelai, and Stanley sent mes-and others are to take place at an early sengers to the kings of Uganda and day. Trades and labor organizations are interested in the work and will endeavor to push it to successful issue. They will demand by Nebraska the adoption of the Australian system of conducting elections or some other plan whereby the purity of the ballot box

can be maintained. -The traveling public and business men of Crete are rejoicing over the fact that the Burlington & Missouri officials consuls at Zanzibar to appraise Emin of the departure of the relief expedition. This courier had remained at Wadelai have decided to have Nos. 1 and 2, commonly called the "flyer," stop regularly at Crete on and after January 1. This courier had remained at Wadelai and was sent back to the east coast after heretofore felt somewhat aggrivated at the arrival of Stanley. Another courier the railroad people for their action.

-M. C. Frank, editor of the York Republican, met with an accident at Plum Creek last week that cost him his right hand. He arrived on the west bound train and had been sitting in a cramped position, so that one of his legs had become benumbed. When he stepped off the car his leg refused to carry him and he fell just as the train was moving from the water tank to the coal shed. In falling he threw his right hand forward to are twenty-one counts in his indictment, protect himself and the wheels of the coach passed over it, necessitating ampu-

-The Red Cloud National bank gave its depositors a holiday surprise by suspending the day before Christmas. -Among Ainsworth's improvements for 1889 will probably be a system of

water works. and out of Omaha and South Omaha will be made on the standard scale of 100 pounds in weight.

SOTTINGS FROM THE NATIONAL CAPITAL. Major Charles Dickey, of the Eighth infantry, has been reported unfit for active service. and placed on the retired

The following fourth-class postoffices will be raised to the presidentil class on January 1: Britton, Dak.; Albany, Mo., and Appollo, Pa.

The comptroller of the currency has authorized the organization of the First National bank of Johnson City, Tenn., with a capital of \$50,000.

John Baker has served papers on W. S. Forman (dem,), congressman-elect in the old Morrison district of Illinois. that he will contest his election on the ground of fraud.

Sidney E. Mudd served notice of contest on Representative Barnes Compton, of the Sixth Maryland district, for the seat in the Fifty-first congress. Mr. Mudd's grounds of contest are intimidation and fraud.

from a man in the Isle of Wight stating hands during this congress, is again to that arrangements are being made for experience the same trouble. an excursion from those points to the inauguration. They state that a great are those of T. G. Phelps (rep.) against many American citizens in the British isles, and others, propose to take advantage of this opportunity to attend the inauguration.

During November past 25,419 immigrants came to this country, against 32,eleven months of the year, ending No- ing. This long list does not include the vember 30, 498,583 immigrants arrived West Virginia districts, which are althis country, or about 1,100 more most certain to be contested. than during the eleven months of 1888 Of the immigration last month Germany furnished 6,457; England and Wales, 4,634; Ireland, 2,525; Sweden and Norway, 2,720; Russia; 2,082; Italy, 1,230 and Scotland, 1,054.

Merchandise exports from the United States during November last aggregated in value \$76,376,545, or about \$1,000,000 three congressional districts. Of the more than in November, 1887. Imports during November aggregated in value \$53,866,151, or fully \$6,000,000 less than in November, 1887. For the eleven months of the present year exports aggregated \$606,005,596, against \$632,061,-493 for the eleven months of 1887. Imports for the eleven months of the present year were \$664,733,204, against \$656. 707,250 during the eleven months of 1887.

The light-house board issue a notice that on or about January 1, 1889, the arrangement of the electric-lighted buovs that thereafter the three red lights will three white lights on the port side of the channel entering from the sea. Also, that on same date, a fixed light will be shown from a lantern suspended from a mast painted white, on the north end of the dyke, in the bay of Long Island sound. The light will be twenty feet above low water.

Complaint has been made to the treasury department against the action of the surveyor of customs at Kansas City, Mo., in requiring a bond for the proto those attached to the immediate transportation entries of goods forwarded to that port. Secretary Fairchild has informed the surveyor that the determination of the question of the ownership of merchandise in such cases, rests with the collectors at the port of first arrival and has instructed him to discontinue the practice of requiring other evidence of ownership than is furnished by the transportation entry and accompanying documents.

## THE MEWS FROM ZANZIBAR.

Hope for Stanley's Safety Is Once More Revived by the Latest Reports.

A Zanzibar dispatch says that one of

the special messengers sent into the in-

terior in October, in the hope of obnouncing that he met Arab traders from Wadelai who positively affirmed that 330 men and plenty of stores. He had endured great privations, but he and all his party were well, although extremely exhausted. The delay in reaching countered on the route. Emin was then m a fairly good position, although some of his Egyptian officers were grumbling, and many of his soldiers had deserted. The kings of Urganda and Unyoro were in November to repel predatory incursions from the east. His general health was good. A fortnight after Stanley's arrival Emin received a message from the Mahdı, pompously intimating his as far as Great Lake, and promising Emin replied that before evacuating he must wait for the Mahdi to prove legitimacy of his claim to the province. Emin told Stanley that he did not desire to leave Wadelai. The entire route to the east coast was most dangerous on account of the incessant agitation among the tribes and the hostility of Mwanga. Toward the middle of April, hearing that a force of Mahdists was coming, Emin ordered his advance posts to retire

Unyoro. About the end of April, when the traders left Wadelai, Stan-

ley was anxious, owing to the absence of

news from the rear guard on the

Aruwhimi, and was arranging to send a

strong detachment in search of them

along the route which he himself had

followed. Stanley also again urged Emin to leave Wadelai with him and re-

gain the coast. Stanley sent several

couriers with news for Europe. One was

the courier who was sent by the foreign

Quite a Number of Congressional

only one notice of contest has been filed in the office of the clerk of the house. This is the case of Hartsuff against Whiting, the latter being the sitting member of the Seventh Michigan district. There and he charges that votes were cast at wrong places, that aliens voted without restraint, that fraudulent naturalization papers were issued, that illegal restrictions were common, and that persons were compelled to vote the democratic ticket under threats of personal injury. Mr. Hartsuff lays particular stress on what he calls the "corrupt fund." This -The South Omaha Drovers' Journal includes a contribution of \$2,500 from says arrangements have been completed the national democratic committee, whereby all shipments of live stock in \$1,000 given by Mr. Whiting, and bebetween \$2,500 and \$3,000 assessed on the federal employes. The latter, Mr. Hartsuff claims, were particularly pernicious in their efforts in Mr. Whiting's behalf.

COMMITTEE WITH ITS HANDS FULL.

to be Acted Upon.

Quite a number of cases will arise out of the narrow majorities received by some of the successful candidates. Such is the foundation of the contest made by Sidney E. Nudd against Representative Barnes Compton of the Fifth Maryland district, whose majority has been placed as low as one vote.

In the Fourth New Jersey district, Samuel Fowler (dem.) was elected by only seventy-two votes, and N. W. Voorhees will try to overcome this by contest.

Congressman Shively (dem.) of Indiana was returned by a still smaller majority, less than forty votes, and William A. Hoyne (rep.), his rival, will endeavor to secure his seat. Charges of fraud will also be made by

F. B. Posey (rep.), who was defeated by William F. Parrott in the First Indians district. For the first time in many vears a contested election case is reported from Connecticut, where in the Fourth district Edward R. Seymour (dem.) will endeavor to unseat Fred R.

William Elliott, of Beauford, S. C. Chairman Britton, of the inaugura- the brother of an Episcopal clergyman tion committee, has received a letter here who had a contested case on his

Other cases which will be of interest T. J. Chinie (dem.) in the Fifth California district, and Jehu Bake, who defeated "Bell" Morrison, and who has in turn succumbed to W. T. Forman. Judge Waddill, of Richmond, Va., will contest with George D. Wise the honor of representing the Third Virginia dis-198 in November, 1887; during the trict. He charges fraud and illegal vot-

> The next committee on elections will have its hands full, and will be one of the most important to be appointed by

the successor of Mr. Carlisle. Clerk Clark of the house of represent atives has received the certificates of 250 members-elect to the next house, and has been officially informed that certificates have been issued in all but certificates issued 163 are to republicans and 159 to democrats, and of those districts still in doubt two of them are in West Virginia and one in Tennessee In all of them the republican candidates claim majorities on the face of the re-

THE FEMALE ANARCHIST WILL NOT DOWN. She Leads in a Meeting That Passes De-

nunciatory Resolations

Chicago dispatch: Anarchist Parsons. the dark-skinned widow, to-day made in New York bay will be changed, so good her boast that she would speak in Chicago in spite of the police. It was be shown on the starboard side, and the in Waverly hall, one square from Mayor Roche's office, and is the same place which was closed against her one week ago. Four hundred people were crowded into the poky little auditorium, and scores of others choked up the entrance and stood upon the chairs. The meeting was one called by the socialistic labor party "to transact business and for the promotion of socialistic doctrines." The proceedings opened with the introduction of a resolution condemning the duction of bills of lading, in addition police for their recent "lawless" interference with public meetings. The resolution was unanimously adopted. "Tommy" Morgan, a socialist, was the first speaker. He said the employment of force by workingmen was futile. It appealed to the lowest instincts of mankind and was wrong from the moral, intellectual and practical standpoint. Its impracticability had been demonstrated

> The meeting was then open to any one who wanted to talk ten minutes. Mrs. Parsons rose. The crowd cheered when it saw her familiar face. "I should like very much some of these days to answer the assertions Mr. Morgan has made against those who are dead," said she, "but the ukase has gone forth from Roche and Lord Bonfield, that I am never to make another speech in Chicago, and that I am forever to be deprived of that right under the constitution. But I cannot sit here quietly and hear it said that those who are dead and silent in their tombs had anything to do with the throwing of the Haymarket bomb, though in the war against the tyrants, all things are justifiable. Those who say anything else are curs. They were miserable curs who on last Sunday night allowed themselves to be driven

in this city by the Haymarket and its

results. The hanged anarchists was

proof enough that force was impractica-

away from this hall by the police.' Mrs. Parsons then read what purported to be an extract from the speech of Thomas Jefferson, in which occurred the following words: "God forbid that our country should be for twenty years without a rebellion." "Did Parsons or Spies ever utter anything more revolutionary than that?" said Mrs. Parsons. I has been said that dead martyrs are no good, but their memory is dear to us, and a perpetual inspiration, because they died before they would ask pardon for deeds they did not do. When liberty shall be crowned with immorality, the am for peace on principle. If you see two rival armies approaching each other the strength, and his brain has given way, and take a poll of the men, you will find that nine-tenths of them are for peace, but they are borne on by irresistable forces to the conflict. Before we can have peace in a society like our own, rivers of blood will have to run." [Applause.] The chairman interrupted Mrs. Parsons and said that her ten minntes had expired. A number of detecives were present but made no attempt speeches, some in a decidedly fiery vein. the hall was cleared and a private meeting held by prominent members of the socialistic labor party." When the conference ended it was announced that ar-

the meetings every Sunday afternoon. William Black, the novelist, is described as tightly built, lithe of himb, physical endurance, below the medium height, with short black hair, thick. brown mustache, dark hazel eyes, a firm was sent in the direction of Aurwhimi. In outh and a square forehead.

A SECOND DISASTER ON THE MISSISSIPPI. The Steamer John H. Hanna Burns to the

Water's Edge. Washington special: Up to this time Plaquemine (La.) dispatch: The steamer John H. Hanna, loaded with cotton, from Ouachita, burned here early this morning. The boat and cargo are a total loss. The number of people who perished is not yet known. It was just before Christmas day was being ushered in that the fine steamer was coming down the river. Several of the passengers were seated in the cabin having a merry time, and with no thought of the impending catastrophe. Many of the crew and passengers were asleep when the fire broke out and spread with indescribable rapidity. The details of the sufferings and death of some of the passengers are harrowing in the extreme.

Clerk Powell was up stairs at the time, and when he saw the flames he heroically ran through the smoke which filled the cabin and tried to arouse the sleeping people. He kicked at the doors and in a short time almost everybody was awake. Then confusion worse confounded appeared, and the frantic people ran to the different exits to make their escape, but the boat was piled high with cotton and the passage ways were filled with smoke.

As soon as the smoke and flames began to start up the sides of the boat Capt. Jolles, the pilot, swung the boat for the shore. A fall head of steam was on and the boat soon ran into the bank. Before she did so, however, she was doomed. All her timber was furiously

burning. When the steamer struck the bank she burned. Then Capt. Jolles jumped out over the cotton bales and, springing into the river, swam ashore. The sight was a weired one viewed from the bank and the town was aroused. Floating cotton, charred timber and other debris filled the river and many people were struggling in the water for their lives. Some thoroughly exhausted that they struggled but a few moments and then sank to rise no more.

Plaque mine was not slumbering when the fire broke out, and when the discovery was made that the Hanna was burning, almost the entire town flocked to the river bank and watched the vessel burn. The struggling unfortunates who reached the shore were taken care of, and doctors and others came to their assistance and tried to alleviate their sufferings. The City and Central hotels and private houses threw open their clothed them until this morning. The cession by the democrats of the election survivors telegraphed accounts of the of Hon. Nathan Goff is virtually adisaster to their homes.

burned to death, and went down with prepared, have done little toward colthe steamer. No attempt was made to | lecting material for a reply. The consave any of the steamer's books and test will be made before the legislature, papers and everything, together with which is democratic by one majority. the clothes of the crew and passengers, Every republican member has been was lost. The boat burned rapidly after urged to let nothing prevent his being she reached the bank, and in a very on hand at the organization of the legisshort time after the alarm was given she lature, as the absence of one or more had burned to the water's the hull sank democrats would throw the control of and nothing was left of the Hanna, but | the organization, settlement of the

the floating timber and burning cotton. | gubernatorial contest, and the election pression, however, is that some careless looking after affairs. Ex-Senator Davis, ton bales and thereby caused the disas- and dangerous opponent to Kenna, has ter. The death of John Crafton, the lost his prestige in consequence of the carpenter, was a sad one. He was in the importance his name has received in the upper portion of the boat, struggling to allaged movement on the part of Genget near the front end. The flames were | eral Harrison to break up the solid south, twisting and sweeping all about him. and in his personal intimacy with Gen-He tried to reach the bow, but dropped | eral Harrison, S. B. Elkins, Mr. Blaine, and burned to death before the eyes of and other prominent republican leadthe people who were not able to render ers."

him any help. A special from Flaque mine gives the following account of the death of Capt. Holmes: The brave captain met the most awful death. He remained at his post of duty till every chance to save the lives of the passengers was gone. Then he attempted to swim to the shore, but it happened to be boggy, and he was seen to make frantic endeavors to extricate himself without avail. The burning boat was fast nearing him, and while ne was on his knees in the mud, he put his hands up to protect his back from the intense heat. It was an awful moment for those on shore, who were making every endeavor to relieve him with skifts and with ropes from the bank. One man went out to him and placed

protect him from the increasing heat. He said: "Never mind me, I'll be dead in a few minutes anyway.' He was finally freed from his terrible situation by tying a rope around his

too late. He died about half an hour after being rescued. Latest reports place the number known to be last by the Hanna disaster

at five whites and sixteen colored.

he Health of Congressman Laird. Washington special: Nothing further has been heard from the bedside of Congressman Laird, but his friends here believe that he is quite as ill as the worst reports make him out to be. The trouble with Mr. Laird is that he has not the requisite physical stamina to get well. He is of that peculiar temperament which cannot stand pain or discomfort. To all outward appearances he is the picture of health, but just before the session closed he was worn out by the worries of the campaign conducted at long range. The worry brought on insomonia and insomonia was followed by a severe nervous prostration. It is from the latter difficulty that his present trouble arises. When he left Washington for Nebraska he wore a troubled air, which he seemed utterly unable to shake off. Throughout the campaign he allowed every trifle to ruffle him, and it is said there were weeks during the last days of the capvass, when he did not sleep ten confrom sheer inability on the part of the patient to believe he can recover his health. There is a chance that the delirium accompanying the fever may serve to aid him, through the oblivion which it will produce.

Killed His Mother and Sister.

miles west of here on the farm occupied by a widow named Johnson and her four children. A 10-year-old boy went to a neighbor's on a visit Sunday, and when he returned home in the evening found rangements had been made to continue his mother and 12-year-old sister dead, their heads being beaten into a pulp with a huge club which lay on the floor. The 3-year-old baby in the house was scribed as tightly built, lithe of limb, alive. The eldest son, aged 16, was not to be found, and as he is known to be a physical endurance, below the medium hard character and has had frequent HOSTILE TO THE RIVER AND HARBOR BILL

The President's Position in Regard to the Measure-Miscellaneous Washington Mat

Washington special: The president has given notice that he will veto the river and harbor bill. Representative Craine, of Texas, went up to call on him to-day, with a party of people from Galveston who are interested in the improvement of the harbor of that city. and were told very plainly that if they expected any legislation in that direction they would do well to bring it to the white house as a separate measure and not as a part of the usual river and harbor bill. "You mean, then, to veto the bill?" asked Mr. Craine. "All such questions," replied the president, "are more easily answered when the time comes for their executive consideration. I merely remarked that if I were intersecure it, without probability of failure, I would not trust it to the river and harbor bill. THE TERRITORIAL MUDDLE.

been the most bitter opponent of the bill present session, now expresses the belief that the bill will go through the house without difficulty directly after the recess, and he further says that he does not believe there will be any organized opposition to a division among the people of the territory. Mr. Springer also says that, in his opinion, the bill to create the territory of Oklahoma will be Canada as being 'all in the air,' so to passed at once. Against the latter measure there is, however, a great deal of bounded away again and swung around, earnest opposition. The bill in its presand drifted down the stream as she ent shape is very objectionable to such men as General Hooker of Alabama, Barnes of Georgia, and Payson of Illinois and a host of others. They are determined that it shall not go through ments, and these amendments, all in the interests of the settlers, Springer proposes shall not be adopted. Owing to of them were able to swim ashore but the persistency with which the chairman most of them were so badly burned or of the committee on territories presses this bill in the shape in which it came that we want, and allows to send them from the committee, there is a growing belief that there is something not altogether right with it, and those who oppose it at first are still vigorous and determined in their opposition. If they persist it will probably result in the defeat of all the terriorial bills at this session, in spite of the assurance of the chairman of the committee that the Dakota question will be settled.

GOFF'S ELECTION. A special dispatch to the Evening Star from its correspondent at the capidoors to the ill-fated people, and fed and tal of West Virginia says: "The con-None of the men could say what was | of a United States senator into republithe oirgin of the fire. The general im- can hands." Senator Kenna is here smoker threw a cigarette among the cot- | who for awhile loomed up as a possible

OREGON SWAMP LANDS. The secretary of the interior to-day rendered a decision in the case of the State of Oregon vs. the United States, which involved about 90,800 acres of land in the Lake View land district, comprising what is known as the swamp land list | Ohio will be honored with two places in number five. It appears from the records that these lands inured to the state swamp lands under the act of September 28, 1850, as extended by the act of March 12, 1860. Prior to certification the greater part of these lands were sold by the state to various parties in large bodies. Upon reports of pecial agents of the department, certification was finally made. Subsequent investigation showed that the reports of two or three agents were false, and that a box between him and the flames to a large part of the lands described in these reports as swamps were really high and dry. The secretary orders the certification set aside, and directs the commissioner of the general land office to prepare another-list of which shall contain lands only known to be swamp. body and dragging him on shore, but | Such lands as are found to be not swamp are ordered to be restored to the public domain, subject to any rights which may have been attached to them under the

Fatal Rumpus About a Goose. Sioux City special: A serious riot occurred this morning near Tripp, Dak., between the Russian Mennonites and | contribution, with no idea of the mag-Americans. A public sale was held at a farm of a Russian named Sink, and a farmer named Merchant purchased a dozen chickens. He tied them in pairs and put them in his wagon, and when ready to go home found that two had been stolen. He complained to Sink, who told him to take something else of equal value. He canght a goose and started home, but was soon overtaken by a party of eight Russians, who claimed the goose as their property. A wrangle ensued that attracted others to the scene, and soon a general fight began, in which about twenty men were engaged, with the Russians as aggressors. Two brothers, named Johnson, who were passing, came to the assistance of the Americans, who were outnumbered two to one, and drawing knives the Johnson boys rushed among the Russians, but found the force too strong. A Russian named Witt-Mayer was stabbrightest names in her crown will be that the strain he has forced himself to those of Parsons, Spies, Fischer and Engel, who died for her. [Cheers.] I secutive minutes. It is thought now that the strain he has forced himself to bed, and he in turn split Charles John-son's head open with a neckyoke, inflicting fatal injuries. George Johnson had the pastor, who was voted in for another ing fatal injuries. George Johnson had pastor, who was voted in for another his right arm broken above the elbow by a blow from a neckyoke, and three Russians were cut, but none fatally. When the Americans found that the crowd was to big for them they with with him. They became very much exdrew and the wounded Russians were cause of their clanish customs no partic- blows with vile epithets and also spitulars are obtainable from them. The ting in the minister's face. The minis- WHEAT-Per bushel.... affair has created intense excitement in ter drew 2 knife and stabbed his assailthe vicinity, where most of the settlers are Russians who live in abject poverty and have as little as possible to do with and have as little as possible to do with Muscogee (I. T.) dispatch: A terribie | are Russians who live in abject poverty to interfere. After a number of other tragedy occurred Sunday night three and have as little as possible to do with the Americans. Officers are at work and will arrest the guilty parties as soon as sufficient evidence can be secured.

A Conflict of Authority.

Stanley and his aid, was arrested on s be doing a rushing business.

THEY PREFER COMMERCIAL UNION.

Canadians Not Favorable to Annexation at the Present Time.

Washington special: Congressmen whose districts are on the borders of Canada are naturally interested in the annexation question. The majority of them, however, do not regard the proposition with favor.

"All that part of the Dominion west and north of Minnesota," said Representative Nelson of Minnesota, "is already practically annexed to St. Paul and Minneapolis commercially. Lower Canada is so far away that the people there are almost bound to come to us to trade. Annexation, howevar, I do not consider at all practical. The resolution which has been introduced in the house is nothing but buncombe. The building of the Canadian Pacific railroad destroyed the last chance of annexation by ested in such a measure and wanted to binding the provinces altogether. Betheir isolation might have caused some of them to desire to come into the union. The Canadian Pacific has now strung Congressman Springer, chairman of them all together like beads on a string. the committee on territories, who has Neither party in Canada dares to favor annexation, and the less said about it in for the division of Dakota, up to the the United States the better for the success of the cause. While annexation would be a good thing for us, the Canadians do not desire it. If annexation comes, in my opinion, it must come either through war or inexorable commercial necessity.'

DINGLEY EXPRESSES HIMSELF. "I regard the proposition to annex speak," was Representative Lingley's

remark "Seven-eights of the Canadians are opposed to it, and the less said about it in the United States the better. If annexation is desired the proposition must come from the Canadians. The difference between the two parties there is the house without important amend- that the liberals advocate commercial union while the tories oppose it. Neither party dare favor annexation. The reciprocity treaty has always been one-sided. It allows Canada to send in

> nothing that we don't need ourselves.' MR. STEPHENSON'S VIEWS. "My district," said Mr. Stevenson of Wisconsin, "is a harbor one, being on Lake Superior, but the people there, so far as I am informed, take very little interest in the question. The inhabitants of Minnesota and Dakota, and those interested in the fisheries question

in the east, I think would be most benefited by annexation. Mr. Farquahar of Buffalo, is enthusiastic over the subject and thinks it will come as soon as Sir John McDonald goes out of power. "The people of the United States," said he, "do not know announcement here to- | what a great acquisition Canada would No one saw Clerk Powell, who dis- day that Judge Flemming has completed be to this country. The Canadians are olayed much heroism in waking up the his notice of contest and will serve it in a hardy and thrifty people and the passengers, after he had rapped at the a few days. The republicans have been dominion contains half as much good doors, and it is quite positive he was expecting this, and while not totally un- areable land as the United States. Annexation would be a great benefit to Buffalo in oppening her business to the north. Leading Canadian business men are in favor of it too and that the people appreciate the advantages that a United States citizenship confers is shown by the number of young men who emigrate to this country and become naturalized.

THE CABINET CRANKS.

The Post this morning has the following: "Somewhat of a stir among politicians was caused by the receipt of a of the Typographical union, who is one private dispatch from the west last night, of the most useful men in the house, which stated that there were good reasons to believe that the president-elect has under consideration the name of M. Bayne, an old member of the Penn-Congressman McKinley, of Ohio, for the position of secretary of the treasury. It is assumed that Mr. McKinley's name was suggested by Senator Sherman, and that the senator prefers to remain in the senate, because his own appointment to the cabinet would open the way for one of the liveliest scrambles that has ever been known in politics. A general rearrangement c. the cabinet slates upon which Mr. Sherman's name stood as secretary of state, will now have to be made, and it is not at all probable that

the cabinet. HARRISON SECTRES QUARTERS. Quarters have been engaged at the Arlington hotel for General Harrison and party prior to the inauguration ceremonies next March. There will be in the party General Harrison and wife, Russell Harrison and wife, J. R. Mc-Kee, wife and two children; ex-Senator Saunders and wife of Nebraska, the parents of Mrs. Russell Harrison; E. W. Halford, private secretary, wife and

On the morning of the inauguration they will go to Willard's hotel, on Pennsylvania avenue, and occupy a parlor on the procession as it forms.

Grand Distribution From a Christmas Tree. St. Louis dispatch: There was a rare scene at the exposition building to-day, which a fund of nearly \$10,000 had been subscribed by the general public. The subscriptions were stated with a 10 cent nitude the affair was to assume, and the result far exceeded the most sanguine xpectations of the projectors. Fully 5,000 children received presents and or hours the streets in the vicinity of the exposition building were blocked with humanity. The Cavalry depot pand, by permission of the secretary of war, furnished the music. There will be a fund of several thousand dollars remaining from to-day's entertainment and it will be utilized for purchasing lothing, shoes, etc., for poor children. John L. Jennings, editor of the Post-Dispatch, originator of the project, was presented with an elegant gold watch by the citizens' committee.

Murdered by the Minister. Macon (Ga.) dispatch: At a country church in Coffee county a few days ago a man who was disturbing public worship was killed by the preacher in charge year. One of the members most bitterly opposed to the pastor approached the pulpit where the reverend gentleman WHEAT-Ungraded red. was sitting and engaged in conversation | Conn-No. 2 ..... cited, and finally the member began to Ponk..... taken care of by their friends, and be- strike the minister, accompanying his LARD .. ting in the minister's face. The minister drew 2 knife and stabbed his assailant repeatedly. Women screamed and men looked aghast, while the unfortunate man fell down by the pulpit and died. The friends of the minister hurried him away, and it is reported that he fled the country.

WHEAT—Per bushel. 104 @ 104% CORN—Per bushel. 25 @ 25% PORK. 12 90 @ 13 00 HABD— 800 @ 8 05 HOGS—Packing &shipping. 4 90 @ 5 20 CATTLE—Western Rangers 3 00 @ 3 90 SHEEP—Natives. 2 75 @ 5 56

Will S. Hayes, the well-known song WHEAT-No. 2 red cash...... 102 @ 108 

warrant issued by Justice Stuart for con | Senor Piedrahita, an electrician of quarrels with his mother, it is supposed he, in a fit of rage, committed the murders.

| ders. | Chited States Attorney Kle berg is expected here to-night or to morrow to institute proceedings against claims that it will revolutionize tele-

TO BE WHITNEY'S SUCCESSOR.

The Navat Officers Working for Thomas, of Illinois

SECRETARY OF THE NAVY. Washington special: There is an organized movement on the part of the naval officers in this city to secure the appointment of Congressman J. B. Thomas, of Illinois, as secretary of the navy, if possible. Captain Thomas is very popular among this branch of the service, and as a member of the committee on naval affairs of the house of representatives, has always been active and earnest in looking after their interests. They think that with him at the head of

care of. A REMARKABLE GATHERING.

the department they will be well taken

There will be a remarkable gathering in Washington on the 1st of January next, composed of 600 delegates representing the colored members of the fore they were very much separated, and | Catholic church of the United States. The object is to start a boom for the church among that race, and Cardinal Gibbons is to preside over the session. STOLEN CANCELLED NOTES.

The officials of the treasury department had another shock to-day when word came from the Central National bank, of this city, that the receiving teller of that institution had taken over the counter another of the cancelled notes which bore evidence of having passed through the redemption division. In the present instance the note is of the \$10 denomination, and it is regarded as more dangerous than the other, which was a twenty, because there was so many more of the tens in circulation, and it will be so much the more easy for the thief to dispose of his plunder. The treasury people are utterly at a loss to trace the notes back to the person who stole them, Under the present system it was considered impossible that any of the redeemed notes could be abstracted, but the reappearance of two within a week indicates that there are more out, and further, that the stealing is of very recent free, such articles as fish, lumber, etc., date. The system of checks now in use was inaugurated some years ago, after a very successful raid by one of the men employed, to see that all redeemed notes were properly destroyed. In those days it was the custom to burn all redeemed obligations in the presence of a committee of three. Constant work of this character made the committee careless. and it soon devolved upon one of the three to see to all the details. He had things all his own way until one day the little son of one of the others said: "Pa. what is that man putting in his pocket?" It was discovered that he was pocketing bunches of half notes. His house was found to be literally filled with these ing the cut notes for whole ones whenever the opportunity presented itself. It was estimated at the time that he had stolen \$50,000 or \$60,000 before he was discovered.

SPEAKERSHIP CANDIDATES. Three new candidates for the speakership were brought out to-day by their friends, but neither of them mean business. One of them is Mr. Henry Cabot Lodge, the young and brilliant literary member from Massachusetts, who is probably intended to divert some of the New England votes from Mr. Reed. The second is John M. Farquhar, of Buffalo, an old printer and ex-president but will not get much support for the speakership; and the third is Thomas sylvania delegation, who worships before the throne of Mr. Blaine, and isalways fighting the Camerons. Bayne has been making up to Quay lately, and is well along towards the head of the Pennsylvania procession at present. He probably is seeking a good committee.

AMERICAN HISTORICAL ASSOCIATION. The fifth annual meeting of the American Historical association commenced this evening in this city and will continue over to-morrow and Friday. Wm. M. Poole, LL, D., curator of the Newberry library at Chicago, delivered the opening address, and papers on American biography by General James Grant Wilson, and an local constitutional history by Prof. George E. Howard, of the Nebraska university, were read this

Four Men Killed at Denver.

Denver dispatch: A fatal accident occurred this afternoon, on Fifteenth street, which resulted in the instant death of four men and mortally wounding two others. The Denver Gas company had ten men employed excavating the second floor, where they will view a ditch six feet deep alongside of and underneath the track of the cable car line, when suddenly the track for an entire block fell, crushing the life out of and imprisoning the men underneath. Men were immediately set to work removing the fallen track, and the four the occasion being the distribution of dead and two badly wounded were represents to children of the poor from moved. The other men escaped with the Post-Dispatch Christmas tree, for more or less bruises. It is not yet known whether any more are underneath the track or not.

THE MARK	ETS.			
омана.				
WHEAT-No. 2	86	0	861	Ė
Conn-No. 2 mixed	20			
OATS-No. 2				•
RYE				
BUTTER-Creamery	26			
BUTTER-Choice country	32			
Eggs-Fresh				
CHICKENS-dressed	8			
TURKEYS	8	0	10	
LEMONS-Choice, per box		(0)	5 00	
ORANGES-Per box	5 00	(a)		
Onions-Per bu	45	a	50	
POTATOES	40	(0)	45	
TURNIPS-Per bu		11.1		
APPLES-Per bbl	2 50		3 00	
BEANS-Navis	2 00	6	2 25	
Caurots-Per bu	35	(6)	40	
CABBAGES-Per 100		(0)	3 25	
Toxesper per lou	50	6	60	
TOMATOES, per bu		100	10000	
WootFine, per lb	13	0	20	
HONEY.A.	16	(6)	17	
CHOPPED FEED-Perton	7 00		17 50	
HAY-Bailed			6 00	
FLAX SEED-Per bu	1 15	(4)	1 20	
Hogs-Mixed packing	4 90		4 95	
Hogs-Heavy weights		0		
BEEVES-Choice steers	3 25	(4	4 25	
NEW YORK				
WHEAT-No. 2 red	1 053	(6)	1 064	

46% 484@ OATS-Mixed western ... 29 @ .....14 50 @14 75 ..... 8 40 @ 8 45% CHICAGO.

ST. LOUIS.

CATTLE-Feeders ...... 2 00 @ 8 75